

# HOLLOW VERBS FORM I–X

January 29, 2024

Hollow verbs are verbs with و or ي as for verbs with the middle root ي. Forms II, root is و or ي. The gray row shows the their middle root consonant. In form I III, V, VI and IX are inflected as strong form for 1s past tense, applicable also to there are two different inflectional classes verbs. Forms IV, VII and X are inflected 2ms, 2fs, 1pl, 2mpl, and 3fpl past tense (i.e for verbs with the middle root و and one the same regardless of whether the middle with the ending مت, مت, منا, تم, or ن).

X	IX	VIII	VII	VI	V	IV	III	II	I ي	I و b	I و a	
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	Past
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	Past 1s
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	Present
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	maṣdar
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	Act. part.
اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	اِسْتَسَا	Pass. part.
استطاع	اسود	احتاج	انهار	تناول	تزوج	أراد	حاول	حول	عاش	نام	قال	Example

# DEFECTIVE VERBS FORM I–X

January 29, 2024

Defective verbs are verbs with و or ي as their third root consonant. In form I there are two inflectional classes for verbs with the final root ي, and one for verbs with the final root و. In forms II–X all defective verbs are inflected the same way regardless of whether the final root is و or ي, with the weak root appearing as either ي or و. The nunation ـ in active participles and maṣḍars is replaced with ـي when the word is definite and or construct state (e.g. قاضي بغداد). Passive participles with و are traditionally described as having an ending ـ. This is however rarely enunciated or produced in print. Defective form IX are unattested in modern Arabic and very rare in Classical Arabic (see Wright's Grammar, vol.i, ¶59). The gray row shows the form for 1s past tense, applicable also to 2ms, 2fs, 1pl, 2mpl, and 3fpl past tense (i.e. من, مت, منا, مت, or من).

X	VIII	VII	VI	V	IV	III	II	I w	I y-b	I y-a	
إِسْتَأْذَنَ	إِسْتَأْذَنَ	إِسْتَأْذَنَ	تَسَاءَلَ	تَسَاءَلَ	أَسْأَلَ	سَأَلَ	سَأَلَ	كَلَّمَ	كَلَّمَ	كَلَّمَ	Past
إِسْتَأْذَنَ	إِسْتَأْذَنَ	إِسْتَأْذَنَ	تَسَاءَلَ	تَسَاءَلَ	أَسْأَلَ	سَأَلَ	سَأَلَ	كَلَّمَ	كَلَّمَ	كَلَّمَ	Past 1s
يَسْتَأْذِنُ	يَسْتَأْذِنُ	يَسْتَأْذِنُ	يَتَسَاءَلُ	يَتَسَاءَلُ	يُسْأَلُ	يُسْأَلُ	يُسْأَلُ	يَكَلِّمُ	يَكَلِّمُ	يَكَلِّمُ	Present
إِسْتِئْذَاءٌ	إِسْتِئْذَاءٌ	إِسْتِئْذَاءٌ	تَسَاءَلٌ	تَسَاءَلٌ	إِسْتِئْذَاءٌ	مُسَاءَلَةٌ	تَسَاءَلَةٌ	Irregular			maṣḍar
مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ				Act. part.
مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	مُسْتَأْذِنٌ	Pass. part.
استدعى	اشترى	انبغى	توالى	تمنى	أعطى	نادى	صلى	دعا	بقي	مشى	Example