

a)

Purpose Description:

- The purpose of the program is to calculate overtime pay for the employees of the company UrbanFurn.
- The program will also include their regular pay, and retirement contributions only if the employee decides to participate in the retirement plan.

Scope and Functionality:

- **Input Handling:**

- Accepts user input for hours worked and shift number.
- Validates the input to ensure non-negative hours and valid shift numbers.
- Asks for retirement plan participation for applicable shifts.

- **Payroll Calculation:**

- Calculates regular pay based on shift-specific hourly rates.
- Calculates overtime pay for hours worked beyond 40 hours at a rate of 1.5 times the regular hourly rate.
- Calculates retirement deductions for eligible shifts and participants.
- Computes the total pay and net pay after deductions.

- **File Handling:**

- Stores hours worked data in a persistent text file.
- Reads and writes data to the file for record-keeping and processing.

- **Output:**

- Displays detailed payroll information to the user, including regular pay, overtime pay, total pay, retirement deductions, and net pay.
- Ensures accurate reflection of user input in the stored file.

Program Architecture

- **Data Flow:**

- **Input Stage:**

- User inputs hours worked and shift number.
- User decides on retirement plan participation for shifts 2 and 3.

- **Processing Stage:**

- Validate inputs.
- Calculate payroll details based on input.
- **Output Stage:**
 - Display payroll details.
 - Write the hours worked to the file.

Interfaces:

- **User Interface:**
 - Console-based input and output for interaction with the user.
 - Prompts for hours worked, shift number, and retirement plan participation.
- **File Interface:**
 - Interaction with hours_worked.txt for reading and writing hours worked.

b)

Code Layout

Main Class

```
1 package andrew_payroll;
2
3 import java.util.*;
4 import java.io.*;
5
6 public class Andrew_Payroll {
7
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
11         ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
12
13         try {
14             RandomAccessFile file = new RandomAccessFile("hours_worked.txt", "rw");
15
16             System.out.println("Please enter how many hours you worked:");
17             int hoursWorked = sc.nextInt();
18             if (hoursWorked < 0) {
19                 System.out.println("Hours worked cannot be negative");
20                 return;
21             }
22
23             System.out.println("Please enter your shift number:");
24             int shiftNumber = sc.nextInt();
25             if (shiftNumber < 1 || shiftNumber > 3) {
26                 System.out.println("Invalid shift number. Please enter 1, 2, or 3.");
27                 return;
28             }
29
30             boolean retirementPlan = false;
31
32             if (shiftNumber == 2 || shiftNumber == 3) {
33                 System.out.println("Do you wish to participate in the retirement plan? (yes/no)");
34                 String choice = sc.next();
35                 if ("yes".equalsIgnoreCase(choice)) {
36                     retirementPlan = true;
37                 }
38             }
39
40             Employee employee = new Employee(hoursWorked, shiftNumber, retirementPlan);
41             employees.add(employee);
42             employee.calculatePay();
43
44             displayEmployeeDetails(employee);
45
46             file.seek(file.length());
47             file.writeBytes(hoursWorked + "\n");
48
49             file.close();
50         } catch (IOException e) {
51             System.out.println("An error occurred while handling the file.");
52         }
53     }
54 }
```

```

private static void displayEmployeeDetails(Employee employee) {
    System.out.println("Employee Details:");
    System.out.println("Shift Number: " + employee.getShiftNumber());
    System.out.println("Hours Worked: " + employee.getHoursWorked());
    System.out.println("Regular Pay: " + "R" + employee.getRegularPay());
    System.out.println("Overtime Pay: " + "R" + employee.getOvertimePay());
    System.out.println("Total Pay: " + "R" + employee.getTotalPay());
    System.out.println("Retirement Deduction: " + "R" + employee.getRetirementDeduction());
    System.out.println("Net Pay: " + "R" + employee.getNetPay());
}
}

```

- The main class uses consistent space, tabs and follows naming conventions for variables, functions and classes and is organised with clear separation.

Employee Class

```

1 package andrew_payroll;
2
3 import java.io.*;
4
5 public class Employee {
6
7     private int hoursWorked;
8     private int shiftNumber;
9     private boolean hasRetirementPlan;
10    private double regularPay;
11    private double overtimePay;
12    private double totalPay;
13    private double retirementDeduction;
14    private double netPay;
15    private boolean validShift;
16
17    public Employee(int hoursWorked, int shiftNumber, boolean hasRetirementPlan) {
18        this.hoursWorked = hoursWorked;
19        this.shiftNumber = shiftNumber;
20        this.hasRetirementPlan = hasRetirementPlan;
21        this.validShift = shiftNumber >= 1 && shiftNumber <= 3;
22    }
23

```

```

24 public void calculatePay() {
25     if (hoursWorked < 0) {
26         throw new IllegalArgumentException("Hours worked cannot be negative.");
27     }
28
29     if (!validShift) {
30         regularPay = 0;
31         overtimePay = 0;
32         totalPay = 0;
33         retirementDeduction = 0;
34         netPay = 0;
35         return;
36     }
37
38     double hourlyPayRate;
39     switch (shiftNumber) {
40     case 1:
41         hourlyPayRate = 50;
42         break;
43     case 2:
44         hourlyPayRate = 70;
45         break;

```

```

46     case 3:
47         hourlyPayRate = 90;
48         break;
49     default:
50         hourlyPayRate = 0;
51         break;
52     }
53
54     if (hoursWorked > 40) {
55         regularPay = 40 * hourlyPayRate;
56         overtimePay = (hoursWorked - 40) * hourlyPayRate * 1.5;
57     } else {
58         regularPay = hoursWorked * hourlyPayRate;
59         overtimePay = 0;
60     }
61
62     totalPay = regularPay + overtimePay;
63

```

```
64     if (shiftNumber != 1 && hasRetirementPlan) {
65         retirementDeduction = 0.05 * totalPay;
66     } else {
67         retirementDeduction = 0;
68     }
69
70     netPay = totalPay - retirementDeduction;
71 }
72
73 public int getHoursWorked() {
74     return hoursWorked;
75 }
76
77 public int getShiftNumber() {
78     return shiftNumber;
79 }
80
81 public boolean hasRetirementPlan() {
82     return hasRetirementPlan;
83 }
84
```

```
85 public double getRegularPay() {
86     return regularPay;
87 }
88
89 public double getOvertimePay() {
90     return overtimePay;
91 }
92
93 public double getTotalPay() {
94     return totalPay;
95 }
96
97 public double getRetirementDeduction() {
98     return retirementDeduction;
99 }
100
101 public double getNetPay() {
102     return netPay;
103 }
104
105 public boolean isValidShift() {
106     return validShift;
107 }
```

```

109 public static void appendHoursToFile(int hoursWorked) throws IOException {
110     FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("hours_worked.txt", true);
111     fw.write(hoursWorked + "\n");
112     fw.close();
113 }
114
115 public static void displayFileContents(String filename) throws IOException {
116     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filename));
117     String line;
118     while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
119         System.out.println(line);
120     }
121     br.close();
122 }
123 }

```

- The employee class uses consistent space, tabs and follows naming conventions for variables, functions and classes and is organised with clear separation.

c)

Internal Documentation:

Main Class

```
1  package andrew_payroll;
2
3  import java.util.*;
4  import java.io.*;
5
6  public class Andrew_Payroll {
7
8      public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10         //create a scanner object to get input from the user
11         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
12
13         //create a list to store Employee objects
14         ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
15
16         //display a welcome message
17         System.out.println("Welcome to UrbanFurn Payroll System");
18     }
```

- Line 11 creates a new scanner object which allows for input from the user.
- Line 14 creates a list in order to store employee objects.
- Line 17 displays a welcome message that welcomes the user to the program.


```

18
19 try {
20     //open the file hours_worked.txt for reading and writing
21     RandomAccessFile file = new RandomAccessFile("hours_worked.txt", "rw");
22
23     int hoursWorked = -1;
24     //loop until a valid number of hours worked is entered
25     while (hoursWorked < 0) {
26         System.out.println("Please enter how many hours you worked:");
27         hoursWorked = sc.nextInt();
28         if (hoursWorked < 0) {
29
30             //display an error message if hours worked is negative
31             System.out.println("Hours worked cannot be negative. Please try again.");
32         }
33     }
34

```

- Line 21 opens the text document hours_worked.txt for reading and writing.
- Line 24 loops the user until they enter a valid hours worked value if they enter an incorrect one.
- Line 31 displays an error message if the hours worked entered is negative

```

35     int shiftNumber = 0;
36
37     //loop until a valid shift number is entered
38     while (shiftNumber < 1 || shiftNumber > 3) {
39         System.out.println("Please enter your shift number:");
40         shiftNumber = sc.nextInt();
41         if (shiftNumber < 1 || shiftNumber > 3) {
42
43             //display error message if shift number is not valid
44             System.out.println("Invalid shift number. Please enter 1, 2, or 3.");
45         }
46     }
47
48     boolean retirementPlan = false;
49

```

- Line 37 uses a while loop that keeps on asking the user to enter a valid shift number should they enter the incorrect value.
- Line 43 displays an error message if the shift number is not valid.

```

50      //ask the user if they want to participate in the retirement plan for shift 2 or 3
51      if (shiftNumber == 2 || shiftNumber == 3) {
52          System.out.println("Do you wish to participate in the retirement plan? (yes/no)");
53          String choice = sc.next();
54          if ("yes".equalsIgnoreCase(choice)) {
55              //set retirement plan to true if user answers yes
56              retirementPlan = true;
57          }
58      }
59
60      //create a new Employee object with the input values
61      Employee employee = new Employee(hoursWorked, shiftNumber, retirementPlan);
62
63      //add the employee to the list of employees
64      employees.add(employee);
65
66      //calculate the pay for the employee
67      employee.calculatePay();
68

```

- Lines 51 – 54 ask the user if they want to participate in the retirement plan shift 2 or 3.
- Line 56 sets the retirement plan to true if the user answers yes
- Line 61 creates a new employee object with the input values
- Line 61 adds the employee to the list of employees
- Line 67 calculates the pay for the employee.

```

69      //display the details of the employee
70      displayEmployeeDetails(employee);
71
72      //move the file pointer to the end of the file and write the hours worked to the file
73      file.seek(file.length());
74      file.writeBytes(hoursWorked + "\n");
75
76      //close the file
77      file.close();
78  } catch (IOException e) {
79      //display error message if an exception occurs while handling the file
80      System.out.println("An error occurred while handling the file.");
81  }
82  }
83

```

- Line 70 displays the details of the employee.
- Line 73 -74 moves the file pointer to the end and write the hours worked to the file.
- Line 77 closes the file.
- Line 80 displays an error message if an exception happens while handling the file.

```

84 //method to display the details of an employee
85 private static void displayEmployeeDetails(Employee employee) {
86     System.out.println("Employee Details:");
87     System.out.println("Shift Number: " + employee.getShiftNumber());
88     System.out.println("Hours Worked: " + employee.getHoursWorked());
89     System.out.println("Regular Pay: " + "R" + employee.getRegularPay());
90     System.out.println("Overtime Pay: " + "R" + employee.getOvertimePay());
91     System.out.println("Total Pay: " + "R" + employee.getTotalPay());
92
93     //display retirement deduction only for shift 2 or 3
94     if (employee.getShiftNumber() == 2 || employee.getShiftNumber() == 3) {
95         System.out.println("Retirement Deduction: " + "R" + employee.getRetirementDeduction());
96     }
97
98     System.out.println("Net Pay: " + "R" + employee.getNetPay());
99 }
100 }

```

- Line 85 creates a method to display the details of an employee.
- Line 93 displays retirement deduction for only shift 2 and shift 3.

Employee Class

```
1  package andrew_payroll;
2
3  import java.io.*;
4
5  public class Employee {
6
7      //attributes to store employee details
8      private int hoursWorked;
9      private int shiftNumber;
10     private boolean hasRetirementPlan;
11     private double regularPay;
12     private double overtimePay;
13     private double totalPay;
14     private double retirementDeduction;
15     private double netPay;
16     private boolean validShift;
17 }
```

- Line 3 imports the java.io library
- Line 8 – 16 are attributes that are declared to store employee details.

```

18 //constructor to initialize employee attributes
19 public Employee(int hoursWorked, int shiftNumber, boolean hasRetirementPlan) {
20     this.hoursWorked = hoursWorked;
21     this.shiftNumber = shiftNumber;
22     this.hasRetirementPlan = hasRetirementPlan;
23     //check if shift number is valid
24     this.validShift = shiftNumber >= 1 && shiftNumber <= 3;
25 }
26
27 //method to calculate the pay based on hours worked and shift number
28 public void calculatePay() {
29     //check for negative hours worked
30     if (hoursWorked < 0) {
31         throw new IllegalArgumentException("Hours worked cannot be negative.");
32     }
33 }

```

- Line 19 – 24 is a constructor that initializes employee attributes and checks whether shift number is valid or not.
- Line 28 creates a method to calculate the pay based on hours worked and shift number.
- Line 30 checks whether hours worked are negative

```
34 //if the shift number is invalid, set all pay attributes to zero
35 if (!validShift) {
36     regularPay = 0;
37     overtimePay = 0;
38     totalPay = 0;
39     retirementDeduction = 0;
40     netPay = 0;
41     return;
42 }
43
```

- Line 35 – 41 checks if the shift number is invalid then all the attributes are set to 0.


```
44      //determine hourly pay rate based on the shift number
45      double hourlyPayRate;
46      switch (shiftNumber) {
47          case 1:
48              hourlyPayRate = 50;
49              break;
50          case 2:
51              hourlyPayRate = 70;
52              break;
53          case 3:
54              hourlyPayRate = 90;
55              break;
56          default:
57              hourlyPayRate = 0;
58              break;
59      }
60
```

- Line 45 to 58 determines the hourly rate that is based on the employee's shift number.

```
61 //calculate regular and overtime pay
62 if (hoursWorked > 40) {
63     //regular pay for 40 hours
64     regularPay = 40 * hourlyPayRate;
65     //overtime pay for hours over 40
66     overtimePay = (hoursWorked - 40) * hourlyPayRate * 1.5;
67 } else {
68     //regular pay for hours worked
69     regularPay = hoursWorked * hourlyPayRate;
70     overtimePay = 0;
71 }
72
73 //calculate total pay
74 totalPay = regularPay + overtimePay;
75
```

- Line 62 calculates regular and overtime pay based on the employee's worked hours.
- Line 64 shows regular pay for 40 hours.
- Line 65 shows overtime pay for hours over 40.
- Line 69 to 70 is the regular for hours worked that week.

```
73      //calculate total pay
74      totalPay = regularPay + overtimePay;
75
76      //calculate retirement deduction if applicable
77      if (shiftNumber != 1 && hasRetirementPlan) {
78          //5% deduction for retirement plan
79          retirementDeduction = 0.05 * totalPay;
80      } else {
81          retirementDeduction = 0;
82      }
83
84      //calculate net pay after deductions
85      netPay = totalPay - retirementDeduction;
86  }
87
```

- Line 74 calculates the total pay.
- Line 77 calculates the retirement deduction if the user chooses to opt in.
- Line 79 shows that 5% is deduction from net pay.
- Line 85 calculates the net pay after all deductions.

```

88      //getter methods to access employee details
89      public int getHoursWorked() {
90          return hoursWorked;
91      }
92
93      public int getShiftNumber() {
94          return shiftNumber;
95      }
96
97      public boolean hasRetirementPlan() {
98          return hasRetirementPlan;
99      }
100
101      public double getRegularPay() {
102          return regularPay;
103      }
104
105      public double getOvertimePay() {
106          return overtimePay;
107      }
108
109      public double getTotalPay() {
110          return totalPay;
111      }
112
113      public double getRetirementDeduction() {
114          return retirementDeduction;
115      }
116
117      public double getNetPay() {
118          return netPay;
119      }
120
121      public boolean isValidShift() {
122          return validShift;
123      }
124

```

- Line 89 to 122 creates getter methods to be able to access employee details.

```

125 //method to append hours worked to a file
126 public static void appendHoursToFile(int hoursWorked) throws IOException {
127     //open file in append mode
128     FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("hours_worked.txt", true);
129     //write hours worked to file
130     fw.write(hoursWorked + "\n");
131     //close the file
132     fw.close();
133 }
134
135 //method to display the contents of a file
136 public static void displayFileContents(String filename) throws IOException {
137     //open file for reading
138     BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filename));
139     String line;
140     //read each line from the file
141     while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) {
142         //print the line
143         System.out.println(line);
144     }

```

- Line 126 creates a method that appends hours worked to a file.
- Line 126 opens the file in append mode.
- Line 129 writes the hours worked to a file.
- Line 135 creates a method to display the contents of the file.
- Line 138 opens the file for reading.
- Line 141 reads each line from the file.
- Line 143 prints the line.