1 Constants and Dimensions

Symbol	Value	Unit	Description
\overline{g}	9.81	$\frac{m}{s^2}$	acceleration of gravity
ho	1025	$\frac{\frac{m}{s^2}}{\frac{kg}{m^3}}$	density of water
L	2.0	$\overset{m}{m}$	length of hull
B	1.08	m	beam of hull
m	55.0	kg	mass of hull
r_g^{hull}	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0 & -0.2 \end{bmatrix}^T$	m	CG of hull
${R}_{44}$	$0.4 \cdot B$	m	radius of gyration
R_{55}	$0.25 \cdot L$	m	radius of gyration
R_{66}	$0.25 \cdot L$	m	radius of gyration
T_{yaw}	1	s	time constant in yaw
U_{max}	6	knot	max forward speed
B_{pont}	0.25	m	beam of one pontoon
y_{pont}	0.395	m	distance from centerline to waterline area center
Cw_{pont}	0.75	_	waterline area coefficient
Cb_{pont}	0.4	_	block coefficient

Waterline area of one pontoon

$$Aw_{pont} = Cw_{pont}LB_{pont} \tag{1}$$

2 Skew symetric matrix

$$S\left(\begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -a_3 & a_2 \\ a_3 & 0 & -a_1 \\ -a_2 & a_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)

3 Kinetics

$$\nu_1 = \begin{bmatrix} u & v & w \end{bmatrix}^T \qquad \qquad \nu_2 = \begin{bmatrix} p & q & r \end{bmatrix}^T \tag{3}$$

Inertia matrix of hull in CG

$$I_g^{CG} = m \cdot \text{diag}\left[R_{44}^2, R_{55}^2, R_{66}^2\right] \tag{4}$$

CG location corrected for payload

$$r_g = \frac{m \cdot r_g^{hull} + m_p \cdot r_p}{m + mp} \tag{5}$$

Inertia matrix of hull and payload in CO

$$I_q = I_q^{CG} - m \cdot S(r_q)^2 - m_p \cdot S(r_p)^2$$
(6)

$$M_{RB}^{CG} = \begin{bmatrix} (m+m_p)I & 0\\ 0 & I_g \end{bmatrix} \qquad C_{RB}^{CG}(\nu_2) = \begin{bmatrix} (m+m_p)S(\nu_2) & 0\\ 0 & -S(I_g\nu_2) \end{bmatrix}$$
(7)

Transform M_{RB} and C_{RB} from the C_G to the C_O

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} I & S(r_g)^T \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \tag{8}$$

$$M_{RB} = H^T M_{RB}^{CG} H (9)$$

$$C_{RB}(\nu_2) = H^T C_{RB}^{CG}(\nu_2) H \tag{10}$$

(11)

4 Relative velocity

Water current surge and sway velocity

$$u_c = v_{cur}\cos(\beta_{cur} - \psi) \tag{12}$$

$$v_c = v_{cur}\sin(\beta_{cur} - \psi) \tag{13}$$

Where v_{cur} is the current velocity, β_{cur} is the current direction in rad and ψ is the yaw of the vessel. Relative velocity vector

$$\nu_r = \nu - \begin{bmatrix} u_c & v_c & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}^T \tag{14}$$

In the case of no current we have

$$\nu_r = \nu \tag{15}$$

5 Hydrodynamics

Hydrodynamic added mass

$$M_A = \begin{bmatrix} mI & 0\\ 0 & I_q \end{bmatrix} M_{A,coef} \tag{16}$$

$$M_{A,coef} = \text{diag} ([0.1 \ 1.5 \ 1.0 \ 0.2 \ 0.8 \ 1.7])$$
 (17)

$$C_A(\nu_{r,1},\nu_{r,2}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -S(M_{A,11}\nu_{r,1} + M_{A,12}\nu_{r,2}) \\ -S(M_{A,11}\nu_{r,1} + M_{A,12}\nu_{r,2}) & -S(M_{A,21}\nu_{r,1} + M_{A,22}\nu_{r,2}) \end{bmatrix}$$
(18)

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -S(0.1 \cdot m\nu_{r,1}) \\ -S(0.1 \cdot m\nu_{r,1}) & -S(1.5 \cdot m\nu_{r,2}) \end{bmatrix}$$
 (19)

System mass and Coriolis-centripetal matrices

$$M = M_{RB} + M_A \tag{20}$$

$$C = C_{RB}(\nu_2) + C_A(\nu_{r,1}, \nu_{r,2}) \tag{21}$$

6 Hydro statics

Water volume displacement

$$\nabla = \frac{m + m_p}{\rho} \tag{22}$$

Draft

$$T = \frac{\nabla}{2Cb_{pont}B_{pont}L} \tag{23}$$

$$KB = \frac{1}{3} (5\frac{T}{2} - \frac{\nabla}{2LB_{nont}});$$
 (24)

$$I_T = \frac{2}{12} L B_{pont}^3 \frac{6 \cdot C w_{pont}^3}{(1 + C w_{pont})(1 + 2C w_{nont})} + 2 \cdot A w_{pont} y_{pont}^2$$
 (25)

$$I_L = \frac{0.8 \cdot 2}{12} B_{pont} L^3 \tag{26}$$

$$GM_T = KB + \frac{I_T}{\nabla} - T + r_{g,z} \tag{27}$$

$$GM_L = KB + \frac{I_L}{\nabla} - T + r_{g,z} \tag{28}$$

(29)

$$G = H^T G_{CF} H (31)$$

$$\omega_3 = \sqrt{G_{33}/M_{33}} \tag{32}$$

$$\omega_4 = \sqrt{G_{44}/M_{44}} \tag{33}$$

$$\omega_5 = \sqrt{G_{55}/M_{55}} \tag{34}$$

7 Linear Damping

$$h(r) = \begin{bmatrix} -24.4 \frac{g}{U_{max}} \\ 0 \\ -2 \cdot 0.3 \cdot \omega_3 M_{33} \\ -2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot \omega_4 M_{44} \\ -2 \cdot 0.4 \cdot \omega_5 M_{55} \\ \frac{-M_{66}}{T_{yaw}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{-M_{66}}{T_{yaw}} 10 \cdot abs(r) \end{bmatrix}$$
(35)

The matrix to the right includes non-linear damping for yaw

$$\tau_{damp}(r) = h(r) \bullet \nu_r \tag{36}$$

8 Crossflow Drag

The crossflow is computed using strip theory and is a function of ν_r

$$\tau_{cf} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ Yh \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ Nh \end{bmatrix}$$
(37)

 τ_{cf} Has components only in v and r First-order fitting

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}_{cf} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1.2907e - 16r - 12.2363v - 4.8735e - 17 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -5.9740r - 5.1780e - 16v - 3.6373e - 19 \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -12.2363v \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -5.9740r \end{bmatrix}$$

Second-order fitting

$$\boldsymbol{\tau}_{cf} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0.1824 \, r - 0.0666 \, v - 41.8276 \, r \, |r| - 1.6409 \, r \, |v| - 122.0516 \, v \, |v| + 0.0019 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.0535 \, v - 0.1471 \, r - 2.5043 \, r \, |r| - 88.3910 \, r \, |v| - 0.2423 \, v \, |v| - 0.0015 \end{bmatrix}$$

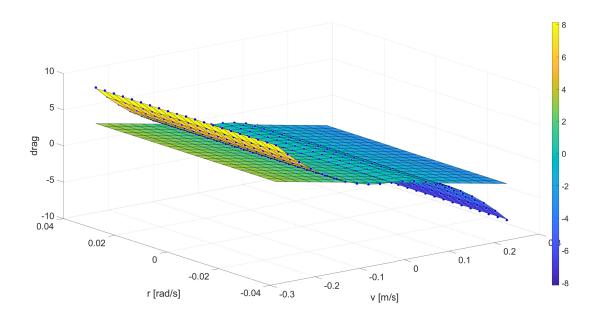


Figure 1: Linearized crossflow damping in sway

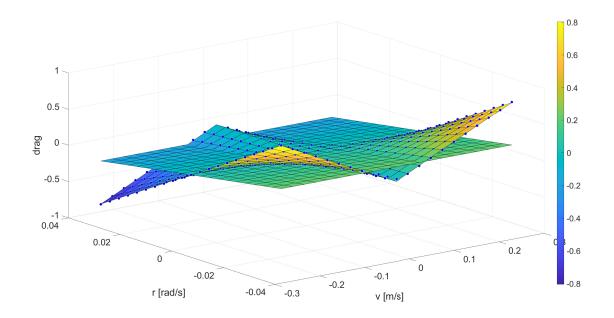


Figure 2: Linearized crossflow damping in yaw

9 Ballast

$$g_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ trim_moment \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(38)$$

 g_0 represents a dynamic torque in q (pitch)

10 Transformation

$$R = R_z R_y R_x = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\psi) & -\sin(\psi) & 0 \\ \sin(\psi) & \cos(\psi) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & 0 & \sin(\theta) \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\phi) & -\sin(\phi) \\ 0 & \sin(\phi) & \cos(\phi) \end{bmatrix}$$
(39)

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \sin(\phi)\tan(\theta) & \cos(\phi)\tan(\theta) \\ 0 & \cos(\phi) & -\sin(\phi) \\ 0 & \frac{\sin(\phi)}{\cos(\theta)} & \frac{\cos(\phi)}{\cos(\theta)} \end{bmatrix}$$
(40)

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} R & 0 \\ 0 & T \end{bmatrix} \tag{41}$$

11 State derivative

$$M\dot{\nu} + C\nu_r + G\eta + g_0 = \tau + \tau_{damp} + \tau_{cf} \tag{42}$$

$$\dot{\eta} = J(\eta)\nu\tag{43}$$

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\nu} \\ \dot{\eta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} M^{-1}(\tau + \tau_{damp}(r) + \tau_{cf}(\nu_r) - C\nu_r - G\eta - g_0) \\ J\nu \end{bmatrix}$$
(44)

$$\begin{split} M &= H^T M_{RB}^{CG} H + M_A \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ S(r_g) & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (m+m_p)I & 0 \\ 0 & I_g \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & S(r_g)^T \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} mI & 0 \\ 0 & I_g \end{bmatrix} M_{A,coef} \\ &= (m+m_p) \begin{bmatrix} I & S(r_g)^T \\ S(r_g) & S(r_g)I_gS(r_g)^T \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} mI & 0 \\ 0 & I_g \end{bmatrix} M_{A,coef} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} C &= H^T C_{RB}^{CG}(\nu_2) H + C_A(\nu_{r,1}, \nu_{r,2}) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} I & 0 \\ S(r_g) & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (m+m_p) S(\nu_2) & 0 \\ 0 & -S(I_g \nu_2) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} I & S(r_g)^T \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -S(0.1 \cdot m \nu_{r,1}) \\ -S(0.1 \cdot m \nu_{r,1}) & -S(1.5 \cdot m \nu_{r,2}) \end{bmatrix} \\ &= (m+m_p) \begin{bmatrix} S(\nu_2) & S(\nu_2) S(r_g)^T \\ S(r_g) S(\nu_2) & -S(r_g) S(I_g \nu_2) S(r_g)^T \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -S(0.1 \cdot m \nu_{r,1}) \\ -S(0.1 \cdot m \nu_{r,1}) & -S(1.5 \cdot m \nu_{r,2}) \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

12 All system equations

The equations can be found in AutoDocking/Models/Primitive/SysEq6DOF.mat

$$\dot{u} = 0.0054 \,\tau_q - 1.3169 \,q + 0.0175 \,\tau_u + 5.3523e - 04 \,\tau_w - 16.0798 \,\theta$$

$$- 1.3574 \,u - 0.2925 \,w - 12.1092 \,z + 0.3371 \,p \,r - 0.0147 \,p \,v - 0.0265 \,q \,u - 1.8664 \,q \,w$$

$$+ 2.3477 \,r \,v + 0.2649 \,u \,w + 0.0177 \,p^2 + 0.1866 \,q^2 + 0.1690 \,r^2 \quad (45)$$

$$\begin{split} \dot{v} &= 0.2504\,p + 4.9601\,\phi + 0.0629\,r - 0.0046\,\tau_p - 0.0014\,\tau_r + 0.0078\,\tau_v \\ &- 7.8984e - 04\,v - 0.0364\,p\,q + 0.1167\,q\,r + 0.7867\,p\,w - 0.4028\,r\,u - 0.1266\,v\,w + 0.3215\,r\,\left|r\right| \\ &+ 0.1389\,r\,\left|v\right| - 0.9472\,v\,\left|v\right| + 4.4851e - 05 \quad (46) \end{split}$$

$$\dot{w} = 0.0029 \,\tau_q - 0.7243 \,q + 5.3523 e - 04 \,\tau_u + 0.0094 \,\tau_w - 22.5556 \,\theta - 0.0415 \,u - 5.1289 \,w - 75.2186 \,z - 0.0146 \,p \,r - 1.2581 \,p \,v + 0.5354 \,q \,u - 0.0265 \,q \,w + 0.0412 \,r \,v + 0.1457 \,u \,w - 0.0903 \,p^2 - 0.0974 \,q^2 - 0.0071 \,r^2$$
 (47)

$$\begin{split} \dot{p} &= 0.2272\,r - 67.3414\,\phi - 3.3993\,p + 0.0625\,\tau_p - 0.0050\,\tau_r - 0.0046\,\tau_v \\ &+ 0.0010\,v - 0.1257\,p\,q - 0.5847\,q\,r + 0.1266\,p\,w - 0.3545\,r\,u + 1.7190\,v\,w + 2.4254\,r\,|r| \\ &+ 0.4318\,r\,|v| + 0.5610\,v\,|v| - 5.8328e - 05 \quad (48) \\ \dot{q} &= 0.0294\,\tau_q - 7.2431\,q + 0.0054\,\tau_n + 0.0029\,\tau_w - 88.4387\,\theta \\ &- 0.4151\,u - 1.6087\,w - 66.6000\,z + 0.8539\,p\,r - 0.0810\,p\,v - 0.1457\,q\,u - 0.2649\,q\,w \\ &+ 0.4121\,r\,v + 1.4572\,u\,w + 0.0971\,p^2 + 0.0265\,q^2 - 0.0707\,r^2 \quad (49) \\ \dot{r} &= 0.2696\,p + 5.3406\,\phi - 1.0432\,r - 0.0050\,\tau_p + 0.0229\,\tau_r - 0.0014\,\tau_v \\ &- 0.0020\,v - 0.4188\,p\,q + 0.1257\,q\,r + 0.0395\,p\,w - 0.1107\,r\,u - 0.1363\,v\,w - 10.2613\,r\,|r| \\ &- 2.0308\,r\,|v| + 0.1805\,v\,|v| + 1.1532e - 04 \quad (50) \\ \dot{x} &= w\,\left(\sin\left(\phi\right)\,\sin\left(\psi\right) + \cos\left(\phi\right)\,\cos\left(\psi\right)\,\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) \\ &- v\,\left(\cos\left(\phi\right)\,\sin\left(\psi\right) - \cos\left(\psi\right)\,\sin\left(\phi\right)\,\sin\left(\theta\right)\right) + u\,\cos\left(\psi\right)\,\sin\left(\psi\right) \quad (52) \\ \dot{z} &= w\,\cos\left(\phi\right)\,\cos\left(\theta\right) - u\,\sin\left(\theta\right) + v\,\cos\left(\theta\right)\,\sin\left(\phi\right) \\ \dot{\phi} &= p + \frac{\sin\left(\theta\right)\,\left(r\,\cos\left(\phi\right) + q\,\sin\left(\phi\right)\right)}{\cos\left(\theta\right)} \\ \dot{\theta} &= q\,\cos\left(\phi\right) - r\,\sin\left(\phi\right) \\ \dot{\psi} &= \frac{r\,\cos\left(\phi\right) + q\,\sin\left(\phi\right)}{\cos\left(\theta\right)} \\ \dot{\psi} &= \frac{r\,\cos\left(\phi\right) + q\,\sin\left(\phi\right)}{\cos\left(\theta\right)} \\ \dot{\psi} &= \frac{r\,\cos\left(\phi\right) + q\,\sin\left(\phi\right)}{\cos\left(\theta\right)} \\ \dot{\psi} &= 0.0054\,\tau_q - 1.3169\,q + 0.0175\,\tau_s + 5.3523e - 04\,\tau_w - 16.0798\,\theta \\ &- 1.3574\,u - 0.2925\,w - 12.1092\,z + 0.3371\,p\,r - 0.0147\,p\,v - 0.0265\,q\,u - 1.8664\,q\,w \\ &+ 2.3477\,r\,v + 0.2649\,u\,w + 0.0177\,p^2 + 0.1866\,q^2 + 0.1690\,r^2 \quad (53) \\ \dot{\psi} &= 0.2504\,p + 4.9601\,\phi + 0.0667\,r - 0.0046\,\tau_p - 0.0014\,\tau_r + 0.0078\,\tau_s \\ &- 5.9306e - 0.4\,v - 0.0364\,p\,q + 0.1167\,q\,r + 0.7867\,p\,w - 0.4028\,r\,u - 0.1266\,r\,w + 0.3298\,r\,|r| \\ &+ 0.1143\,r\,|v| - 0.9463\,v\,|v| + 1.6913e - 05 \quad (54) \\ \dot{\psi} &= 0.0029\,\tau_q - 0.7243\,q + 5.3523e - 04\,\tau_w + 0.0094\,\tau_w - 22.5556\,\theta \\ &- 0.0415\,u - 5.1289\,w - 75.2186\,z - 0.0146\,p\,r - 1.2581\,p\,v + 0.5354\,q\,u - 0.0265\,q\,w \\ &+ 0.0412\,r\,v + 0.1457\,u\,w - 0.0903\,p^2 - 0.0974\,q^2 - 0.0071\,r^2 \quad (55) \\ \dot{p} &= 0.2243\,r - 67.3414\,\phi - 3.3993\,p + 0.0625\,\tau_p - 0.0050\,\tau_r - 0.0046\,\tau_v \\ &+ 0.03545\,r\,u + 1.7190\,v\,w + 2.4489\,r\,|r| \\ &+ 0.4457\,r\,|v| + 0.5631\,v\,|v| - 1.2384e - 06 \quad (56) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{q} = 0.0294 \, \tau_q - 7.2431 \, q + 0.0054 \, \tau_u + 0.0029 \, \tau_w - 88.4387 \, \theta$$

$$- 0.4151 \, u - 1.6087 \, w - 66.6009 \, z + 0.8539 \, p \, r - 0.0810 \, p \, v - 0.1457 \, q \, u - 0.2649 \, q \, w$$

$$+ 0.4121 \, r \, v + 1.4572 \, u \, w + 0.0971 \, p^2 + 0.0265 \, q^2 - 0.0707 \, r^2 \quad (57)$$

$$\dot{r} = 0.2696 \, p + 5.3406 \, \phi - 1.0413 \, r - 0.0050 \, \tau_p + 0.0229 \, \tau_r - 0.0014 \, \tau_v$$

$$+ 0.0013 \, v - 0.4188 \, p \, q + 0.1257 \, q \, r + 0.0395 \, p \, w - 0.1107 \, r \, u - 0.1363 \, v \, w - 10.3735 \, r \, |r|$$

$$- 2.0239 \, r \, |v| + 0.1699 \, v \, |v| - 3.7453e - 05 \quad (58)$$

$$\dot{x} = w \, \left(\sin \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\psi \right) + \cos \left(\phi \right) \, \cos \left(\psi \right) \, \sin \left(\theta \right) \right)$$

$$- v \, \left(\cos \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\psi \right) - \cos \left(\psi \right) \, \sin \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\theta \right) \right) + u \, \cos \left(\psi \right) \, \cos \left(\theta \right) \quad (59)$$

$$\dot{y} = v \, \left(\cos \left(\phi \right) \, \cos \left(\psi \right) + \sin \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\psi \right) \, \sin \left(\theta \right) \right)$$

$$- w \, \left(\cos \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\phi \right) - \cos \left(\phi \right) \, \sin \left(\psi \right) \, \sin \left(\theta \right) \right) + u \, \cos \left(\theta \right) \, \sin \left(\psi \right) \quad (60)$$

$$\dot{z} = w \, \cos \left(\phi \right) \, \cos \left(\theta \right) - u \, \sin \left(\theta \right) + v \, \cos \left(\theta \right) \, \sin \left(\phi \right)$$

$$\dot{\phi} = p + \frac{\sin \left(\theta \right) \, \left(r \, \cos \left(\phi \right) + q \, \sin \left(\phi \right) \right)}{\cos \left(\theta \right)}$$

 $\dot{\theta} = q \cos(\phi) - r \sin(\phi)$

 $\dot{\psi} = \frac{r \cos(\phi) + q \sin(\phi)}{\cos(\theta)}$