NMPDE/ATSC 2025 Lecture 5

Computer Practicals @11AM on:

- 22/10 in room 138
- · 28/10, 5/11 12/11, 19/11, 03/12 in room 139
- 26/11 in room 005

NOTE: no practical and no lecture on 11/12

NOTE: unfortunately, this lecture's registration came out without audio, making it pointless. Hence you will not find it in the You Tube channel

Theorem (Rie 57) Let (H, (·,·)) fulbert YLGH, J! MEH : ANEH $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Gamma(\Lambda) = (\Lambda^{1} \Lambda) \\ \Gamma(\Lambda) = (\Lambda^{1} \Lambda) \\ \Gamma(\Lambda) = (\Lambda^{1} \Lambda) \end{array} \right.$ exercise: 5 how V well- posedness in cose of A(·,·) symmetric (example $A(y,w) = (\nabla y, \nabla w) + (y, w)$) follows directly from Rie5Z. Hint: It defines a scolar product? $(u,v)_{\mathcal{R}} := \mathcal{R}(u,v)$ Lox- Milgron: is non-trivial generalisation

bounday Conditions Consider; $\int M = -\frac{\sum D_i(o_{ij}D_ju) + \sum D_i(b_{ii}) + cM}{in C|P^d}$ From Lm = fTest with N and integrate over N: Find MEV: A(MN)=F(N) +NEV where V, A, F depend of so on b.c.

Find $u \in V$: A(u, v) = F(v) $\forall v$ where $V_1 A_1 F$ depend of so on

Homog. Dividule: u = 0 on $D\Omega$ $\Rightarrow V = H_0(\Omega)$; A = 0; F = L $\uparrow ESS \neq \Pi T(AL B.C.$

· Hermann: defire conorme derive tive $\frac{M}{3N_{L}} := (ADU - bu) \circ N$ MATURAL ord fix JM = 8 EL7(JD) B.C. V=H'(s); A=a; F(w)=l(w)+) 8N $\frac{\partial u}{\partial h_{L}} + \mu u = 9$ $\begin{cases} g \in L^{2}(\partial x) \\ M \in L^{2}(\partial x) \end{cases}$ $V=H'(\Omega); \mathcal{A}(M,N)=\alpha(M,N)+\int MMN$ $F(N) = l(N) + \int_{\Omega} dN$ SCC= OUCHUC o MIXED (< H on DSCH D or DSD 200 S $\begin{cases} \Delta M = 4 \\ \frac{2M}{2m} = 9H \end{cases}$ in J2 on DRH on Illa $M = g_D$ 80 E H 1/2 (170) = space of oll functions 34 e [(v) ;

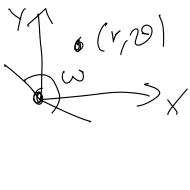
 $-\int \frac{2\pi}{2n} \sqrt{2n} = -\int \frac{2\pi}{2n} \sqrt{2n} \sqrt{2n}$ · Fix test space H1 = {VEH(s): VJ = 0} $M \in V_g = \{ M \in H(\Omega) : M = g \}$ TRIAL $D \Omega_D$ A = 0 $F(v) = Q(v) + \int_{M_{H}} gv$ BUT: TEST & TRIAL SOLUTION: list the Dividulet data? Theorem (Traces) = Let I CIRd bounded on · KN EH'(r) 12°(r), the doN=NDr

· 3 C*>0: || 80 N || 20 C X || N || H(21) Given $g_0 \in H^{1/2}(\Omega_0) \ni v_0 \in H^1(\Omega): g_0 = V_0(v_0)$ Lifting Set M=M-Vg $\Rightarrow \quad \hat{\mathcal{U}}_{|\mathcal{J}\mathcal{N}_{0}} = \mathcal{U}_{|\mathcal{J}\mathcal{N}_{0}} - \mathcal{V}_{0} = \mathcal{G}_{0} - \mathcal{G}_{0} = 0$ o n° ∈ H°(v) 206 r62: $\mathcal{A}(n, n) = \mathcal{F}(n) \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{H}_{0}(n)$ with $A = \alpha_j$ in each core, LXRVW58 : · Weak solution => 5t vog sol. ve Well-posed o weak problems

o $SCIR^2$ od DS smooth + Honog. Dividlet B.C. The fehr (si), then $u \in H^{st}(si)$ ($s \in \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$), then $u \in H^{st}(si)$ ($s \in \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$); $s = 0 \Rightarrow l^{2}(si)$ and $||u||_{H^{s+2}(si)} \leq c ||f||$ Example: $f \in L^{2}(\Lambda) \Rightarrow M \in H^{2}(\Lambda)$ o If DN is not 5 wooth "2" - shiff not quaranteed Example: N = polygon

Regularity of the solution

Sw For the Poisson problem,



ver the corner

in poloc

Coordinates with the correc

or origin, $u(r,0) = r^{T/\omega} \lambda(0) + \beta(r,0)$ regular

If w> 77 then u & H²(sz) indeed u & H⁵(sz) + 3/2 (5 2 1+7/2 22

study v Tt/w EHS S=? $if D^{s}(Y^{T}/\omega) = Y^{T}/\omega - 5 \in L^{2}$ Check : $\int V (77/w-5)^{2} d-1 dV$ = $\int V (77/w-5)^{2} d-1 dV$ firite (=) -2th + 25-8+1 <1 (=) 25 2 d + 217/w = 2+211/w (E) 521+ H/W o serve (shift) applies to Heumann / and Robin condutions · mixed problem ufH olso for regular donains due to motching of Dirichlet and Heumann