SISTEM TERDISTRIBUSI

"Konfigurasi server DNS dan client"



Disusun oleh:

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1. Konfigurasi DNS Server menggunakan Ubuntu Server

- Langkah install dan konfigurasi DNS server pada Linux Ubuntu
- IP komputer yaitu 192.168.1.15 yang kita akan buat dnsnya
- Jadi aplikasi yang diinstal disini adalah bin 9 jadi 9 itu adalah salah satu aplikasi yang digunakan untuk DNS server atau digunakan sebagai DNS server proses instalasinya sangat cepat tergantung dari kecepatan internet yang kita gunakan

```
Setting up dns-root-data (2023112702~ubuntu0.22.04.1) ...
Setting up bind9–utils (1:9.18.18–0ubuntu0.22.04.2) ...
Setting up bind9 (1:9.18.18–0ubuntu0.22.04.2) ...
Adding group `bind' (GID 119) ...
Adding system user `bind' (UID 114) ...
Adding new user `bind' (UID 114) with group `bind' ...
Not creating home directory `/var/cache/bind'.
wrote key file "/etc/bind/rndc.key"
mode Reg nie //ec/shind/nde.Reg
named-resolvconf.service is a disabled or a static unit, not starting it.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/bind9.service → /lib/systemd/system/named.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi–user.target.wants/named.service → /lib/systemd/system/name
d.service.
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2–1) ...
Processing triggers for ufw (0.36.1–4ubuntu0.1) ...
Scanning processes...
Scanning linux images...
Running kernel seems to be up–to–date.
No services need to be restarted.
No containers need to be restarted.
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
root@andreasbonaserver:/home/andreasbona# cd /etc/bind
 root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# ls
bind.keys db.127 db.empty named.conf named.conf.local db.0 db.255 db.local named.conf.default—zones named.conf.options root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# cp named.conf.local named.conf.local.old root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# ls
                                                                                                                                                          rndc.key
                                                                                                                                                           zones.rfc1918
                      db.255 named.conf named.conf.local.o
db.empty named.conf.default-zones named.conf.options
db.local named.conf.local rndc.key
bind.keys db.255
                                                                                                named.conf.local.old zones.rfc1918
db.0
db.127
 root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# 🔔
```

 Untuk membuat DNS servernya kita masuk ke folder dari aplikasi bin yang sudah kita install tadi letaknya di ITC selesai Nah sekarang kita lihat file-file yang ada di folder tersebut ya Ada beberapa file dan file ini nanti yang akan kita konfigurasi jadi kita buat domain yaitu www.bona.com

```
GNU nano 6.2

// Do any local configuration here

// Consider adding the 1918 zones here, if they are not used in your

// organization

// include "/etc/bind/zones.rfc1918";

zone "bona.com" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.bona";

;;

zone "15.1.168.192.in-addr.arpa" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.192";

;;

CG Help To Write Dut To Where Is No Cut To Execute Coloration No. Line No. E Redo

X Exit To Read File To Replace To Paste To Justify To Go To Line No. E Redo
```

 menjadi IP 192.168.1.15 kita copy dulu file name.com ya kita backup terlebih dahulu file tersebut ya kemudian nanti kita konfigurasi file-file tersebut supaya aman gitu jadi masih ada file aslinya oke sudah muncul file satu file name.com

- Oke yang kita konfigurasi sekarang adalah name.com di bagian bawah tambahkan perintah berikut ini atau baris kode baris kode berikut ini oke Nah sekarang saya ketikkan terlebih dahulu
- Sekarang kita konfigurasi file yang lain nama filenya adalah DB lokal ya jadi copy db.id Oke sekarang kita buka db.id

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                                     db.bona
  BIND data file for local loopback interface
           604800
IN
$TTL
                      SOA
                                 bona.com. root.bona.com. (
                                   2
604800
86400
                                                        ; Serial
; Refresh
                                                        ; Retry
                                 2419200
604800 )
                                                        ; Expire
; Negative Cache TTL
                                 bona.com.
192.168.1.15
192.168.1.15
192.168.1.15
192.168.1.15
           IN
IN
IN
IN
www
mail
ftp
root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind#
```

Simpan perubahan lalu restart service BIND9

```
db.192 *
   GNU nano 6.2
   BIND reverse data file for broadcast zone
$TTL
@
             604800
IN
                                         bona.com. root.bona.com. (
1 ; Serial
604800 ; Refresh
86400 ; Retry
2419200 ; Expire
604800 ) ; Negative Cache TTL
              IN
IN
                           NS
PTR
                                         bona.com.
                                         bona.com.
                                                                                                                         ^C Location M—U Undo
^∕ Go To Line M—E Redo
    Help
Exit
                             Write Out
Read File
                                                     Where Is
Replace
                                                                             Cut
Paste
                                                                                                     Execute
Justify
```

- Lakukan cp db 255 db 192
- Lalu ubah isi file db.192 seperti diatas

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                                                 /etc/resolv.conf *
   This is /run/systemd/resolve/stub–resolv.conf managed by man:systemd–resolved(8).
# Do not edit.
  This file might be symlinked as /etc/resolv.conf. If you're looking at /etc/resolv.conf and seeing this text, you have followed the symlink.
  This is a dynamic resolv.conf file for connecting local clients to the internal DNS stub resolver of systemd-resolved. This file lists all
  configured search domains.
  Run "resolvect1 status" to see details about the uplink DNS servers
  currently in use.
 Third party programs should typically not access this file directly, but only through the symlink at /etc/resolv.conf. To manage man:resolv.conf(5) in a different way, replace this symlink by a static file or a different symlink.
  See man:systemd-resolved.service(8) for details about the supported modes of
  operation for /etc/resolv.conf.
nameserver 192.168.1.15_
options ednsO trust–ad
search .
                                                                                                            Location M—U Undo
Go To Line M—E Redo
                                                                                                         ^C Location
^/ Go To Lin
                                          ^W Where Is
   Help
                        Write Out
                                                                  Cut
                                                                                        Execute
                        Read File
                                             Replace
                                                                   Paste
                                                                                        Justify
   Exit
```

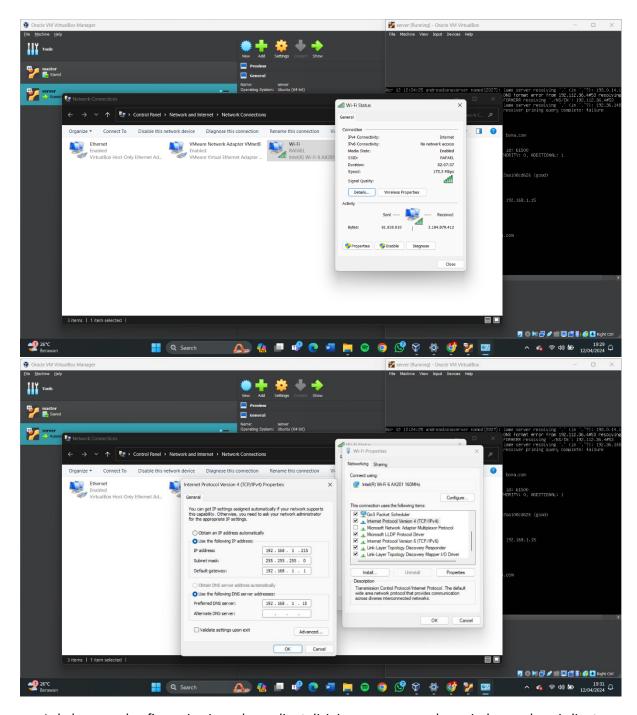
Konfigurasi file resolv.conf ubah name server sesuai ip dns server

- Lakukan restart systemctl
- Lalu lihat status bind9 apakah sudah active atau ada terjadi masalah

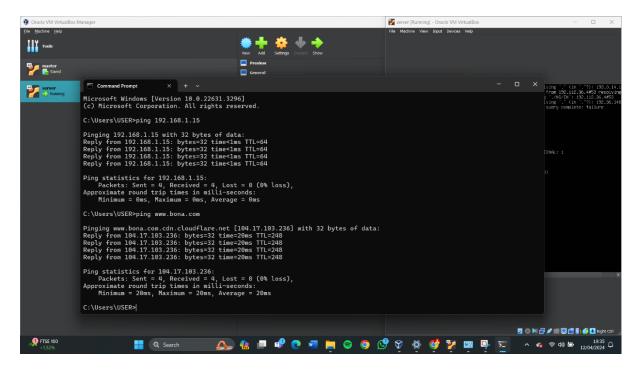
2. Pengetesan

```
Apr 12 12:24:25 andreasbonaserver named[2327]: lame server resolving '.' (in '.'?): 193.0.14.1 Apr 12 12:24:25 andreasbonaserver named[2327]: DNS format error from 192.112.36.4#53 resolving Apr 12 12:24:25 andreasbonaserver named[2327]: FORMERR resolving '.'NS/IN': 192.112.36.4#53 Apr 12 12:24:25 andreasbonaserver named[2327]: lame server resolving '.' (in '.'?): 192.36.148 Apr 12 12:24:25 andreasbonaserver named[2327]: resolver priming query complete: failure
lines 1-22/22 (END)
root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# dig bona.com
; <<>> DiG 9.18.18-OubuntuO.22.04.2-Ubuntu <<>> bona.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 61500
;; flags: qr aa rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: O, flags:; udp: 1232
; COOKIE: bba4b5afc437212b0100000066192876dd4af2aa108cd626 (good)
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;bona.com.
                                              IN
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                                  604800 IN
                                                                     192.168.1.15
bona.com.
;; Query time: O msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.1.15#53(192.168.1.15) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Fri Apr 12 12:26:30 UTC 2024
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 81
root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# nslookup bona.com
Server:
Address:
                       192.168.1.15
                       192.168.1.15#53
Name: bona.com
Address: 192.168.1.15
root@andreasbonaserver:/etc/bind# _
```

 Jika semua urutan telah dilakukan saatnya yaitu pengetesan dengan command dig dan nslookup pada <u>www.bona.com</u>



• Lakukan pengkonfigurasian ip pada pc client disini saya menggunakan windows sebagai client



- Telihat disana saat pengetesan ping pada ip 192.168.1.15 bisa
- Ping pada situs <u>www.bona.com</u> pun selesai
- Dan pc client pun terhubung