

Gradient vector & Hessian matrix

For now let's consider the case without right-censoring.

$$\mu(H_{u_i}, \theta_t) = \theta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} \theta_j u_{i-j+1} \quad (1)$$

$$p(u_i | k, \theta_t) = \left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_i^3} \right]^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i}} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log p(u_i | k, \theta_t) \quad (20)$$

Gradient Vector

$$\nabla \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_0} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_{m-1}} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_0} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

For k we have:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log p(u_i | k, \theta_t) \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log \left(\left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_i^3} \right]^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i}} \right) \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} -\frac{1}{2} \eta_i \log \left(\left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_i^3} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \eta_i \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} -\frac{1}{2} \eta_i \log(k) + \eta_i \log(2\pi \cdot u_i^3) + \frac{1}{2} \eta_i \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) &= \\ \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

For η_j we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log p(u_i | k, \theta_t) \right) &= \\
&\quad - \log p(u_j | k, \theta_t)
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

For θ_j we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log p(u_i | k, \theta_t) \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \log \left(\left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_i^3} \right]^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i}} \right) \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} -\frac{1}{2} \eta_i \log \left(\left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_i^3} \right] \right) + \frac{1}{2} \eta_i \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} -\frac{1}{2} \eta_i \log(k) + \eta_i \log(2\pi \cdot u_i^3) + \frac{1}{2} \eta_i \frac{k(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{2u_i} \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2} \right) &= \\
\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{2u_i} \cdot \frac{2(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(-u_{i-j}) \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 - 2\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)(u_{i-j})(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^4} &= \\
\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{u_i} \cdot \frac{-(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(u_{i-j}) \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t) - (u_{i-j})(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &= \\
\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{u_i} \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(u_{i-j})(-\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t) - u_i + \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &= \\
\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{u_i} \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(u_{i-j})(-\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t) - u_i + \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &= \\
- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i k}{u_i} \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(u_{i-j})(u_i)}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &= \\
- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))(u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &=
\end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

Since $\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t) = \theta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^{n-1} \theta_j u_{i-j}$ we note that in case $j = 0$, we must have that $u_{i-j} = u_i = 1$

(Note: In code this case is handled by the fact the `u[i] = 1`)

Hessian Matrix

$$\nabla^2 \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 k} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \eta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \eta_{m-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \theta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) \\ \cdot & \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \eta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_0 \partial \eta_{m-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_0 \partial \theta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_0 \partial \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \eta_{m-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_{m-1} \partial \theta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_{m-1} \partial \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdots & \cdot & \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \theta_0} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) & \cdots & \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_0 \partial \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) \\ \cdot & \cdot & \vdots & \cdot & \cdot & \ddots & \vdots \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdots & \cdot & \cdot & \cdots & \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \theta_{n-1}} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

k

For k we have:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 k} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(-\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} k^{-1} \right) &= \\ \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} k^{-2} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \eta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j} \left(\frac{\eta_j}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) \right) &= \\ \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \theta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_i} \right) \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \frac{\eta_i}{2 u_i} \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2} \right) &= \\ \cdots & \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

η

For η_j we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j \partial k} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial k} (-\log p(u_j | k, \theta_t)) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(-\log \left(\left[\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_j^3} \right]^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j}} \right) \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log \left(\frac{k}{2\pi \cdot u_j^3} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log k + \frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi \cdot u_j^3) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) &= \\
\frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{k} + \frac{(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) &
\end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

We have that $\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j \partial k} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) = \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \eta_j} \mathcal{L}(\cdot)$ as expected.

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \eta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j} (-\log p(u_j | k, \theta_t)) &= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j \eta_q} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_q} (-\log p(u_j | k, \theta_t)) &= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_j \theta_q} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_q} (-\log p(u_j | k, \theta_t)) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_q} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \log k + \frac{1}{2} \log(2\pi \cdot u_j^3) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{k(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_j} \right) &= \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_q} \left(\frac{k}{2u_j} \frac{(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t))^2}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^2} \right) &= \\
-k \cdot \frac{(u_j - \mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{j-q})}{\mu(H_{u_{j-1}}, \theta_t)^3} &
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

θ

For θ_j we have:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j \partial k} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial k} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) = \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \end{aligned} \quad (16)$$

We have that $\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j \partial k} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) = \frac{\partial}{\partial k \partial \theta_j} \mathcal{L}(\cdot)$ as expected.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j \partial \eta_q} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_q} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k \cdot \frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) = \\ - k \cdot \frac{(u_q - \mu(H_{u_{q-1}}, \theta_t)) (u_{q-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{q-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \end{aligned} \quad (17)$$

We have that $\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j \partial \eta_q} \mathcal{L}(\cdot) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta_q \partial \theta_j} \mathcal{L}(\cdot)$ as expected.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial^2 \theta_j} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k \cdot \left(\frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) \cdot (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) \right) = \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k (u_{i-j}) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} \left(\frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) = \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k (u_{i-j}) \cdot \left(\frac{(-u_{i-j}) \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3 - 3\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^2 \cdot u_{i-j} \cdot (u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^6} \right) 0 \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k (u_{i-j}) \cdot \left(\frac{(-u_{i-j}) \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t) - 3 \cdot u_{i-j} \cdot (u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^4} \right) = \\ - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k (u_{i-j}) \cdot \left(\frac{-3 \cdot u_{i-j} \cdot u_i + 2 \cdot u_{i-j} \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^4} \right) = \\ \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k (u_{i-j})^2 \cdot \left(\frac{3 \cdot u_i - 2 \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^4} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j \partial \theta_q} \mathcal{L}(u_{t-m:t} | k, \eta_t, \theta_t) = \\
& \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_q} \left(- \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k \cdot \left(\frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)) \cdot (u_{i-j})}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) \right) = \\
& - \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k(u_{i-j}) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_q} \left(\frac{(u_i - \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t))}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^3} \right) = \\
& \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} \eta_i k(u_{i-j})(u_{i-q}) \cdot \left(\frac{3 \cdot u_i - 2 \cdot \mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)}{\mu(H_{u_{i-1}}, \theta_t)^4} \right)
\end{aligned} \tag{19}$$