FUNCTII CA VAIORI DE ORD. I Functile pot & - valore als unos variable (tt. (de fine id (lambda (t) t))) - argumente pt alte functu - Interes de o function - membri ai unor structuri (ex: (list 12 FOIL GURRY/UNCURRY 1 FCTI, UNCURRITED -> primete tote parametrie Ex (define (add *y) (+ *y) primete ambii parametri dista @ FCTII GIRRY - primite parametri pe rand (define (add *) (> (y) (+ *y)) primete parametrul Letie Care primyte Aprelare: ((add 1) 2) > parametric sunt · TRANSFORMARE (Curry -> renourry) ((f2)3) - ((c>uf)23) Jorma uncurry forma curry

forma uncurry

· TRANSFORMARE [LENCURY > CURRY]

forma curry

| FUNCTIONALE (

FUNCTIONALE

= function care primes ca parametre o function (map of L1 . - . Ln) are a parametric -) Interra o lista formata din aplicarile lui of pe elementele liste ber Eximan f [1,2,3] => [f 1, f 2, f 3] · map f [f,2,3] [f,5,6] => [f 14,f 25,f 36] @ FILTER (fetter predicat L) > returneatà o listà cu toate el din L care Indeplinesc predicatel · (fetter negative! (-235-42))-)(-2-4) · (fetter (5 (*) (>* 5)) (1549)) =) (49) ! fetter elimina den lista doar elementele pentue care functia data ca parametre sontrare #f Ex. (filter (3 (x) x) (1#+3 #f,5)) =) 1(1 #t 3 5)

3 FOLDL = fold left

Ordinea parcurgirii: stga » dr $param 1 = (car L_1)$ f - ia ca parametri f param $z = (car L_z)$ param $n = (car L_z)$ → aplica f pe sen pe acumulator foldl ou [] = acc folde f acc [x: L] = folde f (f * acc) L ru. pe coada folde cons () (1 2 3) wentet inversat Com $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{(1)}$ $\frac{1}{(2)}$ $\frac{1}{(2)}$ $\frac{1}{(3)}$ $\frac{$. (folde (> (+ acc) (+ + acc)) (123) => 6 (suma) · '(257) -> 257: vreau sã formez un wr. din elementele lister $acc: 0 \rightarrow 2 + 0^* 10 = 2 \rightarrow 5 + 2^* 10 = 25 \rightarrow 4 + 25^* 10 = 25 \rightarrow 4$ (define (get-num L) 111 ~ 1/1

(> (* acc) (+ * (* 10 acc))) 0 4)) l'atentir la ordine 1 FOLDR = fold right (folder of acc Lo. - Ln) Ordine parcurgure: der f-asem ou f de la foldle 2 folds face [] = acc for face [#:L] = (f * (folder face L)) rec-pe stiva Ex: (foldr (3 (* acc) (cons * acc)) (1) (1/23)

Cons
(1/23)

(2/3) 2 Cons
2 (() $(folder + 0 | (123)) \rightarrow G(suma)$ my-filter (=) fetter den Radiet (define (my-filter & L)

(folder (*) (* acc)

(if (# *)

(S) APPLY (apply £ *1... * [y1...ym]) (=) (f *1... &n y1... ym)

Ex: (apply + 5 1(2 3 1))(=) (+ 5 2 3 1) • (apply cons ((12))(=) (cons $(2) \rightarrow ((1.2))$) ((123)(=) (cons $(23) \rightarrow ((1.2))$ • (apply list (234)(123))

(=) (list (234)(123)) =) ((234) 123) ((1 23) (4 5 6) (7 89)) → ((144) (258)(369)) (123) (456) (489) map list (123) (456) (489) (define (transpose)

(apply map list L))

(define ((123)(474))) (transpose L) -> "((14+)(258) (369))