

ATS421/521 Climate Modeling

Homework 6 due 05-20-2013

1. Implement the Lorenz model in a fortran program using a time step of $\Delta t=0.012$, the following classical parameter set ($\sigma=10$, $b=8/3$, $r=28$), and initial conditions ($X=2$, $Y=2$, $Z=10$).

ATS421 students: Use the Euler forward scheme.

ATS521 students: Use the Runge-Kutta method, which is more accurate (to 4th order) than the Euler forward scheme. The Runge-Kutta scheme is based on a weighted average of estimates of the slope at t_n , $t_n + \Delta t/2$, and $t_n + \Delta t$. The ordinary differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f(t, y)$$

is discretized according to

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \Delta t \cdot F(t_n, y_n), \text{ where}$$

$$F(t_n, y_n) = \frac{1}{6}(K_1 + 2K_2 + 2K_3 + K_4), \text{ and}$$

$$K_1 = f(t_n, y_n)$$

$$K_2 = f\left(t_n + \frac{\Delta t}{2}, y_n + \frac{\Delta t}{2} K_1\right)$$

$$K_3 = f\left(t_n + \frac{\Delta t}{2}, y_n + \frac{\Delta t}{2} K_2\right)$$

$$K_4 = f(t_n + \Delta t, y_n + \Delta t \cdot K_3).$$

More weight is given to the evaluation of the slope at $t_n + \Delta t/2$.

Print your code. (2)

2. Plot a time series of 3000 time steps of X, Y and Z. (2)
3. Plot the model trajectories in the X-Y, X-Z, and Y-Z planes. (2)
4. Use slightly different initial conditions and re-plot some of the time series and trajectories. (2)