coherence and influence on other grammarians should have vanished without a trace from the history of Arabic linguistics. Talmon concludes that Sibawayhi and the nahwiyyūn "seem to base their theories on common foundations".41 Secondly, there is no evidence of a sharp break between the nahwiyyūn and Sībawayhi's work. According to Talmon the nahwiyyūn are a major authority in the Kitāb, and Sibawayhi does not reject their general principles of grammatical analysis. 42 His criticisms are not directed against the use of analogy ner se but against its use for the creation of new forms and