Lab 2: Flask Fundamentals

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In the practical section of this lab you will follow a tutorial on how to preform routing and URL handling, request and response objects, and templates and rendering views:

• Step 1: Routing and URL Handling

In the app.py file, import the Flask module and create a new Flask application object:

```
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)
```

Create a route using the @app.route decorator, and define a function to handle the request:

```
@app.route('/')
def index():
    return 'Hello World!'
```

To pass variables to the route, use angle brackets in the route and include a variable in the function:

```
@app.route('/users/<username>')
def show_user(username):
    return f'User: {username}'
```

To handle different types of requests, use the methods parameter in the @app.route decorator:

```
@app.route('/login', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def login():
    if request.method == 'POST':
        # handle login logic
    else:
        # show login form
```

• Step 2: Request and Response Objects

To access the request data, use the request object from the flask module:

```
from flask import request

@app.route('/login', methods=['POST'])
def login():
    username = request.form['username']
    password = request.form['password']
    # handle login logic
```

To send a response to the client, use the make_response function and the response object:

```
from flask import make_response

@app.route('/')
def index():
    response = make_response('Hello World!')
    response.headers['Content-Type'] = 'text/plain'
    return response
```

• Step 3: Templates and Rendering Views

Create a new folder called templates in your application's root directory. Create a new file in the templates folder, for example index.html. Use Jinja2 syntax to create a template for your view:

In the app.py file, use the render_template function to render the template and pass variables to it: Copy code from flask import render_template

```
@app.route('/')
def index():
   name = 'John'
   return render\_template('index.html', name=name)
```

You should now have a basic understanding of how to do routing and URL handling, request and response objects, and templates and rendering views.

In case of any issues, you can refer to the official documentation of each tool for more detailed instructions and troubleshooting tips.