







Congress shall make no law ... abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press....

"The basic purpose of FOIA is to ensure an informed citizenry, vital to the functioning of democratic society, needed to check against corruption and to hold the governors accountable to the governed,"



- Supreme Court of the United States, NLRB v. Robbins Tire Co., 1978

"A democracy requires accountability, and accountability requires transparency,"

- President Barack Obama, Jan. 21, 2009



What is FOIA?

- FOIA IS:
 - A law created to ensure access to documents and other artifacts created and held by government agencies
 - A formal process to obtain records
- FOIA IS NOT:
 - An efficient process
 - A well understood or consistently administered law
 - The right to "information." It only gives you the right to records that already exist, not to questions you might have.



Get the basics of what you can and can't get from RCFP. Look especially at a few exemptions of interest to reporters in the security realm:

FOIA exemptions: what's secret

FOIA says records must be released.... except when they're not.



An inmate of Camp X-Ray is seen in their cells at the cell in Bay, Cuba, in this 2002 photo. Several FOIA lawsuits have arisen against the Defense Department for its denials of records pertaining to treatment and identification of Guantanamo detainees.

1. National security

This exemption is designed to prevent disclosure of properly classified records, release of which would cause some "damage" to the national security.

It covers records that are:

(A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified pursuant to such an executive order.

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Other exemptions

- Exemption 4: Trade secrets come into play in contracts and their associated records.
- Exemption 5: Internal agency memos are up to each administration to decide.
- Exemption 6: "Personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy."
- Exemption 7(c): Similar wording, this time for law enforcement and and investigative records.



Common federal records

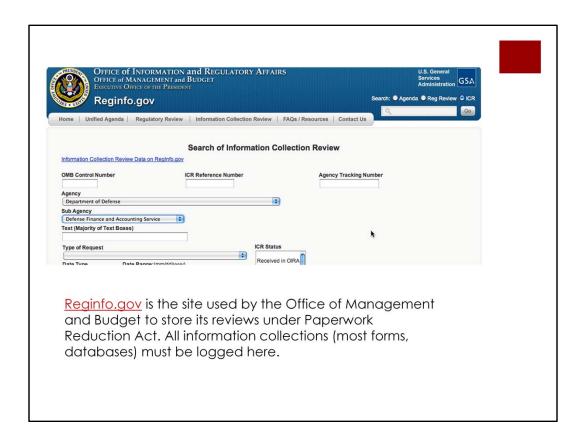
- Agency "control correspondence," or records of Congressional office communication with agencies. This is the only way to get records of Congress.
- Schedules and calendars of high-level government officials.
- Contract payments and some contract language.
- · Grant payments, audits and reports.
- Names, positions and pay records of agency personnel
- · Comments made by lobbyists and others on agency activities
- Operating manuals, directives to employees and other official procedures.
- FOIA logs (requests made by others)



Finding records

- Actors in the process
- Inspector general, auditor reports methodology section
- Inventories of record collections
- Blank forms (online and on paper)
- Case management and tracking systems
- Take a tour virtual or in-person, including FOIA site
- Regulations, the law
- Statistical reports (sources)
- Look for outside sources of the same thing other agencies, state and local records.

Figuring out what to look for is the most difficult part of the process. Here are some examples from DOD programs. When interviewing people, always ask for the title of the record or the name of the form, ask them to look at it closely or get a copy of it. You need to know what to ask for.



Finding forms



Look for interesting ones by agency

	ract/Justification Legal Statu	tes Rulemaking FI	R Notices/Co	mments IC Lis	t Burd	en 🗆 Misc	. ☑			
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	mitted to OMB. The approved							lation		
		View ICR - OIF	RA Conc	lusion						
OMB Control No: 0701-0	1078		ICR Refere	nce No: 201101-0	701-001					
Status: Active			ICR Reference No: 201101-0701-001 Previous ICR Reference No: 200705-0701-002							
Agency/Subagency: DC	D/AF		Agency Tra		2001.00					
Title: Personal Interview	- USAF Health Professions Appl	icant								
Type of Information Coll	ection: Extension without change	e of a currently approved	collection							
Type of Review Reques	t: Regular									
OIRA Conclusion Action	: Approved without change			Date: 04/06/2011						
Retrieve Notice of Action				ved in OIRA: 01/3						
Terms of Clearance: Th	is collection is cleared for one ye	ar and needs to be re-sub	omitted with a	privacy act staten	nent on the	form.				
	Inventory as of this Action	Requested	Previousl	y Approved						
Expiration Date		6 Months From Approved		04/30/2011						
Responses	3,600	3,600		3,600						
Time Burden (Hours)	1,800	1,800		1,800						
Cost Burden (Dollars)	111,564	111,564		111,564						
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	IC Title		Status	Responses	Hours	Dollars	Document Type	Form No.	Form Nam	
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urden requested under	this ICR:			3600	1800	111564				

Then click on the "view information collection" to see a copy of the form. If there isn't one, it will instead often give you the form number you need to google.

(his form is subject to the	e Privacy Act of 19	LTH PROFESSIO	AF Form 883	0)	rm Approved MB NO. 0701-0078 pires 28 Feb 2007				
Department of Defense, We Highway, Suite 1204, Arling subject to any penalty for fi RETURN your form to the	irden estimate or any ishington Headquarter ton, VA 22202-4302. iiling to comply with a above address. Rei	other aspect of to s Services, Direc Respondents sho	his collection of informa torate for Information Op ould be aware that notwi	tion, includ perations a thstanding	onse, including the time for re wing the collection of informa- ing suggestions for reducing and Reports (7071-0078), 1218 any other provision of law, no rent valid OMB control number Randolph AFB TX 78150-5	non. Send his burden, to Jefferson Davis				
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CURRENT EMPLOYMENT (Specific activity, employer, private practice, etc.)			etc.)	PROGRAM APPLYING		(AFSC)				
					TYPE FACILITY DESIRED SM	MED □ LG				
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Now you know what's collected during each interview.



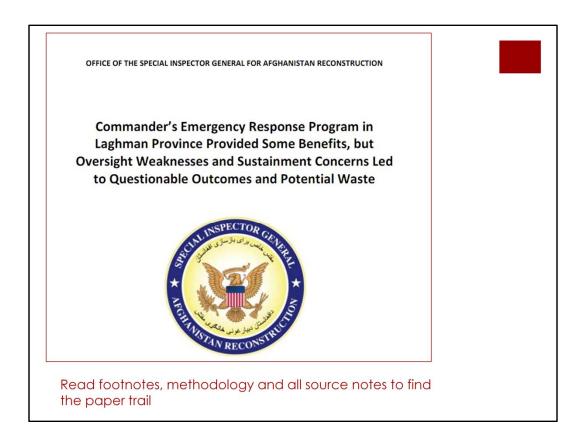
Some agencies have forms management sections. Look through them. Here's one: medical materiel complaints.. It gives you the basics of what you can ask for.

REPORTING A	ND PROCESSING MEDICAL QUALITY IMPROVEMENT	AINTS/		
то		FROM		
TYPE OF COMPLAINT	1A. FOR DOD USE	1B. FOR VA USE	IPLAINT NEW ITEM SIMILAR ITEM	
2. NATIONAL STOCK NO.	3. ITEM DESCRIPTION			
7A. VA DEPOT VOUCHER NO.	7B. DOD REQUISITIO		OR PURCHASE ORDER NO. 8. LOT NO.	
9. CONTROL NO.	10. MANUFACTURES	R'S SERIAL NO.	11. MODEL NO.	
12. DATE MANUFACTURED	13. DATE PACKED		14. EXPIRATION DATE	
15. SOURCE (Name of Depot)	16. QUANTITY ON H	AND	17. QUANTITY SUSPENDED	
	COMPLETE ITEM 18A. THROUG	H 18F. FOR DOD TYPE I	COMPLAINTS ONLY	
18A. TOTAL NO. PATIENTS INVOLVED 18B. TOTAL NO. REAC			18C. SEVERE OR UNUSUAL REACTIONS	
18D. REACTIONS REQUIRING	18E. LENGTH OF HOSPITALIZATI	ON 18F. VACCINE	BOOSTER INTERVAL	

The best ones will also have instructions with them, allowing you to see where it gets filed.



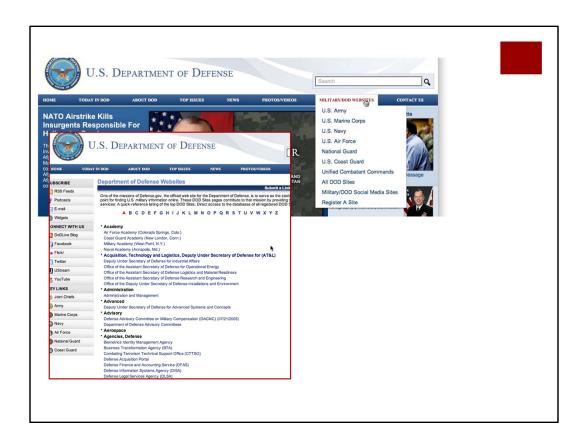
Don't forget online searches – these forms show you what the government has and what you can get without a FOIA. (My father's record)



Inspector general, GAO, audit reports



This gives you the basics of where the money comes from and how SIGAR gets it.



Take a virtual tour. When you're starting on a project or beat, do a good, disciplined review of the websites. Ignore anything that tries to push you into a role – instead, go right to any lists you can find.



Just reading a site map without clicking anywhere will tell you a lot about how the agency is organized and where you might look for documents or data. You probably won't get that far, though – you'll get interested in something you see. This is like a menu.

PL 108-106, Emergency Supplemental Appropriations

SEC. 1110. During the current fiscal year, from funds made available in this Act to the Department of Defense for operation and maintenance, not to exceed \$180,000,000 may be used, notwith-standing any other provision of law, to fund the Commander's Emergency Response Program, established by the Administrator of the Coalition Provisional Authority for the purpose of enabling military commanders in Iraq to respond to urgent humanitarian relief and reconstruction requirements within their areas of responsibility by carrying out programs that will immediately assist the Iraqi people, and to establish and fund a similar program to assist the people of Afghanistan: Provided, That the Secretary of Defense shall provide quarterly reports, beginning on January 15, 2004, to the congressional delense Committees regarding the source of funds and the allocation and use of funds made available pursuant to the authority provided in this section.

Reports.

When you know of a program, look for its authorizing and appropriations legislation for required reporting. Congress usually ignores these, but the agencies don't.

The regulations that implement the law often have even more specific reporting requirements, and who is responsible for them:

- D. Monthly/quarterly CERP Reports are submitted through U.S. Army Central (ARCENT) G8 and the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Financial Management & Comptroller).
- E. A Commander's Narrative is prepared for each quarterly report that addresses: Commander's intent for CERP funds by geographic sector, including performance measures for on-going and proposed projects; impacts of CERP funded projects, how individually and collectively projects assist the U.S. carry out its strategy in theater; specific details for each prior and proposed project of \$500,000 or more; and the contributions these projects made to humanitarian relief and reconstruction efforts for the benefit of the Iraqi and Afghan people, respectively. Appendix B provides additional guidance on the Commander's Narrative.
 - F. The CERP funds are expended commensurate with work completed.

payments, former detainee payments, or hero payments, micro-grants and Commander's small-scale projects (limited to \$5,000 per project). Each quarter the amount of funding drawn as cash by the pay agent that was paid out must be identified as an obligation and disbursement on the reports for all bulk fund categories. Once funds for bulk funded small scale projects are fully spent, each individual project must be reported using the appropriate CERP category.



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Fact Sheet: ICE Fugitive Operations Program

Background

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) established the first Fugitive Operations Teams (FOTs) in 2003 to dramatically expand the agency's efforts to locate, arrest and remove fugitives from the United States. An ICE fugitive is defined as an alien who has failed to leave the United States based upon a final order of removal, deportation or exclusion, or who has failed to report to ICE after receiving notice to do so.

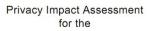
In 2009, the responsibilities of ICE's FOTs were expanded to include cases involving at-large convicted criminal aliens who pose a threat to national security and community safety, including members of transnational street gangs, child sex offenders and aliens with prior convictions for violent crimes. The FOT officers and agents use intelligence-based information and leads to locate and arrest aliens and prioritize their work based on goals and expectations set forth by ICE and Department of Homeland Security (DHS) leadership.

Key ICE Fugitive Operations Initiatives

- The National Fugitive Operations Program (NFOP) is responsible for reducing the fugitive alien population in the United States, ICE's databases show the targeted enforcement strategy is paying off. One example is demonstrated by the fact that the nation's fugitive alien population continues to decline. At the end of FY 2009, there were approximately 535,000 fugitive alien cases a decrease of nearly 23,000 since the beginning of the fiscal year. This is a historic reversal of the previous growth trend in fugitive cases.
- Much of the credit for these results can be attributed to the rapid expansion of the program and the establishment of the Fugitive Operation Support Center (FOSC). When the initiative was launched in 2003, there were eight FOTs nationwide. Today ICE has 104 FOTs deployed nationwide to pursue these types of cases. In fiscal year 2009, these teams accounted for more than 35,000 arrests, more than double the total just three years prior.

Statistics have to come from somewhere – there is a name behind each of the 535,000 fugitive alien cases.





Fugitive Case Management System (FCMS)

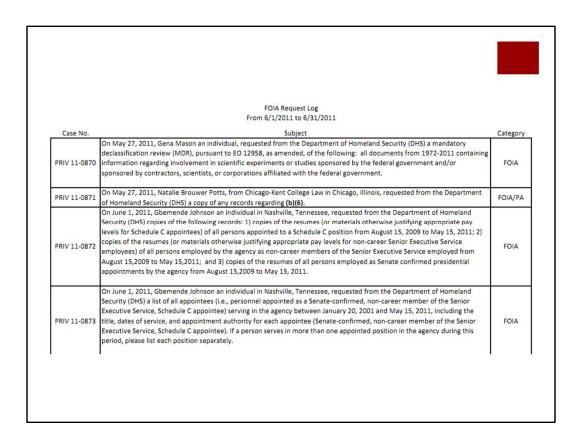
August 11, 2009

Contact Point
David Venturella
Acting Director, Detention and Removal Operations
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
(202) 732-3100

Reviewing Official
Mary Ellen Callahan
Chief Privacy Officer
Department of Homeland Security
(703) 235-0780



Agencies are supposed to, by law, have a list of major information systems on the FOIA website. Most don't.



More agencies are putting their FOIA logs and recently requested records online. Look at the bottom of ANY federal government website for FOIA or Freedom of Information



Look for FOIA logs and recently requested records, and look separately at the Open Government portal. They have completely different things.



The Request

- Too narrow?
- Too broad?
- Quote the law
- Look for precedent on the records avoid complaints in advance.
- Don't ask for anything you clearly aren't allowed to get
- Acknowledge things they might be able to release, ask anyway.
- For databases, ask for more.
- For documents, ask for less.
- (more)



The request (con't)

- Eager to help refine the request
- Appeal if possible
- Ask for an index to the records, then you can pick the ones you want.
- Ask for a copy of a similar one from the past
- Get a copy from an interest group while your request is being processed.
- Communicate.