Travel Tide Reward Program User Segmentation and & Perk Assignment

Personalizing Travel Perks with Data: Final Project Presentation

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Date: 11.07.2025



Project Overview

Objective:

Use data-driven insights to personalize perks for TravelTide users based on their behavior and demographics.

Goals:

- Segment users with clustering (K-Means & DBSCAN)
- Assign a tailored perk to each user
- Create visual insights for stakeholder decision

Data & Methodology

Dataset Highlights:

- 15+ user behavior & profile features
- 100 users sample (for processing)

Key Techniques Used:

- Preprocessing & Feature Scaling
- PCA for dimensionality reduction
- K-Means and DBSCAN for clustering
- Mapped clusters to relevant travel perks

Clustering & Perk Assignment

K-Means Clusters → **Assigned Perks**

Each user received a personalized

perk based on cluster assignment.

© Goal: To personalize the travel reward experience by assigning each user a perk that aligns with their Behavior and needs, thereby increasing engagement and conversion.

Method: Users were grouped into 9 clusters using K-Means.

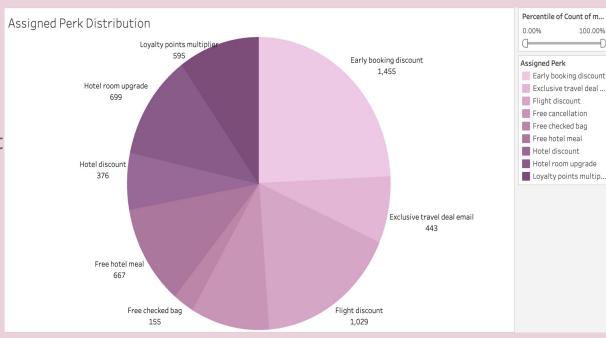
Each cluster was mapped to a tailored perk based on user characteristics

		group_k_means	assigned_perk
	user_id		
:	23557	2	Hotel discount
	94883	0	Free hotel meal
	101486	0	Free hotel meal
	101961	3	Flight discount
	106907	8	Exclusive travel deal email
	118043	3	Flight discount
	120851	0	Free hotel meal
	125845	6	Early booking discount
	133058	4	Loyalty points multiplier
	149058	3	Flight discount

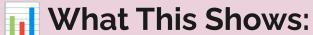
Insights from Visualizations:

assigned to each perk.

We now see a pie chart that shows
what number of users are



Assigned Perks by Total Money Spent on Hotels



We see which perks were assigned to users who bring

1	3,257,880 Flight discount	1,251,299 Hotel discount	565,641			
	2,619,218	1,080,854 Free cancellation	354,749 Free			
	Early booking discount		347,696 Free			
		930,936 Hotel room upgrade				

the most hotel revenue — for example "Early booking discount" or "Flight discount" dominate because they align with high-spending Segments..

A mapping table provides the assigned perk, the target segment, and the business rationale.

Cluste	r	Perk	Segment	Rationale
	0	Free hotel meal	Leisure travelers with low spend	Encourages hotel engagement and improves perce

Risk-averse planners

Frequent hotel users

High-value loyal users

Planners with long lead times

Business users with frequent flights

Low-activity or undecided users

Business travelers

Frequent flyers

Increases booking confidence among cautious users

Rewards and retains price-sensitive hotel bookers

Drives more flight bookings from active fliers

Boosts retention and rewards ongoing loyalty

Encourages even earlier bookings

Improves experience for high-spend, quality-se...

Adds convenience for frequent, efficiency-mind...

Keeps low-engagement users in the loop with at...

Free cancellation

2

3

5

6

2

3

4

5

6

Hotel discount

Flight discount

Loyalty points multiplier

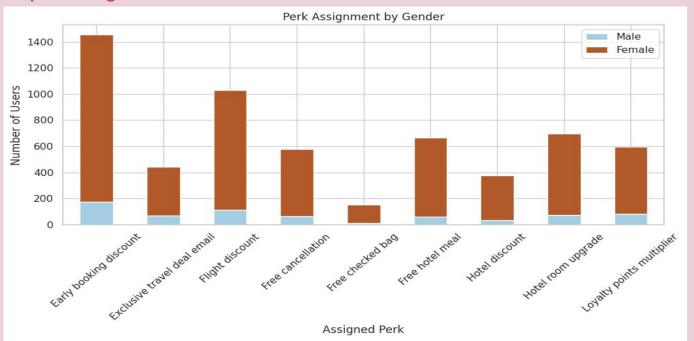
Early booking discount

Exclusive travel deal email

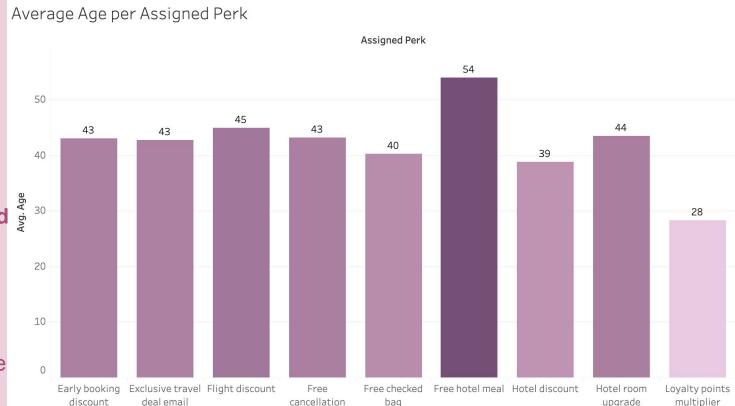
Hotel room upgrade

Free checked bag

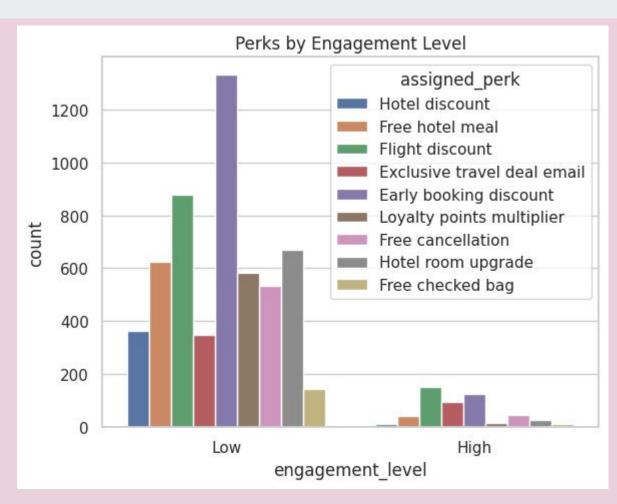
This stacked bar chart shows how each assigned perk was distributed between male and female users. This visualization helps identify any potential gender-based preferences or trends in perk assignments.



This bar chart displays the average age of users for each assigned perk, highlighting how different perks appeal to different age groups.



This bar chart compares assigned perks between high and low engagement users. High engagement users prefer perks that reward frequent use (e.g., upgrades), while low engagement users favor simpler perks like free cancellation or discounts.



Reward Strategy Backed by User Insights

We analyzed user behavior to better understand how travelers engage with TravelTide's platform. By grouping users with similar habits (like how often they travel or how long they stay), we identified meaningful customer segments. Based on these segments, we assigned personalized travel perks—such as free hotel meals, flight discounts, or early booking deals—that best match their needs.

This approach helps ensure each user gets a perk they're more likely to value, increasing the chances they'll book again. It also allows TravelTide to target high-value users with premium rewards while encouraging less active users to re-engage with simpler incentives.

Recommendations for Enhancing the TravelTide Rewards Program

Segment-Based Perk Personalization

Assign perks based on distinct user clusters (e.g., business vs. leisure travelers), using K-Means and DBSCAN group insights to match rewards with travel behavior and preferences.

Engagement-Aware Incentives

Differentiate perks for high vs. low engagement users. Offer premium rewards (e.g., room upgrades, loyalty multipliers) to active travelers, and simple, universally attractive perks (e.g., free cancellation) to re-engage less active users.

Dynamic Reward Optimization

Monitor perk uptake and engagement trends across segments. Use feedback loops and behavioral tracking to adapt rewards in real time.

Future Enhancements

Implement tiered loyalty levels to motivate long-term engagement. Integrate A/B testing and user feedback to continuously refine the reward offerings.

Thank you! For questions:





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Resources:

Google Collab:

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/19W1kFJHXrNb5SISZg9zB rGNHW EDR0s?usp=sharing

Tableau:

https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/andrea.cigrovski/viz/TravelTideProject 17528723614330/Dashboard1

Github: https://github.com/andreacigrovski/TravelTide