Szakdolgozati beszámoló

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Abstract—Ebben a dokumentumban arról fogok írni, hogy a jelenlegi félévben milyen feladatokat tudtam teljesíteni a szakdolgozatom megírásában illetve, hogy nehézségekbe ütköztem ezalatt. Továbbá azt is befogom még mutatni, hogy mik várnak még rám a szakdolgozatom befejeztéig.

Index Terms—iktatás, szakdolgozat, grpc, mysql, protobuf

I. BEVEZETÉS

Ez egy bevezetés lesz ahol is kontextusba kell helyeznem a dokumentumot ami foglamam sincs, hogy mit jelent, de remélem hamarosan okosabb leszek. :)

II. FÉLÉVES MUNKA BEMUTATÁSA

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Define abbreviations and acronyms the first time they are used in the text, even after they have been defined in the abstract. Abbreviations such as IEEE, SI, MKS, CGS, ac, dc, and rms do not have to be defined. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable.

1) Tables:

- Use either SI (MKS) or CGS as primary units. (SI units are encouraged.) English units may be used as secondary units (in parentheses). An exception would be the use of English units as identifiers in trade, such as "3.5-inch disk drive".
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Spell out units when they appear in text: ". . . a few henries", not ". . . a few H".

- Use a zero before decimal points: "0.25", not ".25". Use "cm³", not "cc".)
- 2) Foreign keys: Number equations consecutively. To make your equations more compact, you may use the solidus (/), the exp function, or appropriate exponents. Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use a long dash rather than a hyphen for a minus sign. Punctuate equations with commas or periods when they are part of a sentence, as in:

$$a + b = \gamma \tag{1}$$

Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use "(1)", not "Eq. (1)" or "equation (1)", except at the beginning of a sentence: "Equation (1) is . . ."

3) Storde procedures: Please use "soft" (e.g., \eqref{Eq}) cross references instead of "hard" references (e.g., (1)). That will make it possible to combine sections, add equations, or change the order of figures or citations without having to go through the file line by line.

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C. Protobuff

- The word "data" is plural, not singular.
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- In American English, commas, semicolons, periods, question and exclamation marks are located within quotation marks only when a complete thought or name is cited, such as a title or full quotation. When quotation marks are used, instead of a bold or italic typeface, to highlight a word or phrase, punctuation should appear outside of the quotation marks. A parenthetical phrase or statement at the end of a sentence is punctuated outside of the closing parenthesis (like this). (A parenthetical sentence is punctuated within the parentheses.)
- A graph within a graph is an "inset", not an "insert". The
 word alternatively is preferred to the word "alternately"
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An excellent style manual for science writers is [7].

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Component heads identify the different components of your paper and are not topically subordinate to each other. Examples include Acknowledgments and References and, for these, the correct style to use is "Heading 5". Use "figure caption" for your Figure captions, and "table head" for your

table title. Run-in heads, such as "Abstract", will require you to apply a style (in this case, italic) in addition to the style provided by the drop down menu to differentiate the head from the text.

Text heads organize the topics on a relational, hierarchical basis. For example, the paper title is the primary text head because all subsequent material relates and elaborates on this one topic. If there are two or more sub-topics, the next level head (uppercase Roman numerals) should be used and, conversely, if there are not at least two sub-topics, then no subheads should be introduced.

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a) Positioning Figures and Tables: Place figures and tables at the top and bottom of columns. Avoid placing them in the middle of columns. Large figures and tables may span across both columns. Figure captions should be below the figures; table heads should appear above the tables. Insert figures and tables after they are cited in the text. Use the abbreviation "Fig. 1", even at the beginning of a sentence.

TABLE I
TABLE TYPE STYLES

Table	Table Column Head		
Head	Table column subhead	Subhead	Subhead
copy	More table copy ^a		

^aSample of a Table footnote.

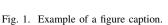


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FELADATOK, TERVEK ÉS AZOK KIVITELEZÉSE A SZAKDOLGOZAT BEFEJEZÉSÉIG.

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EREDMÉNYEK

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Unless there are six authors or more give all authors' names; do not use "et al.". Papers that have not been published, even if they have been submitted for publication, should be cited as "unpublished" [4]. Papers that have been accepted for publication should be cited as "in press" [5]. Capitalize only the first word in a paper title, except for proper nouns and element symbols.

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