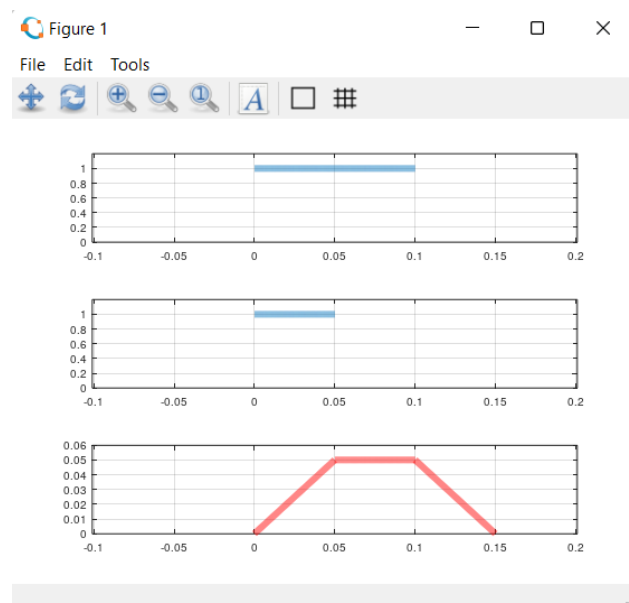


Tema PSP-Convolutia Semnalelor

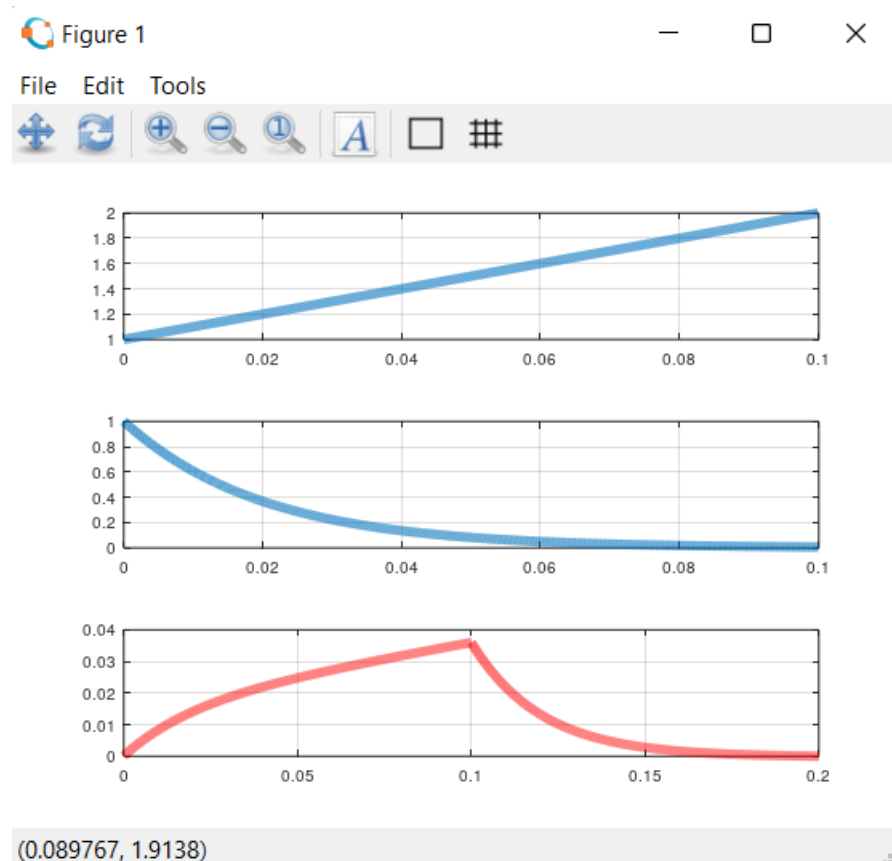
Exemplul1:

```
T3.ex1.m T3.ex2.m T3.1.m T3.2.m T3.3.m T3.5.m
1  clc;
2  clear all;
3  close all;
4
5  tstart = 0;
6  tstop = 0.1;
7  tpas = 0.0001;
8
9  t = tstart : tpas : tstop;
10 x = ones(1,1001);
11
12 subplot(3, 1, 1);
13 plot(t, x, 'linewidth', 3);
14 axis([-0.101 0.201 0 1.2]); grid;
15
16 tstop3 = 0.05;
17 t3 = tstart : tpas : tstop3;
18 h = ones(1,501);
19 subplot(3, 1, 2);
20 plot(t3, h, 'linewidth', 3);
21 axis([-0.101 0.201 0 1.2]); grid;
22
23 t2 = 2*tstart : tpas : tstop+tstop3;
24 y = conv(h, x)*tpas;
25
26 subplot(3, 1, 3);
27 plot(t2, y, 'r', 'linewidth', 3);
28 axis([-0.101 0.201 1]); grid;
29
30 %%reprezentarea grafica a convolutiei semnalelor dreptunghiulare
31 %%este un trapez intrucat bazele celor doua semnale nu sunt egale
```



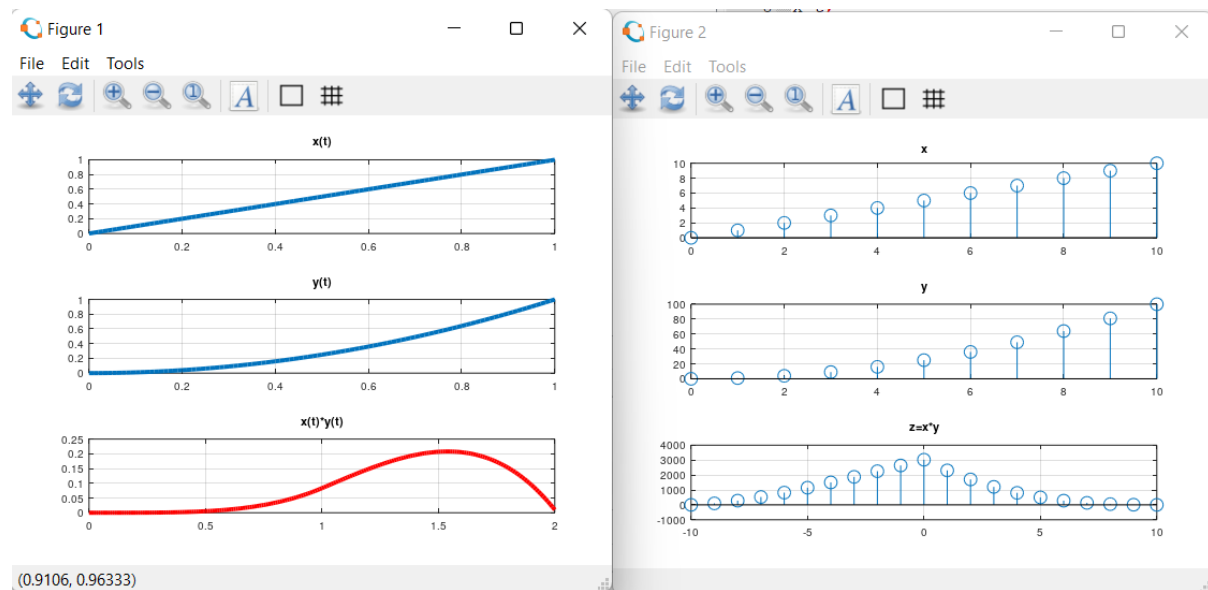
Exemplul2:

```
T3.ex1.m x T3.ex2.m x T3.1.m x T3.2.m x T3.3.m x T3.5.m x
1 clc;
2 clear all;
3 close all;
4
5 tstart = 0;
6 tstop = 0.1;
7 tpas = 0.0001;
8 f=50 %pentru o variatie exponentiala mai lina trebuie micsorata valoarea lui f
9
10 t = tstart : tpas : tstop;
11 x = 1+10*t; %am modificat semnul coeficientului lui t
12      %pt ca semnalul sa fie crescator
13 subplot(3, 1, 1);
14 plot(t, x, 'linewidth', 3);
15 axis([0 0.1001 1 2]); grid;
16
17 h = 1*exp(-f*t);
18 subplot(3, 1, 2);
19 plot(t, h, 'linewidth', 3);
20 axis([0 0.1001 0 1]); grid;
21
22 t2 = 2*tstart : tpas : tstop*2;
23 y = conv(h, x) *tpas;
24
25 subplot(3, 1, 3);
26 plot(t2, y, 'r', 'linewidth', 3);
27 axis(); grid;
```



Problema1:

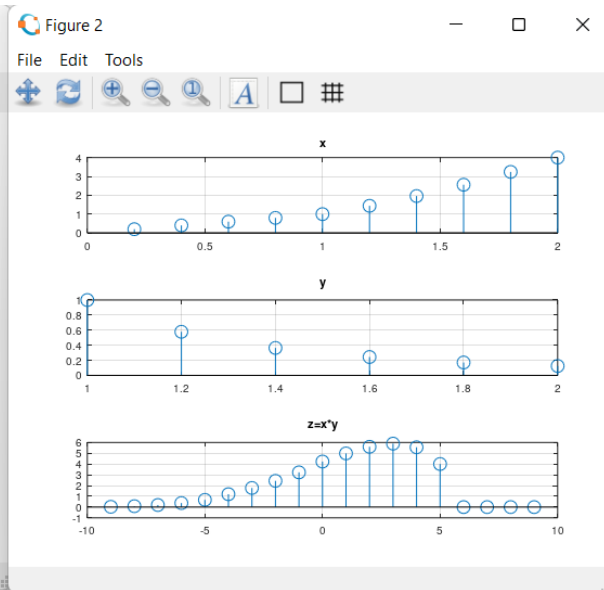
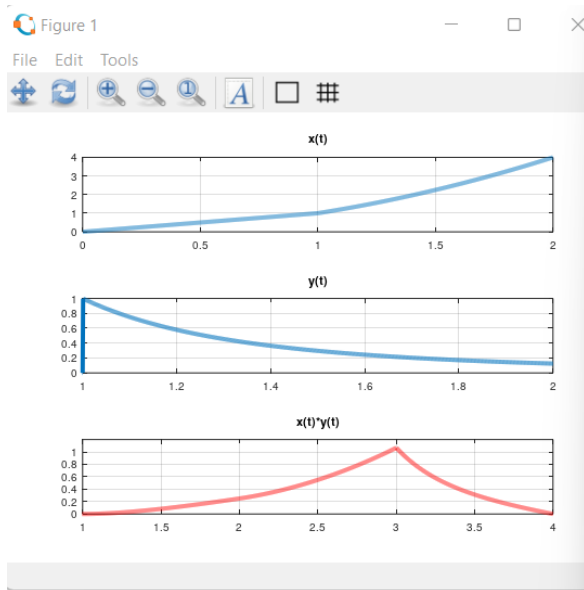
```
T3.ex1.m x T3.ex2.m x T3.1.m x T3.2.m x T3.3.m x T3.5.m x
1  clc;
2  clear all;
3  close all;
4  pkg load signal;
5
6  figure(1);
7  t= 0: 0.01: 1;
8  x=t;
9
10 subplot (3,1,1);
11 plot(t,x,'linewidth',2);
12 title('x(t) ');
13 grid;
14
15 h=(t).^2;
16 subplot(3,1,2);
17 plot(t,h,'linewidth',2);
18 title('y(t) ');
19 grid;
20
21 t2= 0: 0.01: 2;
22 y=conv(x,h)*0.01;
23
24 subplot(3,1,3);
25 plot(t2,y,'r','linewidth',2);
26 title('x(t)*y(t) ');
27 axis(); grid;
28
29 figure(2);
30 n=0:10;
31 x=n;
32 y=n.*n;
33 [z, intarziere]=xcorr(x,y);
34
35 subplot(3,1,1);
36 stem(n,x);
37 axis(); grid;
38 title(['x']);
39
40 subplot(3,1,2);
41 stem(n,y);
42 axis(); grid;
43 title(['y']);
44
45 subplot(3,1,3);
46 stem(intarziere,z);
47 axis(); grid;
48 title(['z=x*y']);
```



Problema2:

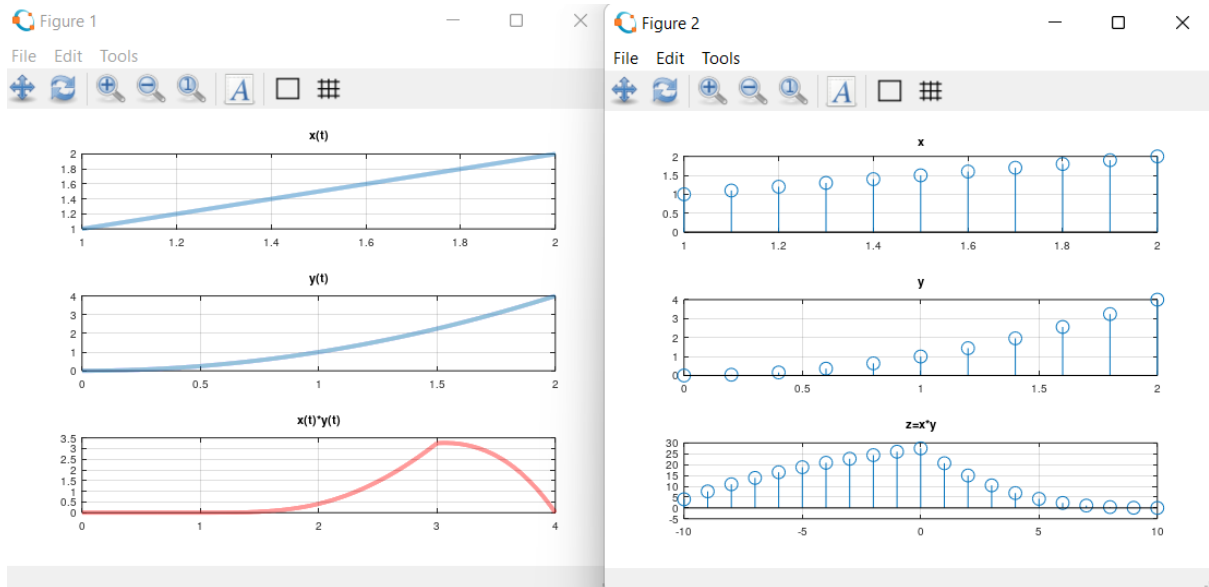
```
T3.ex1.m x T3.ex2.m x T3.1.m x T3.2.m x T3.3.m x T3.5.m x
1 clc;
2 clear all;
3 close all;
4 pkg load signal;
5
6 figure(1);
7 t=0.001: 0.001: 2;
8 x=t.*(t<=1) + t.*t.*(1<t);
9 y=(t.^(-3)).*(t>1);
10
11 subplot(3,1,1);
12 plot(t,x, 'linewidth',2);
13 title('x(t)');
14 grid;
15
16 subplot(3,1,2);
17 plot(t,y, 'linewidth',2);
18 title('y(t)');
19 axis([1 2 0 1]);grid;
20
21 t2= 0.002: 0.001: 4;
22 h=conv(x, y)*0.001;
23
24 subplot(3,1,3);
25 plot(t2,h,'r','linewidth',2);
26 title('x(t)*y(t)');
27 axis([1 4 0 1.2]);grid;
28
29 figure(2);
30 n=0.2: 0.2: 2;
31 x=n.*(n<=1)+(n.*n).*(n>1);
32 y=((n).^(-3)).*(n>=1));
33 [z, intarziere]=xcorr(x,y);
```

```
34
35 subplot(3,1,1);
36 stem(n,x);
37 axis();grid; title(['x']);
38
39 subplot(3,1,2);
40 stem(n,y);
41 axis([1 2 0 1]);grid; title(['y']);
42
43 subplot(3,1,3);
44 stem(intarziere,z);
45 axis(); grid;
46 title(['z=x*y']);
```



Problema3:

```
T3.ex1.m x T3.ex2.m x T3.1.m x T3.2.m x T3.3.m x T3.5.m x
1  clc;
2  clear all;
3  close all;
4  pkg load signal;
5
6  figure(1);
7  t= 0: 0.0001: 2;
8  x=t.*(t>=1);
9  y=t.^2;
10
11 subplot (3,1,1);
12 plot(t,x,'linewidth',2);
13 title('x(t)');
14 axis([1 2 1 2]);
15 grid;
16
17 subplot(3,1,2);
18 plot(t,y,'linewidth',2);
19 title('y(t)');
20 grid;
21
22 t2= 0: 0.0001: 4;
23 h=conv(x, y)*0.0001;
24
25 subplot(3,1,3);
26 plot(t2,h,'r','linewidth',2);
27 title('x(t)*y(t)');
28 axis(); grid;
29
30 figure(2);
31 n=1: 0.1: 2;
32 x=n.*(1<=n).*(n<=2);
33 n_h=0: 0.2: 2;
34
35 y=n_h.*n_h;
36 [z, intarziere]=xcorr(x,y);
37
38 subplot(3,1,1);
39 stem(n,x);
40 axis(); grid;
41 title(['x']);
42
43 subplot(3,1,2);
44 stem(n_h,y);
45 axis(); grid;
46 title(['y']);
47
48 subplot(3,1,3);
49 stem(intarziere,z);
50 axis(); grid;
51 title(['z=x*y']);
```



Problema5:

5. $x(t) = a \cdot t + b$; $t \in [0, 1]$ a. $x(0) = 0$; $x(1) = 4$
 $y(t) = c \cdot t + d$; $t \in [1, 2]$ a. $y(1) = 3$; $y(2) = 0$

$$x(t) = a \cdot t + b$$

$$x(0) = 0 \Rightarrow a \cdot 0 + b = 0 \Rightarrow b = 0$$

$$x(1) = 4 \Rightarrow a \cdot 1 + b = 4 \Rightarrow a = 4$$

$$x(t) = 4t + 0 \Rightarrow x(t) = 4t$$

$$y(t) = c \cdot t + d$$

$$\begin{aligned} y(1) = 3 &\Rightarrow c \cdot 1 + d = 3 \\ y(2) = 0 &\Rightarrow c \cdot 2 + d = 0 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} c + d = 3 \\ 2c + d = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow c = -3$$

$$c + d = 3 \Rightarrow d = 6$$

$$y(t) = -3t + 6$$

```
T3.ex1.m x T3.ex2.m x T3.1.m x T3.2.m x T3.3.m x T3.5.m x
1 clc;
2 clear all;
3 close all;
4 pkg load signal;
5
6 figure(1);
7 t=0: 0.0001: 2;
8 x=4.*t.*(t<=1);
9 y=(-3.*t+6).*(t>=1);
10
11 subplot(3,1,1);
12 plot(t,x, 'linewidth',2);
13 title('x(t)');
14 axis([0 1 0 4]);grid;
15
16 subplot(3,1,2);
17 plot(t,y, 'linewidth',2);
18 title('y(t)');
19 axis([1 2 0 3]);grid;
20
21 t2= 0: 0.0001: 4;
22 h=conv(x, y)*0.0001;
23
24 subplot(3,1,3);
25 plot(t2,h, 'r', 'linewidth',2);
26 title('x(t)*y(t)');
27 axis();grid;
28
29 figure(2);
30 n=0: 0.1: 2;
31 x=4.*n.*(n<=1);
32 y=(-3.*n+6).*(n>=1);
33 [z, intarziere]=xcorr(x,y);
34
35 subplot(3,1,1);
36 stem(n,x);
37 axis([0 1 0 4]);grid;
38 title(['x']);
39
40 subplot(3,1,2);
41 stem(n,y);
42 axis([1 2 0 3]);grid;
43 title(['y']);
44
45 subplot(3,1,3);
46 stem(intarziere,z);
47 axis(); grid;
48 title(['z=x*y']);
49
```