





Compliance to the code of conduct

I hereby assure that I solve and submit this exam myself under my own name by only using the allowed tools listed below.

Signature or full name if no pen input available

Information and Knowledge Management

Exam: IN2105 / Endterm **Date:** Friday 19th February, 2021

Examiner: Prof. Dr. Helmut Krcmar **Time:** 08:00 – 09:30

	P 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
I									
II									

Left room	from	to	-
	from	to	-
Early submission	at		
Notes			















Endterm

Information and Knowledge Management

Prof. Dr. Helmut Krcmar Chair of Information Systems Department of Informatics Technical University of Munich

Friday 19th February, 2021 08:00 – 09:30

Working instructions

- This exam consists of 18 pages with a total of 9 problems.
 Please make sure now that you received a complete copy of the exam.
- The total amount of achievable credits in this exam is 90 credits.
- · Detaching pages from the exam is prohibited.
- · Allowed resources:
 - one non-programmable pocket calculator
 - one analog dictionary English ↔ native language
 - the lecture slides, your notes, the book (Krcmar, 2015) and other recommended literature
- Answers are only accepted if the solution approach is documented. Give a reason for each answer unless explicitly stated otherwise in the respective subproblem.
- If you print the exam, do not write with red or green colors nor use pencils.
- No points will be awarded for merely naming or listing terms or definitions. Always provide reasons and complete reasoning.







IN-imkm-2-20210219-E5109-03



Problem 1 Multiple choice (10 credits)

Each question will be awarded one credit. Each question only has one correct answer.

X

Mark correct answers with a cross To undo a cross, completely fill out the answer option To re-mark an option, use a human-readable marking a) What is a core strategic process of knowledge management according to Probst et al. (2010)? ☐ Knowledge Usage Knowledge Sharing ☐ Knowledge Identification ☐ Knowledge Assessment b) What is not a dimension of platform governance in an app store according to Tiwana (2014)?? ☐ Marketing: ensure usage ☐ Control portfolio design: ensure integration Pricing: create incentives ☐ Decision rights partitioning: provide autonomy c) Under which conditions does IT/IS create value? ☐ If IT/IS is not part of a business value creating process ☐ If customers ignore IT/IS-augmented services ☐ If business and IT/IS strategy do not fit ☐ If business and IT/IS strategy are aligned d) According to Christensen et al. (2015), products and services resulting from disruptive innovations ... are more complex or more difficult to use overperform dominant ones along the dimensions historically most valued ☐ underperform in dimensions not valued as important before ☐ are cheaper for customers and provide lower margins for vendors e) What is not an IT Controlling objective according to Krcmar (2015)? ☐ Strategic fit Process orientation ■ Efficiency or adhere to deadlines ☐ Effectivity, quality and functionality f) According to Krcmar (2015), strategic information systems... Avoid a decrease of your competitiveness Avoid an increase of your competitiveness Avoid an increase of your competitors' competitiveness Avoid a decrease of your competitors' competitiveness





g) Knowledge Management can fail because
☐ People do not share knowledge
☐ People collaborate
☐ Technology is available
☐ People have too much time
h) What is not a category of risks presented in the lecture on risk management?
unknown risks
predictable risks
known risks
☐ unpredictable risks
i) What is a boundary resource of digital platforms according to Ghazawneh and Henfridsson (2013)?
☐ Co-Creation
☐ Business Value
☐ Java
<pre>Application programming interfaces (APIs)</pre>
j) The resource-based view according to Barney (1991) directly covers
market position
customers
☐ suppliers
capabilities







Problem 2 IT-enabled Strategies and Business-IT alignment (15.5 credits)

You are working for HouseScout48, Germany's biggest online platform for real estate. From the advertising marketplace in its early days, it has developed into the leading online marketplace for real estate. The platform integrates more and more services and products that offer high added value for all market players: This ranges from the search to the move. It provides support for landlords as well as for selling apartments, houses and commercial properties.

Currently, the company struggles with shrinking profit and slower growth. Since you demonstrated knowledge in both technology and strategy, the management board asks you to develop a digital business strategy that enables future growth.







b) Knowledge and understanding: 2 credits He repeats his argument, that all requests by the business were fulfilled. The CEO told you, that the IT department is not innovating. Explain the concept of strategic alignment (1 credit). Explain the two-way relationship between corporate strategy and information systems (1 credit).	







1 2
Ш
2
3
\cdot \square
4
5
³ H
6

C)	Knowledge	and under	standing: 6	credits

Also explain the six alignment relationships in the IT-Alignment Model by Reyonolds and Yetton (2015).

Hint: Remember that simply naming the relationship is not enough, but explain how the relationships work both ways.







Problem 3 Information and Knowledge Management (11 credits)

d strategy must aligi						
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	:. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
the knowledge-st	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid
Discuss and evaluate the knowledge-st uments why both go	rategy alignment to	the previously	explained busine	ess-IT alignment	. Provide th	ree valid













Problem 4 IT-Controlling (7.5 credits)

Next, you talk to the controlling department. They show you the current list of projects and how each performs.

a) Knowledge and understanding: 3 credits You notice that the focus is on operative controlling only. Explain the management, what area is missing (1 credit). Explain, why this missing part is important for the IT-Strategy (1 credit). Also briefly explain how it is related to business-IT alignment (1 credit).	1
	3
b) <i>Knowledge and understanding: 4,5 credits</i> You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include (0,5 credits each) and are they strategic or operational (0,5 credits each)?	0 1
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	1 2 3
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	
You propose a reorganization of the IT-Controlling functions, based on the IT process model. Explain the 3 IT-Controlling functions according to Gadatsch (2009): What are they (0,5 credits each), what tasks do they include	







Problem 5 IT Governance (9 credits)

1	When discussing the future IT project portfolio, a discussion between the CIO, CEO, and CFO starts about when the decision right. Obviously, there is no IT governance in place. Explain what IT governance is (1 credit), when needed (1 credit) and how it helps to achieve business value from IT (1 credit).
=	
	b) <i>Discuss and evaluate: 6 credits</i> After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly arguerisk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: " <i>If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough</i> ". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. Youse different types of risks and different types of innovations in your arguments. (2 credits each).
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You
	After you explained, that IT governance included the management of IT related risks, the CEO proudly argue risk management is not needed, since no project ever failed. Inspired by your LinkedIn feed you reply: "If pare not failing, we are not innovating enough". Present three arguments how innovation and risk management go hand in hand or support each other. You







Problem 6 Disruptive Innovation (10 credits)

Your argumentation was highly convincing. The CEO put you in charge of the new innovation project "*Disrupting Real Estate*". The CEO's vision is a digital business model leveraging artificial intelligence, blockchain, and virtual reality to disrupt the way real estate is sold. The goal is that based on few data points, HouseScout48 can calculate the value of a real estate objecte, post it on the digital platform and sell it using smart contracts.

all of Christensen's (1997) criteria (1 credit per criterion with explanation if it is fulfilled or not; 1 credit for a fina decision). If you make assumptions, e. g. about the market, state them in your argumentation.	
	1
	1







Problem 7 DELD - Strategic Information Systems (10 credits)

Congratulations - After the rescue of HouseScout48, DELD a large discount grocery store made you an offer you couldn't refuse. DELD is currently undergoing a major transformation project. The aim is to reduce food waste by introducing a digital platform. The platform connects all DELD stores and warehouses, which operate as separate legal entities, knows item quantities in the warehouses and their individual expiration dates. Customers of the platform (private consumers, restaurants, bars, etc.) can buy food that is close to its expiration date or has just expired at reduced prices and have it delivered to their homes/restaurants/bars. This transformation consists of multiple projects and you are the portfolio manager, reporting directly to the supervisory board.

0			
1	H	Н	
2		Н	
3			
4			
4	H	Н	
5			
6	H	Н	
J			

a) Discuss and evaluate: 6 credits

Media reaction and feedback from your customers show a high level of support and enthusiasm for your project. You start your first day by analyzing the fundamental strategy. You wonder if the digital platform can be considered a strategic information system (SIS).

If you argue that it is a SIS, discuss in which system category for SIS according to Krcmar (2015) the platform fits and why it does not fit the other three (1 credit per discussed category). Find examples for all categories (0,5 credit each).

If you argue that it is not a SIS, discuss why it does not fit into either category and find examples of all four categories.

itegories.	 		





b) Application and analysis: 4 credits Use McFarlan's strategic grid to determine the impact of the digital platform on the business strategy. Explain all four types and discuss for each whether or not the digital platform fits that type.		







Problem 8 DELD - Business Models (8 credits)

Currently, prior to the launch of the digital platform, DELD's core business model is to operate grocery stores where customers can find a variety of food and seasonal items. In addition, the DELD online shop offers a larger variety of seasonal items. Both business models rely on the backend system "WAWI" that manages stock and logistics.

1			cation (1 credit ea			
]						
Based food w	aste a business i	classifications, we model innovation	according to the	definition of Gass	f DELD's digital pla mann et al. (2014) credit for the decisio	? Explaii
]						
┨						
4						
1						







Problem 9 DELD - Digital Platforms (9 credits)

You learned that DELD stores are franchises, meaning each store is acting as separate legal entities, and mostly independent from the DELD headquarter. Each store can decide on their own, if it wants to participate in the digital platform to reduce food waste.

Inowledge and understatkind of network effect efficial for the platform (s are in place in this scenar	io (1 credit)? Explain	n why and how these neto	work effects are
(nowledge and underst	anding: 4 aradita			
independence of the s red on the platform is lin	stores also creates platforn hited. Name and explain wh to competitor launched a sin	at kinds of platform of	competition occur in the re	ınt of groceries etail ecosystem.
			· ,	







0		
1	Н	Н
•		
2		

c) Discuss and evaluate: 2 credits	
------------------------------------	--

For DELD's digital platform, give an example of what might be a boundary resource for store owners (1 credit). Explain how it would work as a boundary resource (1 credit).

	190
N271900	G.
15.71.35	D::





Additional space for solutions-clearly mark the (sub)problem your answers are related to and strike out invalid solutions.























