1. Programul incepe prin definirea biblioteciilor necesare: stdio.h, string.h, math.h, ctype.h

PSEUDOCOD

```
START
```

```
fisier pointer FILE
```

```
DACA fisier = NULL ATUNCI
```

afisare "fisierul e null"

SFARSIT DACA

```
nr_linie_afisata, linie_curenta intreg
```

linie_curenta <- 1

nume, prenume, data_nastere, aux, aux1, aux2 siruri de caractere

CAT TIMP !feof(fisier) EXECUTA

DACA linie_curenta=nr_linie_afisata ATUNCI

citire din fisier "%s %s %s" nume, prenume, data_nastere

ALTFEL

// bagam in aux, aux1, aux2 sirurile de caractere care nu ne intereseaza citire din fisier "%s %s %s" aux, aux1, aux2

SFARSIT DACA

```
aux <- ""
```

aux1 <- ""

aux2 <- ""

PENTRU i=0;strlen(data_nastere);i++ EXECUTA

DACA i < 2 ATUNCI

concateneaza la aux data_nastere[i]

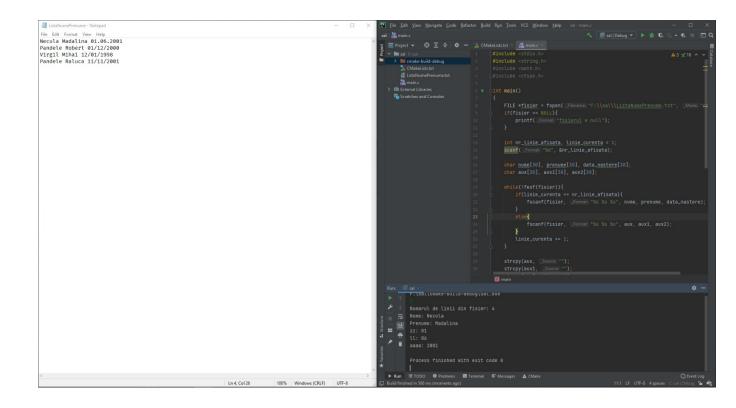
SFARSIT DACA

DACA i > 2 && i < 5 ATUNCI

```
concateneaza la aux1 data_nastere[i]
        SFARSIT DACA
        DACA i > 5 ATUNCI
               concateneaza la aux2 data_nastere[i]
        SFARSIT DACA
afisare linie_curenta - 1 // nr total linii
afisare nume
afisare prenume
afisare zi
afisare luna
afisare an
SFARSIT
COD
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main()
{
  FILE *fisier = fopen("F:\\sal\\ListaNumePrenume.txt", "rt");
  if(fisier == NULL){
    printf("fisierul e null");
  }
  int nr_linie_afisata, linie_curenta = 1;
  scanf("%d", &nr_linie_afisata);
  char nume[30], prenume[30], data_nastere[30];
```

```
char aux[30], aux1[30], aux2[30];
while(!feof(fisier)){
  if(linie_curenta == nr_linie_afisata){
    fscanf(fisier, "%s %s %s", nume, prenume, data_nastere);
  }
  else{
    fscanf(fisier, "%s %s %s", aux, aux1, aux2);
  }
  linie_curenta += 1;
}
strcpy(aux, "");
strcpy(aux1, "");
strcpy(aux2, "");
for(int i = 0; i < strlen(data_nastere); i++){</pre>
  if(i < 2){
    strncat(aux, &data_nastere[i], 1);
  }
  if(i > 2 \&\& i < 5){
    strncat(aux1, &data_nastere[i], 1);
  }
  if(i > 5){
    strncat(aux2, &data_nastere[i], 1);
  }
}
printf("Numarul de linii din fisier: %d\n", linie_curenta - 1);
printf("Nume: %s\n", nume);
printf("Prenume: %s\n", prenume);
```

```
printf("zz: %s\n", aux);
printf("II: %s\n", aux1);
printf("aaaa: %s\n", aux2);
fclose(fisier);
}
```



2.

PSEUDOCOD

START

```
region structura {x0, y0, x1, y1 intreg};
```

int Negate_Image(unsigned char* Img, int row, int col, struct region ROI) fisier pointer FILE

// afisare matrice inainte de prelucrare

PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA

PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA

afisare element matrice

afisare newline

PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA

PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA

Img[y * col + x] = 255 - Img[y * col + x]

// afisare matrice dupa prelucrare

PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA

PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA

afisare element matrice

afisare newline

int BlackWhite_Image(unsigned char* Image, int row, int col, struct region ROI)

fisier pointer FILE

// afisare matrice inainte de prelucrare

PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA

PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA

afisare element matrice

afisare newline

PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA

PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA

DACA Image[y * col + x] > 127 ATUNCI

Image[y * col + x] <- 255

ALTFEL

Image[y * col + x] <- 0

SFARSIT DACA

```
// afisare matrice dupa prelucrare
       PENTRU y=ROI.y1; y<=ROI.y0; y++ EXECUTA
               PENTRU x=ROI.x0; x<=ROI.x1; x++ EXECUTA
                       afisare element matrice
               afisare newline
int Gray_Image_Processing(unsigned char* Img, int n, int m, struct region ROI, int (*
pfunct)(unsigned char*, int, int, struct region))
       pfunct(Img, n, m, ROI)
main
       matrice unsigned char
       initializare seed pentru rand()
       i,j intregi
       i <- 0
       j <- 0
       PENTRU i=0; i<256; i++ EXECUTA
               PENTRU j=0; j<256; j++ EXECUTA
                       matrice[i][j] <- rand() % 256
       ROI struct region
       ROI.x0 <- 11
       ROI.x1 <- 13
       ROI.y0 <- 11
       ROI.y1 <- 11
```

pfunct pointer functie

```
pfunct <- BlackWhite_Image
Gray_Image_Processing(matrice, 256, 256, ROI, pfunct)</pre>
```

STOP

COD

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <time.h>
//Necula Madalina 01.06.2001
//x0 = 11; x1 = 13; y0 = 11; y1 = 11
struct region{
  int x0;
  int y0;
  int x1;
  int y1;
};
int Negate_Image(unsigned char* Img, int row, int col, struct region ROI);
int BlackWhite_Image(unsigned char* Image, int row, int col, struct region ROI);
int Gray_Image_Processing(unsigned char* Img, int n, int m, struct region ROI, int (*
pfunct)(unsigned char*, int, int, struct region));
int Negate_Image(unsigned char* Img, int row, int col, struct region ROI){
  // orice element x devine 255 - x
  FILE *fisier = fopen("F:\\sal\\imagine_neg.txt", "wt");
```

```
// Afisare imagine inainte de prelucrare
  for(int y = ROI.y1; y <= ROI.y0; y++){
    for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
       fprintf(fisier, "%d ", Img[y * col + x]);
    }
    fprintf(fisier, "\n");
  }
  fprintf(fisier, "========\n");
  for(int y = ROI.y1; y \le ROI.y0; y++){
    for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
       Img[y * col + x] = 255 - Img[y * col + x];
    }
  }
  // Afisare imagine dupa prelucrare
  for(int y = ROI.y1; y <= ROI.y0; y++){
    for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
       fprintf(fisier, "%d ", Img[y * col + x]);
    }
    fprintf(fisier, "\n");
  }
  fclose(fisier);
  return 1;
int BlackWhite_Image(unsigned char* Image, int row, int col, struct region ROI){
  // orice element x, daca x > 127 devine 255, altfel 0
  FILE *fisier = fopen("F:\\sal\\imagine_bw.txt", "wt");
```

}

```
// Afisare imagine inainte de prelucrare
for(int y = ROI.y1; y <= ROI.y0; y++){
  for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
    fprintf(fisier, "%d ", Image[y * col + x]);
  }
  fprintf(fisier, "\n");
}
fprintf(fisier, "========\n");
for(int y = ROI.y1; y <= ROI.y0; y++){
  for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
     if(Image[y * col + x] > 127){
       Image[y * col + x] = 255;
     }
     else{
       Image[y * col + x] = 0;
     }
  }
}
// Afisare imagine dupa prelucrare
for(int y = ROI.y1; y <= ROI.y0; y++){
  for(int x = ROI.x0; x \le ROI.x1; x++){
    fprintf(fisier, "%d ", Image[y * col + x]);
  }
  fprintf(fisier, "\n");
}
fclose(fisier);
return 1;
```

}

```
int Gray_Image_Processing(unsigned char* Img, int n, int m, struct region ROI, int (*
pfunct)(unsigned char*, int, int, struct region)){
  pfunct(Img, n, m, ROI);
}
int main()
{
  unsigned char matrice[256][256];
  srand(time(NULL));
  int random = rand() % 255;
  for(int i = 0; i < 256; i++){
    for(int j = 0; j < 256; j++){
      matrice[i][j] = rand() % 255;
    }
  }
  struct region ROI;
  ROI.x0 = 11; ROI.x1 = 13; ROI.y0 = 11; ROI.y1 = 11;
  int (* pfunct)(unsigned char*, int, int, struct region) = BlackWhite_Image;
  Gray_Image_Processing(matrice, 256, 256, ROI, pfunct);
}
```

```
| Dec | Ret Service | Dec | Dec | Ret Service | Dec | Dec | Ret Service | Dec Dec | Dec
```

3.**COD**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <time.h>

struct item{
    char N[20];
    int ID;
};

int main()
{
    void **vector = malloc(5 * sizeof(void *));
```

```
struct item obj;
int numar = 5;
float numar_real = 5.5;
obj.ID = 4567;
strcpy(obj.N, "AABBCC");
for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++){
  if(i == 0){
    vector[i] = malloc(sizeof(int));
    vector[i] = &numar;
  }
  if(i == 1){
    vector[i] = malloc(sizeof(float));
    vector[i] = &(numar_real);
  }
  if(i == 2){
    vector[i] = malloc(sizeof(struct item));
    vector[i] = &(obj);
  }
}
for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){
  if(i == 0){
    printf("nr intreg: %d\n", *(int *)(vector[i]));
  }
  if(i == 1){
    printf("nr real: %f\n", *(float *)(vector[i]));
  }
  if(i == 2){
    printf("obj.N %s obj.ID %d", (*(struct item *)(vector[i])).N, (*(struct item *)(vector[i])).ID);
```

}
}