



AMD 
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Reading Data from GPIO Input Pins

For GPIO pins configured as inputs, there are two options to monitor the input.

Option 1: Use the `gpio.DATA_RO_x` register of each bank.

Example: Read the state of all GPIO input pins in bank 0 using the `DATA_RO_0` register.

1. **Read Input Bank 0:** Read the `gpio.DATA_0` register.

Option 2: Use interrupt logic on input pins (refer to section [Interrupt Function](#)).

Example: Configure MIO pin 12 to be triggered as rising edge.

1. **Set the trigger as a rising edge:** Write 1 to `gpio.INT_TYPE_0 [12]`. Write 1 to `gpio.INT_POLARITY_0 [12]`. Write 0 to `gpio.INT_ANY_0 [12]`.
2. **Enable interrupt:** Write 1 to `gpio.INT_EN_0 [12]`.
3. **Status of Input pin:** `gpio.INT_STAT_0 [12] = 1` implies that an interrupt event occurred.
4. **Disable interrupt:** Write 1 to `gpio.INT_DIS_0 [12]`.

EMIO_MIO_INTR.c 註解

初始化中斷

```
IntcConfig = XScuGic_LookupConfig(INTC_DEVICE_ID);  
// xil_printf("XScuGic_LookupConfig Successfully \r\n");  
XScuGic_CfgInitialize(GicInstancePtr, IntcConfig, IntcConfig->CpuBaseAddress);  
// xil_printf("XScuGic_CfgInitialize Successfully \r\n");  
// xil_printf("===== \r\n");
```

初始化SOC異常判定

```
/*  
 * Connect the interrupt controller interrupt handler to the hardware interrupt handling logic in the processor.  
 */  
Xil_ExceptionInit();  
Xil_ExceptionRegisterHandler(XIL_EXCEPTION_ID_INT, (Xil_ExceptionHandler)XScuGic_InterruptHandler, GicInstancePtr);  
/* Enable interrupts in the Processor. */  
Xil_ExceptionEnableMask(XIL_EXCEPTION_IRQ);
```

EMIO_MIO_INTR.c 註解

連接到中斷處理氣得掛件

```
/*
 * Connect the device driver handler that will be called when an
 * interrupt for the device occurs, the handler defined above performs
 * the specific interrupt processing for the device.
 */
XScuGic_Connect(GicInstancePtr, GpioIntrId, (Xil_ExceptionHandler) IntrHandler, (void *)Gpio);
```

設置的中斷處理掛件

```
void IntrHandler() {
    print("Interrupt Successfully\r\n");
    XGpioPs_WritePin(&Gpio, PS_LED1, Low);
    print("LED is Off\r\n");
    sleep(3);
    XGpioPs_IntrDisablePin(&Gpio, PL_EMIO);
    print("Disable Interrupt Successfully\r\n");
}
```

EMIO_MIO_INTR.c 註解

始能中斷

```
/* Enable the interrupt for the GPIO device. */  
XScuGic_Enable(GicInstancePtr, GpioIntrId);
```

設置中斷腳位 1,BANK 2,Pin

```
/* Enable falling edge interrupts for all the pins in GPIO bank. */  
// XGpioPs_SetIntrType(Gpio, GPIO_BANK, 0x00, 0xFFFFFFFF, 0x00);  
  
/* Enable falling edge interrupts for all the pins in GPIO */  
XGpioPs_SetIntrTypePin(Gpio, PL_EMIO , XGPIOPS_IRQ_TYPE_EDGE_FALLING);
```

設置中斷腳位始能 1,BANK 2,Pin

```
/* Enable the GPIO interrupts of GPIO Bank. */  
// XGpioPs_IntrEnable(Gpio, GPIO_BANK, (1 << Input_Bank_Pin));  
  
/* Enable the GPIO interrupts of GPIO. */  
XGpioPs_IntrEnablePin(Gpio, PL_EMIO);  
// print("XGpioPs_IntrEnablePin Successfully\r\n");
```

EMIO_MIO_INTR.c 註解

```
void IntrHandler() {  
    print("Interrupt Successfully\r\n");  
    XGpioPs_WritePin(&Gpio, PS_LED1, Low);  
    print("LED is Off\r\n");  
    sleep(3);  
    XGpioPs_IntrDisablePin(&Gpio, PL_EMIO);  
    print("Disable Interrupt Successfully\r\n");  
}
```

中斷啟動後，進入到HANDLER，執行中斷要執行的動作，等到結束後，關閉中斷，跳出原程序。

