SQLAIchemy Many-to-Many

Download Demo Code <../sqla-m2m-demo.zip>

Goals

- Make explicit joins while querying in SQLAlchemy
- · Work with many-to-many relationships in SQLAlchemy

Navigating Relationships

One-to-many Navigation Review

demo/models.py

```
def phone_dir_nav():
    """Show phone dir of emps & their depts."""

emps = Employee.query.all()

for emp in emps: # [<Emp>, <Emp>]
    if emp.dept is not None:
        print(emp.name, emp.dept.dept_code, emp.dept.phone)
    else:
        print(emp.name, "-", "-")
```

Joining

Can also specify joins directly

- Can be more explicit about what you want to get
- · Connect tables without defined relationships
- · Needed for outer joins

demo/models.py

```
for name, dept, phone in emps: # [(n, d, p), (n, d, p)]
    print(name, dept, phone)
```

You do need the .join(cls) or you'll get a "cross join"

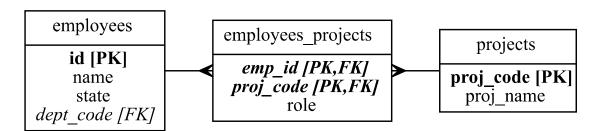
Don't forget to add .join() to join the second table—otherwise, you won't get an INNER JOIN, but will get a "cross join", where all employees are joined with all departments!

demo/models.py

Outer Join

demo/models.py

Many-to-Many Relationships



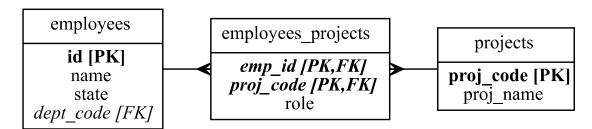
employees_projects

emp_id	proj_code	role
1 (Leonard)	server	Auditor
2 (Liz)	car	Chair
2 (Liz)	server	
3 (Maggie)	car	

projects

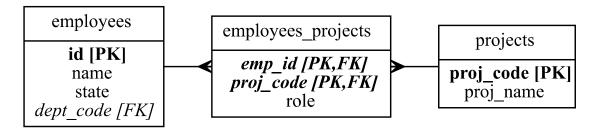
proj_code	proj_name	
car	Design Car	
server	Deploy Server	

Project



demo/models.py

EmployeeProject



demo/models.py

Relationships

demo/models.py

demo/models.py

```
>>> liz = Employee.query.get(2)
>>> liz.assignments
[<EmployeeProject 2, server>, <EmployeeProject 2, car>]
>>> car = Project.query.get('car')
>>> car.assignments
[<EmployeeProject 2, car>, <EmployeeProject 3, car>]
```

These "stop at" **EmployeeProject**; but can go on:

```
>>> liz.assignments
[<EmployeeProject 2, server>, <EmployeeProject 2, car>]
>>> liz.assignments[0].project
<Project server Deploy Server>
```

"Through" Relationships

demo/models.py

```
>>> liz.projects
<Project server Deploy Server>, <Project car Design Car>]
```

```
>>> car.employees
[<Employee 2 Liz CA>, <Employee 3 Maggie DC>]
```

These go "through" employees_projects to get result

Fine (& sometimes useful) to have both:

demo/models.py

Adding To Relationships

Can append to "through" relationship directly:

```
>>> nadine = Employee.query.get(4)
>>> nadine.projects.append(car)
>>> db.session.commit()
>>> nadine.assignments
[<EmployeeProject 4, car>]
```

Can append to middle table:

```
>>> nadine.assignments.append(
... EmployeeProject(proj_code='server', role='Tester'))
>>> db.session.commit()
>>> nadine.projects
[<Project server Deploy Server>, <Project car Design Car>]
```

Can add a new middle record directly:

```
>>> m_server = EmployeeProject(emp_id=3, proj_code='server')
>>> db.session.add(m_server) # need to do this now, though
>>> db.session.commit()
```

Useful if you only have keys, not a user or project