

Candidate Report: Anonymous

Test Name:

SUMMARY

TIMELINE

Test Score

100 out of 100 points

100%

Tasks in Test

OddOccurrencesInArray

Submitted in: C#

8 min

100%

TASKS DETAILS

EASY

1.

OddOccurrencesInArray

Find value that occurs in odd number of elements.

Task Score

100%

Correctness

100%

Performance

100%

Task description

A non-empty array A consisting of N integers is given. The array contains an odd number of elements, and each element of the array can be paired with another element that has the same value, except for one element that is left unpaired.

For example, in array A such that:

```
A[0] = 9  A[1] = 3  A[2] = 9
A[3] = 3  A[4] = 9  A[5] = 7
A[6] = 9
```

- the elements at indexes 0 and 2 have value 9,
- the elements at indexes 1 and 3 have value 3,
- the elements at indexes 4 and 6 have value 9,
- the element at index 5 has value 7 and is unpaired.

Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int solution(int[] A); }
```

that, given an array A consisting of N integers fulfilling the above conditions, returns the value of the unpaired element.

For example, given array A such that:

```
A[0] = 9  A[1] = 3  A[2] = 9
A[3] = 3  A[4] = 9  A[5] = 7
A[6] = 9
```

Solution

Programming language used:

C#

Total time used:

8 minutes

?

Effective time used:

8 minutes

?

Notes:

not defined yet

Task timeline

?

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⏴

⏵

22:24:37

22:31:39

Code: 22:31:38 UTC, cs, final,

score: 100

show code in pop-up

1

using System;

2

using System.Linq;

3

using System.Collections.Generic;

4

5

class Solution {

the function should return 7, as explained in the example above.

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an odd integer within the range [1..1,000,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [1..1,000,000,000];
- all but one of the values in A occur an even number of times.

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```
6 public int solution(int[] A)
7 {
8     var map = new Dictionary<int, int>();
9
10    for(var i = 0; i < A.Length; i++)
11    {
12        var currentInteger = A[i];
13        if (!map.ContainsKey(currentInteger))
14        {
15            map.Add(currentInteger, 1);
16        }
17        else
18        {
19            map[currentInteger]++;
20        }
21    }
22
23    return map.FirstOrDefault(count => count.Value % 2 != 0).Key;
24 }
25 }
```

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis ?

Detected time complexity:	$O(N)$ or $O(N \cdot \log(N))$
expand all	Example tests
▶ example1	✓ OK
example test	
expand all	Correctness tests
▶ simple1	✓ OK
simple test n=5	
▶ simple2	✓ OK
simple test n=11	
▶ extreme_single_item	✓ OK
[42]	
▶ small1	✓ OK
small random test n=201	
▶ small2	✓ OK
small random test n=601	
expand all	Performance tests
▶ medium1	✓ OK
medium random test n=2,001	
▶ medium2	✓ OK
medium random test n=100,003	
▶ big1	✓ OK
big random test n=999,999, multiple repetitions	
▶ big2	✓ OK
big random test n=999,999	