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`runTPLS``runTPLS`

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## Description

This function implements the *Multi-Stratum Two-Phase Local Search* (MS-TPLS) algorithm described in Borrotti, Sambo, Mylona and Gilmour (2017). The MS-TPLS algorithm is useful to obtain exact optimal multi-stratum designs using a multi-criteria approach. The number of iterations of the MS-TPLS algorithm must be set by the user. The resulting experimental designs can minimize up to six criteria simultaneously from the following: I, D, A, Id, Ds and As. The `runTPLS` function is able to provide the set of solutions that build the approximate Pareto front for the specified optimization problem.

## Usage

```
runTPLS(facts, units, criteria, model, iters, ...)
```

## Arguments

<b>facts</b>	A list of vectors representing the distribution of factors across strata. Each item in the list represents a stratum and the first item is the highest stratum of the multi-stratum structure of the experiment. Within the vectors, experimental factors are indicated by progressive integer from 1 (the first factor of the highest stratum) to the total number of experimental factors (the last factor of the lowest stratum). Blocking factors are differently denoted by empty vectors.
<b>units</b>	A list whose $i$ -th element, $n_i$ , is the number of experimental units within each unit at the previous stratum ( $i - 1$ ). The first item in the list, $n_1$ , represents the number of experimental units in the stratum 0. The latter is defined as the entire experiment, such that $n_0 = 1$ .
<b>criteria</b>	<p>A list specifying the criteria to be optimized. It can contain any combination of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• “I” : I-optimality</li><li>• “Id” : Id-optimality</li><li>• “D” : D-optimality</li><li>• “A” : Ds-optimality</li><li>• “Ds” : A-optimality</li><li>• “As” : As-optimality</li></ul> <p>These criteria are well explained in Borrotti, Sambo, Mylona and Gilmour (2017). More detailed information on the available criteria is also given in <code>MSOpt</code>.</p>
<b>model</b>	A string which indicates the type of model, among “main”, “interaction” and “quadratic”.
<b>iters</b>	An integer indicating the number of iterations of the MS-TPLS algorithm.
<b>...</b>	optional arguments (see below).

## Details

Additional arguments can be specified as follows:

- **'Restarts', restarts**: A string and an integer, used in pair. **r** defines the number of times the MS-Opt procedure is altogether called within each iteration of the MS-TPLS algorithm. The default value is **r=100**.
- **'Levels', levels**: A string and a vector, used in pair. **levels** is a vector containing the number of available levels for each experimental factor in the argument **facts** (blocking factors are excluded). If all experimental factors share the number of levels one integer is sufficient.
- **'Etas', etas**: A string and a list, used in pair. In **etas** the user must specify the ratios of error variance between subsequent strata, starting from the highest strata. It follows that **length(etas)** must be equal to **length(facts)-1**.
- **'RestInit', restInit**: A string and an integer, used in pair. Through these parameters, it is possible to determine how many of the **r** iterations of MS-Opt should be used for each criterion in the first step of the MS-TPLS algorithm (lines 3-6 of the pseudo-code of MS-TPLS, see Borrotti, Sambo, Mylona and Gilmour (2017)). The default value is **restInit=50**. Let  $n$  be the number of criteria under consideration. One can calculate accordingly as  $r - (n * restInit)$  the number of times MS-Opt is called in the second step (lines 7-11 of the pseudo-code of MS-TPLS) of each iteration of MS-TPLS.

## Value

**runTPLS** returns a list, whose elements are:

- **ar**: A list of length equal to **iters**. The  $i$ -th element is a list whose elements are:
  - **nsols**: Number of designs produced during the  $i$ -th iteration.
  - **dim**: The criteria space dimension.
  - **scores**: A matrix of **nsols** rows and **dim** columns. Every row contains the value of the criteria for each solution of the  $i$ -th iteration.
  - **solutions**: A list of length equal to **nsols** containing the design matrices produced during the  $i$ -th iteration. The values of the criteria corresponding at the first element of **solutions** are placed in the first row of the **scores** matrix and so on.
- **stats**: A list of length equal to **iters**. Every element is a vector of size  $r - (n * restInit) + 1$ , where  $n$  is the number of the considered criteria. The first element represents the number of function evaluations during the first step of the MS-TPLS algorithm; the  $i$ -th element (excluding the first one) is the sum of the number of evaluations for the  $i$ -th scalarization and the maximum value in the **stats**.
- **megaAR**: A list whose elements are:
  - **nsols**: The number of the Pareto front solutions.
  - **dim**: The criteria space dimension.
  - **scores**: A matrix of **nsols** rows and **dim** columns. Every row contains the criteria values for each Pareto front design.
  - **solutions**: A list of length equal to **nsols** containing the design matrices for the Pareto front designs. The values of the criteria corresponding at the first element of **solutions** are placed in the first row of the **scores** matrix and so on.

## References

M. Borrotti and F. Sambo and K. Mylona and S. Gilmour. A multi-objective coordinate-exchange two-phase local search algorithm for multi-stratum experiments. *Statistics & Computing*, 2017.