

# List of highest-grossing films



Films generate income from several revenue streams, including theatrical exhibition, home video, television broadcast rights, and merchandising. However, theatrical box-office earnings are the primary metric for trade publications in assessing the success of a film, mostly because of the availability of the data compared to sales figures for home video and broadcast rights, but also because of historical practice. Included on the list are charts of the top box-office earners (ranked by both the nominal and real value of their revenue), a chart of high-grossing films by calendar year, a timeline showing the transition of the highest-grossing film record, and a chart of the highest-grossing film franchises and series. All charts are ranked by international theatrical box-office performance where possible, excluding income derived from home video, broadcasting rights, and merchandise.

Traditionally, war films, musicals, and historical dramas have been the most popular genres, but franchise films have been among the best performers of the 21st century. There is strong interest in the superhero genre, with ten films in the Marvel Cinematic Universe featuring among the nominal top-earners. The most successful superhero film, Avengers: Endgame, is also the second-highest-grossing film on the nominal earnings chart, and there are four films in total based on the Avengers comic books charting in the top twenty. Other Marvel Comics adaptations have also had success with the Spider-Man and X-Men properties, while films based on Batman and Superman from DC Comics have generally performed well. Star Wars is also represented in the nominal earnings chart with five films, while the Jurassic Park franchise features prominently. Although the nominal earnings chart is dominated by films adapted from pre-existing properties and sequels, it is headed by Avatar, which is an original work. Animated family films have performed consistently well, with Disney films enjoying lucrative re-releases prior to the home-video era. Disney also enjoyed later success with films such as Frozen and Frozen II, Zootopia, and The Lion King (with its computer-animated remake as the highest-grossing animated film), as well as its Pixar brand, of which Incredibles 2, Toy Story 3 and 4, and Finding Dory have been the best performers. Beyond Disney and Pixar animation, the Despicable Me, Shrek, and Ice Age series have met with the most success.



Gone with the Wind held the record of highest-grossing film for twenty-five years and, adjusted for inflation, has earned more than any other film.

While <u>inflation</u> has eroded the achievements of most films from the 1950s, 1960s, and 1970s, there are franchises originating from that period that are still active. Besides the *Star Wars* and *Superman* franchises, *James Bond* and *Godzilla* films are still being released periodically all four are among the highest greening franchises. Some of the older films that

films are still being released periodically; all four are among the highest-grossing franchises. Some of the older films that held the record of highest-grossing film still have respectable grosses by today's standards, but no longer compete numerically against today's top-earners in an era of much higher individual ticket prices. When those prices are adjusted for inflation, however, then *Gone with the Wind*—which was the highest-grossing film outright for twenty-five years—is still the highest-grossing film of all time. All grosses on the list are expressed in <u>U.S. dollars</u> at their nominal value, except where stated otherwise.

# **Highest-grossing films**

With a worldwide box-office gross of over \$2.9 billion, Avatar is proclaimed to be the "highest-grossing" film, but such claims usually refer to theatrical revenues only and do not take into account home video and television income, which can form a significant portion of a film's earnings. Once revenue from home entertainment is factored in, it is not immediately clear which film is the most successful.  $\underline{Titanic}$  earned \$1.2 billion from  $\underline{video}$  and  $\underline{DVD}$  sales and rentals,  $\underline{^{[1]}}$  in addition to the \$2.2 billion it grossed in theaters. While complete sales data are not available for  $\underline{Avatar}$ , it earned \$345 million from the sale of sixteen million  $\underline{DVD}$  and  $\underline{Blu-ray}$  units in North America,  $\underline{^{[2]}}$  and ultimately sold a total of thirty million  $\underline{DVD}$  and  $\underline{Blu-ray}$  units worldwide.  $\underline{^{[3]}}$  After home video income is accounted for, both films have earned over \$3 billion each. Television  $\underline{broadcast}$  rights will also substantially add to a film's earnings, with a film often earning the equivalent of as much as 20-25% of its theatrical box office for two television runs, on top of  $\underline{pay-per-view}$  revenues;  $\underline{^{[4]}}$   $\underline{Titanic}$  earned a further \$55 million from the  $\underline{NBC}$  and  $\underline{HBO}$  broadcast rights,  $\underline{^{[1]}}$  equating to about 9% of its North American gross.

When a film is highly exploitable as a commercial property, its ancillary revenues can dwarf its income from direct film sales. [5] The Lion King (1994) earned over \$2 billion in box-office and home video sales, [1] but this pales in comparison to the \$8 billion earned at box offices around the world by the stage adaptation. [6] Merchandising can be extremely lucrative too: The Lion King also sold \$3 billion of merchandise, [7] while Pixar's Cars—which earned \$462 million in theatrical revenues and was only a modest hit by comparison to other Pixar films [8]—generated global merchandise sales of over \$8 billion in the five years after its 2006 release [9][10] Pixar had another huge hit with Toy Story 3, which generated almost \$10 billion in merchandise retail sales in addition to the \$1 billion it earned at the box office. [111]



Three of the four highestgrossing films, including *Avatar* at the top, were written and directed by James Cameron.

On this chart, films are ranked by the revenues from theatrical exhibition at their nominal value, along with the highest positions they attained. Six films in total have grossed in excess of \$2 billion worldwide, with *Avatar* ranked in the top position. All of the films have had a theatrical run (including re-releases) in the 21st century, and films that have not played during this period do not appear on the chart because of ticket-price inflation, population size and ticket purchasing trends not being considered.

† Background shading indicates films playing in the week commencing 16 February 2024 in theaters around the world.

# ${\it Highest-grossing films}^{\underline{[12]}}$

| Rank | Peak             | Title   | Worldwide gross              | Year | Ref          |
|------|------------------|---|------------------------------|------|--------------|
| 1    | 1                | <u>Avatar</u>                                 | \$2,923,706,026              | 2009 | [# 1][# 2]   |
| 2    | 1                | Avengers: Endgame                             | \$2,797,501,328              | 2019 | [# 3][# 4]   |
| 3    | 3                | Avatar: The Way of Water                      | \$2,320,250,281              | 2022 | [# 5][# 6]   |
| 4    | 1                | <u>Titanic</u>                                | <sup>T</sup> \$2,257,844,554 | 1997 | [# 7][# 8]   |
| 5    | 3                | Star Wars: The Force Awakens                  | \$2,068,223,624              | 2015 | [# 9][# 10]  |
| 6    | 4                | Avengers: Infinity War                        | \$2,048,359,754              | 2018 | [# 11][# 12] |
| 7    | 6                | Spider-Man: No Way Home                       | \$1,921,847,111              | 2021 | [# 13][# 14] |
| 8    | 3                | Jurassic World                                | \$1,671,537,444              | 2015 | [# 15][# 16] |
| 9    | 7                | The Lion King                                 | \$1,656,943,394              | 2019 | [# 17][# 4]  |
| 10   | 3                | The Avengers                                  | \$1,518,815,515              | 2012 | [# 18][# 19] |
| 11   | 4                | Furious 7                                     | \$1,515,341,399              | 2015 | [# 20][# 21] |
| 12   | 11               | Top Gun: Maverick                             | \$1,495,696,292              | 2022 | [# 22][# 23] |
| 13   | 10               | Frozen II                                     | \$1,450,026,933              | 2019 | [# 24][# 25] |
| 14   | 14               | Barbie †                                      | \$1,445,638,421              | 2023 | [# 26][# 27] |
| 15   | 5                | Avengers: Age of Ultron                       | \$1,402,809,540              | 2015 | [# 28][# 21] |
| 16   | 15               | The Super Mario Bros. Movie †                 | \$1,361,955,498              | 2023 | [# 29][# 30] |
| 17   | 9                | Black Panther                                 | \$1,347,280,838              | 2018 | [# 31][# 32] |
| 18   | 3                | Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows – Part 2 | \$1,342,139,727              | 2011 | [# 33][# 34] |
| 19   | 9                | Star Wars: The Last Jedi                      | \$1,332,539,889              | 2017 | [# 35][# 36] |
| 20   | 12               | Jurassic World: Fallen Kingdom                | \$1,308,473,425              | 2018 | [# 37][# 12] |
| 21   | 5                | Frozen  | F\$1,290,000,000             | 2013 | [# 38][# 39] |
| 22   | 10               | Beauty and the Beast                          | \$1,263,521,126              | 2017 | [# 40][# 41] |
| 23   | 15               | Incredibles 2                                 | \$1,242,805,359              | 2018 | [# 42][# 12] |
| 24   | 11               | The Fate of the Furious                       | F8\$1,238,764,765            | 2017 | [# 43][# 41] |
| 25   | 5                | Iron Man 3                                    | \$1,214,811,252              | 2013 | [# 44][# 45] |
| 26   | 10               | Minions                                       | \$1,159,444,662              | 2015 | [# 46][# 16] |
| 27   | 12               | Captain America: Civil War                    | \$1,153,337,496              | 2016 | [# 47][# 48] |
| 28   | 20               | <u>Aquaman</u>                                | \$1,148,528,393              | 2018 | [# 49][# 12] |
| 29   | 2                | The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King | \$1,147,997,407              | 2003 | [# 50][# 51] |
| 30   | 24 <sup>RK</sup> | Spider-Man: Far From Home                     | \$1,131,927,996              | 2019 | [# 52][# 4]  |
| 31   | 23 <sup>RK</sup> | Captain Marvel                                | \$1,128,274,794              | 2019 | [# 53][# 54] |
| 32   | 5 <sup>RK</sup>  | Transformers: Dark of the Moon                | \$1,123,794,079              | 2011 | [# 55][# 34] |
| 33   | 7                | Skyfall                                       | \$1,108,569,499              | 2012 | [# 56][# 57] |
| 34   | 10               | Transformers: Age of Extinction               | \$1,104,054,072              | 2014 | [# 58][# 59] |
| 35   | 7                | The Dark Knight Rises                         | \$1,081,169,825              | 2012 | [# 60][# 61] |
| 36   | 31               | <u>Joker</u>                                  | \$1,074,458,282              | 2019 | [# 62][# 25] |
| 37   | 32               | Star Wars: The Rise of Skywalker              | \$1,074,144,248              | 2019 | [# 63][# 25] |
| 38   | 30               | Toy Story 4                                   | \$1,073,394,593              | 2019 | [# 64][# 4]  |
| 39   | 4 <sup>TS3</sup> | Toy Story 3                                   | \$1,066,970,811              | 2010 | [# 65][# 66] |
| 40   | 3                | Pirates of the Caribbean: Dead Man's Chest    | \$1,066,179,747              | 2006 | [# 67][# 68] |
| 41   | 20               | Rogue One: A Star Wars Story                  | \$1,057,420,387              | 2016 | [# 69][# 70] |
| 42   | 34               | <u>Aladdin</u>                                | \$1,050,693,953              | 2019 | [# 71][# 4]  |
| 43   | 6                | Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides   | \$1,045,713,802              | 2011 | [# 72][# 66] |
| 44   | 1                | Jurassic Park                                 | \$1,037,535,230              | 1993 | [# 73][# 74] |
| 45   | 24               | Despicable Me 3                               | \$1,034,800,131              | 2017 | [# 75][# 41] |
| 46   | 22               | Finding Dory                                  | \$1,028,570,942              | 2016 | [# 76][# 77] |
| 47   | 2                | Star Wars: Episode I – The Phantom Menace     | \$1,027,082,707              | 1999 | [# 78][# 8]  |
| 48   | 5                | Alice in Wonderland                           | \$1,025,468,216              | 2010 | [# 79][# 80] |
| 49   | 24               | Zootopia                                      | \$1,023,784,195              | 2016 | [# 81][# 48] |

| 50 | 14 | The Hobbit: An Unexpected Journey   | \$1.017.030.651 | 2012 | [# 82][# 83] |  |
|----|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------|--------------|--|
| 50 | 14 | The Hobbit. All offexpected Journey | \$1,017,030,031 | 2012 | [ CE][ CO]   |  |

<sup>T</sup>The totals given for *Titanic* at <u>Box Office Mojo</u> and <u>The Numbers</u> are both incorrect. Prior to the 2023 re-release, the totals at both trackers were inflated above the true figure.

- As of 2019, Box Office Mojo correctly recorded that *Titanic* had grossed \$1.843 billion on its original release, \$344 million from its 3D reissue in 2012, and a further \$692,000 from a limited release in 2017 for a lifetime total of \$2.187 billion. Following a limited re-release in 2020, Box Office Mojo incorrectly added \$7 million to the original release total. By the end of 2021, Box Office Mojo had corrected the original release total, but added the \$7 million figure to both the 2012 and 2017 reissue totals, incorrectly increasing the lifetime total by \$14 million to \$2.202 billion. At the beginning of 2023, Box Office Mojo corrected the total for the 2017 reissue, bringing the lifetime gross down to \$2.195 billion, but retained the error in the 2012 reissue.
- The Numbers does not log individual releases, but had the lifetime total recorded as \$2.186 billion in September 2014 (roughly equating to \$1.843 billion for the original release and \$343.6 million for the 3D reissue). (17] A couple of weeks later, The Numbers increased the lifetime gross to \$2.208 billion, without explanation. (18]

FBox Office Mojo stopped updating its main total for *Frozen* in August 2014, while it was still in release. The total listed here incorporates subsequent earnings in Japan, Nigeria, Spain, the United Kingdom and Germany up to the end of 2015 but omits earnings in Turkey, Iceland, Brazil, and Australia (2016), which amount to a few hundred thousand dollars. The total is rounded to \$1 million to compensate for the numerical inaccuracy. It was re-released in the United Kingdom in December 2017 with *Olaf's Frozen Adventure*, earning an additional \$2.3 million.

F<sup>8</sup>In the case of *The Fate of the Furious* the gross is from an archived version of Box Office Mojo, after irregularities were discovered in the current figure. Ongoing weekly drops in the totals for several countries—Argentina being the worst affected—led to a drop in the overall worldwide total. In view of what appears to be an aberration in the source, a previous figure is provided.

RKThe Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King saw its original gross corrected in early 2020. The result of this correction is that Spider-Man: Far From Home, Captain Marvel and Transformers: Dark of the Moon all peaked one place lower than shown in the accompanying source.

TS3Box Office Mojo revised the grosses for Pixar films in August 2016, resulting in the gross for *Toy Story 3* being corrected from \$1.063 billion to \$1.067 billion. [20][21] This means that it peaked at number 4 at the end of its run, ahead of *Pirates of the Caribbean: Dead Man's Chest*, rather than at number 5 as indicated by the source.

# Highest-grossing films adjusted for inflation

Because of the long-term effects of <u>inflation</u>, notably the significant increase of movie theater ticket prices, the list unadjusted for inflation gives far more weight to later films.  $\frac{[22]}{}$  The unadjusted list, while commonly found in the press, is therefore largely meaningless for comparing films widely separated in time, as many films from earlier eras will never appear on a modern unadjusted list, despite achieving higher commercial success when adjusted for price increases.  $\frac{[23]}{}$  To compensate for the devaluation of the currency, some charts make adjustments for inflation, but not even this practice fully addresses the issue, since ticket prices and inflation do not necessarily parallel one another. For example, in 1970, tickets cost \$1.55 or about \$6.68 in inflation-adjusted 2004 dollars; by 1980, prices had risen to about \$2.69, a drop to \$5.50 in inflation-adjusted 2004 dollars.  $\frac{[24]}{}$  Ticket prices have also risen at different rates of inflation around the world, further complicating the process of adjusting worldwide grosses.  $\frac{[22]}{}$ 



Inflation rates around the world vary, complicating inflation adjustment.

Another complication is release in multiple formats for which different ticket prices are charged. One notable example of this phenomenon is *Avatar*, which was also released in 3D and 1MAX: almost two-thirds of tickets for that film were for 3D showings with an average price of \$10, and about one-sixth were for 1MAX showings with an average price over \$14.50, compared to a 2010 average price of \$7.61 for 2D films. 1MAX Solve and the growth of international markets 1MAX also have an effect on the number of people purchasing theater tickets, along with audience demographics where some films sell a much higher proportion of discounted children's tickets, or perform better in big cities where tickets cost more.

The measuring system for gauging a film's success is based on unadjusted grosses, mainly because historically this is the way it has always been done because of the practices of the film industry: the box-office receipts are compiled by theaters and relayed to the distributor, which in turn releases them to the media.  $^{[30]}$  Converting to a more representative system that counts ticket sales rather than gross is also fraught with problems because the only data available for older films are the sale totals.  $^{[26]}$  As the motion picture industry is highly oriented towards marketing currently released films, unadjusted figures are always used in marketing campaigns so that new blockbuster films can much more easily achieve a high sales ranking, and thus be promoted as a "top film of all time",  $^{[24][31]}$  so there is little incentive to switch to a more robust analysis from a marketing or even newsworthy point of view.  $^{[30]}$ 

Despite the inherent difficulties in accounting for inflation, several attempts have been made. Estimates depend on the <u>price index</u> used to adjust the grosses, [31] and the <u>exchange rates</u> used to convert between currencies can also affect the calculations, both of which can have an effect on the ultimate rankings of an inflation adjusted list. *Gone with the Wind*—first released in 1939—is generally considered to be the most successful film, with *Guinness World Records* in 2014 estimating its adjusted global gross at \$3.4 billion. Estimates for *Gone with the Wind*'s adjusted gross have varied substantially: its owner, <u>Turner Entertainment</u>, estimated its adjusted earnings at \$3.3 billion in 2007, a few years earlier than the *Guinness* estimate; [32] other estimates fall either side of this amount, with one putting its gross just under \$3 billion in 2010, [33] while another provided an alternative figure of \$3.8 billion in 2006. [34] Which film is *Gone with the Wind*'s nearest rival depends on the set of figures used: *Guinness* had *Avatar* in second place with \$3 billion, while other estimates saw *Titanic* in the runner-up spot with first-run worldwide earnings of almost \$2.9 billion at 2010 prices. [33]

Highest-grossing films as of 2022 adjusted for inflation[35][Inf]

| Rank | Title                        | Worldwide gross<br>(2022 \$) | Year |
|------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
| 1    | Gone with the Wind           | \$4,204,000,000              | 1939 |
| 2    | Avatar                       | A1\$3,834,000,000            | 2009 |
| 3    | Titanic                      | <sup>T</sup> \$3,495,000,000 | 1997 |
| 4    | Star Wars                    | \$3,453,000,000              | 1977 |
| 5    | Avengers: Endgame            | AE\$3,174,000,000            | 2019 |
| 6    | The Sound of Music           | \$2,892,000,000              | 1965 |
| 7    | E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial   | \$2,823,000,000              | 1982 |
| 8    | The Ten Commandments         | \$2,673,000,000              | 1956 |
| 9    | Doctor Zhivago               | \$2,534,000,000              | 1965 |
| 10   | Star Wars: The Force Awakens | TFA\$2,498,000,000           | 2015 |

InfInflation adjustment is carried out using the <u>Consumer price index</u> for advanced economies published by the <u>International Monetary Fund. [36]</u> The index is uniformly applied to the grosses in the chart published by *Guinness World Records* in 2014, beginning with the 2014 index. The figures in the above chart take into account inflation that occurred in 2014, and in every available year since then, through 2022.

# High-grossing films by year

Audience tastes were fairly eclectic during the 20th century, but several trends did emerge. During the silent era, films with war themes were popular with audiences, with The Birth of a Nation (American Civil War), The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse, The Biq Parade and Wings (all World War I) becoming the most successful films in their respective years of release, with the trend coming to an end with All Quiet on the Western Front in 1930. With the advent of sound in 1927, the musical—the genre best placed to showcase the new technology—took over as the most popular type of film with audiences, with 1928 and 1929 both being topped by musical films. The genre continued to perform strongly in the 1930s, but the outbreak of World War II saw war-themed films dominate again during this period, starting with Gone with the Wind (American Civil War) in 1939, and finishing with The Best Years of Our Lives (World War II) in 1946. Samson and Delilah (1949) saw the beginning of a trend of increasingly expensive historical dramas set during Ancient Rome/biblical times throughout the 1950s as cinema competed with television for audiences, [44] with Quo Vadis, The Robe, The Ten Commandments, Ben-Hur and Spartacus all becoming the highest-grossing film of the year during initial release, before the genre started to wane after several highprofile failures. [45] The success of White Christmas and South Pacific in the 1950s foreshadowed the comeback of the musical in the 1960s with West Side Story, Mary Poppins, My Fair Lady, The Sound of Music and Funny Girl all among the top films of the decade. The 1970s saw a shift in audience tastes to high concept films, with six such films made by either George Lucas or Steven Spielberg topping the chart during the 1980s. The 21st century has seen an increasing dependence on franchises and adaptations, with the boxoffice dominance of films based on pre-existing intellectual property at record levels. [46]

#### **Glossary: Distributor rentals**

Box-office figures are reported in either gross revenue or *distributor rentals*, the latter being especially true of older films. Commonly mistaken for home video revenue, distributor rentals are the distributor's share of the film's theatrical revenue (i.e. the box office gross less the exhibitor's cut). [41][42] Historically, the rental price averaged at 30–40% when the distributors owned the theater chains, equating to just over a third of the gross being paid to the distributor of the film. [43] In the modern marketplace, rental fees can vary greatly—depending on a number of factors—although the films from the major studios average out at 43%. [41]

Steven Spielberg is the most represented director on the chart, with six films to his credit, occupying the top spot in 1975, 1981, 1982, 1984, 1989 and 1993. Cecil B. DeMille (1932, 1947, 1949, 1952 and 1956) is in second place with five films and William Wyler (1942, 1946, 1959 and 1968) and James Cameron (1991, 1997, 2009 and 2022) are tied for third place with four films. D. W. Griffith (1915, 1916 and 1920), George Roy Hill (1966, 1969 and 1973) and the Russo brothers (2016, 2018 and 2019) all feature heavily with three films apiece. George Lucas directed two chart-toppers in 1977 and 1999, but also served in a strong creative capacity as a producer and writer in 1980, 1981, 1983, 1984 and 1989 as well. The following directors have also all directed two films on the chart: Frank Lloyd, King Vidor, Frank Capra, Michael Curtiz, Leo McCarey, Alfred Hitchcock, David Lean, Stanley Kubrick, Guy Hamilton, Mike Nichols, William Friedkin, Peter Jackson, Gore Verbinski, and Michael Bay; Mervyn LeRoy, Ken Annakin and Robert Wise are each represented by one solo credit and one shared credit, and John Ford co-directed two films. Disney films are usually co-directed and some directors have served on several winning teams: Wilfred Jackson, Hamilton Luske, Clyde Geronimi, David Hand, Ben Sharpsteen, Wolfgang Reitherman and Bill Roberts have all co-directed at least two films on the list. Only seven directors have topped the chart in consecutive years: McCarey (1944 and 1945), Nichols (1966 and 1967), Spielberg (1981 and 1982), Jackson (2002 and 2003), Verbinski (2006 and 2007) and the Russo brothers (2018 and 2019).

Because of release schedules—especially in the case of films released towards the end of the year—and different release patterns across the world, many films can do business in two or more calendar years; therefore the grosses documented here are not confined to just the year of release. Grosses are not limited to original theatrical runs either, with many older films often being re-released periodically so the figures represent all the business a film has done since its original release; a film's first-run gross is included in brackets after the total if known. Because of incomplete data it cannot be known for sure how much money some films have made and when they made it, but generally the chart chronicles the films from each year that went on to earn the most. In the cases where estimates conflict both films are recorded, and in cases where a film has moved into first place because of being re-released the previous record-holder is also retained.

A<sup>1</sup>The adjusted gross for *Avatar* includes revenue from the original release and all four reissues. The original release and 2010 Special Edition grosses are adjusted from the Guinness base year, whilst the 2020 and 2021 grosses are adjusted from the 2021 index and the 2022 gross from 2022.[37]

 $<sup>^{</sup>T}$ Guinness' adjusted total for *Titanic* only increased by \$102,000,000 between the 2012 (published in 2011) and 2015 editions, a rise of 4.2% shared by the other adjusted totals in the chart, and omitted the gross from a 3D re-release in 2012. [35][38] This chart incorporates the gross of \$343,550,770 from the reissue and adjusts it from the 2013 index. [39] *Titanic* grossed a further \$762,994 during limited re-releases in 2017 and 2020, but this sum is not represented in the adjusted total. [40]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>AE</sup>The gross for *Avengers: Endgame* is adjusted from the 2020 index.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{TFA}}$ The gross for Star Wars: The Force Awakens is adjusted from the 2016 index.



Films directed by Steven Spielberg have been the highest-grossing film of the year on six occasions, and on three occasions have been the highest-grossing film of all time.

# High-grossing films by year of release $\ensuremath{^{[47][48][49]}}$

| \$20,000,000-8 (\$5,200,000)   \$385,007   \$3  | Year        | Title                               | Worldwide gross   | Budget                | Ref                                 |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1917   Clegopatra   | 1915        | The Birth of a Nation               |   | \$110,000             | [# 84][# 85][# 86]                  |
| 1910   Mickey   | 1916        | Intolerance                         | \$1,750,000 <sup>R</sup> IN                                 | \$385,907             | [50][51]                            |
| 1919   The Miracle Man  | 1917        | Cleopatra                           | \$500,000 <del>*</del> R                                    | \$300,000             | [# 87][# 88]                        |
| 1920   Way Down East  | 1918        | Mickey                              | \$8,000,000   | \$250,000             | [# 89]                              |
| 1921   The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse   \$5,000.000  | 1919        | The Miracle Man                     | \$3,000,000R  | \$120,000             | [# 90]                              |
| 1922   Douglas Faithanks in Robin Hood  | 1920        | Way Down East                       | \$5,000,000 <sup>R</sup> (\$4,000,000) <sup>R</sup>         | \$800,000             | [# 91][# 92]                        |
| 1923   The Covered Wagon  | 1921        | The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse | \$5,000,000 <sup>R</sup> (\$4,000,000) <sup>R</sup>         | \$600,000-800,000     | [# 93]                              |
| 1924   The Sea Hawk   | 1922        | Douglas Fairbanks in Robin Hood     | \$2,500,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$930,042.78          | [# 94][# 95]                        |
| The Big Parade  | 1923        | The Covered Wagon                   | \$5,000,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$800,000             | [# 96][# 97]                        |
| 1925   Ben-Hur  | 1924        | The Sea Hawk                        | \$3,000,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$700,000             | [# 96]                              |
| 1926   Sor Heaven's Sake   \$2,600,000 <sup>©</sup> EH   \$150,000   [if 91]if 103]     1927   Wings   \$3,600,000 <sup>©</sup> \$2,000,000   [if 91]if 104]if 104     1928   The Singing Fool   \$5,900,000 <sup>©</sup> \$388,000   [if 105]if 106]     1929   The Broadway Melody   \$4,400,000-4,800,000 <sup>©</sup> \$379,000   [if 107]if 108]     1929   Sumy Side Up   \$3,500,000 <sup>©</sup> \$3 \$600,000   [if 107]if 108]     1930   All Quiet on the Western Front   \$3,000,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,250,000   [if 114]if 115]     1931   City Lights   \$5,000,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,607,351   [if 116]     1932   The Sign of the Cross   \$2,738,993   \$694,065   [if 97]if 117]if 118]     1933   King Kong   \$5,347,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,856,000  \$672,255.75   [if 120]     1934   The Meny Widow   \$3,000,000-4,000,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,116,000   [if 123]if 124]if 1   1935   The Meny Widow   \$2,600,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,605,000   [if 123]if 124]if 1   1935   Mutiny on the Bounty   \$4,460,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,905,000   [if 123]if 124]if 1   1936   San Francisco   \$6,044,000+ <sup>©</sup> \$5,273,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,300,000   [if 123]if 124]if 1   1937   Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs   \$418,000,000+ <sup>©</sup> \$1,200,000   [if 123]if 129]if 1   1938   You Can't Take It with You   \$390,525,192-402,385,579   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   [if 123]if 129]if 1   1940   Boom Town   \$87,000,600 <sup>©</sup> \$2,600,000   [if 123]if 129]if 1   1941   Sergeant York   \$7,800,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,344,000   [if 143]if 139]if 1   1943   Mrs. Miniver   \$8,878,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,344,000   [if 143]if 148]if 1   1944   Mrs. Miniver   \$8,878,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,344,000   [if 143]if 148]if 1   1944   Mrs. Miniver   \$8,878,000 <sup>©</sup> \$1,344,000   [if 143]if 143]if 144]if 144]i | 1925        | The Big Parade                      | 1                     | \$382,000             | [# 98][# 99][# 100]                 |
| 1927   Wings  |             | Ben-Hur                             | \$10,738,000 <sup>R</sup> (\$9,386,000) <sup>R</sup>        | \$3,967,000           | [# 101][# 102]                      |
| 1928   The Singing Fool   \$5,900,000   | 1926        | For Heaven's Sake                   | \$2,600,000 <sup>R</sup> FH                                 | \$150,000             | [# 91][# 103]                       |
| 1929   The Broadway Melody  | 1927        | Wings                               | \$3,600,000 <u>R</u>  | \$2,000,000           | [# 91][# 104][# 105]                |
| 1939   Sunny Side Up  | 1928        | The Singing Fool                    | \$5,900,000 <u>R</u>  | \$388,000             | [# 105][# 106]                      |
| Sunny Side Up   | 1000        | The Broadway Melody                 | \$4,400,000–4,800,000 <u>R</u>                              | \$379,000             | [# 107][# 108]                      |
| Frankenstein   \$12,000,000   \$1,400,000   \$2,50,000  | 1929        | Sunny Side Up                       | \$3,500,000*R SS  | \$600,000             | [# 109][# 110]                      |
| 1931   City Lights  | 1930        | All Quiet on the Western Front      | \$3,000,000 <u>R</u>  | \$1,250,000           | [# 91][# 111][# 112][# 113]         |
| City Lights   |             | Frankenstein                        | \$12,000,000 <sup>R</sup> (\$1,400,000) <sup>R</sup>        | \$250,000             | [# 114][# 115]                      |
| Section   Sect  | 1931        | City Lights                         | \$5,000,000 <u>R</u>  | \$1,607,351           | [# 116]                             |
| 1933   1934   1935   1936   1937   1938   | 1932        | The Sign of the Cross               | \$2,738,993 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$694,065             | [# 97][# 117][# 118][# 119]         |
| 1933   Cavalcade  |             | King Kong                           | \$5,347,000 <sup>R</sup> (\$1,856,000) <sup>R</sup>         | \$672,255.75          | [# 120]                             |
| Cavalcade   \$3,000,000-4,000,000R   \$1,116,000   \$\frac{\text{iff 112}}{\text{iff 123}} \rm{112}{\text{iff 123}} 11   |             | I'm No Angel                        | \$3,250,000+R   | \$200,000             | [# 121][# 122]                      |
| The Merry Widow   \$2,608,000R   \$1,605,000   [# 126][# 118]     It Happened One Night   \$2,500,000R ON   \$325,000   [# 127][# 128]     1935   Mutiny on the Bounty   \$4,460,000R   \$1,905,000   [# 118]     1936   San Francisco   \$6,044,000+R (\$5,273,000)R   \$1,300,000   [# 126][# 118]     1937   Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs   \$418,000,000+S (\$8,500,000)R   \$1,488,423   [# 129][# 130]     1938   You Can't Take It with You   \$5,000,000R   \$1,200,000   [# 131][# 132]     1939   Gone with the Wind   \$390,525,192-402,352,579   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   [# 133][# 134][# 135][# 1     1940   Pinocchio   \$87,000,862* (\$3,500,000]R   \$2,600,000   [# 138][# 130][# 1     1941   Sergeant York   \$7,800,000R   \$1,600,000   [# 140][# 141]     1942   Mrs. Miniver   \$8,878,000R   \$1,344,000   [# 144][# 145][# 1     1943   For Whom the Bell Tolls   \$11,000,000R   \$2,681,298   [# 149][# 150][# 1   | 1933        | Cavalcade                           | _   | \$1,116,000           | [# 92][# 112]                       |
| 1934  |             | She Done Him Wrong                  | \$3,000,000+R   | \$274,076             | [# 123][# 124][# 125]               |
| It Happened One Night   |             | The Merry Widow                     | \$2,608,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$1,605,000           | [# 126][# 118]                      |
| 1936   San Francisco   \$6,044,000+R (\$5,273,000)R   \$1,300,000   \$\pmathrm{\  | 1934        | It Happened One Night               | \$2,500,000 <sup>R</sup> ON                                 | \$325,000             | [# 127][# 128]                      |
| 1937   Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs   \$418,000,000+\$\frac{ST}{S}\$ (\$8,500,000)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$1,488,423   \$\frac{\pmu}{129][\pmu}\$ 130]   \$1,200,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{131}[\pmu]\$ 132]   \$1939   \$390,525,192-402,352,579   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{133}[\pmu]\$ 133] \$\pmu\$ 134] \$\pmu\$ 135] \$\pmu\$ 1   \$1940   \$87,000,862^*\$ (\$3,500,000)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$2,600,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{133}[\pmu]\$ 130] \$\pmu\$ 1   \$\$1940   \$\$1,600,000^*\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$2,100,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{140}[\pmu]\$ 141]   \$\$1941   \$\$267,997,843 (\$3,449,353)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,700,000-2,000,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{144}[\pmu]\$ 145] \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,344,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{141}[\pmu]\$ 149]   \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,344,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{141}[\pmu]\$ 149]   \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$                | 1935        | Mutiny on the Bounty                | \$4,460,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$1,905,000           | [# 118]                             |
| 1937   Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs   \$418,000,000+\$\frac{ST}{S}\$ (\$8,500,000)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$1,488,423   \$\frac{\pmu}{129][\pmu}\$ 130]   \$1,200,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{131}[\pmu]\$ 132]   \$1939   \$390,525,192-402,352,579   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{133}[\pmu]\$ 133] \$\pmu\$ 134] \$\pmu\$ 135] \$\pmu\$ 1   \$1940   \$87,000,862^*\$ (\$3,500,000)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$2,600,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{133}[\pmu]\$ 130] \$\pmu\$ 1   \$\$1940   \$\$1,600,000^*\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$2,100,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{140}[\pmu]\$ 141]   \$\$1941   \$\$267,997,843 (\$3,449,353)\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,700,000-2,000,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{144}[\pmu]\$ 145] \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,344,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{141}[\pmu]\$ 149]   \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$   \$\$1,344,000   \$\frac{\pmu}{141}[\pmu]\$ 149]   \$\$1943   \$\$1,000,000\frac{R}{R}\$                | 1936        | San Francisco                       | \$6,044,000+R (\$5,273,000)R                                | \$1,300,000           | [# 126][# 118]                      |
| 1939   Gone with the Wind   \$390,525,192-402,352,579   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   [# 133][# 134][# 135][# 1     1940   Boom Town   \$4,600,000   \$2,600,000   [# 140][# 141]     1941   Sergeant York   \$7,800,000   \$1,600,000   [# 142][# 143]     1942   Bambi   \$267,997,843 (\$3,449,353)   \$1,700,000-2,000,000   [# 144][# 145][# 1     1944   Mrs. Miniver   \$8,878,000   \$1,344,000   [# 147][# 148]     1945   For Whom the Bell Tolls   \$11,000,000   \$2,681,298   [# 149][# 150][# 1   | 1937        | Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs     | \$418,000,000+S7 (\$8,500,000)R                             | \$1,488,423           | [# 129][# 130]                      |
| Some with the Wind   (\$32,000,000)\text{R GW}   \$3,900,000-4,250,000   \$3,900,000   \$3,900,00   | 1938        | You Can't Take It with You          | \$5,000,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$1,200,000           | [# 131][# 132]                      |
| 1940  | 1939        | Gone with the Wind                  | \$390,525,192–402,352,579<br>(\$32,000,000) <sup>R</sup> GW | \$3,900,000–4,250,000 | [# 133][# 134][# 135][# 136][# 137] |
| Boom Town   | 1040        | Pinocchio                           | \$87,000,862 <sup>*</sup> (\$3,500,000) <sup>R</sup>        | \$2,600,000           | [# 138][# 130][# 139]               |
| Bambi   \$267,997,843 (\$3,449,353)\biggredge   \$1,700,000-2,000,000   \$\pmathrm{\pmath  | 1940        | Boom Town                           | \$4,600,000 <del>*R</del>                                   | \$2,100,000           | [# 140][# 141]                      |
| 1942  | <u>1941</u> | Sergeant York                       | \$7,800,000 <u>R</u>  | \$1,600,000           | [# 142][# 143]                      |
| Mrs. Miniver         \$8,878,000 <sup>R</sup> \$1,344,000         # 147][# 148]           1943         For Whom the Bell Tolls         \$11,000,000 <sup>R</sup> \$2,681,298         # 149][# 150][# 1  | 10/12       | Bambi                               | \$267,997,843 (\$3,449,353) <u>R</u>                        | \$1,700,000–2,000,000 | [# 144][# 145][# 146]               |
| 1943  | 1342        | Mrs. Miniver                        | \$8,878,000 <u>R</u>  | \$1,344,000           | [# 147][# 148]                      |
|   | 10/12       | For Whom the Bell Tolls             | \$11,000,000 <u>R</u>                                       | \$2,681,298           | [# 149][# 150][# 151]               |
| 45,500,500.77   | 1943        | This Is the Army                    | \$9,555,586.44*R  | \$1,400,000           | [# 152][# 153][# 151]               |
| 1944 Going My Way \$6,500,000*R \$1,000,000 [#154][#155][#1   | 1944        | Going My Way                        | \$6,500,000*R   | \$1,000,000           | [# 154][# 155][# 156]               |
| 1945   Mom and Dad   \$80,000,000   \$65,000   [# 157]  | 10/15       | Mom and Dad                         | \$80,000,000 <sup>MD</sup> /\$22,000,000 <sup>R</sup>       | \$65,000              | [# 157]                             |
| The Bells of St. Mary's \$11,200,000 <sup>R</sup> \$1,600,000 [#158]  | 1040        | The Bells of St. Mary's             | \$11,200,000 <u>R</u>                                       | \$1,600,000           | [# 158]                             |
| Song of the South \$65,000,000* (\$3,300,000)R \$2,125,000 [# 159][# 160][# 1   |             | Song of the South                   | \$65,000,000 <sup>±</sup> (\$3,300,000) <sup>R</sup>        | \$2,125,000           | [# 159][# 160][# 161]               |
| 1946 The Best Years of Our Lives \$14,750,000 <sup>R</sup> \$2,100,000 [#162][#163]   | <u>1946</u> | The Best Years of Our Lives         | \$14,750,000 <sup>R</sup>                                   | \$2,100,000           | [# 162][# 163]                      |
| <u>Duel in the Sun</u> \$10,000,000*R \$5,255,000 [#154][#164]  |             | Duel in the Sun                     | \$10,000,000*R  | \$5,255,000           | [# 154][# 164]                      |
| Φ0,000,000  | 10.47       | Forever Amber                       | \$8,000,000 <u>R</u>  | \$6,375,000           | [# 109][# 164]                      |
| 1947   Unconquered  | 1947        | Unconquered                         | \$7,500,000 <sup>R</sup> UN                                 | \$4,200,000           | [# 165][# 166]                      |
| <u>1948</u> <u>Easter Parade</u> \$5,918,134 <sup>R</sup> \$2,500,000 [#156][#167]  | 1948        | Easter Parade                       | \$5,918,134 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$2,500,000           | [# 156][# 167]                      |

|             | The Red Shoes                      | \$5,000,000 <del>*R</del>   | £505,581 (~\$2,000,000) | [# 154][# 168][# 169]        |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|
|             | The Snake Pit                      | \$4,100,000 <sup>*</sup> R  | \$3,800,000             | [# 170][# 171]               |
| 1949        | Samson and Delilah                 | \$14,209,250 <sup>R</sup>   | \$3,097,563             | [# 172][# 97]                |
| 1950        | Cinderella                         | \$263,591,415<br>(\$20,000,000/\$7,800,000\frac{R}{2})                  | \$2,200,000             | [# 173][# 174][# 175]        |
|             | King Solomon's Mines               | \$10,050,000 <u>R</u>   | \$2,258,000             | [# 176]                      |
| 1951        | Quo Vadis                          | \$21,037,000–26,700,000 <u>R</u>  | \$7,623,000             | [# 172][# 177][# 178]        |
| 4050        | This Is Cinerama                   | \$50,000,000 <sup>CI</sup>  | \$1,000,000             | [# 179][# 180]               |
| 1952        | The Greatest Show on Earth         | \$18,350,000 <u>R</u> GS  | \$3,873,946             | [# 181][# 182][# 97]         |
| 1052        | Peter Pan                          | \$145,000,000 (\$7,000,000)*R   | \$3,000,000-4,000,000   | [# 183][# 184]               |
| 1953        | The Robe                           | \$25,000,000–26,100,000 <sup>R</sup>                                    | \$4,100,000             | [# 185][# 186][# 178]        |
|             | Rear Window                        | \$24,500,000 <sup>*</sup> (\$5,300,000) <sup>*R</sup>                   | \$1,000,000             | [# 187][# 177]               |
| 1954        | White Christmas                    | \$26,000,050 <sup>*</sup> (\$12,000,000) <sup>*R</sup>                  | \$3,800,000             | [# 188][# 189][# 190]        |
|             | 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea       | \$25,000,134 <sup>*</sup><br>(\$6,800,000–8,000,000) <sup>*R</sup>      | \$4,500,000–9,000,000   | [# 191][# 192][# 154][# 193] |
|             | Lady and the Tramp                 | \$187,000,000 (\$6,500,000)*R   | \$4,000,000             | [# 194][# 154][# 195]        |
| 1955        | Cinerama Holiday                   | \$21,000,000 <sup>CI</sup>  | \$2,000,000             | [# 196][# 197]               |
|             | Mister Roberts                     | \$9,900,000 <u>R</u>  | \$2,400,000             | [# 198]                      |
| 1956        | The Ten Commandments               | \$90,066,230 <sup>R</sup><br>(\$122,700,000/\$55,200,000 <sup>R</sup> ) | \$13,270,000            | [# 97][# 199][# 200]         |
| 1957        | The Bridge on the River Kwai       | \$30,600,000 <u>R</u>   | \$2,840,000             | [# 200]                      |
| 1958        | South Pacific                      | \$30,000,000 <u>R</u>   | \$5,610,000             | [# 201]                      |
| 1959        | Ben-Hur                            | \$90,000,000 <sup>R</sup><br>(\$146,900,000/\$66,100,000 <sup>R</sup> ) | \$15,900,000            | [# 202][# 203]               |
|             | Swiss Family Robinson              | \$30,000,000 <sup>R</sup>   | \$4,000,000             | [# 204]                      |
| 1960        | Spartacus                          | \$60,000,000 (\$22,105,225) <sup>R</sup>                                | \$10,284,014            | [# 205][# 206]               |
|             | Psycho                             | \$50,000,000+ (\$14,000,000) <u>R</u>                                   | \$800,000               | [# 207]                      |
|             | One Hundred and One Dalmatians     | \$303,000,000   | \$3,600,000–4,000,000   | [# 194][# 208][# 146]        |
| <u>1961</u> | West Side Story                    | \$105,000,000 (\$31,800,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$7,000,000             | [# 209][# 210]               |
|             | Lawrence of Arabia                 | \$77,324,852 (\$69,995,385)   | \$13,800,000            | [# 211][# 212]               |
| 1962        | How the West Was Won               | \$35,000,000 <u>R</u>   | \$14,483,000            | [# 213]                      |
|             | The Longest Day                    | \$33,200,000 <sup>R</sup>   | \$8,600,000             | [# 210][# 212]               |
|             | Cleopatra                          | \$40,300,000 <sup>R</sup>   | \$31,115,000            | [# 210][# 212]               |
| 1963        | From Russia with Love              | \$78,900,000/\$29,400,000\frac{R}{2}(\$12,500,000)\frac{R}{2}           | \$2,000,000             | [# 214][# 215][# 216]        |
|             | My Fair Lady                       | \$55,000,000 <u>R</u>   | \$17,000,000            | [# 217]                      |
| 1964        | Goldfinger                         | \$124,900,000 (\$46,000,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$3,000,000             | [# 214][# 216]               |
|             | Mary Poppins                       | \$44,000,000_\$50,000,000 <sup>R</sup>                                  | \$5,200,000             | [# 218][# 217]               |
| 1965        | The Sound of Music                 | \$286,214,076 (\$114,600,000) <sup>R</sup>                              | \$8,000,000             | [# 219][# 210]               |
|             | The Bible: In the Beginning        | \$25,325,000 <sup>R</sup>   | \$18,000,000            | [# 206][# 220]               |
| 1966        | Hawaii                             | \$34,562,222* (\$15,600,000)*R  | \$15,000,000            | [# 221][# 154]               |
|             | Who's Afraid of Virginia Woolf?    | \$33,736,689* (\$14,500,000)*R  | \$7,613,000             | [# 222][# 154][# 223]        |
|             | The Jungle Book                    | \$378,000,000 (\$23,800,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$3,900,000–4,000,000   | [# 194][# 224][# 225][# 146] |
| 1967        | The Graduate                       | \$85,000,000 (\$25,000,000) <sup>R</sup>                                | \$3,100,000             | [# 226][# 227]               |
| 1000        | 2001: A Space Odyssey              | \$141,000,000–190,000,000<br>(\$21,900,000) <sup>R</sup>                | \$10,300,000            | [# 228][# 210]               |
| 1968        | Funny Girl                         | \$80,000,000–100,000,000  | \$8,800,000             | [# 229][# 230]               |
| 1969        | Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid | \$152,308,525 (\$37,100,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$6,600,000             | [# 231][# 210][# 227]        |
| 1970        | Love Story                         | \$173,400,000 (\$80,000,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$2,260,000             | [# 232][# 233][# 234]        |
|             | The French Connection              | \$173,400,000 (\$80,000,000)=<br>\$75,000,000 <sup>R</sup>              | \$3,300,000             | [# 109]                      |
|             |                                    | \$49,400,000 <sup>R</sup>   |                         |                              |
| <u>1971</u> | Fiddler on the Roof                | (\$100,000,000/\$45,100,000 <sup>R</sup> )                              | \$9,000,000             | [# 235][# 236]               |
|             | <u>Diamonds Are Forever</u>        | \$116,000,000 (\$45,700,000) <sup>R</sup>                               | \$7,200,000             | [# 214][# 215]               |
| 1972        | The Godfather                      | \$246,120,974–287,000,000<br>(\$127,600,000–142,000,000) <sup>R</sup>   | \$6,000,000-7,200,000   | [# 237][# 236][# 238][# 239] |

|             | The Exorcist   | \$441,422,808 (\$112,300,000)R  | \$10,000,000                 | [# 240][# 241][# 242][# 243]        |
|-------------|--|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <u>1973</u> | The Sting  | \$115,000,000 <sup>R</sup>  | \$5,500,000                  | [# 244][# 245]                      |
| 1974        | The Towering Inferno                                       | \$203,336,412 (\$104,838,000) <sup>R</sup>                                  | \$14,300,000                 | [# 246][# 247][# 248][# 243][# 249] |
| 1975        | Jaws   | \$477,220,580 (\$193,700,000) <sup>R</sup>                                  | \$9,000,000                  | [# 250][# 251][# 252]               |
| 1976        | Rocky  | \$225,000,000 (\$77,100,000) <sup>R</sup>                                   | \$1,075,000                  | [# 253][# 254][# 236][# 255]        |
| 1977        | Star Wars  | \$775,398,007<br>(\$530,000,000 <sup>SW</sup> /\$268,500,000 <sup>R</sup> ) | \$11,293,151                 | [# 256][# 257][# 236][# 258]        |
| 1978        | Grease   | \$396,271,103 (\$341,000,000)   | \$6,000,000                  | [# 259][# 260][# 226]               |
|             | Moonraker  | \$210,308,099   | \$31,000,000                 | [# 261][# 214][# 262]               |
| 1979        | Rocky II   | \$200,182,160   | \$7,000,000                  | [# 263][# 264][# 262]               |
| 1980        | The Empire Strikes Back                                    | \$547,969,004 (\$413,562,607) <sup>SW</sup>                                 | \$23,000,000–32,000,000      | [# 265][# 266]                      |
| 1981        | Raiders of the Lost Ark                                    | \$389,925,971<br>(\$321,866,000–353,988,025)                                | \$18,000,000–22,800,000      | [# 267]                             |
| 1982        | E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial                                 | \$797,307,407<br>(\$619,000,000–664,000,000)                                | \$10,500,000–12,200,000      | [# 268][# 269][# 257][# 270][# 271] |
| 1983        | Return of the Jedi   | \$482,366,101 (\$385,845,197) <sup>SW</sup>                                 | \$32,500,000-42,700,000      | [# 272][# 266]                      |
| 1984        | Indiana Jones and the Temple of Doom                       | \$333,107,271   | \$27,000,000–28,200,000      | [# 273][# 274][# 275]               |
| 1985        | Back to the Future   | \$389,225,789 (\$381,109,762)   | \$19,000,000–22,000,000      | [# 276][# 277]                      |
| 1986        | Top Gun  | \$357,288,178 (\$345,000,000)   | \$14,000,000–19,000,000      | [# 278][# 279][# 274]               |
| 1987        | Fatal Attraction   | \$320,145,693   | \$14,000,000                 | [# 280][# 274]                      |
| 1988        | Rain Man   | \$354,825,435   | \$30,000,000                 | [# 281][# 282]                      |
| 1989        | Indiana Jones and the Last Crusade                         | \$474,171,806–494,000,000   | \$36,000,000–55,400,000      | [# 283][# 274][# 284]               |
| 1990        | Ghost  | \$505,870,681 (\$505,702,588)   | \$22,000,000                 | [# 285][# 274]                      |
| 1991        | Terminator 2: Judgment Day                                 | \$523,774,456 (\$519,843,345)   | \$94,000,000                 | [# 286][# 287]                      |
| 1992        | Aladdin  | \$504,050,219   | \$28,000,000                 | [# 288][# 146]                      |
| 1993        | Jurassic Park  | \$1,037,535,230 (\$912,667,947)   | \$63,000,000-70,000,000      | [# 73]                              |
| 1994        | The Lion King  | \$968,511,805 (\$763,455,561)   | \$45,000,000–79,300,000      | [# 289]                             |
|             | Toy Story  | \$373,554,033 (\$364,873,776)   | \$30,000,000                 | [# 290][# 291]                      |
| 1995        | Die Hard with a Vengeance                                  | \$366,101,666   | \$70,000,000                 | [# 292][# 293]                      |
| 1996        | Independence Day   | \$817,400,891   | \$75,000,000                 | [# 294]                             |
| 1997        | Titanic  | \$2,257,844,554 (\$1,843,373,318)   | \$200,000,000                | [# 7]                               |
| 1998        | Armageddon   | \$553,709,788   | \$140,000,000                | [# 295][# 296]                      |
| 1999        | Star Wars: Episode I – The Phantom Menace                  | \$1,027,082,707 (\$924,317,558)   | \$115,000,000–127,500,000    | [# 78][# 266]                       |
| 2000        | Mission: Impossible 2                                      | \$546,388,108   | \$100,000,000–125,000,000    | [# 297][# 274]                      |
| 2001        | Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone                   | \$1,009,046,830 <sup>HP1</sup> (\$974,755,371)                              | \$125,000,000                | [# 298]                             |
| 2002        | The Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers                      | \$948,945,489 (\$936,689,735)   | \$94,000,000                 | [# 299]                             |
| 2003        | The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King              | \$1,147,997,407 (\$1,140,682,011)   | \$94,000,000                 | [# 50]                              |
| 2003        | Shrek 2  | \$928,961,330   | \$150,000,000                | [# 300]                             |
| 2004        | Harry Potter and the Goblet of Fire                        | \$896,346,413 (\$895,921,036)   | \$150,000,000                | [# 301]                             |
| 2005        | Pirates of the Caribbean: Dead Man's Chest                 | \$1,066,179,747   | \$225,000,000                | [# 67]                              |
| 2006        | Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End                   | \$1,066,179,747   | \$225,000,000                | [# 302]                             |
|             |  |   |                              | [# 303]                             |
| 2008        | The Dark Knight  | \$1,007,336,937 (\$997,039,412)   | \$185,000,000                | [# 1]                               |
| 2009        | Avatar Toy Stony 2   | \$2,923,706,026 (\$2,743,577,587)   | \$237,000,000                | [# 45]                              |
| 2010        | Toy Story 3  Harry Potter and the Poethly Hallows - Part 3 | \$1,066,970,811   | \$200,000,000                | [# 33]                              |
| 2011        | Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows – Part 2              | \$1,342,139,727 (\$1,341,511,219)   | \$250,000,000 <sup>HP8</sup> | [# 18]                              |
| 2012        | The Avengers   | \$1,518,815,515   | \$220,000,000                | [# 38]                              |
| 2013        | Frozen   | \$1,290,000,000 (\$1,287,000,000)   | \$150,000,000                | [# 58]                              |
| 2014        | Transformers: Age of Extinction                            | \$1,104,039,076   | \$210,000,000                |                                     |
| 2015        | Star Wars: The Force Awakens                               | \$2,068,223,624   | \$245,000,000                | [# 9]                               |
| 2016        | Captain America: Civil War                                 | \$1,153,337,496 (\$1,153,296,293)   | \$250,000,000                | [# 47]                              |
| 2017        | Star Wars: The Last Jedi                                   | \$1,332,539,889   | \$200,000,000                | [# 35]                              |
| 2018        | Avengers: Infinity War                                     | \$2,048,359,754   | \$316,000,000-400,000,000    | [# 11][# 304]                       |
| 2019        | Avengers: Endgame  | \$2,797,501,328   | \$356,000,000                | [# 3]                               |

| 2020 | Demon Slayer: Mugen Train | \$507,119,058                     | \$15,750,000              | [# 305]             |
|------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 2021 | Spider-Man: No Way Home   | \$1,921,847,111 (\$1,912,233,593) | \$200,000,000             | [# 13][# 306]       |
| 2022 | Avatar: The Way of Water  | \$2,320,250,281                   | \$350,000,000-460,000,000 | [# 5][# 307][# 308] |
| 2023 | Barbie †                  | \$1,445,638,421                   | \$128,000,000–145,000,000 | [# 26]              |
| 2024 | <u>The Beekeeper</u> †    | \$133,934,256                     | TBD                       | [# 309][# 310]      |

(...) Since grosses are not limited to original theatrical runs, a film's first-run gross is included in brackets after the total if known.

FHSome sources such as The Numbers state that <u>Aloma of the South Seas</u> is the highest grossing film of the year, earning \$3 million. [54] However, no contemporary sources provide figures for *Aloma of the South Seas*, so it is unclear what the \$3 million figure relates to. If it were the rental gross then that would have made it not only the highest-grossing film of the year, but one of the highest-grossing films of the silent era, and if that is the case it would be unusual for both *International Motion Picture Almanac* and *Variety* to omit it from their lists.

SSIt is not clear if the figure for *Sunny Side Up* is for North America or worldwide. Other sources put its earnings at \$2 million, which may suggest the higher figure is the worldwide rental, given the confusion over international figures during this period. [56]

ONThe figure for *It Happened One Night* is not truly representative of its success: it was distributed as a package deal along with more than two dozen other <u>Columbia</u> films, and the total earnings were averaged out; the true gross would have been much higher. [57]

GWIt is not absolutely clear how much *Gone with the Wind* earned from its initial release. Contemporary accounts often list it as earning \$32 million in North American rentals and retrospective charts have often duplicated this claim; however, it is likely this was the worldwide rental figure. Trade journals would collate the data by either obtaining it from the distributors themselves, who were keen to promote a successful film, or by surveying theaters and constructing an estimate. Distributors would often report the worldwide rental since the higher figure made the film appear more successful, while estimates were limited to performance in North America; therefore it was not unusual for worldwide and North American rentals to be mixed up. Following the outbreak of World War II, many of the foreign markets were unavailable to Hollywood so it became standard practice to just report on North American box-office performance. In keeping with this new approach, the North American rental for *Gone with the Wind* was revised to \$21 million in 1947 (\$11 million lower than the previous figure). In keeping with this new approach, the North American rental for *Gone with the Wind* was revised to \$21 million in 1947 (\$11 million lower than the previous figure). In keeping with this new approach, the North American rental for *Gone with the Wind* was revised to \$21 million in 1947 (\$11 million lower than the previous figure). In keeping with this new approach, the North American rental for *Gone with the Wind* was revised to \$21 million in 1947 (\$11 million lower than the previous figure). Worldwide rentals of \$30,015,000 and foreign earnings of \$18,964,000, from three releases. Worldwide rentals of \$32 million from the initial release is consistent with the revised figures and later reported worldwide figures: they indicate that the film earned \$21 million in North America and \$11 million overseas from the initial release, and added a further \$9 million in North America and \$8 million overseas from subsequent re-release

MDMom and Dad does not generally feature in 'high-gross' lists such as those published by *Variety* due to its independent distribution. Essentially belonging to the exploitation genre, it was marketed as an educational <u>sex hygiene</u> film in an effort to circumvent <u>censorship laws</u>. Falling foul of the <u>Motion Picture Production Code</u>, *Mom and Dad* was prevented from obtaining mainstream distribution and restricted to independent and <u>drive-in theaters</u>. It was the biggest hit of its kind, and remained in continual distribution until the 1970s when <u>hardcore pornography</u> eventually took over. At the end of 1947 it had earned \$2 million, and by 1949, \$8 million; by 1956 it had earned \$22 million in rentals, representing a gross of \$80 million, and would have easily placed in the top ten films in the late 1940s and early 1950s. Estimates of its total earnings are as high as \$100 million.

UNChopra-Gant stipulates that the figure given for *Unconquered* is for North American box-office, but as was common at the time, the chart confuses worldwide and North American grosses. Other sources state that the takings for *Forever Amber* (\$8 million) and *Life with Father* (\$6.5 million) $^{[61]}$  were in fact worldwide rental grosses, so it is possible this is also true of *Unconquered*.

CIThe <u>Cinerama</u> figures represent gross amounts. Since the Cinerama corporation owned the theaters there were no rental fees for the films, meaning the studio received 100% of the box-office gross, unlike the case with most other films where the distributor typically receives less than half the gross. Since *Variety* at the time ranked films by their U.S. and Canadian rental, they constructed a hypothetical rental figure for the Cinerama films to provide a basis for comparison to other films in their chart: in the case of *This Is Cinerama*, the \$50 million worldwide gross was reconfigured as a \$12.5 million U.S. rental gross; this is exactly 25% of the amount reported by Cinerama, so *Variety*'s formula seemingly halved the gross to obtain an estimate for the U.S. share, and halved it again to simulate a rental fee. [62] All five Cinerama features collectively generated \$120 million in worldwide box office receipts.

GSVariety put the worldwide rental for *The Greatest Show on Earth* at around \$18.35 million (with \$12.8 million coming from the United States<sup>[53]</sup>) a year after its release; however, Birchard puts its earnings at just over \$15 million up to 1962. It is likely that Birchard's figure is just the North American gross rental, and includes revenue from the 1954 and 1960 reissues.

SWThe "first run" Star Wars grosses do not include revenue from the 1997 special-edition releases; however, the figure does include revenue from the re-releases prior to the special editions.

<sup>HP1</sup>The *Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone* reissue totals recorded by Box Office Mojo for Brazil (2020), Italy (2021), Netherlands (2021) and South Korea (2021) have been deducted from the lifetime gross due to Box Office Mojo double-counting the original release grosses in those countries.

<sup>HP8</sup>Production costs were shared with *Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows – Part 1*.

# Timeline of highest-grossing films

<sup>\*</sup>Canada and U.S. gross only.

RDistributor rental.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{TBA}}\mathrm{To}$  be ascertained.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>IN</sup>No contemporary sources provide figures for *20,000 Leagues Under the Sea*, although <u>The Numbers</u> provides a figure of \$8,000,000 for the North American box-office gross. [52] However, it is possible this figure has been mistaken for the gross of the 1954 remake which also earned \$8,000,000 in North American rentals. [53]

S7 Snow White's \$418 million global cume omits earnings outside of North America from 1987 onwards.

At least eleven films have held the record of 'highest-grossing film' since *The Birth of a Nation* assumed the top spot in 1915. Both *The Birth of a Nation* and *Gone with the Wind* spent twenty-five consecutive years apiece as the highest-grosser, with films directed by Steven Spielberg and James Cameron holding the record on three occasions each. Spielberg became the first director to break his own record when *Jurassic Park* overtook *E.T.*, and Cameron emulated the feat when *Avatar* broke the record set by *Titanic*. When it took over the top spot in 2019, *Avengers: Endgame* became the first sequel to hold the record of highest-grossing film, and in doing so interrupted thirty-six years of Spielberg/Cameron dominance before *Avatar* reclaimed the top spot two years later in 2021 upon a re-release.

Some sources claim that *The Big Parade* superseded *The Birth of a Nation* as highest-grossing film, eventually being replaced by *Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs*, which in turn was quickly usurped by *Gone with the Wind*. [64] Exact figures are not known for *The Birth of a Nation*, but contemporary records put its worldwide earnings at \$5.2 million as of 1919. [65] Its international release was delayed by World War I, and it was not released in many foreign territories until the 1920s; coupled with further re-releases in the United States, its \$10 million earnings as reported by *Variety* in 1932 are consistent with the earlier figure. [66] At this time, *Variety* still had *The Birth of a Nation* ahead of *The Big Parade* (\$6,400,000) on distributor rentals and—if its estimate is correct—*Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs* (\$8,500,000)[67] would not have earned enough on its first theatrical run to take the record. [68] although it would have been the highest-grossing 'talkie', [69] displacing *The Singing Fool* (\$5,900,000). [70] Although received wisdom holds that it is unlikely *The Birth of a Nation* was ever overtaken by a silent-era film. [71] the record would fall to 1925's *Ben-Hur* (\$9,386,000) if *The Birth of a Nation* earned significantly less than its estimated gross. [72] In addition to its gross rental earnings through public exhibition, *The Birth of a Nation* played at a large number of private, club and organizational engagements which figures are unavailable for. [73] It was hugely popular with the *Ku Klux Klan* who used it to drive recruitment, [74] and at one point *Variety* estimated its total earnings to stand at around \$50 million. [75] Despite later retracting the claim, the sum has been widely reported even though it has never been substantiated. [65] While it is generally accepted that *Gone with the Wind* took over the record of highest-grossing film on its initial release—which is true in terms of public exhibition—it is likely it did not overtake



The Birth of a Nation pioneered many of the techniques used in fillmmaking today, becoming the most successful film ever made at the time of its

The Birth of a Nation in total revenue until a much later date, with it still being reported as the highest earner up until the 1960s. [73] Gone with the Wind itself may have been briefly overtaken by The Ten Commandments (1956), which closed at the end of 1960 with worldwide rentals of \$58–60 million. [76][77] compared to Gone with the Wind's \$59 million; [78] if it did claim the top spot its tenure there was short-lived, since Gone with the Wind was re-released the following year and increased its earnings to \$67 million. Depending on how accurate the estimates are, the 1959 remake of Ben-Hur may also have captured the record from Gone with the Wind: as of the end of 1961 it had earned \$47 million worldwide, [79] and by 1963 it was trailing Gone with the Wind by just \$2 million with international takings of \$65 million, [80] ultimately earning \$66 million from its initial release. [81]



The 1972 pornographic film Deep Throat reportedly earned as much as \$600 million, a figure that may have been inflated by gangsters in moneylaundering schemes.

Another film purported to have been the highest-grosser is the 1972 pomographic film *Deep Throat*. In 1984, Linda Lovelace testified to a United States Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on juvenile justice that the film had earned \$600 million; this figure has been the subject of much speculation, since if it is accurate then the film would have made more money than *Star Wars*, and finished the 1970s as the highest-grossing film. The main argument against this figure is that it simply did not have a wide enough release to sustain the sort of sums that would be required for it to ultimately gross this amount. East Exact figures are not known, but testimony in a federal trial in 1976—about four years into the film's release—showed the film had grossed over \$25 million. Roger Ebert has reasoned it possibly did earn as much as \$600 million on paper, since mobsters owned most of the adult movie theaters during this period and would launder income from drugs and prostitution through them, so probably inflated the box-office receipts for the film.

The Birth of a Nation, Gone with the Wind, The Godfather, Jaws, Star Wars, E.T., and Avatar all increased their record grosses with re-releases. The grosses from their original theatrical runs are included here along with totals from re-releases up to the point that they lost the record; therefore the total for The Birth of a Nation includes income from its reissues up to 1940; the total for Star Wars includes revenue from the late 1970s and early 1980s reissues but not from the 1997 Special Edition; the total for E.T. incorporates its gross from the 1985 reissue but not from 2002. The total for Avatar's first appearance on the chart includes revenue from the 2010 Special Edition, which represents all of its earnings up to the point it relinquished the record, whereas its second appearance also incorporates revenue from a 2020 re-release in the Asia-Pacific region as well as the 2021 re-release in China which helped it to reclaim the record. Gone with the Wind is likewise represented twice on the chart: the 1940 entry includes earnings from its staggered 1939–1942 release (roadshow/general release/second-run)[86] along with all of its revenue up to the 1961 reissue prior to losing the record to The Sound of Music in 1966; its 1971 entry—after it took back the record—includes income from the 1967 and 1971 reissues but omitting later releases. The Godfather was re-released in 1973 after its success at the

45th Academy Awards, and Jaws was released again in 1976, and their grosses here most likely include earnings from those releases. The Sound of Music, The Godfather, Jaws, Jurassic Park, and Titanic have all increased their earnings with further releases, but they are not included in the totals here because they had already conceded the record prior to being re-released.

Timeline of the highest-grossing film record

| Established              | Title                       | Record-setting gross                     | Ref            |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|----------------|--|
| 1915 <sup>[64]</sup>     | The Dirth of a Nation       | \$5,200,000 <sup>R</sup>                 | [# 85]         |  |
| 1940                     | The Birth of a Nation       | \$15,000,000 <u>R</u> ±                  | [# 311]        |  |
| 1940 <sup>[32]</sup>     | Gone with the Wind          | \$32,000,000 <sup>R</sup>                | [# 135]        |  |
| 1963                     | Gone with the wind          | \$67,000,000 <u>R</u> ‡                  | [# 312]        |  |
| 1966 <sup>[64]</sup>     | The Sound of Music          | \$114,600,000 <sup>R</sup>               | [# 210]        |  |
| 1971 <sup>[64]</sup>     | Gone with the Wind          | \$116,000,000 <u>R</u> ±                 | [# 313]        |  |
| 1972 <sup>[64]</sup>     | The Godfather               | \$127,600,000–142,000,000 <u>R</u>       | [# 236][# 314] |  |
| 1976 <sup>[87][88]</sup> | Jaws                        | \$193,700,000 <sup>R</sup>               | [# 251]        |  |
| 1978 <sup>[89][90]</sup> | Char Mara                   | \$410,000,000/\$268,500,000 <sup>R</sup> | [# 315][# 236] |  |
| 1982                     | Star Wars                   | \$530,000,000 ±                          | [# 257]        |  |
| 1983 <sup>[91]</sup>     | C.T. the Fitter Terrestrial | \$619,000,000–664,000,000                | [# 257][# 270] |  |
| 1993                     | E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial  | \$701,000,000 ±                          | [# 316]        |  |
| 1993 <sup>[64]</sup>     | Jurassic Park               | \$912,667,947                            | [# 73]         |  |
| 1998 <sup>[92]</sup>     | <u>Titanic</u>              | \$1,843,373,318                          | [# 7]          |  |
| 2010 <sup>[93][94]</sup> | Avatar                      | \$2,743,577,587                          | [# 1]          |  |
| 2010[20][2.1             | Avalar                      | \$2,788,416,135 ±                        | []             |  |
| 2019 <sup>[95][96]</sup> | Avengers: Endgame           | \$2,797,501,328                          | [# 3]          |  |
| 2021 <sup>[97]</sup>     | Avatar                      | \$2,847,397,339 <sup>±</sup>             | [# 1]          |  |
| 2022                     | Avaiai                      | \$2,923,706,026 ±                        | [#1]           |  |

# Highest-grossing franchises and film series

Prior to 2000, only seven  $\underline{\text{film series}}$  had grossed over \$1 billion at the box office:  $\underline{\textit{James Bond}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Star Wars}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Star Wars}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Indiana Jones}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Rocky}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Indiana Jones}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Rocky}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Indiana Jones}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Rocky}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Indiana Jones}}$ ,  $\underline{\textit{Indi$ 

A franchise is typically defined to be at least two works derived from a common intellectual property. Traditionally, the work has a tautological relationship with the property, but this is not a prerequisite. An enduring staple of the franchise model is the concept of the *crossover*, which can be defined as "a story in which characters or concepts from two or more discrete texts or series of texts meet". [109] A consequence of a crossover is that an intellectual property may be utilized by more than one franchise. For example, <u>Batman v Superman: Dawn of Justice</u> belongs to not only the <u>Batman</u> and <u>Superman</u> franchises, but also to the <u>DC Extended Universe</u>, which is a <u>shared universe</u>. A shared universe is a particular type of crossover where a number of characters from a wide range of fictional works wind up sharing a fictional world. [110] The most successful shared universe in the medium of film is the <u>Marvel Cinematic Universe</u>, a crossover between multiple superhero properties owned by <u>Marvel Comics</u>. The Marvel Cinematic Universe is also the highest-grossing franchise, amassing over \$29 billion at the box office.

The *Spider-Man* films are the highest-grossing series based on a single property, earning over \$10.5 billion at the box office (although the <u>Eon</u> *James Bond* films have earned over \$19 billion in total when adjusted to current prices). [a] If ancillary income from merchandise is included, then *Star Wars* is the most lucrative property; [112] it holds the *Guinness* world record for the "most successful film merchandising franchise" and was valued at £19.51 billion (about \$31 billion) in 2012. [113] [114] The Marvel Cinematic Universe has had the most films gross over \$1 billion, with ten. The four *Avengers* films, the two *Frozen* films, and the two *Avatar* films are the only franchises where each installment has grossed over \$1 billion, although the *Jurassic Park* and *Black Panther* series have averaged over \$1 billion per film.

TBackground shading indicates that at least one film in the series is playing in the week commencing 16 February 2024 in theaters around the world.

## Highest-grossing franchises and film series [S]

(The films in each franchise can be viewed by selecting "show".)

|  | Rank | Series | Total worldwide gross | No. of films | Average of films | Highest-gro |
|--|------|--------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
|--|------|--------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>R</sup>Distributor rental.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Includes revenue from re-releases. If a film increased its gross through re-releases while holding the record, the year in which it recorded its highest gross is also noted in italics.

| 1   | Marvel Cinematic Universe <sup>S</sup> †  | \$29,827,279,911  | 33   | \$903,856,967                  | Avengers: Endgame (\$2,797,501,328)  |
|---|---|---|------|--------------------------------|--|
|   | The Infinity Saga   | \$22,587,759,303  | 23   | \$982,076,491                  | Avengers: Endgame (\$2,797,501,328)  |
|   | Phase Three   | \$13,505,059,275  | 11   | \$1,227,732,661                | Avengers: Endgame (\$2,797,501,328)  |
| 1   | Avengers: Endgame (2019)  | \$2,797,501,328   |      |                                |  |
| 2   | Avengers: Infinity War (2018)   | \$2,048,359,754   |      |                                |  |
| 3   | Black Panther (2018)  | \$1,347,280,838   |      |                                |  |
| 4   | Captain America: Civil War (2016)   | \$1,153,337,496   |      |                                |  |
| 5   | Spider-Man: Far From Home (2019)  | \$1,131,927,996   |      |                                |  |
| 6   | Captain Marvel (2019)   | \$1,128,274,794   |      |                                |  |
| 7   | Spider-Man: Homecoming (2017)   | \$880,166,924   |      |                                |  |
| 8   | Guardians of the Galaxy Vol. 2 (2017)   | \$863,756,051   |      |                                |  |
| 9   | Thor: Ragnarok (2017)   | \$853,983,879   |      |                                |  |
| 10  | Doctor Strange (2016)   | \$677,796,076   |      |                                |  |
| 11  | Ant-Man and the Wasp (2018)   | \$622,674,139   |      |                                |  |
|   | Phase Two   | \$5,269,487,547   | 6    | \$878,247,925                  | Avengers: Age of Ultron (\$1,402,809,540)  |
| 1   | Avengers: Age of Ultron (2015)  | \$1,402,809,540   |      |                                | 3. 2 3. 2 2 3. 2 4. 4. (+2, 12, 12, 13)  |
| 2   | Iron Man 3 (2013)   | \$1,214,811,252   |      |                                |  |
| 3   | Guardians of the Galaxy (2014)  | \$773,350,147   |      |                                |  |
| 4   | Captain America: The Winter Soldier (2014)  | \$714,421,503   |      |                                |  |
| 5   | Thor: The Dark World (2013)   | \$644,783,140   |      |                                |  |
| 6   | Ant-Man (2015)  | \$519,311,965   |      |                                |  |
|   | Phase One   | \$3,813,212,481   | 6    | \$635,535,414                  | The Avengers (\$1,518,815,515)   |
| 1   | The Avengers (2012)   | \$1,518,815,515   |      | 4000,000,414                   | The Averigers (\$4,515,015,515)  |
|   | <u> </u>  | 1-,0-0,0-0,0-0  |      |                                |  |
| 2   | Iron Man 2 (2010)   | \$623.933.331   |      |                                |  |
| 2   | Iron Man 2 (2010)  Iron Man (2008)  | \$623,933,331<br>\$585.796.247  |      |                                |  |
| 3   | Iron Man (2008)   | \$585,796,247   |      |                                |  |
| 3   |   |   |      |                                |  |
| 3 4   | <u>Iron Man</u> (2008) <u>Thor</u> (2011)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618  |      |                                |  |
| 3 4 5   | Iron Man (2008) Thor (2011) Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774   |      |                                |  |
| 3 4 5   | Iron Man (2008) Thor (2011) Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774   | 10   | \$723,952,061                  | Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1   |
| 3 4 5   | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996  | 10 7 | \$723,952,061<br>\$815,974,240 | Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1<br>  Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1 |
| 3 4 5   | Iron Man (2008) Thor (2011) Captain America: The First Avenger (2011) The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608   |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678  |      |                                |  |
| 3 4 5 6   | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111   |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804  |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836   |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081  |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  Shang-Chi and the Legend of the Ten Rings (2021)  | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081<br>\$432,243,292   |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  Shang-Chi and the Legend of the Ten Rings (2021)  Eternals (2021)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081<br>\$432,243,292<br>\$402,064,899  |      |                                |  |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  Shang-Chi and the Legend of the Ten Rings (2021)  Eternals (2021)  Black Widow (2021)   | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081<br>\$432,243,292<br>\$402,064,899<br>\$379,751,655                                     | 7    | \$815,974,240                  | Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1   |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                    | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  Shang-Chi and the Legend of the Ten Rings (2021)  Eternals (2021)  Black Widow (2021)  Phase Five †                                       | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081<br>\$432,243,292<br>\$402,064,899<br>\$379,751,655                                     | 7    | \$815,974,240                  | Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1   |
| 3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7 | Iron Man (2008)  Thor (2011)  Captain America: The First Avenger (2011)  The Incredible Hulk (2008)  The Multiverse Saga †  Phase Four  Spider-Man: No Way Home (2021)  Doctor Strange in the Multiverse of Madness (2022)  Black Panther: Wakanda Forever (2022)  Thor: Love and Thunder (2022)  Shang-Chi and the Legend of the Ten Rings (2021)  Etemals (2021)  Black Widow (2021)  Phase Five †  Guardians of the Galaxy Vol. 3 (2023) | \$585,796,247<br>\$449,326,618<br>\$370,569,774<br>\$264,770,996<br>\$7,239,520,608<br>\$5,711,819,678<br>\$1,921,847,111<br>\$955,775,804<br>\$859,208,836<br>\$760,928,081<br>\$432,243,292<br>\$402,064,899<br>\$379,751,655<br>\$1,527,700,930<br>\$845,555,777 | 7    | \$815,974,240                  | Spider-Man: No Way Home (\$1,921,847,1   |

| 2 | Spider-Man †                       | \$10,518,198,179 | 14 | \$751,299,870   | No Way Home (\$1,921,847,111)          |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------|----|-----------------|--|
|   | Marvel Cinematic Universe          | \$3,933,942,031  | 3  | \$1,311,314,010 | No Way Home (\$1,921,847,111)          |
| 1 | <u>No Way Home</u> (2021)          | \$1,921,847,111  |    |                 |  |
| 2 | Far From Home (2019)               | \$1,131,927,996  |    |                 |  |
| 3 | Homecoming (2017)                  | \$880,166,924    |    |                 |  |
|   | Raimi series                       | \$2,512,301,347  | 3  | \$837,433,782   | Spider-Man 3 (\$894,983,373)           |
| 1 | <u>Spider-Man 3</u> (2007)         | \$894,983,373    |    |                 |  |
| 2 | Spider-Man (2002)                  | \$821,708,551    |    |                 |  |
| 3 | <u>Spider-Man 2</u> (2004)         | \$788,976,453    |    |                 |  |
| 4 | Spider-Man/Men in Black II (combo) | \$6,632,970      |    |                 |  |
|   | Sony's Spider-Man Universe †       | \$1,538,610,716  | 4  | \$384,652,679   | Venom (\$856,085,151)                  |
| 1 | <u>Venom</u> (2018)                | \$856,085,151    |    |                 |  |
| 2 | Venom: Let There Be Carnage (2021) | \$506,863,592    |    |                 |  |
| 3 | <u>Morbius</u> (2022)              | \$167,460,961    |    |                 |  |
| 4 | Madame Web (2024) †                | \$8,201,012      |    |                 |  |
|   | The Amazing Spider-Man series      | \$1,466,912,986  | 2  | \$733,456,493   | The Amazing Spider-Man (\$757,930,663  |
| 1 | The Amazing Spider-Man (2012)      | \$757,930,663    |    |                 |  |
| 2 | The Amazing Spider-Man 2 (2014)    | \$708,982,323    |    |                 |  |
|   | Spider-Verse †                     | \$1,066,431,099  | 2  | \$533,215,550   | Across the Spider-Verse (\$690,890,268 |
| 1 | Across the Spider-Verse (2023) †   | \$690,890,268    |    |                 |  |
| 2 | Into the Spider-Verse (2018)       | \$375,540,831    |    |                 |  |
| 3 | Star Wars                          | \$10,324,504,714 | 12 | \$860,375,393   | The Force Awakens (\$2,068,223,624)    |
|   | Skywalker Saga                     | \$8,805,876,676  | 9  | \$978,430,742   | The Force Awakens (\$2,068,223,624)    |
|   | Sequel trilogy                     | \$4,474,907,761  | 3  | \$1,491,635,920 | The Force Awakens (\$2,068,223,624)    |
| 1 | VII – The Force Awakens (2015)     | \$2,068,223,624  |    |                 |  |
| 2 | VIII – The Last Jedi (2017)        | \$1,332,539,889  |    |                 |  |
| 3 | IX – The Rise of Skywalker (2019)  | \$1,074,144,248  |    |                 |  |
|   | Prequel trilogy                    | \$2,525,235,803  | 3  | \$841,745,268   | The Phantom Menace (\$1,027,082,707)   |
| 1 | I – The Phantom Menace (1999)      | \$1,027,082,707  |    |                 |  |
| 2 | III – Revenge of the Sith (2005)   | \$848,754,768    |    |                 |  |
| 3 | II – Attack of the Clones (2002)   | \$649,398,328    |    |                 |  |
|   | Original trilogy                   | \$1,805,733,112  | 3  | \$601,911,037   | A New Hope (\$775,398,007)             |
| 1 | IV – A New Hope (1977)             | \$775,398,007    |    |                 |  |
| 2 | V – The Empire Strikes Back (1980) | \$547,969,004    |    |                 |  |
| 3 | VI – Return of the Jedi (1983)     | \$482,366,101    |    |                 |  |
|   | Standalone films                   | \$1,450,345,194  | 2  | \$725,172,597   | Rogue One (\$1,057,420,387)            |
| 1 | Rogue One (2016)                   | \$1,057,420,387  |    | ψ123,112,331    |  |
| 2 | Solo (2018)                        | \$392,924,807    |    |                 |  |
|   | The Clane Wars (2009)              | \$50,000,044     |    |                 |  |
|   | The Clone Wars (2008)              | \$68,282,844     |    |                 |  |

| 4      | Wizarding World   | \$9,656,055,269                | 11  | \$877,823,206 | Harry Potter and the Deathly Hallows – P  |
|--------|---|--------------------------------|-----|---------------|---|
|        | Harry Potter series                                     | \$7,780,010,016                | 8   | \$972,501,252 | Deathly Hallows – Part 2 (\$1,342,139,727 |
| 1      | Deathly Hallows – Part 2 (2011)                         | \$1,342,139,727                |     |               |   |
| 2      | Philosopher's Stone (2001)                              | \$1,009,046,830                |     |               |   |
| 3      | Deathly Hallows – Part 1 (2010)                         | \$977,070,383                  |     |               |   |
| 4      | Order of the Phoenix (2007)                             | \$942,201,710                  |     |               |   |
| 5      | Half-Blood Prince (2009)                                | \$934,483,039                  |     |               |   |
| 6      | Goblet of Fire (2005)                                   | \$896,815,106                  |     |               |   |
| 7      | Chamber of Secrets (2002)                               | \$880,684,614                  |     |               |   |
| 8      | Prisoner of Azkaban (2004)                              | \$797,568,607                  |     |               |   |
|        | , ,   |                                | 2   | #COF 240 410  | Fontactic Decete and Where to Find They   |
|        | Fantastic Beasts series                                 | \$1,876,045,253                | 3   | \$625,348,418 | Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Ther   |
| 1      | Fantastic Beasts and Where to Find Them (2016)          | \$814,038,508                  |     |               |   |
| 2      | The County of Brushlader (2018)                         | \$654,855,901                  |     |               |   |
| 3      | The Secrets of Dumbledore (2022)                        | \$407,150,844                  |     |               |   |
| 5      | James Bond  | \$7,836,485,924                | 27  | \$290,240,219 | Skyfall (\$1,108,569,499)                 |
|        | Eon series  | \$7,634,741,206                | 25  | \$305,389,648 | Skyfall (\$1,108,569,499)                 |
|        | Daniel Craig series                                     | \$3,969,513,462                | 5   | \$793,902,692 | Skyfall (\$1,108,569,499)                 |
| 1      | Skyfall (2012)  | \$1,108,569,499                |     |               |   |
| 2      | Spectre (2015)  | \$880,705,312                  |     |               |   |
| 3      | No Time to Die (2021)                                   | \$774,153,007                  |     |               |   |
| 4      | Casino Royale (2006)                                    | \$616,505,162                  |     |               |   |
| 5      | Quantum of Solace (2008)                                | \$589,580,482                  |     |               |   |
|        | Pierce Brosnan series                                   | \$1,479,008,618                | 4   | \$369,752,155 | Die Another Day (\$431,971,116)           |
| 1      | Die Another Day (2002)                                  | \$431,971,116                  |     |               |   |
| 2      | The World Is Not Enough (1999)                          | \$361,832,400                  |     |               |   |
| 3      | GoldenEye (1995)  | \$352,194,034                  |     |               |   |
| 4      | Tomorrow Never Dies (1997)                              | \$333,011,068                  |     |               |   |
|        | Roger Moore series                                      | \$1,151,600,000                | 7   | \$164,514,286 | Moonraker (\$210,300,000)                 |
|        | <u> </u>  |                                | - 1 | \$104,514,200 | 1000111aker (\$210,500,000)               |
| 1      | Moonraker (1979)  | \$210,300,000<br>\$194,900,000 |     |               |   |
| 3      | For Your Eyes Only (1981)  The Say Mark Level Me (1977) |                                |     |               |   |
|        | The Spy Who Loved Me (1977)                             | \$185,400,000                  |     |               |   |
| 4      | Octopussy (1983)  | \$183,700,000                  |     |               |   |
| 6      | A View to a Kill (1985)                                 | \$152,400,000                  |     |               |   |
| 7      | Live and Let Die (1973)                                 | \$126,400,000                  |     |               |   |
|        | The Man with the Golden Gun (1974)                      | \$98,500,000                   |     |               |   |
|        | Sean Connery series                                     | \$621,500,000                  | 6   | \$103,583,333 | Thunderball (\$141,200,000)               |
| 1      | Thunderball (1965)                                      | \$141,200,000                  |     |               |   |
| 2      | Goldfinger (1964)                                       | \$124,900,000                  |     |               |   |
| 3      | <u>Diamonds Are Forever</u> (1971)                      | \$116,000,000                  |     |               |   |
| 4      | You Only Live Twice (1967)                              | \$101,000,000                  |     |               |   |
| 5      | From Russia with Love (1963)                            | \$78,900,000                   |     |               |   |
| 6      | <u>Dr. No</u> (1962)                                    | \$59,500,000                   |     |               |   |
|        | Timothy Dalton series                                   | \$347,400,000                  | 2   | \$173,700,000 | The Living Daylights (\$191,200,000)      |
| 1      | The Living Daylights (1987)                             | \$191,200,000                  |     |               |   |
| 2      | Licence to Kill (1989)                                  | \$156,200,000                  |     |               |   |
|        | George Lazenby series                                   | \$64,600,000                   | 1   | \$64,600,000  | On Her Majesty's Secret Service (\$64,600 |
| 1      | On Her Majesty's Secret Service (1969)                  | \$64,600,000                   |     | ψυ, υυυ, υυυ  | 311 101 majosty 3 300101 3011100 (404,000 |
| لينا ا |   | 40-7,000,000                   |     |               |   |
|        | Never Say Never Again (1983)                            | \$160,000,000                  |     |               |   |
|        | Casino Royale (1967)                                    | \$41,744,718                   |     |               |   |
|        |   | * * 1                          |     |               |   |

| 6   | Avengers   | \$7,767,486,137  | 4  | \$1,941,871,534 | Endgame (\$2,797,501,328)   |
|---|--|--|----|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| l   | <u>Endgame</u> (2019)  | \$2,797,501,328  |    |                 |                             |
| 2   | Infinity War (2018)  | \$2,048,359,754  |    |                 |                             |
| 3   | The Avengers (2012)  | \$1,518,815,515  |    |                 |                             |
| 1   | Age of Ultron (2015)   | \$1,402,809,540  |    |                 |                             |
| 7   | Fast & Furious   | \$7,333,668,744  | 11 | \$666,697,159   | Furious 7 (\$1,515,341,399) |
|   | The Fast Saga  | \$6,572,935,818  | 10 | \$657,293,582   | Furious 7 (\$1,515,341,399) |
| 1   | Furious 7 (2015)   | \$1,515,341,399  |    |                 |                             |
| 2   | The Fate of the Furious (2017) <sup>F8</sup>   | \$1,238,764,765  |    |                 |                             |
| 3   | Fast & Furious 6 (2013)  | \$788,680,968  |    |                 |                             |
| 4   | F9 (2021)  | \$726,229,501  |    |                 |                             |
| 5   | <u>Fast X</u> (2023)   | \$714,581,860  |    |                 |                             |
| 6   | Fast Five (2011)   | \$626,137,675  |    |                 |                             |
| 7   | Fast & Furious (2009)  | \$360,366,870  |    |                 |                             |
| 8   | 2 Fast 2 Furious (2003)  | \$236,350,661  |    |                 |                             |
| 9   | The Fast and the Furious (2001)  | \$207,517,509  |    |                 |                             |
| 10  | <u>Tokyo Drift</u> (2006)  | \$158,964,610  |    |                 |                             |
|   | Hobbs & Shaw (2019)  | \$760,732,926  |    |                 |                             |
| 8   | DC Extended Universe <sup>S</sup> †  | \$7,186,840,609  | 15 | \$479,122,707   | Aquaman (\$1,148,528,393)   |
| 1   | <u>Aquaman</u> (2018)  | \$1,148,528,393  |    |                 |                             |
| 2   | Batman v Superman: Dawn of Justice (2016)  | \$873,637,528  |    |                 |                             |
| 3   | Wonder Woman (2017)  | \$822,854,286  |    |                 |                             |
| 1   | Suicide Squad (2016)   | \$746,846,894  |    |                 |                             |
| 5   | Man of Steel (2013)  | \$668,045,518  |    |                 |                             |
| 5   |  |  |    |                 |                             |
|   | Justice League (2017)  | \$657,926,987  |    |                 |                             |
| 7   | Justice League (2017)  Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †   | \$657,926,987<br>\$429,726,593   |    |                 |                             |
|   |  | -  |    |                 |                             |
| 3   | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †  | \$429,726,593  |    |                 |                             |
| 3   | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) † Black Adam (2022)  | \$429,726,593<br>\$393,452,111   |    |                 |                             |
| 3<br>9<br>10                              | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †  Black Adam (2022)  Shazam! (2019)   | \$429,726,593<br>\$393,452,111<br>\$365,971,656  |    |                 |                             |
| 3<br>9<br>10                              | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †  Black Adam (2022)  Shazam! (2019)  The Flash (2023)   | \$429,726,593<br>\$393,452,111<br>\$365,971,656<br>\$271,333,313                                   |    |                 |                             |
| 3<br>9<br>10<br>11                        | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †  Black Adam (2022)  Shazam! (2019)  The Flash (2023)  Birds of Prey (2020)                           | \$429,726,593<br>\$393,452,111<br>\$365,971,656<br>\$271,333,313<br>\$205,372,791                  |    |                 |                             |
| 7<br>3<br>9<br>10<br>11<br>11<br>12<br>13 | Aquaman and the Lost Kingdom (2023) †  Black Adam (2022)  Shazam! (2019)  The Flash (2023)  Birds of Prey (2020)  Wonder Woman 1984 (2020) | \$429,726,593<br>\$393,452,111<br>\$365,971,656<br>\$271,333,313<br>\$205,372,791<br>\$169,601,036 |    |                 |                             |

| 9   | Batman                                      | \$6,843,842,452                    | 17 | \$402,578,968       | The Dark Knight Rises (\$1,081,169,825) |
|-----|---|------------------------------------|----|---------------------|---|
|     | The Dark Knight trilogy                     | \$2,462,179,755                    | 3  | \$820,726,585       | The Dark Knight Rises (\$1,081,169,825) |
| 1   | The Dark Knight Rises (2012)                | \$1,081,169,825                    |    | Ψ020,120,000        | The Dan Ningh 10303 (\$1,001,100,020)   |
| 2   | The Dark Knight (2008)                      | \$1,007,336,937                    |    |                     |   |
| 3   | Batman Begins (2005)                        | \$373,672,993                      |    |                     |   |
|     | (=================================          | **********                         |    | I                   |   |
|     | Burton/Schumacher series                    | \$1,253,192,682                    | 4  | \$313,298,171       | Batman (\$411,556,825)                  |
| 1   | <u>Batman</u> (1989)                        | \$411,556,825                      |    |                     |   |
| 2   | Batman Forever (1995)                       | \$336,567,531                      |    |                     |   |
| 3   | Batman Returns (1992)                       | \$266,832,411                      |    |                     |   |
| 4   | Batman & Robin (1997)                       | \$238,235,915                      |    |                     |   |
|     | Joker (2019)                                | \$1,074,458,282                    |    |                     |   |
|     | Batman v Superman: Dawn of Justice (2016)   | \$873,637,528                      |    |                     |   |
|     | The Batman (2022)                           | \$772,245,583                      |    |                     |   |
|     | The Lego Batman Movie (2017)                | \$311,950,384                      |    |                     |   |
|     | Catwoman (2004)                             | \$82,102,379                       |    |                     |   |
|     | Mask of the Phantasm (1993)                 | \$5,617,391                        |    |                     |   |
|     | DC Universe Animated Original Movies        | \$4,501,125                        | 2  | \$2,250,563         | The Killing Joke (\$4,462,034)          |
| 1   | The Killing Joke (2016)                     | \$4,462,034                        |    |                     |   |
| 2   | Batman and Harley Quinn (2017)              | \$39,091                           |    |                     |   |
|     | 1960s TV series                             | \$3,957,343                        | 2  | \$1,978,672         | Batman: The Movie (\$3,900,000)         |
| 1   | Batman: The Movie (1966)*R                  | \$3,900,000                        |    |                     | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   |
| 2   | Return of the Caped Crusaders (2016)        | \$57,343                           |    |                     |   |
|     |   |                                    | 10 | <b>#400,000,000</b> | DIVI 0 (#705 000 000)                   |
| 10  | <u>X-Men</u>                                | \$6,084,116,741                    | 13 | \$468,008,980       | Deadpool 2 (\$785,896,609)              |
|     | Main series                                 | \$3,059,525,837                    | 7  | \$437,075,120       | Days of Future Past (\$746,045,700)     |
| 1   | Days of Future Past (2014)                  | \$746,045,700                      |    |                     |   |
| 2   | Apocalypse (2016)                           | \$543,934,105                      |    |                     |   |
| 3   | The Last Stand (2006)                       | \$460,435,291                      |    |                     |   |
| 4   | <u>X2</u> (2003)                            | \$407,711,549                      |    |                     |   |
| 5   | First Class (2011)                          | \$352,616,690                      |    |                     |   |
| 6   | X-Men (2000)                                | \$296,339,528                      |    |                     |   |
| 7   | Dark Phoenix (2019)                         | \$252,442,974                      |    |                     |   |
|     | Deadpool series                             | \$1,568,508,764                    | 2  | \$784,254,382       | Deadpool 2 (\$785,896,609)              |
| 1   | <u>Deadpool 2</u> (2018)                    | \$785,896,609                      |    |                     |   |
| 2   | Deadpool (2016)                             | \$782,612,155                      |    |                     |   |
|     | Wolverine series                            | \$1,406,912,546                    | 3  | \$468,970,849       | Logan (\$619,021,436)                   |
| 1   | Logan (2017)                                | \$619,021,436                      |    | Ţ 100,010,010       |   |
| 2   | The Wolverine (2013)                        | \$414,828,246                      |    |                     |   |
| 3   | Origins: Wolverine (2009)                   | \$373,062,864                      |    |                     |   |
|     | The New Mutants (2020)                      | \$49,169,594                       |    |                     |   |
| 11  | Jurassic Park                               | \$6,006,943,987                    | 6  | \$1,001,157,331     | Jurassic World (\$1,671,537,444)        |
|     | Jurassic World trilogy                      | \$3,981,988,949                    | 3  | \$1,327,329,650     | Jurassic World (\$1,671,537,444)        |
| 1   | Jurassic World (2015)                       | \$1,671,537,444                    |    |                     |   |
| 2   | Fallen Kingdom (2018)                       | \$1,308,473,425                    |    |                     |   |
| 1 _ | <u>Dominion</u> (2022)                      | \$1,001,978,080                    |    |                     |   |
| 3   |   |                                    |    |                     |   |
| 3   | Jurassic Park trilogy                       | \$2,024,955,038                    | 3  | \$674,985,013       | Jurassic Park (\$1,037,535,230)         |
| 1   | Jurassic Park trilogy  Jurassic Park (1993) | \$2,024,955,038<br>\$1,037,535,230 | 3  | \$674,985,013       | Jurassic Park (\$1,037,535,230)         |
|     |   |                                    | 3  | \$674,985,013       | Jurassic Park (\$1,037,535,230)         |

| 12 | Middle-earth   | \$5,958,241,503 | 7 | \$851,177,358   | The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the |
|----|--|-----------------|---|-----------------|--|
|    | Jackson series   | \$5,927,770,083 | 6 | \$987,961,681   | The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the |
|    | The Lord of the Rings  | \$2,995,691,652 | 3 | \$998,563,884   | The Return of the King (\$1,147,997,407) |
| 1  | The Return of the King (2003)  | \$1,147,997,407 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | The Two Towers (2002)  | \$948,945,489   |   |                 |  |
| 3  | The Fellowship of the Ring (2001)  | \$898,748,756   |   |                 |  |
|    | The Hobbit   | \$2,932,078,431 | 3 | \$977,359,477   | An Unexpected Journey (\$1,017,030,651)  |
| 1  | An Unexpected Journey (2012)   | \$1,017,030,651 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | The Desolation of Smaug (2013)   | \$959,027,992   |   |                 |  |
| 3  | The Battle of the Five Armies (2014)   | \$956,019,788   |   |                 |  |
|    | The Lord of the Rings (1978)   | \$30,471,420    |   |                 |  |
| 13 | Transformers   | \$5,292,103,419 | 8 | \$661,512,927   | Dark of the Moon (\$1,123,794,079)       |
|    | Main series  | \$5,286,242,818 | 7 | \$755,177,545   | Dark of the Moon (\$1,123,794,079)       |
| 1  | Dark of the Moon (2011)  | \$1,123,794,079 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | Age of Extinction (2014)   | \$1,104,054,072 |   |                 |  |
| 3  | Revenge of the Fallen (2009)   | \$836,303,693   |   |                 |  |
| 4  | Transformers (2007)  | \$709,709,780   |   |                 |  |
| 5  | The Last Knight (2017)   | \$605,425,157   |   |                 |  |
| 6  | Bumblebee (2018)   | \$467,989,645   |   |                 |  |
| 7  | Rise of the Beasts (2023)  | \$438,966,392   |   |                 |  |
|    | The Transformers: The Movie (1986)   | \$5,860,601     |   |                 |  |
| 14 | Avatar   | \$5,243,956,307 | 2 | \$2,621,978,154 | Avatar (\$2,923,706,026)                 |
| 1  | Avatar (2009)  | \$2,923,706,026 |   |                 | 1  |
| 2  | The Way of Water (2022)  | \$2,320,250,281 |   |                 |  |
| 15 | Despicable Me  | \$4,648,498,378 | 5 | \$929,699,676   | Minions (\$1,159,444,662)                |
|    | Main series  | \$2,548,849,951 | 3 | \$849,616,650   | Despicable Me 3 (\$1,034,800,131)        |
| 1  | Despicable Me 3 (2017)   | \$1,034,800,131 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | Despicable Me 2 (2013)   | \$970,766,005   |   |                 |  |
| 3  | Despicable Me (2010)   | \$543,283,815   |   |                 |  |
|    | Minions series   | \$2,099,648,427 | 2 | \$1,049,824,214 | Minions (\$1,159,444,662)                |
| 1  | <u>Minions</u> (2015)  | \$1,159,444,662 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | The Rise of Gru (2022)   | \$940,203,765   |   |                 |  |
| 16 | Pirates of the Caribbean   | \$4,522,015,850 | 5 | \$904,403,170   | Dead Man's Chest (\$1,066,179,747)       |
| 1  | Dead Man's Chest (2006)  | \$1,066,179,747 |   |                 |  |
| 2  | On Stranger Tides (2011)   | \$1,045,713,802 |   |                 |  |
| 3  | At World's End (2007)  | \$960,996,492   |   |                 |  |
| 4  | Dead Men Tell No Tales (2017)  | \$794,861,794   |   |                 |  |
| 5  | The Curse of the Black Pearl (2003)  | \$654,264,015   |   |                 |  |
| 17 | Mission: Impossible  | \$4,139,186,793 | 7 | \$591,312,399   | Fallout (\$791,657,398)                  |
| 1  | Fallout (2018)   | \$791,657,398   |   |                 |  |
| 2  | Ghost Protocol (2011)  | \$694,713,380   |   |                 |  |
| 3  | Rogue Nation (2015)  | \$682,716,636   |   |                 |  |
| 4  | T. Control of the Con | \$567,535,383   |   |                 |  |
| 4  | Dead Reckoning Part One (2023)   | ψ307,333,303    |   |                 |  |
| 5  | Dead Reckoning Part One (2023)  Mission: Impossible 2 (2000)   | \$546,388,108   |   |                 |  |
|    |  |                 |   |                 |  |

| 18 | Shrek                                     | \$4,019,564,166 | 6 | \$669,927,361 | Shrek 2 (\$928,961,330)                |
|----|---|-----------------|---|---------------|--|
|    | Main series                               | \$2,979,338,795 | 4 | \$744,834,699 | Shrek 2 (\$928,961,330)                |
| 1  | Shrek 2 (2004)                            | \$928,961,330   |   |               |  |
| 2  | Shrek the Third (2007)                    | \$813,367,380   |   |               |  |
| 3  | Shrek Forever After (2010)                | \$752,600,867   |   |               |  |
| 4  | <u>Shrek</u> (2001)                       | \$484,409,218   |   |               |  |
|    | Puss in Boots series                      | \$1,040,225,371 | 2 | \$520,112,686 | Puss in Boots (\$554,987,477)          |
| 1  | Puss in Boots (2011)                      | \$554,987,477   |   |               |  |
| 2  | The Last Wish (2022)                      | \$485,237,894   |   |               |  |
| 19 | The Twilight Saga                         | \$3,359,862,915 | 5 | \$671,972,583 | Breaking Dawn – Part 2 (\$829,746,820) |
| 1  | Breaking Dawn – Part 2 (2012)             | \$829,746,820   |   |               |  |
| 2  | Breaking Dawn – Part 1 (2011)             | \$712,205,856   |   |               |  |
| 3  | <u>New Moon</u> (2009)                    | \$709,827,462   |   |               |  |
| 4  | Eclipse (2010)                            | \$698,509,825   |   |               |  |
| 5  | <u>Twilight</u> (2008)                    | \$407,187,715   |   |               |  |
| 6  | Twilight / New Moon Combo (2010)          | \$2,385,237     |   |               |  |
| 20 | The Hunger Games †                        | \$3,306,308,216 | 5 | \$661,261,643 | Catching Fire (\$865,011,746)          |
|    | Main series                               | \$2,968,191,834 | 4 | \$742,047,959 | Catching Fire (\$865,011,746)          |
| 1  | Catching Fire (2013)                      | \$865,011,746   |   |               |  |
| 2  | Mockingjay – Part 1 (2014)                | \$755,357,103   |   |               |  |
| 3  | The Hunger Games (2012)                   | \$694,394,724   |   |               |  |
| 4  | Mockingjay – Part 2 (2015)                | \$653,428,261   |   |               |  |
|    | The Ballad of Songbirds & Snakes (2023) † | \$338,116,382   |   |               |  |

Shared universes for which some properties also have their own entries.

### See also



Lists of highest-grossing films

#### Notes

a. Prior to the release of *Spectre* in 2015, the James Bond series had grossed approximately \$17.7 billion at 2015 prices; [111] after factoring in earnings of over \$1.6 billion from *Spectre* and *No Time to Die*, the series has earned at least \$19.3 billion adjusted for inflation.

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<sup>\*</sup>Canada and U.S. gross only.

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- 41. Cones, John W. (1997). The feature film distribution deal: a critical analysis of the single most important film industry agreement. Southern Illinois University Press. p. 41 (https://books.google.com/b ooks?id=EoeJ7VmwnDIC&pg=PA41). ISBN 978-0-8093-2082-0. "Distributor rentals: It is also important to know and recognize the difference between the distributor's gross receipts and the gross rentals. The term "rentals" refers to the aggregate amount of the film distributor's share of monies paid at theatre box offices computed on the basis of negotiated agreements between the distributor and the exhibitor. Note that gross receipts refers to amounts actually received and from all markets and media, whereas gross rentals refers to amounts earned from theatrical exhibition only, regardless of whether received by the distributor. Thus, gross receipts is the much broader term and includes distributor rentals. The issue of film rentals (i.e., what percentage of a film's box office gross comes back to the distributor) is of key importance...More current numbers suggest that distributor rentals for the major studio/distributor released films average in the neighborhood of 43% of box office gross. Again, however, such an average is based on widely divergent distributor rental ratios on individual films.
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- 44. Balio, Tino (1987). *United Artists: the Company that Changed the Film Industry* (https://archive.org/details/unitedartistscom00bali/pag e/124). University of Wisconsin Press. p. 124–125 (https://books.google.com/books?id=9EeK5s3aw44C&pg=PA124). ISBN 978-0-299-11440-4. "To rekindle interest in the movies, Hollywood not only had to compete with television but also with other leisure-time activities...Movies made a comeback by 1955, but audiences had changed. Moviegoing became a special event for most people, creating the phenomenon of the big picture."

- 45. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 179 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA179). "Later epics proved far more disastrous for the backers. Samuel Bronston's *The Fall of the Roman Empire*, filmed in Spain, cost \$17,816,876 and grossed only \$1.9 million in America. George Stevens's long-gestating life of Christ, The Greatest Story Ever Told (1965), which had been in planning since 1954 and in production since 1962, earned domestic rentals of \$6,962,715 on a \$21,481,745 negative cost, the largest amount yet spent on a production made entirely within the United States. The Bible: In the Beginning... (1966) was financed by the Italian producer Dino De Laurentiis from private investors and Swiss banks. He then sold distribution rights outside Italy jointly to Fox and Seven Arts for \$15 million (70 percent of which came from Fox), thereby recouping the bulk of his \$18 million investment. Although The Bible returned a respectable world rental of \$25.3 million, Fox was still left with a net loss of just over \$1.5 million. It was the last biblical epic to be released by any major Hollywood studio for nearly twenty years."
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  "...there exists a very precise production accountant's statement, drawn up some time after the picture was finished, previews had been held and release prints struck. This document shows that the negative cost of the picture was precisely \$385,906.77..."
- 52. "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea" (https://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1916/020LU.php). The Numbers. Nash Information Services. Retrieved January 5, 2012.
- 53. Finler 2003, p. 358 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmbfr sC&pg=PA358)
- 54. <u>Milwaukee Magazine</u>. Vol. 32. 2007. "The year's top–grossing movie, *Aloma* made \$3 million in the first three months and brought Gray back to Milwaukee for its opening at the Wisconsin Theatre."
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  Dorling Kindersley. p. 28 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Zff4B hUOOnwC&pg=PA28). ISBN 978-1-84353-650-5. "But they had previously succeeded in showing how musicals could centre on ordinary people with Sunny Side Up (1929), which had grossed \$2 million at the box office and demonstrated a new maturity and ingenuity in the staging of story and dance."

- 56. Hall & Neale 2010, pp. 6 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Ro0h ASPfC68C&pg=PA6)-7 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Ro0h ASPfC68C&pg=PA7). "For similar reasons of accountability, *Variety* has typically used figures for domestic (U.S. and Canadian) rather than worldwide revenue. This became its standard policy in 1940, when the advent of war in Europe persuaded the American film industry (temporarily, as it turned out) that it should be wholly reliant on the home market for profitability. Where specific rentals data are reported in *Variety* before this (which tended to be only sporadically) they were often for worldwide rather domestic performance. This was also the case with other trade sources, such as Quigley's annual Motion Picture Almanac, which published its own all-time hits lists from the early 1930s onward. The subsequent confusion of domestic and worldwide figures, and of rental and box-office figures, has plagued many published accounts of Hollywood history (sometimes including those in Variety itself), and we have attempted to be diligant in clarifying the differences between them.'
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- 60. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 129 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=%22Gone%20with%20the%20Wind%20include s%20initial%20release%20plus%20four%20rereleases%20(1941% 2C1942%2C1947%20and%201954)%20since%20foreign%20renta l%20revenues%20were%20available%20only%20cumulative%20through%201956.%22&pg=PA129). "Domestic Rentals: \$30,015,000 (61%); Foreign Rentals: \$18,964,000 (39%)...Gone with the Wind includes initial release plus four rereleases (1941,1942,1947 and 1954) since foreign rental revenues were available only cumulative through 1956."
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- 68. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 237 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp\_buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA237). "By the end of 1938, it had grossed more than \$8 million in worldwide rentals and was ranked at the time as the second-highest-grossing film after the 1925 epic Ben-Hur".
- 69. Finler 2003, p. 47 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmbfrs C&pg=PA47). "Walt Disney took a big risk when he decided to invest \$1.5 million in his first feature-length animated film, Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs. It became the biggest hit of the sound era and the largest-grossing movie since The Birth of a Nation until the release of independent producer David O. Selznick's Gone with the Wind just two years later."
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  - Way Down East: p. 52 (https://books.google.com/books?id=zosp Q7o5u0oC&pg=PA52) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20 230404001622/https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ7o5u 0oC&pg=PA52) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "D.W. Griffith's Way Down East (1920) was projected to return rentals of \$4,000,000 on an \$800,000 negative. This figure was based on the amounts earned from its roadshow run, coupled with its playoff in the rest of the country's theaters. Griffith had originally placed the potential film rental at \$3,000,000 but, because of the success of the various roadshows that were running the \$4,000,000 total was expected. The film showed a profit of \$615,736 after just 23 weeks of release on a gross of \$2,179,613."
  - What Price Glory?: p. 112 (https://books.google.com/books?id=z ospQ7o5u0oC&q=What%20Price%20Glory%20hit%20the%20j ackpot%20with%20massive%20world%20rentals%20of%20%2 42%2C429%2C000%2C%20the%20highest%20figure%20in% 20the%20history%20of%20the%20company.%20Since%20it%2 0was%20also%20the%20most%20expensive%20production% 20of%20the%20year%20at%20%24817%2C000%20the%20pr ofit%20was%20still%20a%20healthy%20%24796%2C000&pg= PA122) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023040400172 9/https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ7o5u0oC&q=Wha t%20Price%20Glory%20hit%20the%20jackpot%20with%20mas sive%20world%20rentals%20of%20\$2,429,000,%20the%20hig hest%20figure%20in%20the%20history%20of%20the%20comp any.%20Since%20it%20was%20also%20the%20most%20expe nsive%20production%20of%20the%20year%20at%20\$817,00 0%20the%20profit%20was%20still%20a%20healthy%20\$796,0 00&pg=PA122) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "What Price Glory hit the jackpot with massive world rentals of \$2,429,000, the highest figure in the history of the company. Since it was also the most expensive production of the year at \$817,000 the profit was still a healthy \$796,000...
  - Cavalcade: p. 170 (https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ7 o5u0oC&pg=PA170) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/202 30404001726/https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ7o5u0 oC&pg=PA170) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "The actual cost of Cavalcade was \$1,116,000 and it was most definitely not guaranteed a success. In fact, if its foreign grosses followed the usual 40 percent of domestic returns, the film would have lost money. In a turnaround, the foreign gross was almost double the \$1,000,000 domestic take to reach total world rentals of \$3,000,000 and Fox's largest profit of the year at \$664,000."
  - State Fair: p. 170 (https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ70 5u0oC&pg=PA170) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023 0404001726/https://books.google.com/books?id=zospQ7o5u0o C&pg=PA170) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "State Fair did turn out to be a substantial hit with the help of Janet Gaynor boosting Will Rogers back to the level of money-making star. Its prestige engagements helped raked in a total \$1,208,000 in domestic rentals. Surprisingly, in foreign countries unfamiliar with state fairs, it still earned a respectable \$429,000. With its total rentals, the film ended up showing a \$398,000 profit."
- 93. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 53 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Ro0h ASPfC68C&pg=PA53). "The Four Forsemen of the Apocalypse was to become Metro's most expensive production and one of the decade's biggest box-office hits. Its production costs have been estimated at "something between \$600,000 and \$800,000." Variety estimated its worldwide gross at \$4 million in 1925 and at \$5 million in 1944; in 1991, it estimated its cumulative domestic rentals at \$3,800,000."
- 94. Brownlow, Kevin (1968). *The parade's gone by*. <u>University of California Press</u>. p. 255 (https://books.google.com/books?id=wCD5
  <u>EH64Qw8C&pg=PA255</u>). <u>ISBN</u> 978-0-520-03068-8. "The negative cost was about \$986,000, which did not include Fairbanks' own salary. Once the exploitation and release prints were taken into account, *Robin Hood* cost about \$1,400,000—exceeding both *Intolerance* (\$700,000) and the celebrated "million dollar movie" *Foolish Wives*. But it earned \$2,500,000."

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  C&pg=PA146). ISBN 978-0-520-25667-5. "The film had a

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  - ch. 45. The Ten Commandments (https://books.google.com/book s?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT104) (1923). "Cost: \$1,475,836.93; Gross: \$4,169,798.38"
  - ch. 56. The Sign of the Cross (https://books.google.com/books?id=h8I1dEf7GqIC&pg=PT138) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230403234754/https://books.google.com/books?id=h8I1dEf7GqIC&pg=PT138) April 3, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Cost: \$694,064.67; Gross: \$2,738,993.35 (to 1937)"
  - ch. 68. Samson and Delilah (https://books.google.com/books?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT177) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404044845/https://books.google.com/books?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT177) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Cost: \$3,097,563.05"
  - ch. 69. The Greatest Show on Earth (https://books.google.com/books?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT181) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230403234757/https://books.google.com/books?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT181) April 3, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Cost: \$3,873,946.50; Gross receipts: \$15,797,396.36 (to December 29, 1962)"
  - ch. 70. The Ten Commandments (https://books.google.com/books?id=h8l1dEf7GqlC&pg=PT185) (1956). "Cost: \$13,272,381.87;
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- 107. Birchard, Robert S. (2010), *The Broadway Melody*, p. <u>121 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA121)</u>, "It earned \$4.4 million in worldwide rentals and was the first movie to spawn sequels (there were several until 1940)." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- 108. Bradley, Edwin M. (2004) [1st. pub. 1996]. The First Hollywood Musicals: A Critical Filmography of 171 Features, 1927 Through 1932. McFarland & Company. ISBN 978-0-7864-2029-2.
  - The Singing Fool: p. 12 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&pg=PA12) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404001730/https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&pg=PA12) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Ego aside, Jolson was at the top of his powers in The Singing Fool. The \$150,000 Warner Bros. paid him to make it, and the \$388,000 it took to produce the film, were drops in the hat next to the film's world gross of \$5.9 million. Its \$3.8-million gross in this country set a box-office record that would not be surpassed until Walt Disney's Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs (1937)."
  - The Broadway Melody: p. 24 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&pg=PA24) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404044842/https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&pg=PA24) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "The Broadway Melody with a negative cost of \$379,000, grossed \$2.8 million in the United States, \$4.8 million worldwide, and made a recorded profit of \$1.6 million for MGM."
  - Gold Diggers of Broadway: p. 58 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&q=%22gold%20diggers%20of%20broadway%22%20worldwide) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404001730/https://books.google.com/books?id=Rg-UBJaPD-sC&q=%22gold%20diggers%20of%20broadway%22%20worldwide) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "It grossed an impressive \$2.5 million domestically and nearly \$4 million worldwide."

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  - Sunny Side Up: p. 10 (https://books.google.com/books?id=WIZ wZOz8LHsC&pg=PA10) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20240210232404/https://books.google.com/books?id=WIZwZOz8LHsC&pg=PA10#v=onepage&q&f=false) February 10, 2024, at the Wayback Machine. "Sunny Side Up, a musical starring Janet Gaynor and Charles Farrell, showed domestic rentals of \$3.5 million, a record for the company."
  - Forever Amber: p. 66 (https://books.google.com/books?id=WIZw ZOz8LHsC&q=%22on+the+surface%22+%22world+rentals%22+%248) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023110723433 3/https://books.google.com/books?id=WIZwZOz8LHsC&q=%22 on+the+surface%22+%22world+rentals%22+%248#v=snippet& q=%22on%20the%20surface%22%20%22world%20rentals%2 2%20%248&f=false) November 7, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "On the surface, with world rentals of \$8 million, Forever Amber was considered a hit at distribution level."
  - The French Connection
    - p. 167 (https://books.google.com/books?id=WIZwZOz8L HsC&pg=PA167) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/ 20231107234333/https://books.google.com/books?id=W IZwZOz8LHsC&pg=PA167#v=onepage&q&f=false) November 7, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "The Planet of the Apes motion pictures were all moneymakers and Zanuck's record would have immediately improved had he stayed through the release of The French Connection, which took in rentals of approximately \$75 million worldwide." p. 256 (https://books.google.com/books?id=w70iAAAAM AAJ&q=%22french+connection%22) Archived (https://w eb.archive.org/web/20231107234334/https://books.goog le.com/books?id=w70iAAAAMAAJ&q=%22french+conn ection%22) November 7, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. '\$3.300.00'
- worldwide, and made a recorded profit of \$1.6 million for MGM." 110. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 46 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpb\_uSXSqdkC&pg=PA46). "Production Cost: \$0.6 (Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)."
  - 111. Cormack, Mike (1993). *Ideology and Cinematography in Hollywood,* 1930–1939. Palgrave Macmillan. p. 28 (https://books.google.com/books?id=w0JSFWpr2gAC&pg=PA28). ISBN 978-0-312-10067-4.

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  - 112. Balio, Tino (1996). *Grand Design: Hollywood as a Modern Business Enterprise*, 1930–1939. Vol. 5 of History of the American Cinema. University of California Press. ISBN 978-0-520-20334-1.
    - Cavalcade: p. 182 (https://books.google.com/books?id=\_J9HTL\_Ol08wC&pg=PA182) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/202\_30404044843/https://books.google.com/books?id=\_J9HTLOl08wC&pg=PA182) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Produced by Winfield Sheehan at a cost of \$1.25 million, Cavalcade won Academy Awards for best picture, director, art direction and grossed close to \$4 million during its first release, much of which came from Great Britain and the Empire."
    - Whoopee: p. 212 (https://books.google.com/books?id=\_J9HTLO I08wC&pg=PA212) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230 404001724/https://books.google.com/books?id=\_J9HTLOI08wC &pg=PA212) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Produced by Sam Goldwyn at a cost of \$1 million, the picture was an adaptation of a smash musical comedy built around Eddie Cantor...A personality-centered musical, Whoopee! made little attempt to integrate the comedy routines, songs, and story. Nonetheless, Cantor's feature-film debut grossed over \$2.6 million worldwide and started a popular series that included Palmy Days (1931), The Kid from Spain (1932), and Roman Scandals (1933)."

- Balio, Tino (1976). United Artists: The Company Built by the Stars. University of Wisconsin Press. p. 110 (https://books.googl e.com/books?id=QljKdIYzncoC&pg=PA110). "Hughes did not have the "Midas touch" the trade press so often attributed to him. Variety, for example, reported that Hell's Angels cost \$3.2 million to make, and by July, 1931, eight months after its release, the production cost had nearly been paid off. Keats claimed the picture cost \$4 million to make and that it earned twice that much within twenty years. The production cost estimate is probably correct. Hughes worked on the picture for over two years, shooting it first as a silent and then as a talkie. Lewis Milestone said that in between Hughes experimented with shooting it in color as well. But Variety's earnings report must be the fabrication of a delirious publicity agent, and Keats' the working of a myth maker. During the seven years it was in United Artists distribution, Hell's Angels grossed \$1.6 million in the domestic market, of which Hughes' share was \$1.2 million. Whatever the foreign gross was, it seems unlikely that it was great enough to earn a profit for the picture."
- 114. Feaster, Felicia. "Frankenstein (1931)" (http://www.tcm.com/this-mo nth/article/373967%7C18617/Frankenstein.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20141221174009/htt p://www.tcm.com/this-month/article/373967%7C18617/Frankenstei n.html) from the original on December 21, 2014. Retrieved July 4,
- 115. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 163 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp 123. Block, Alex Ben (2010), She Done Him Wrong, p. 173 (https://books. buSXSSqdkC&q=%22worldwide+rentals%22&pg=PA163). "It drew \$1.4 million in worldwide rentals in its first run versus \$1.2 million for Dracula, which had opened in February 1931.'
- 116. Vance, Jeffrey (2003). Chaplin: genius of the cinema. Abrams Books. p. 208 (https://archive.org/details/chaplingeniusofc00vanc). "Chaplin's negative cost for City Lights was \$1,607,351. The film eventually earned him a worldwide profit of \$5 million (\$2 million domestically and \$3 million in foreign distribution), an enormous sum of money for the time."
- 117. Ramsaye, Terry, ed. (1937). "The All-Time Best Sellers Motion Pictures". International Motion Picture Almanac 1937–38: 942–943 (https://archive.org/stream/international193738quig#page/942/mod e/2up). "Kid from Spain: \$2,621,000 (data supplied by Eddie
- 118. Sedgwick, John (2000). Popular Filmgoing In 1930s Britain: A Choice of Pleasures. University of Exeter Press. pp. 146 (https://boo ks.google.com/books?id=YsUfc8ljb-wC&pg=PA146)-148. ISBN 978-0-85989-660-3. "Sources: Eddie Mannix Ledger, made available to the author by Mark Glancy...'
  - Grand Hotel: Production Cost \$000s: 700; Distribution Cost \$000s: 947; U.S. box-office \$000s: 1,235; Foreign box-office \$000s: 1,359; Total box-office \$000s: 2,594; Profit \$000s: 947.
  - The Merry Widow: Production Cost \$000s: 1,605; Distribution Cost \$000s: 1,116; U.S. box-office \$000s: 861; Foreign boxoffice \$000s: 1,747; Total box-office \$000s: 2,608; Profit \$000s:
  - Viva Villa: Production Cost \$000s: 1.022: Distribution Cost \$000s: 766; U.S. box-office \$000s: 941; Foreign box-office \$000s: 934; Total box-office \$000s: 1,875; Profit \$000s: 87.
  - Mutiny on the Bounty: Production Cost \$000s: 1,905; Distribution Cost \$000s: 1,646; U.S. box-office \$000s: 2,250; Foreign box-office \$000s: 2,210; Total box-office \$000s: 4,460;
  - San Francisco: Production Cost \$000s: 1,300; Distribution Cost \$000s: 1,736; U.S. box-office \$000s: 2,868; Foreign box-office \$000s: 2,405; Total box-office \$000s: 5,273; Profit \$000s: 2,237.

#### 119. Shanghai Express

Block & Wilson 2010, p. 165 (https://books.google.com/books?id =vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA165). "Shanghai Express was Dietrich's biggest hit in America, bringing in \$1.5 million in worldwide rentals."

- Jewel, Richard (1994). "RKO Film Grosses: 1931–1951". Historical Journal of Film, Radio and Television, 14 (1): 39. "1933 release: \$1,856,000; 1938 release: \$306,000; 1944 release: \$685,000"
- "King Kong (1933) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/269 O/King-Kong/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (http s://archive.today/20151117145708/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/titl e/2690/King-Kong/notes.html) from the original on November 17, 2015. Retrieved January 7, 2012. "1952 release: \$2,500,000; budget: \$672,254.75'
- 121. "I'm No Angel (1933) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/7902 1/I-m-No-Angel/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (http s://web.archive.org/web/20191217022041/https://web.archive.org/w eb/20190724090234/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/79021/I-m-No-Angel/notes.html) from the original on December 17, 2019.
  Retrieved January 7, 2012. "According to a modern source, it had a gross earning of \$2,250,000 on the North American continent, with over a million more earned internationally.
- 122. Finler 2003, p. 188 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmbfr sC&q=angel%20rock-bottom%20cost&pg=PA188). "The studio released its most profitable pictures of the decade in 1933, She Done Him Wrong and I'm No Angel, written by and starring Mae West. Produced at a rock-bottom cost of \$200,000 each, they undoubtedly helped Paramount through the worst patch in its history...
- google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA173), "The worldwide rentals of over \$3 million keep the lights on at Paramount, which did not shy away from selling the movie's sex appeal." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- 124. Phillips, Kendall R. (2008). Controversial Cinema: The Films That Outraged America. ABC-CLIO. p. 26 (https://books.google.com/book s?id=ViQzDunkm9QC&pg=PA26). ISBN 978-1-56720-724-8. "The reaction to West's first major film, however, was not exclusively negative. Made for a mere \$200,000, the film would rake in a healthy \$2 million in the United States and an additional million in overseas markets.
- 125. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 135 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA135). "Total production cost: \$274,076 (Unadjusted \$s)
- 126. Turk, Edward Baron (2000) [1st. pub. 1998]. Hollywood Diva: A Biography of Jeanette MacDonald. University of California Press. ISBN 978-0-520-22253-3.
  - The Merry Widow: p. 361 (https://archive.org/details/hollywooddi vabio0000turk/page/361) Cost: \$1,605,000. Earnings: domestic \$861,000; foreign \$1,747,000; total \$2,608,000. Loss: \$113,000.
  - San Francisco: p. 364 (https://archive.org/details/hollywooddiva bio0000turk/page/364) Cost: \$1,300,000. Earnings: domestic \$2,868,000; foreign \$2,405,000; total \$5,273,000. Profit: \$2,237,000. [Reissues in 1938-39 and 1948-49 brought profits of \$124,000 and \$647,000 respectively.]
- 127. "Wall St. Researchers' Cheery Tone". Variety. November 7, 1962. p. 7.
- 128. Dick, Bernard F. (2008). Claudette Colbert: She Walked in Beauty. University Press of Mississippi. p. 79 (https://books.google.com/boo ks?id=P3P9efYabOQC&pg=PA79). ISBN 978-1-60473-087-6 'Although Columbia's president, Harry Cohn, had strong reservations about It Happened One Night, he also knew that it would not bankrupt the studio; the rights were only \$5,000, and the budget was set at \$325,000, including the performers' salaries.'

- Monaco, Paul (2010). A History of American Movies: A Film-By-Film Look at the Art, Craft, and Business of Cinema. Scarecrow Press. p. 54 (https://books.google.com/books?id=tgnKY6k5tHY C&pg=PA54). ISBN 978-0-8108-7434-3. "Considered a highly risky gamble when the movie was in production in the mid-1930s, by the fiftieth anniversary of its 1937 premiere Snow White's earnings exceeded \$330 million."
- Wilhelm, Henry Gilmer; Brower, Carol (1993). The Permanence and Care of Color Photographs: Traditional and Digital Color Prints, Color Negatives, Slides, and Motion Pictures (https://archive.org/details/permanencecareof00henr/page/359).
  Preservation Pub. p. 359 (https://books.google.com/books?id=0 OtTAAAAMAAJ&q=%22snow+white%22+million+worldwide+grosses). ISBN 978-0-911515-00-8. "In only 2 months after the 1987 re-release, the film grossed another \$45 million—giving it a total gross to date of about \$375 million!"
- "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs (1987 Re-issue)" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/9400/snow-white-and-the-seven-dwarfs-1987-re-issue). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190108051803/https://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/9400/snow-white-and-the-seven-dwarfs-1987-re-issue) from the original on January 8, 2019. Retrieved May 29, 2016. "North American boxoffice: \$46.594.719"
- "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs (1993 Re-issue)" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/9401/snow-white-and-the-seven-dwarfs-1993-re-issue). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20181225034721/https://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/9401/snow-white-and-the-seven-dwarfs-1993-re-issue) from the original on December 25, 2018. Retrieved May 29, 2016. "North American box-office: \$41,634,791"
- 130. Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs and Pinocchio

#### Block & Wilson 2010

p. 207 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSq dkC&g=When%20the%20budget%20rose%20from%2 0%24250%2C000%20to%20%241%2C488%2C423&p g=PA207) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/202304 04050856/https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXS SqdkC&q=When%20the%20budget%20rose%20from% 20\$250,000%20to%20\$1,488,423&pg=PA207) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "When the budget rose from \$250,000 to \$1,488,423 he even mortgaged his own home and automobile. Disney had bet more than his company on the success of Snow White.' p. 237 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSq dkC&q=%22%248%20million%20in%20worldwide%20r entals%22%20george%20lucas%20blockbusting&pg=P A237) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/202304040 01733/https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqd kC&g=%22\$8%20million%20in%20worldwide%20rental s%22%20george%20lucas%20blockbusting&pg=PA23 7) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "By the end of 1938, it had grossed more than \$8 million in worldwide rentals and was ranked at the time as the secondhighest-grossing film after the 1925 epic Ben-Hur". p. 255 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSg dkC&q=%22foreign%20rentals%22&pg=PA255) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230403234803/ https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q =%22foreign%20rentals%22&pg=PA255) April 3, 2023. at the Wayback Machine. "On its initial release Pinocchio brought in only \$1.6 million in domestic rentals (compared with Snow White's \$4.2 million) and \$1.9 million in foreign rentals (compared with Snow White's \$4.3 million).'

- You Can't Take It with You: "You Can't Take It With You Premieres" (https://www.webcitation.org/6AeWIL1hk?url=http://focusfeatures.com/flashback?article\_url=you\_can\_t\_take\_it\_with\_you\_premieres). Focus Features. Archived from the original (http://focusfeatures.com/flashback?article\_url=you\_can\_t\_take\_it\_with\_you\_premieres) on September 13, 2012. "You Can't Take It With You received excellent reviews, won Best Picture and Best Director at the 1938 Academy Awards, and earned over \$5 million worldwide."
- Boys Town: Block, Alex Ben (2010), Boys Town, p. 215 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA215), "The film quickly became a smash nationwide, making a profit of over \$2 million on worldwide rentals of \$4 million." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- The Adventures of Robin Hood: Glancy, H. Mark (1995). "Warner Bros Film Grosses, 1921–51: the William Schaefer ledger". Historical Journal of Film, Radio and Television. 1 (15): 55–60. doi:10.1080/01439689500260031 (https://doi.org/10.1080%2F0 1439689500260031). "\$3.981 million."
- Alexander's Ragtime Band: Block, Hayley Taylor (2010),
   Alexander's Ragtime Band, p. 213 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=%22worldwide%20rentals%22&pg=PA213), "Once the confusion cleared, however, the film blossomed into a commercial success, with a profit of \$978,000 on worldwide rentals of \$3.6 million." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- 132. Chartier, Roy (September 6, 1938). "You Can't Take It With You" (htt ps://www.variety.com/review/VE1117796537). Variety. Archived (htt ps://web.archive.org/web/20120913175420/http://www.variety.com/review/VE1117796537) from the original on September 13, 2012. Retrieved September 13, 2011.
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- 136. *Gone with the Wind* (https://www.boxofficemojo.com/movies/?id=go newiththewind.htm) at Box Office Mojo
- 137. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 283 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA283). "The final negative cost of Gone with the Wind (GWTW) has been variously reported between \$3.9 million and \$4.25 million."
- 138. "Pinocchio (1940)" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/7922/pinocchio-1 940). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2016053007 3253/http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/7922/pinocchio-1940) from the original on May 30, 2016. Retrieved May 29, 2016.
- 139. Barrier, Michael (2003). Hollywood Cartoons: American Animation in Its Golden Age. New York: Oxford University Press. p. 266 (https://books.google.com/books?id=xt5k08yuAXIC&q=pinocchio%20%22\_negative%20cost%20was%20%242.6%20million%22). ISBN 978-0-19-983922-3. "The film's negative cost was \$2.6 million, more than \$1 million higher than Snow White's."
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  University of California Press. p. 466 (https://books.google.com/books?id=dwf5SUcfousC&pg=PA466). ISBN 978-0-520-22130-7.

  "Boom Town (\$4.6 million)."
- 141. Block & Wilson 2010, pp. 258 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA258)–259 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=boom%20town%20biggest%20moneymaker&pg=PA259). "Production Cost: \$2.1 (Unadjusted \$\$ in Millions of \$\$) ... Boom Town was the biggest moneymaker of 1940 and one of the top films of the decade."

- buSXSSqdkC&q=sergeant%20york%20worldwide&pg=PA267). "With worldwide rentals of \$7.8 million in its initial release, the movie made a net profit of over \$3 million.'
- 143. Finler 2003, p. 301 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmbfr sC&pg=PA301). "The studio did particularly well with its war-related pictures, such as Sergeant York (1941), which cost \$1.6 million but was the studio's biggest hit of the decade aside from This is the Army (1943), the Irving Berlin musical for which the profits were donated to the Army Emergency Relief fund."
- 144. "Bambi" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/810/bambi). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160530073254/http://pro.b oxoffice.com/movie/810/bambi) from the original on May 30, 2016. Retrieved May 29, 2016.
- 145. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 281 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&q=%22worldwide+rentals%22&pg=PA281) 'Worldwide rentals of \$3,449,353 barely recouped the film's nearly \$2 million production cost."
- 146. Block & Wilson 2010, pp. 712–713 (https://books.google.com/book s?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA712).
  - Bambi: "Worldwide Box Office: \$266.8; Production Cost: \$1.7 (Millions of \$s)"
  - 101 Dalmatians: "Worldwide Box Office: \$215.0; Production Cost: \$3.6 (Millions of \$s)"
  - The Jungle Book: "Worldwide Box Office: \$170.8"; Production Cost: \$3.9 (Millions of \$s)'
  - Aladdin: "Worldwide Box Office: \$505.1"; Production Cost: \$28.0 (Millions of \$s)"
- 147. Glancy, Mark (1999). When Hollywood Loved Britain: The Hollywood 'British' Film 1939-1945. Manchester University Press. pp. 94 (https://books.google.com/books?id=T\_Yryky\_eA4C&pg=PA 94)-95 (https://books.google.com/books?id=T\_Yryky\_eA4C&pg=P A95). ISBN 978-0-7190-4853-1. "Mrs Miniver was a phenomenon. It was the most popular film of the year (from any studio) in both North America and Britain, and its foreign earnings were three times higher than those of any other MGM film released in the 1941-42 season. The production cost (\$1,344,000) was one of the highest of 157. Schaefer, Eric (1999). "Bold! Daring! Shocking! True!": A History of the season, indicating the studio never thought of the film as a potential loss-maker. When the film earned a worldwide gross of \$8,878,000, MGM had the highest profit (\$4,831,000) in its history. Random Harvest nearly matched the success of Mrs Miniver with worldwide earnings of \$8,147,000 yielding the second-highest profit in MGM's history (\$4,384,000). Random Harvest was also the most popular film of the year in Britain, where it proved to be even more popular than Britain's most acclaimed war film, In Which We Serve."

### 148. Block & Wilson 2010

- Mrs. Miniver: Burns, Douglas (2010), Mrs. Miniver, p. 279 (http s://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA279), "Mrs. Miniver's galvanizing effect on Americans spawned a record-breaking ten-week run at Radio City Music Hall and garnered a \$5.4 million take in domestic rentals (making Mrs. Miniver 1942's top grosser), with a \$4.8 million profit on worldwide rentals of \$8.9 million."
- Yankee Doodle Dandy: p. 275 (https://books.google.com/books? id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=%22worldwide+rentals%22&pg=PA275) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404001735/https://b ooks.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=%22worldwide 158. Block & Wilson 2010 +rentals%22&pg=PA275) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "It became the second biggest box-office hit of 1942 (after Mrs. Miniver) and was praised by critics, making a profit of \$3.4 million on worldwide rentals of \$6.5 million.
- 149. McAdams, Frank (2010), For Whom the Bell Tolls, p. 287 (https://bo oks.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA287), "Despite the early furor over the novel being "pro-red and immoral," the film opened to strong and favorable reviews and brought in \$11 million in worldwide rentals in its initial release." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- 150. "For Whom the Bell Tolls (1943) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmd b/title/75353/For-Whom-the-Bell-Tolls/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190724090231/htt 159. "Song of the South" (https://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1946/0S p://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/75353/For-Whom-the-Bell-Tolls/notes.h tml) from the original on July 24, 2019. Retrieved June 24, 2012.

- 142. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 267 (http://books.google.com/books?id=vp 151. "A Guy Named Joe (1944) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/ 191/A-Guy-Named-Joe/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20191217022123/https://web. archive.org/web/20190724090236/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/1 91/A-Guy-Named-Joe/notes.html) from the original on December 17, 2019. Retrieved August 29, 2012. "According to M-G-M studio records at the AMPAS Library, the film had a negative cost of \$2,627,000 and took in \$5,363,000 at the box office. When the picture was re-issued for the 1955-56 season, it took in an additional \$150,000.
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  - "This Is the Army (1943) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/92 968/This-Is-the-Army/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20150715004430/http://www.tcm.com/t cmdb/title/92968/This-Is-the-Army/notes.html) from the original on July 15, 2015. Retrieved July 9, 2011.
  - 154. Finler 2003, pp. 356 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmb frsC&pg=PA356)-363
  - 155. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 420 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&q=%22going%20my%20way%22&pg=PA420). (Unadjusted \$s) in Millions of \$s - Production Cost: \$1.0'
  - 156. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 232 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA232).
    - Mrs. Miniver: "Domestic Rentals: \$5,358,000; Foreign Rentals: \$3,520,000 (Unadjusted \$s)"
    - Meet Me in St. Louis: "Domestic Rentals: \$5,016,000; Foreign Rentals: \$1,623,630 (Unadjusted \$s)"
    - Easter Parade: "Domestic Rentals: \$4,144,000; Foreign Rentals: \$1,774,134 (Unadjusted \$s)"
  - Exploitation Films, 1919–1959. Duke University Press. pp. 197 (http s://books.google.com/books?id=CSBZge0zPaMC&pg=PA197)-199. ISBN 978-0-8223-2374-7. "Leading the pack of postwar sex hygiene films was Mom and Dad (1944), which would become not only the most successful sex hygiene film in history but the biggest pre-1960 exploitation film of any kind. At the end of 1947, the Los Angeles Times reported that Mom and Dad had grossed \$2 million. By 1949 Time had estimated that Mom and Dad had taken in \$8 million from twenty million moviegoers. And publicity issuing from Mom and Dad's production company indicated that by the end of 1956 it had grossed over \$80 million worldwide. Net rentals of around \$22 million by 1956 would easily place it in the top ten films of the late 1940s and early 1950s had it appeared on conventional lists. Some estimates have placed its total gross over the years at up to \$100 million, and it was still playing drive-in dates into 1975...The film was made for around \$65,000 with a crew of Hollywood veterans including director William "One Shot" Beaudine, cinematographer Marcel LePicard, and a cast that sported old stalwarts Hardie Albright, Francis Ford, and John Hamilton.'

- p. 296 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg =PA296) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023040400173 9/https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA2 96) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Production Cost: \$1.6 (Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)'
- Wasson, Sam (2010), The Bells of St. Mary's, p. 297 (https://boo ks.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA297), "This was that rare sequel that did even better at the box office than the original, bringing in a \$3.7 million profit on \$11.2 million in worldwide rentals.
- OTS.php). The Numbers. Nash Information Services. LLC. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20110903154448/http://www.the-numb ers.com/movies/1946/0SOTS.php) from the original on September 3, 2011. Retrieved July 10, 2011.

- 160. Gabler, Neal (2007). Walt Disney: the biography. Aurum Press. pp. 438 (https://books.google.com/books?id=EX0WAQAAIAAJ&q =%22song+of+the+south%22+%22million%22). "Still, the film wound up grossing \$3.3 million...
- 161. "Song of the South (1946) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/ 90871/Song-of-the-South/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190724090242/http://www.t cm.com/tcmdb/title/90871/Song-of-the-South/notes.html) from the original on July 24, 2019. Retrieved July 25, 2012

#### 162. Hall & Neale 2010

- =PA132) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023040323481 0/https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvrSwOOsRgC&pg=PA1 32) April 3, 2023, at the Wayback Machine." Best Years was considerably cheaper, costing only \$2.1 million, and therefore vastly more profitable."
- p. 286 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Ro0hASPfC68C&pg =PA286) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023040323481 3/https://books.google.com/books?id=Ro0hASPfC68C&pg=PA2 86) April 3, 2023, at the Wayback Machine (note 6.70) "Worldwide rentals for *The Best Years of Our Lives* amounted to \$14,750,000.
- 163. Burns, Douglas (2010), The Best years of Our Lives, p. 301 (https://b ooks.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA301), "The film made a \$5 million profit on worldwide rentals of \$14.8 million." In: Block & Wilson 2010.
- 164. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 285 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA285) (note 6.56). "The cost of Duel in the Sun has been reported as both \$5,255,000 (Haver, David O'Selznick's Hollywood, 361) and \$6,480,000 (Thomson, Showman: The Life of David O'Selznick, 472); the latter figure may include distribution expenses. Forever Amber cost \$6,375,000 (Solomon, Twentieth Century-Fox: A Corporate and Financial History, 243)."
- 165. Chopra-Gant, Mike (2006). Hollywood Genres and Post-war America: Masculinity, Family and Nation in Popular Movies and Film Noir. I.B. Tauris. p. 18 (https://books.google.com/books?id=RV dCSSVd KQC&pg=PA18). ISBN 978-1-85043-815-1. "Forever Amber: \$8 million; Unconquered: \$7.5 million; Life with Father: \$6.25 million"
- 166. "Unconquered (1947) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/441 5/Unconquered/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (http s://web.archive.org/web/20150715003119/http://www.tcm.com/tcmd b/title/4415/Unconquered/notes.html) from the original on July 15, 2015. Retrieved January 10, 2012.
- 167. Miller, Frank. "Easter Parade (1948) Articles" (http://www.tcm.com/ tcmdb/title/2332/Easter-Parade/articles.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190724090241/htt p://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/2332/Easter-Parade/articles.html) from the original on July 24, 2019. Retrieved July 19, 2012.
- 168. Street, Sarah (2002). Transatlantic Crossings: British Feature Films in the United States. Continuum International Publishing Group. p. 110 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Y5cn\_OiCJRkC&pg=PA 110). ISBN 978-0-8264-1395-6. "Although both films had higher than average budgets (The Red Shoes cost £505,581 and Hamlet cost £572,530, while the average cost of the other thirty films for which Rank supplied information was £233,000), they resulted in high takings at home and abroad."
- 169. Officer, Lawrence H. (2011). "Dollar-Pound Exchange Rate From 1791" (http://www.measuringworth.com/datasets/exchangepound/re 178. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 335 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp sult.php?year source=1791&year result=2011). MeasuringWorth. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20121118093356/http://www. measuringworth.com/datasets/exchangepound/result.php?year\_sou rce=1791&year\_result=2011) from the original on November 18, 2012. Retrieved November 18, 2012. "1947–1948: \$4.03 (per
- 170. "The Snake Pit" (https://web.archive.org/web/20111228005949/htt p://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1948/0SNPI.php). The Numbers Nash Information Services. LLC. Archived from the original (https://w ww.the-numbers.com/movies/1948/0SNPI.php) on December 28, 2011.
- 171. "'Snake Pit' Seen No Problem After All". Variety. January 19, 1949. p. 7 (https://archive.org/stream/variety173-1949-01#page/n348/mod

- 172. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 136 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA136)-139
  - Samson and Delilah: "...the film became the highest grosser in the studio's history to date, with domestic rentals of \$7,976,730 by 1955 and a further \$6,232,520 overseas...For all their spectacle, Samson and David were quite economically produced, costing \$3,097,563 and \$2,170,000 respectively."
  - Quo Vadis: "Production costs totaled a record \$7,623,000...Worldwide rentals totaled \$21,037,000, almost half of which came from the foreign market."
- p. 132 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvrSwOOsRgC&pg 173. "Cinderella (1950)" (https://www.the-numbers.com/movie/Cinderella -(1950)). The Numbers. Nash Information Services. Archived (http s://web.archive.org/web/20190605170703/https://www.the-numbers. com/movie/Cinderella-(1950)) from the original on June 5, 2019. Retrieved January 2, 2017.
  - 174. Eisner, Michael D.; Schwartz, Tony (2009). Work in Progress (https:// archive.org/details/workinprogress00eisn\_0/page/178) Pennsylvania State University. p. 178 (https://books.google.com/boo ks?id=73 WAAAAMAAJ&g=cinderella+%22Released+in+February +1950,+it+cost+nearly+%243+million+to+make+but+earned+more+ than+%2420+million+worldwide%22). ISBN 978-0-7868-8507-7. "Cinderella revived its fortunes. Re-released in February 1950, it cost nearly \$3 million to make but earned more than \$20 million worldwide.'
  - 175. Barrier, Michael (2003). Hollywood Cartoons: American Animation in Its Golden Age. Oxford University Press. p. 401 (https://books.goo gle.com/books?id=zDJXnzMh7bkC&q=%242.2+million+cinderella+ gross+rentals+disney+and+rko+%247.8+million&pg=PA401). ISBN 978-0-19-516729-0. "It cost around \$2.2 million, little more than each of the two package features, Melody Time and The Adventures of Ichabod and Mr. Toad (as Tluo Fabulous Characters had ultimately been named), that just preceded it, but its gross rentals—an amount shared by Disney and RKO—were \$7.8 million, almost twice as much as the two package features combined.'
  - 176. The E. J. Mannix ledger. Margaret Herrick Library, Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences: Howard Strickling Collection.
  - 177. Lev, Peter (2006). Transforming the Screen, 1950-1959. Vol. 7 of History of the American Cinema. University of California Press. ISBN 978-0-520-24966-0
    - Quo Vadis: p. 15 (https://books.google.com/books?id=TEGI2Ele XoC&pg=PA15) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/202304 04001736/https://books.google.com/books?id=TEGl2Ele\_XoC& pg=PA15) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "MGM's most expensive film of the period, Quo Vadis (1951) also did extremely well. The cost was \$7,623,000, earnings were an estimated \$21.2 million (with foreign earnings almost 50 percent of this total), and profit was estimated at \$5,562,000.
    - Rear Window: pp. 203 (https://books.google.com/books?id=TEG I2Ele\_XoC&pg=PA203) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2 0230404053920/https://books.google.com/books?id=TEGI2Ele\_ XoC&pg=PA203) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine-204 (h ttps://books.google.com/books?id=TEGl2Ele XoC&pg=PA204) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404001740/https://b ooks.google.com/books?id=TEGl2Ele\_XoC&pg=PA204) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Rear Window (1954) was an excellent commercial success, with a cost of \$1 million and North American rentals of \$5.3 million."
  - buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA335).
    - The Robe: "Domestic Rentals: \$16.7; Foreign Rentals: \$9.4; Production Cost: \$4.1 (Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'
    - Quo Vadis: "Domestic Rentals: \$11.1; Foreign Rentals: \$15.6; Production Cost: \$7.5 (Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'
  - 179. Mulligan, Hugh A. (September 23, 1956). "Cinerama Pushing Ahead As Biggest Money-Maker". The Register-Guard. Eugene, Oregon. p. 7B (https://news.google.com/newspapers?id=GPRVAAA AIBAJ&sjid=YeIDAAAAIBAJ&pg=6899,3861317).

- 180. Zone, Ray (2012). 3-D Revolution: The History of Modern Stereoscopic Cinema. University Press of Kentucky. p. 71 (https://bo oks.google.com/books?id=k2Ajw-EEOEkC&pg=PA71). ISBN 978-0-8131-3611-0. "Produced at a cost of \$1 million, This is Cinerama ran 122 weeks, earning \$4.7 million in its initial New York run alone and eventually grossed over \$32 million. It was obvious to Hollywood that the public was ready for a new form of motion picture entertainment. The first five Cinerama feature-length travelogues, though they only played in twenty-two theaters, pulled in a combined gross of \$82 million."
- 181. Burns, Douglas (2010), The Greatest Show on Earth, pp. 354-355 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA355), 'By May 1953, Variety was reporting that the Best Picture winner had amassed \$18.35 million in worldwide rentals." In: Block & Wilson 2010
- 182. "The Greatest Show on Earth (1952) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/t 196. Minego, Pete (May 21, 1956). "Pete's Pungent Patter". Portsmouth cmdb/title/4608/The-Greatest-Show-on-Earth/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2015071422 2444/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/4608/The-Greatest-Show-on-E arth/notes.html) from the original on July 14, 2015. Retrieved January 8, 2012
- 183. "Peter Pan (1953) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/86554/P eter-Pan/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.a rchive.org/web/20150903110329/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/86 554/Peter-Pan/notes.html) from the original on September 3, 2015. Retrieved July 24, 2011.
- 184. "Top Grossers of 1953" (https://archive.org/stream/variety193-1954-01#page/n301/mode/2up). Variety. January 13, 1954. p. 10. Retrieved September 12, 2019.
- 185. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 147 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA147)-148 (https://books.google.com/books?id= jhvrSwOOsRgC&pg=PA148). "To take full advantage of CinemaScope's panoramic possibilities, shooting was delayed for the sets to be redesigned and rebuilt, adding \$500,000 to the eventual \$4.1 million budget...It ultimately returned domestic rentals of \$17.5 million and \$25 million worldwide, placing it second only to Gone with the Wind in Variety's annually updated chart.'
- 186. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 367 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&q=%22foreign%20rentals%22&pg=PA367). "It brought in \$16.7 million in domestic rentals, \$9.4 million in foreign rentals, and made a net profit of \$8.1 million."
- 187. "Rear Window" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/8393/rear-window). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20160530073625/ http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/8393/rear-window) from the original on May 30, 2016. Retrieved May 29, 2016.
- 188. "White Christmas" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/11167/white-chris tmas). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2016053007 3627/http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/11167/white-christmas) from the original on May 30, 2016. Retrieved May 29, 2016.
- 189. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 420 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA420). "Domestic Box Office: \$19.6 million; Production Cost: \$3.8 million."
- 190. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 149 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA149). "VistaVision was first used for the musical White Christmas (1954), which Variety named the top grosser of its year with anticipated domestic rentals of \$12 million."
- 191. "20000 Leagues Under The Sea" (http://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/14 246/20000-leagues-under-the-sea). Boxoffice. Archived (https://web. archive.org/web/20181225034753/https://pro.boxoffice.com/movie/1 4246/20000-leagues-under-the-sea) from the original on December 25, 2018. Retrieved May 29, 2016.
- 192. Miller, John M. "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea (1954) Articles" (h ttp://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/20642/20-000-Leagues-Under-the-Se a/articles.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archiv e.org/web/20141221175536/http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/20642/2 0-000-Leagues-Under-the-Sea/articles.html) from the original on December 21, 2014. Retrieved January 9, 2012.
- 193. Finler 2003, p. 320 (https://books.google.com/books?id=rvVhEJmbfr sC&pg=PA320). "It was up and running in time to handle Disney's most elaborate expensive feature, 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea, based on the book by Jules Verne, starring James Mason and Kirk Douglas and directed by Richard Fleischer at a cost of \$4.5 million."

- 194. D'Alessandro, Anthony (October 27, 2003). "Disney Animated Features at the Worldwide Box Office" (https://www.thefreelibrary.co m/Tooned+in%3A+Disney%27s+ani+classics+set+the+bar+and+lit +the+way+for...-a0110473946). Variety. Archived (https://web.archiv e.org/web/20201104215642/https://www.thefreelibrary.com/Tooned +in%3a+Disney%27s+ani+classics+set+the+bar+and+lit+the+way+ for...-a0110473946) from the original on November 4, 2020 Retrieved July 4, 2022 – via The Free Library. "The Jungle Book \$378 million; One Hundred and One Dalmatians \$303 million; Lady and the Tramp \$187 million'
- 195. "Lady and the Tramp (1955) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/titl e/80607/Lady-and-the-Tramp/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20150928004123/http://www.t cm.com/tcmdb/title/80607/Lady-and-the-Tramp/notes.html) from the original on September 28, 2015. Retrieved July 27, 2011.
- Daily Times. Portsmouth, Ohio. p. 19 (https://news.google.com/new spapers?id=I7dQAAAAIBAJ&sjid=6M8MAAAAIBAJ&pg=4059,703 2150&dq=cinerama-holiday+million).
- "Cinerama Holiday (1955) Notes" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/title/ 493857/Cinerama-Holiday/notes.html). Turner Classic Movies Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20190724090239/http://www.t cm.com/tcmdb/title/493857/Cinerama-Holiday/notes.html) from the original on July 24, 2019. Retrieved July 7, 2012.

#### 198. Block & Wilson 2010

- p. 382 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg =PA382) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/2023040323481 6/https://books.google.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA3 82) April 3, 2023, at the Wayback Machine. "Production Cost: \$2.4 (Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)'
- Burns, Douglas (2010), Mister Roberts, p. 383 (https://books.goo gle.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&q=%22%249.9+million%22 &pg=PA383), "Mister Roberts sailed onto movie screens buoyed by enthusiastic reviews and receptive audiences. For pr, Fonda, Cagney, and lemmon reenacted several scenes on ed sullivan's popular Toast of the Town television variety show. It returned a net profit of \$4.5 million on worldwide rentals of \$9.9 million, putting it in the top 5 domestic films of 1955."
- 199. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 327 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA327). "Production cost: \$13.3 million; Domestic Film Rental: \$31.3; Foreign Film Rental: \$23.9; Worldwide Box office (estimated): \$122.7 (Initial Release -Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)."
- 200. Hall & Neale 2010, pp. 159 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhv rSwOOsRgC&pg=PA159)-161
  - The Ten Commandments: "No film did more to entrench roadshow policy than The Ten Commandments. While the success of This Is Cinerama, The Robe, and even Eighty Days could be attributed, at least in part, to their respective photographic and projection formats, that of DeMille's film (which cost a record \$13,266,491) could not...General release began at normal prices in 1959 and continued until the end of the following year, when the film was temporarily withdrawn (the first of several reissues came in 1966). The worldwide rental by this time was around \$60 million. In the domestic market it dislodged Gone with the Wind from the number one position on Variety's list of All-Time Rentals Champs. *GWTW* had hitherto maintained its lead through several reissues (and was soon to regain it through another in 1961)."
  - The Bridge on the River Kwai: Columbia's Anglo-American war film The Bridge on the River Kwai (1957) opened on a roadshow basis in selected U.S. cities (including New York, Chicago, Boston, and Los Angeles) and in London. Costing only \$2,840,000 to produce, it grossed \$30.6 million worldwide on first release.'
- 201. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 153 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA153). "South Pacific also became for a time the most successful film ever released in the United Kingdom, where it earned a box-office gross three times its negative cost of \$5,610,000. Anticipated global rentals after three years were \$30 million.

- Shaped American Politics. Oxford University Press. pp. 278-279 (ht tps://books.google.com/books?id=pn1CuZUHk9MC&pg=PA278). ISBN 978-0-19-991143-1. "Costing \$15 million to produce, the film earned \$47 million by the end of 1961 and \$90 million worldwide by January 1989.'
- 203. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 324 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA324). "Worldwide box office: \$146.9 million; Worldwide rentals: \$66.1 million; Production cost: \$15.9 million. (Initial Release - Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)"
- 204. Reid, John Howard (2006). America's Best, Britain's Finest: A Survey of Mixed Movies. Vol. 14 of Hollywood classics. Lulu. p. 243 (https://books.google.com/books?id=zCm5aNkafSYC&pg=PA243)-245. ISBN 978-1-4116-7877-4. "Negative cost: around \$4 million; Worldwide film rentals gross (including 1968 American reissue) to 1970: \$30 million."
- 205. Webster, Patrick (2010). Love and Death in Kubrick: A Critical Study of the Films from Lolita Through Eyes Wide Shut. McFarland & Company. pp. 298 (https://books.google.com/books?id=Bz\_x37RSS qIC&pg=PA298) (note 2.23). ISBN 978-0-7864-5916-2. "Spartacus cost \$12 million and grossed some \$60 million at the box office. figures Kubrick rarely again matched.'
- 206. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 179 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA179)
  - Spartacus: "In the case of Spartacus, overseas earnings to 1969 211. Lawrence of Arabia amounted to \$12,462,044, while U.S. and Canadian rentals (even including a million-dollar TV sale) were only \$10,643,181. But the film failed to show a profit on production costs of \$10,284,014 because of the distribution charges and expenses amounting to an additional \$15,308,083."
  - The Bible: "The Bible—In the Beginning... (1966) was financed by the Italian producer Dino De Laurentiis from private investors and Swiss banks. He then sold distribution rights outside Italy jointly to Fox and Seven Arts for \$15 million (70 percent of which came from Fox), thereby recouping the bulk of his \$18 million investment. Although The Bible returned a respectable world rental of \$25.3 million, Fox was still left with a net loss of just over \$1.5 million. It was the last biblical epic to be released by any major Hollywood studio for nearly twenty years.'
- 207. Nixon, Rob. "Psycho (1960) Articles" (http://www.tcm.com/tcmdb/tit le/24944/Psycho/articles.html). Turner Classic Movies. Archived (htt ps://web.archive.org/web/20150912071710/http://www.tcm.com/tcm db/title/24944/Psycho/articles.html) from the original on September 12, 2015. Retrieved January 9, 2012.
- 208. Tube. (January 18, 1961). "One Hundred and One Dalmatians" (http s://www.variety.com/review/VE1117793715). Daily Variety. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20121109003703/http://www.variety.co m/review/VE1117793715/) from the original on November 9, 2012. Retrieved August 23, 2011
- 209. Block, Hayley Taylor (2010), West Side Story, p. 449 (https://books.g oogle.com/books?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA449), "With its three rereleases, it took in over \$105 million in worldwide box office (\$720 million in 2005 dollars)." In: Block & Wilson 2010.

- 202. Ross, Steven J. (2011). Hollywood Left and Right: How Movie Stars 210. Block & Wilson 2010, p. 434 (https://books.google.com/books?id=vp buSXSSqdkC&pg=PA434).
  - The Sound of Music: "Domestic Rentals: \$68.4; Foreign Rentals: \$46.2; Production Cost: \$8.0 (Initial Release -Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).
  - The Dirty Dozen: "Domestic Rentals: \$20.1; Foreign Rentals: \$11.2; Production Cost: \$5.4 (Initial Release – Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)."
  - 2001: A Space Odyssey: "Domestic Rentals: \$16.4; Foreign Rentals: \$5.5; Production Cost: \$10.3 (Initial Release -Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'
  - Cleopatra: "Domestic Rentals: \$22.1; Foreign Rentals: \$18.2; Production Cost: \$44.0 (Initial Release - Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).
  - West Side Story: "Domestic Rentals: \$16.2; Foreign Rentals: \$15.6; Production Cost: \$7.0 (Initial Release – Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'
  - The Longest Day: "Domestic Rentals: \$13.9; Foreign Rentals: \$19.3; Production Cost: \$8.6 (Initial Release - Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'
  - Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid: "Domestic Rentals: \$29.2; Foreign Rentals: \$7.9; Production Cost: \$6.6 (Initial Release - Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s).'

- 1962 release: "Lawrence of Arabia" (https://www.the-numbers.co m/movies/1962/0LWRN.php). The Numbers. Nash Information Services. LLC. Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20120316 043153/http://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1962/0LWRN.php) from the original on March 16, 2012. Retrieved August 15, 2011. "Worldwide Box Office: \$69,995,385; International Box Office: \$32,500,000"
- U.S. total (including reissues): "Lawrence of Arabia" (http://pro.b oxoffice.com/movie/5851/lawrence-of-arabia). Boxoffice Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20140810204006/http://w ww.the-numbers.com/movies/1962/0LWRN.php) from the original on August 10, 2014. Retrieved May 29, 2016. "\$44,824,852"
- 212. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 165 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA165)-166 (https://books.google.com/books?id= jhvrSwOOsRgC&pg=PA166)
  - Lawrence of Arabia: Columbia released the \$13.8 million Lawrence of Arabia (1962), filmed in Super Panavision 70, exclusively on a hard-ticket basis, but opened Barabbas (1962), The Cardinal (1963), and the \$12 million Joseph Conrad adaptation Lord Jim (1965) as 70 mm roadshows in selected territories only.'
  - The Longest Day: "Darryl's most ambitious independent production was The Longest Day (1962), a three-hour reconstruction of D-Day filmed in black-and-white CinemaScope at a cost of \$8 million. It grossed over \$30 million worldwide as a roadshow followed by general release, thereby helping the studio regain stability during its period of reorganization."
  - Cleopatra: "With top tickets set at an all-time high of \$5.50, Cleopatra had amassed as much as \$20 million in such guarantees from exhibitors even before its premiere. Fox claimed the film had cost in total \$44 million, of which \$31,115,000 represented the direct negative cost and the rest distribution, print and advertising expenses. (These figures excluded the more than \$5 million spent on the production's abortive British shoot in 1960–61, prior to its relocation to Italy.) By 1966 worldwide rentals had reached \$38,042,000 including \$23.5 million from the United States.'
- 213. Hall & Neale 2010, p. 164 (https://books.google.com/books?id=jhvr SwOOsRgC&pg=PA164). "West cost \$14,483,000; although it earned \$35 million worldwide in just under three years, with ultimate domestic rentals totaling \$20,932,883, high distribution costs severely limited its profitability."

# 214. Block & Wilson 2010, pp. 428–429 (https://books.google.com/book s?id=vpbuSXSSqdkC&pg=PA428) 221. "Hawaii" (https://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1966/0HWII.php). The Numbers. Nash Information Services. LLC. Archived (https://www.the-numbers.com/movies/1966/0HWII.php).

- From Russia With Love: "Worldwide Box Office: 78.9; Production Cost: 2.0 (in millions of \$s)"
- Goldfinger: "Worldwide Box Office: 124.9; Production Cost: 3.0 (in millions of \$s)"
- Diamonds Are Forever: "Worldwide Box Office: 116; Production Cost: 7.2 (in millions of \$s)"
- Moonraker: "Worldwide Box Office: 210.3; Production Cost: 34.0 (in millions of \$s)"
- 215. Chapman, James (2007). Licence to thrill: a cultural history of the James Bond films. I.B. Tauris. ISBN 978-1-84511-515-9.
  - From Russia With Love: "The American release of From Russia With Love again followed on some six months after it had been shown in Britain. North American rentals of \$9.9 million were an improvement on its predecessor, helped by a slightly wider release, though they were still only half the \$19.5 million of foreign rentals... (Online copy (https://books.google.com/books?id=E8wqAQAAIAAJ&q=%22the+american+release+of+from+rusia+with+love%22) Archived (https://web.archive.org/web/20230404055441/https://books.google.com/books?id=E8wqAQAAIAAJ&q=%22the+american+release+of+from+russia+with+love%22A) April 4, 2023, at the Wayback Machine at Google Books)"
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  - Moonraker: "These figures were surpassed by Moonraker, which earned total worldwide rentals of \$87.7 million, of which \$33 million came from North America. (Online copy (https://books.google.com/books?id=E8wqAQAAIAAJ&q=\$87.7+million)
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  - Fiddler on the Roof: "Domestic Rentals: \$34.0; Foreign Rentals: \$11.1; Production Cost: \$9.0 (Initial Release – Unadjusted \$s in Millions of \$s)."
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#### 237. The Godfather

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