### EFA in lavaan

## lavaan (LAatent VAriable ANalysis)

Full documentation available at (https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/lavaan/lavaan.pdf)

#### Some Useful lavaan Notations

The "=~" operator can be used to define (continuous) latent variables. This is to define a reflexive factor.

The "~~" ('double tilde') operator specifies (residual) variances of an observed or latent variable, or a set of covariances.

The "<~" operator can be used to define a formative factor.

The "|" operator can be used to define the thresholds of categorical endogenous variables.

As in Mplus, you can have multiple variables on the left side of the operator. If you do, you will need to add "+" in between them (if you list them without the "+" (as you would in Mplus), you will get an error message).

#### lavaan Defaults to Know About

As in Mplus, this varies by the model being estimated, we'll go over these as needed but all is noted in the lavaan official documentation. Many are identical to Mplus' defaults, but it's worth checking them first.

- Default estimator it maximum likelihood;
- The factor loading of the first indicator of a latent variable is fixed to 1;
- Residual variances are freely estimated;
- All exogenous variables are allowed to covary.

### Fixing covariances in lavaan

Building on the above, you can specify an orthogonal (zero) covariance between two latent or observed variables:  $f1 \sim 0*f2$ 

#### If you have categorical indicators

Muthen & Muthen recommend weighted least squares (WLS) when you have many factors and not so many factor indicators. They recommend maximum likelihood(ML, MLR) when you have few factors and many factor indicators. Both MLR and WLS can deal with categorical and continuous outcomes.

## Mplus resources for EFA

Not just code, the stats too

http://www.statmodel.com/discussion/messages/8/8.html

# Load packages

```
library(lavaan) # for the loadings

## This is lavaan 0.6-9

## lavaan is FREE software! Please report any bugs.

library(psych)

## Attaching package: 'psych'

## The following object is masked from 'package:lavaan':

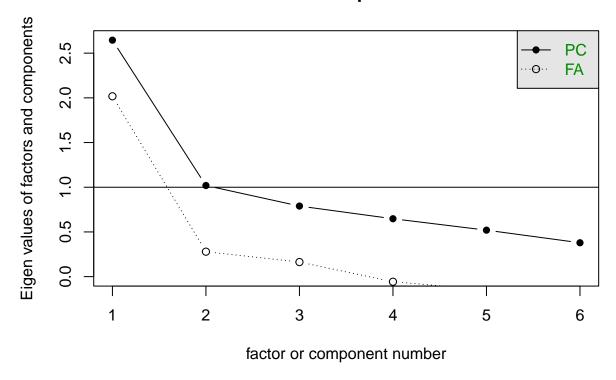
## cor2cov

# psych::alpha()
```

## Load file

```
efa_data <- read.table("IH validation 1-21.dat")
scree(efa_data, factors = TRUE) # get scree plot</pre>
```

# **Scree plot**



# Specify the model

## Estimate the Model

```
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: some estimated ov
## variances are negative
```

### Request the Output

Bayesian (BIC)

```
summary(efa_f2, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##
     Estimator
                                                        ML
##
     Optimization method
                                                    NLMINB
     Number of model parameters
##
                                                         17
##
     Rotation method
                                           OBLIMIN OBLIQUE
##
##
     Oblimin gamma
##
     Rotation algorithm (rstarts)
                                                 GPA (100)
     Standardized metric
                                                      TRUE
##
     Row weights
##
                                                      None
##
                                                       200
##
     Number of observations
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
                                                   Standard
                                                                  Robust
                                                                  14.567
##
     Test Statistic
                                                     13.105
##
     Degrees of freedom
##
     P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.011
                                                                   0.006
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                   0.900
##
          Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##
     Test statistic
                                                   260.859
                                                                203.404
##
     Degrees of freedom
                                                                     15
                                                        15
                                                     0.000
                                                                  0.000
##
     P-value
                                                                  1.282
##
     Scaling correction factor
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
     Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                     0.963
                                                                  0.944
##
##
     Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                     0.861
                                                                  0.790
##
##
     Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
                                                                  0.961
##
     Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
                                                                  0.852
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##
     Loglikelihood user model (HO)
                                             -1437.700
                                                              -1437.700
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                  1.473
##
         for the MLR correction
##
     Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
                                                 -1431.147
                                                              -1431.147
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                  1.364
##
         for the MLR correction
##
     Akaike (AIC)
##
                                                  2909.400
                                                               2909.400
```

2965.471

2965.471

##	Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)				2911.613	2911.6	13			
##	Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:									
##	Root Mean Square	error of Ap	proximati	on:						
##	RMSEA	0.107	0.115							
##	90 Percent conf	idence inte	rval - lo	wer	0.046	0.053				
##					0.173	0.185				
##			-	-	0.060	0.045				
##										
##	Robust RMSEA	0.109								
##			0.0	53						
##	90 Percent confidence interval - upper						.72			
##										
	Standardized Root	Mean Squar	e Residua	1:						
##	CDMD				0.000	0 0	.00			
##	SRMR				0.038	0.0	0.038			
##	Domomotom Estimat									
##	Parameter Estimat	es:								
##	Standard errors				Sandwich					
##		Observed								
##			on		Hessian					
##										
##	Latent Variables:									
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all			
##	F1 = block1									
##	V1	1.402	1.997		0.483		1.356			
##	V2	0.065					0.084			
##	V3	-0.080	0.118				-0.099			
##	V4	0.168					0.181			
##	V5	-0.063					-0.073			
##	V6 F2 =~ block1	0.033	0.147	0.222	0.825	0.033	0.034			
##	V1	0.001	0.006	0.146	0.884	0.001	0.001			
##	V2	0.535	0.101				0.693			
##	V3	0.394	0.111	3.551		0.394	0.491			
##	V4	0.434	0.175	2.484	0.013	0.434	0.470			
##	V5	0.675	0.112	6.022	0.000	0.675	0.781			
##	V6	0.486	0.113	4.311	0.000	0.486	0.503			
##										
##	Covariances:									
##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all			
##	F1 ~~									
##	F2	0.273	0.337	0.809	0.418	0.273	0.273			
##										
	Variances:		Q. 1 D	-	D(>    )	Q. 1. 1	a. 1 11			
##	171	Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )	Std.lv	Std.all			
##	.V1	-0.897	5.601	-0.160	0.873	-0.897	-0.839			
##	.V2 .V3	0.286 0.500	0.047 0.086	6.053 5.810	0.000	0.286 0.500	0.481 0.776			
##	. V4	0.500	0.090	6.627	0.000	0.500	0.776			
##	.V <del>4</del> .V5	0.398	0.101	3.075	0.000	0.309	0.700			
##	.V6	0.687	0.093	7.370	0.002	0.687	0.737			
##	F1	1.000				1.000	1.000			
							•			

```
1.000
                                                           1.000
                                                                   1.000
##
      F2
# lavInspect() is a helpful function to get additional
# information on the model
# Here, you can see the parameter numbers (as in Mplus'
# TECH1)
lavInspect(efa_f2)
## $lambda
##
     F1 F2
## V1 1 0
## V2 2 7
## V3 3 8
## V4 4 9
## V5 5 10
## V6 6 11
##
## $theta
     V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6
##
## V1 12
## V2 0 13
## V3 0 0 14
## V4 0 0 0 15
## V5 0 0 0 0 16
## V6 0 0 0 0 17
##
## $psi
     F1 F2
##
## F1 O
## F2 0 0
# By asking for 'sampstat' you can see the observed
# var/covar matrix (as in Mplus)
lavInspect(efa_f2, "sampstat")
## $cov
##
     V1
           V2
               V3 V4 V5
                                   ۷6
## V1 1.069
## V2 0.292 0.595
## V3 0.043 0.165 0.645
## V4 0.402 0.257 0.211 0.854
## V5 0.167 0.385 0.250 0.272 0.745
## V6 0.247 0.254 0.231 0.344 0.289 0.933
# There are MANY other options. To see residual var/covar
# matrix:
lavInspect(efa_f2, "resid")
## $cov
   V1
            V2
                   VЗ
                          ۷4
                                 ۷5
                                       ۷6
```

## V1 0.000

```
## V2 -0.004 0.000
## V3 0.004 -0.036 0.000
## V4 0.000 -0.018 0.045 0.000
## V5 -0.003 0.026 0.000 -0.034 0.000
## V6 0.015 -0.021 0.049 0.102 -0.034 0.000
# To see R2 values (note there's an NA for V1 because it's
# fixed to 1 by default)
lavInspect(efa_f2, "rsquare")
##
           ۷2
                 VЗ
                       ٧4
                             V5
                                   ۷6
##
     NA 0.519 0.224 0.300 0.585 0.263
# ... And lots more
```

You can also run an EFA using the cfa() function of lavaan, by specifying auto.efa = TRUE

```
efa_f2 <- cfa(model = efa_model, data = efa_data, rotation = "oblimin",
  estimator = "MLR", auto.efa = TRUE)
## Warning in lav_object_post_check(object): lavaan WARNING: some estimated ov
## variances are negative
summary(efa_f2, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
## lavaan 0.6-9 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##
    Estimator
                                                        ML
                                                    NLMINB
##
     Optimization method
##
    Number of model parameters
##
##
    Rotation method
                                          OBLIMIN OBLIQUE
##
    Oblimin gamma
    Rotation algorithm (rstarts)
                                                 GPA (100)
##
##
    Standardized metric
                                                      TRUE
##
    Row weights
                                                      None
##
##
     Number of observations
                                                       200
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
                                                   Standard
                                                                 Robust
##
     Test Statistic
                                                     13.105
                                                                 14.567
##
    Degrees of freedom
    P-value (Chi-square)
                                                      0.011
                                                                  0.006
##
##
     Scaling correction factor
                                                                  0.900
##
          Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
## Model Test Baseline Model:
```

##							
##	Test statistic		260.859	203.404			
##	Degrees of free		15		15		
##	P-value		0.000	0.0			
##	Scaling correct:			1.2			
##	8						
##	User Model versus	Baseline Mo	odel:				
##							
##	Comparative Fit		0.963	0.963 0.944			
##	Tucker-Lewis Inc	dex (TLI)			0.861	0.7	90
##							
##	Robust Comparat:		0.9	61			
##	Robust Tucker-Le	ewis Index	(TLI)			0.8	52
##							
	Loglikelihood and	Information	n Criteri	a:			
##							
##	Loglikelihood us		HO)	-	-1437.700		
##	8						/3
## ##	for the MLR	-1431.147	-1431.1	47			
##					-1431.147	1.3	
##	S .						04
##	TOT CHE HER	COLLECTION					
##	Akaike (AIC)				2909.400	2909.4	00
##					2965.471		
##					2911.613	2911.6	13
##	1	· ·					
##	Root Mean Square H	Error of App	proximati	on:			
##							
##	RMSEA				0.107	0.1	
##	90 Percent confidence interval - lower				0.046		
##				0.173			
##							45
##	Dobugt DMCEA					0 1	00
##						0.109 0.053	
##					0.172		
##	50 refeems confidence inserval upper 0.172						
	Standardized Root	Mean Square	e Residua	1:			
##		•					
##	SRMR				0.038	0.0	38
##							
##	Parameter Estimate	es:					
##							
##	Standard errors				Sandwich		
##							
##							
##	Introduction Inc.						
##	Latent Variables:	Estimata	C+d Emm	z-value	P(> z )	C+4 1	Std.all
##	F1 =~ block1	Estimate	bua.EIT	∠-varue	r(/ Z )	Std.lv	stu.all
##	V1	1.402	1.997	0.702	0.483	1.402	1.356
##	V2	0.065	0.139	0.467		0.065	0.084
##	V3	-0.080	0.118	-0.677	0.498	-0.080	-0.099

```
##
       ۷4
                          0.168
                                    0.326
                                             0.514
                                                       0.607
                                                                0.168
                                                                          0.181
##
       V5
                         -0.063
                                    0.097
                                            -0.648
                                                       0.517
                                                               -0.063
                                                                         -0.073
                                             0.222
                                                                0.033
                                                                          0.034
##
       ۷6
                          0.033
                                    0.147
                                                       0.825
##
     F2 = ~block1
##
       V1
                          0.001
                                   0.006
                                             0.146
                                                       0.884
                                                                0.001
                                                                          0.001
##
       ٧2
                          0.535
                                   0.101
                                             5.302
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.535
                                                                          0.693
##
       VЗ
                          0.394
                                   0.111
                                             3.551
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.394
                                                                          0.491
##
       ۷4
                          0.434
                                   0.175
                                             2.484
                                                       0.013
                                                                0.434
                                                                          0.470
                                                                0.675
##
       ۷5
                          0.675
                                    0.112
                                             6.022
                                                       0.000
                                                                          0.781
##
       ۷6
                          0.486
                                    0.113
                                             4.311
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.486
                                                                          0.503
##
## Covariances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv Std.all
     F1 ~~
##
##
       F2
                          0.273
                                    0.337
                                             0.809
                                                       0.418
                                                                0.273
                                                                          0.273
##
## Variances:
##
                       Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
                                                               Std.lv
                                                                       Std.all
##
      .V1
                         -0.897
                                   5.601
                                            -0.160
                                                                         -0.839
                                                       0.873
                                                               -0.897
##
      .V2
                          0.286
                                   0.047
                                             6.053
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.286
                                                                          0.481
##
      .V3
                          0.500
                                   0.086
                                             5.810
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.500
                                                                          0.776
##
      . V4
                          0.598
                                   0.090
                                             6.627
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.598
                                                                          0.700
##
      . V5
                          0.309
                                   0.101
                                             3.075
                                                       0.002
                                                                0.309
                                                                          0.415
##
      .V6
                          0.687
                                   0.093
                                             7.370
                                                       0.000
                                                                0.687
                                                                          0.737
##
       F1
                          1.000
                                                                1.000
                                                                          1.000
##
       F2
                          1.000
                                                                1.000
                                                                          1.000
```

### Finally, (among other options) you can use the "psych" package to do your EFA

```
library(psych) # for EFA

efa_model <-
   fa(
    efa_data, # raw data, corr or cov matrix
    nfactors = 2, # default is 1
    rotate = "oblimin", # default is "oblimin"
   fm = 'uls'
)</pre>
## Loading required namespace: GPArotation
```

summary(efa model)

```
##
## Factor analysis with Call: fa(r = efa_data, nfactors = 2, rotate = "oblimin", fm = "uls")
##
## Test of the hypothesis that 2 factors are sufficient.
## The degrees of freedom for the model is 4 and the objective function was 0.07
## The number of observations was 200 with Chi Square = 14.25 with prob < 0.0065
##
## The root mean square of the residuals (RMSA) is 0.04</pre>
```

```
## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.08
##
## Tucker Lewis Index of factoring reliability = 0.839
## RMSEA index = 0.113 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.054 0.18
## BIC = -6.94
## With factor correlations of
       ULS1 ULS2
## ULS1 1.00 0.35
## ULS2 0.35 1.00
efa_model$loadings
##
## Loadings:
     ULS1
##
            ULS2
## V1
              0.998
## V2 0.634 0.132
## V3 0.531 -0.123
## V4 0.455 0.262
## V5 0.775
## V6 0.507
##
                  ULS1 ULS2
##
## SS loadings
                 1.750 1.110
## Proportion Var 0.292 0.185
## Cumulative Var 0.292 0.477
efa_model$value # eigen values
## [1] 2.15170293 0.79095576 0.19390606 -0.02501665 -0.07425232 -0.09634264
efa_model$communality # communalities for items
## 0.9968896 0.4776948 0.2519209 0.3581770 0.5622910 0.2939798
# needs to be a matrix for this one so we'll practice
# making a matrix in which we use FIML to account for
# missing data
efa_matrix <- corFiml(efa_data, covar = FALSE, show = FALSE)</pre>
# show = F means that you will do FIML, show = true means
# only showing missingess patterns (also useful) but not
# doing FIML. covar = FALSE means we're getting a
# correlation (and not a covariance) matrix
\# You can specify with columns to use without creating a
# new dataframe (e.g.,
# corFiml(psychTools::efa_data[1:3],show = FALSE)).
```

"