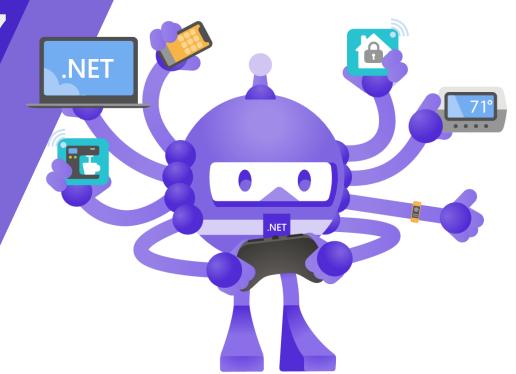
.NET Conference 2023

Come migliorare la nostra applicazione web con .NET 7



Andrea Dottor @dottor





















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Codice e slide

BrewerApp https://github.com/andreadottor/BrewerApp



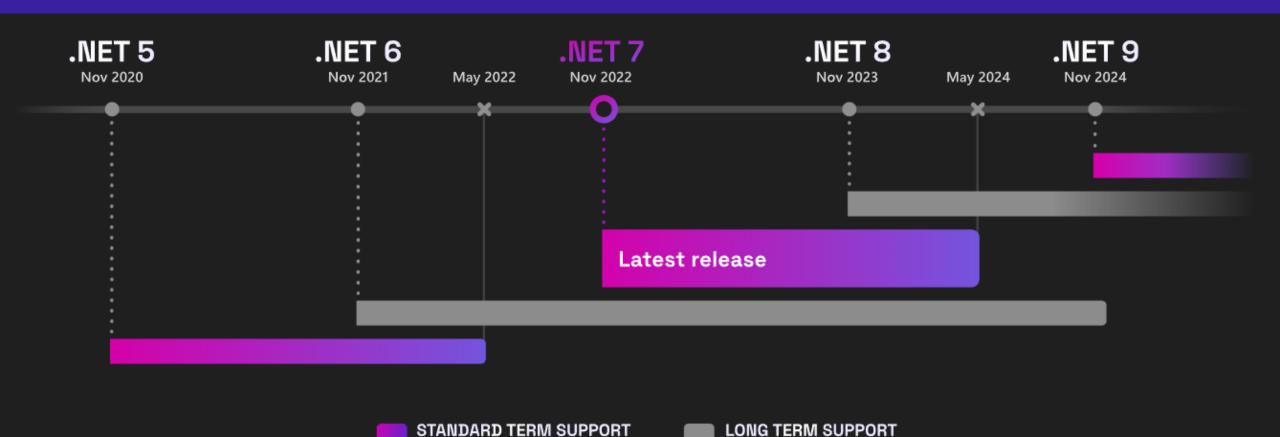


Why stay on .NET 6?

> .NET 7 is not an LTS.



LTS vs STS



Patches for 36 months

Patches for 18 months



LTS vs STS

Long Term Support (LTS) releases get free support and patches for 3 years

.NET 6 - End of support: November 12, 2024

Standard Term Support (STS) releases get free support and patches for 18 months.

- supported for six months after a subsequent STS or LTS
- .NET 7 End of support: May 14, 2024

Updates are released on the Microsoft "Patch Tuesday" (second Tuesday of each month), however there is no guarantee that there will be a .NET release on any given Patch Tuesday



Why upgrade to .NET 7?

- > Performance
- > New features



Performance



- https://devblogs.microsoft.com/dotnet/performance-improvements-in-aspnet-core-7/
- https://github.com/aspnet/Benchmarks
- (PowerBI) https://aka.ms/aspnet/benchmarks



Minimal API



Minimal API – Route groups

The MapGroup extension method helps organize groups of endpoints with a common prefix. It reduces repetitive code and allows for customizing entire groups of endpoints with a single call to methods like RequireAuthorization and WithMetadata which add endpoint metadata.

```
var group = endpoints.MapGroup("/api/v1/beers");
group.WithTags("Public");
group.WithOpenApi();
```



Filters in Minimal API

Allow developers to implement business logic that supports:

- Running code before and after the endpoint handler.
- Inspecting and modifying parameters provided during an endpoint handler invocation.
- Intercepting the response behavior of an endpoint handler.

```
group.AddEndpointFilter(async (context, next) ⇒
{
    logger.LogInformation("Before first filter");
    var result = await next(context);
    logger.LogInformation("After first filter");
    return result;
});
```

Return multiple result types

The new Results<TResult1, TResult2, TResultN> generic union types, along with the TypesResults class, can be used to declare that a route handler returns multiple IResult

- any of those types implementing IEndpointMetadataProvider will contribute to the endpoint's metadata
- self-documenting API



Minimal API - OpenAPI improvements

The Microsoft.AspNetCore.OpenApi package allows interactions with OpenAPI specifications for endpoints.

Calling WithOpenApi on the endpoint adds to the endpoint's metadata.

Now support annotating operations with descriptions and summaries: you can call extension methods WithDescription and WithSummary.



DEMO



ASP.NET Core

Razor Pages, MVC, Controllers, Minimal API



Output caching middleware

Output caching is a new middleware that stores responses from a web app and serves them from a cache rather than computing them every time.

Can be used in all types of ASP.NET Core apps: Minimal API, Web API with controllers, MVC, and Razor Pages.

Default output caching policy (can be override)

- Only HTTP 200 responses are cached.
- Only HTTP GET or HEAD requests are cached.
- Responses that set cookies aren't cached.
- Responses to authenticated requests aren't cached.



Rate limiting

Rate limiting is the concept of limiting how much a resource can be accessed.

A way to control the amount of traffic that a web application or API receives, by limiting the number of requests that can be made in a given period of time.

Can help to improve the performance of the site or application, and to prevent it from becoming unresponsive.

Rate limiter algorithmsFixed window

- Sliding windowToken bucket
- Concurrency



DEMO

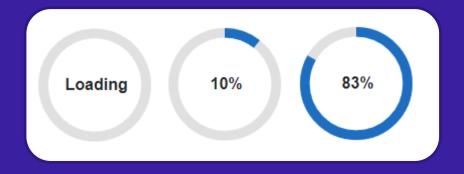




Blazor



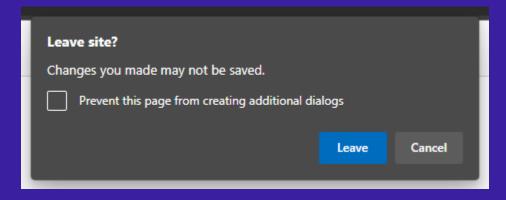
Loading progress indicators (only Blazor WebAssembly)

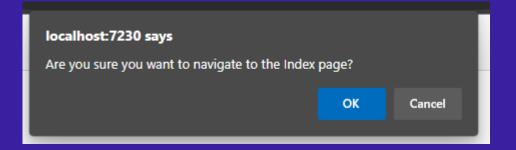


```
.loading-progress {
   position: relative;
   display: block;
   width: 8rem;
   height: 8rem;
   margin: 20vh auto 1rem auto;
   .loading-progress circle {
       fill: none;
       stroke: #e0e0e0;
       stroke-width: 0.6rem;
       transform-origin: 50% 50%;
       transform: rotate(-90deg);
       .loading-progress circle:last-child {
           stroke: #1b6ec2;
           stroke-dasharray: calc(3.141 * var(--blazor-load-percentage, 0%) * 0.8), 500%;
           transition: stroke-dasharray 0.05s ease-in-out;
.loading-progress-text {
   position: absolute;
   text-align: center;
   font-weight: bold;
   inset: calc(20vh + 3.25rem) 0 auto 0.2rem;
   .loading-progress-text:after {
       content: var(--blazor-load-percentage-text, "Loading");
```

Handle location changing events and navigation state

- NavigationLock component
- Navigation.RegisterLocationChangingHandler







Blazor custom elements

Use Blazor custom elements to dynamically render Razor components from other SPA frameworks, such as Angular or React.

Blazor custom elements:

- Use standard HTML interfaces to implement custom HTML elements.
- Eliminate the need to manually manage the state and lifecycle of root Razor components using JavaScript APIs.
- Are useful for gradually introducing Razor components into existing projects written in other SPA frameworks.



DEMO





Bind after/get/set modifiers

- @bind:get Specifies the value to bind.
- @bind:set
 Specifies a callback for when the value changes.

```
<input @bind:get="Value" @bind:set="ValueChanged" />
@code {
    [Parameter]
    public string? Value { get; set; }

    [Parameter]
    public EventCallback<string> ValueChanged { get; set; }
}
```



Bind after/get/set modifiers

- @bind:get
- @bind:set
- @bind:after

- Specifies the value to bind.
- Specifies a callback for when the value changes.
- To execute asynchronous logic after binding

```
@inject ISearchService SearchService

<input @bind="searchText" @bind:after="PerformSearch" />

@code {
    private string? searchText;
    private string[]? searchResult;

    private async Task PerformSearch()
    {
        searchResult = await SearchService.FetchAsync(searchText);
    }
}
```



Bind after/get/set modifiers

- @bind:get Specifies the value to bind.
- @bind:set Specifies a callback for when the value changes.
- @bind:after To execute asynchronous logic after binding

```
<input @bind="searchText" @bind:after="PerformSearch" />

CS1503: Argument 3: cannot convert from 'Microsoft.AspNetCore.Components.EventCallback<string>' to 'System.Action<string?>'
private string? searchText;
```

```
<input @bind="searchText" @bind:after="PerformSearch" />
@code {
    private string? searchText;
    private string[]? searchResult;

    private async Task PerformSearch()
    {
        searchResult = await SearchService.FetchAsync(searchText);
    }
}
```



Upgrade to .NET 7

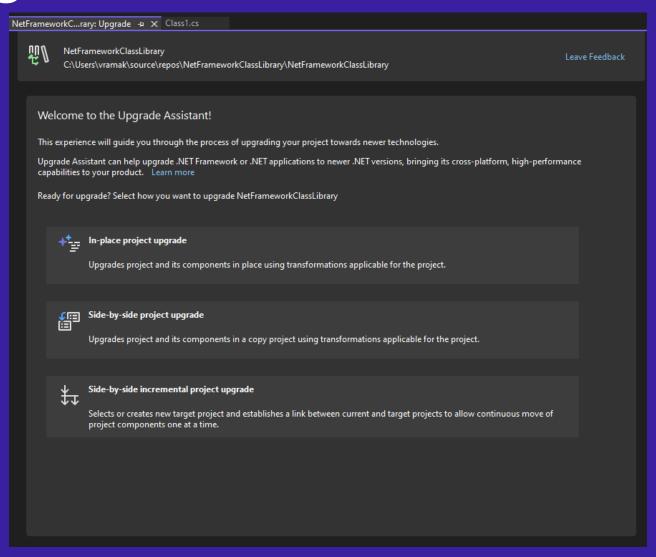


.NET Upgrade Assistant - dotnet tool





.NET Upgrade Assistant - VS extension





About me









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