

# Echivalenta dintre expresiile regulate si limbajele acceptate de AF

Teorema:

Daca  $r$  este o expresie regulara, atunci exista un AF care accepta multimea secventelor reprezentate de aceasta expresie (multimea regulara). Si reciproc.

- Echivalenta:
    - constructia automatului echivalent pentru fiecare dintre constructiile de mai sus (nu vom face dem.)
    - constructia expresiei regulate ce descrie limbajul acceptat de un automat (nu vom face dem.)
- ( $\rightarrow$  ~ seminar)

# Expresie regulara

## => limbaj acceptat de AF

- Expresii regulate

- $\emptyset$

- $\varepsilon$

- $a$       daca:  $a \in \Sigma$

- $r+s$       daca  $r,s$  – expresii regulate

- $rs$       daca  $r,s$  – expresii regulate

- $r^*$       daca  $r$  – expresie regulara

- Constructia automatului echivalent

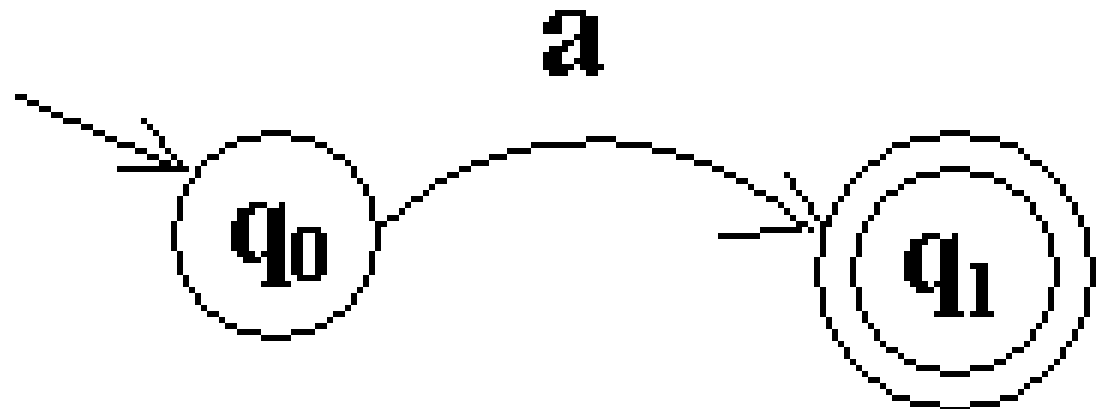
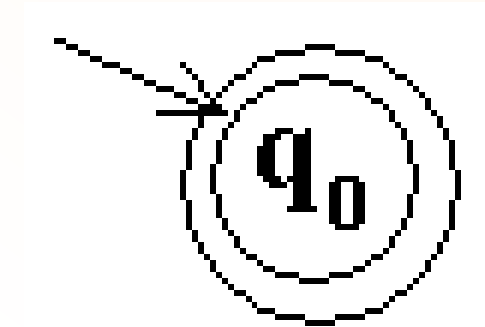
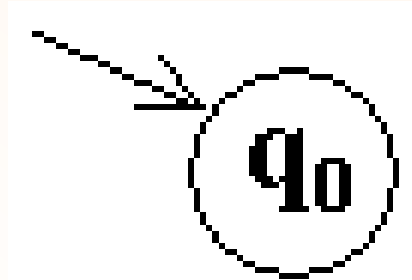
pentru fiecare dintre constructiile de mai sus



Ne amintim!

# Expresie regulara=> limbaj acceptat de AF

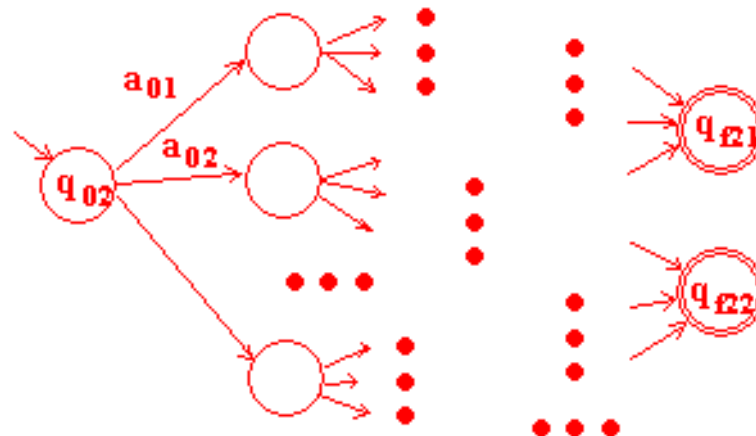
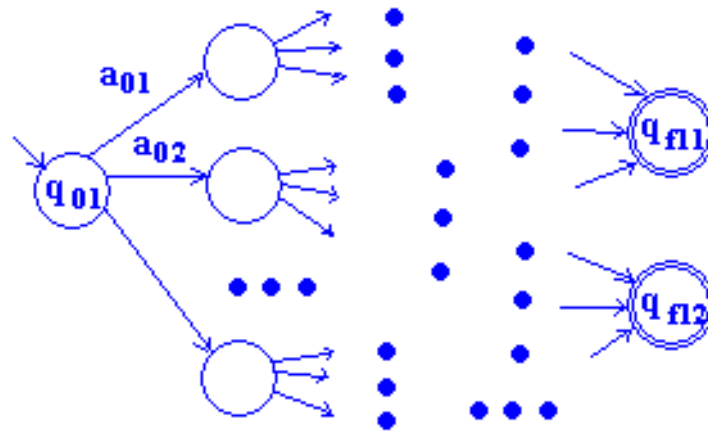
- Automatul ce accepta:  $\Phi$
- Automatul ce accepta:  $\varepsilon$
- Automatul ce accepta:  $a$  (daca:  $a \in \Sigma$ )



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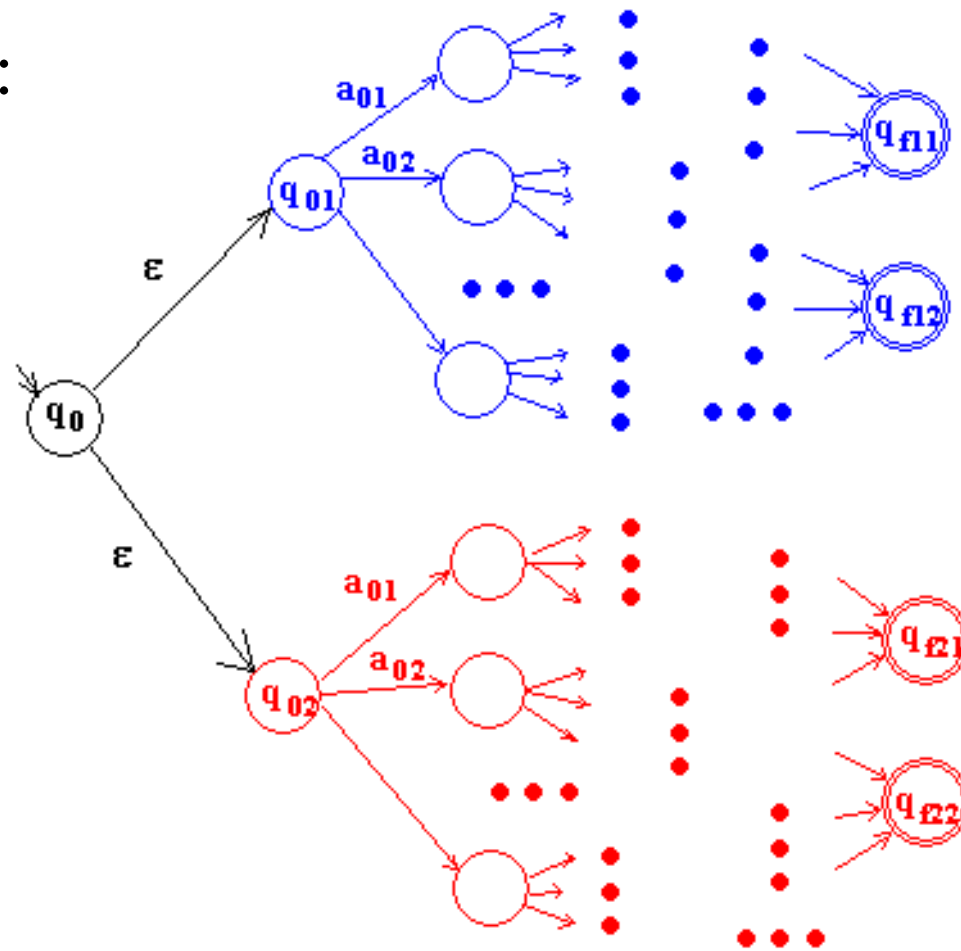
- Automatul ce accepta reuniunea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date

– se dau:





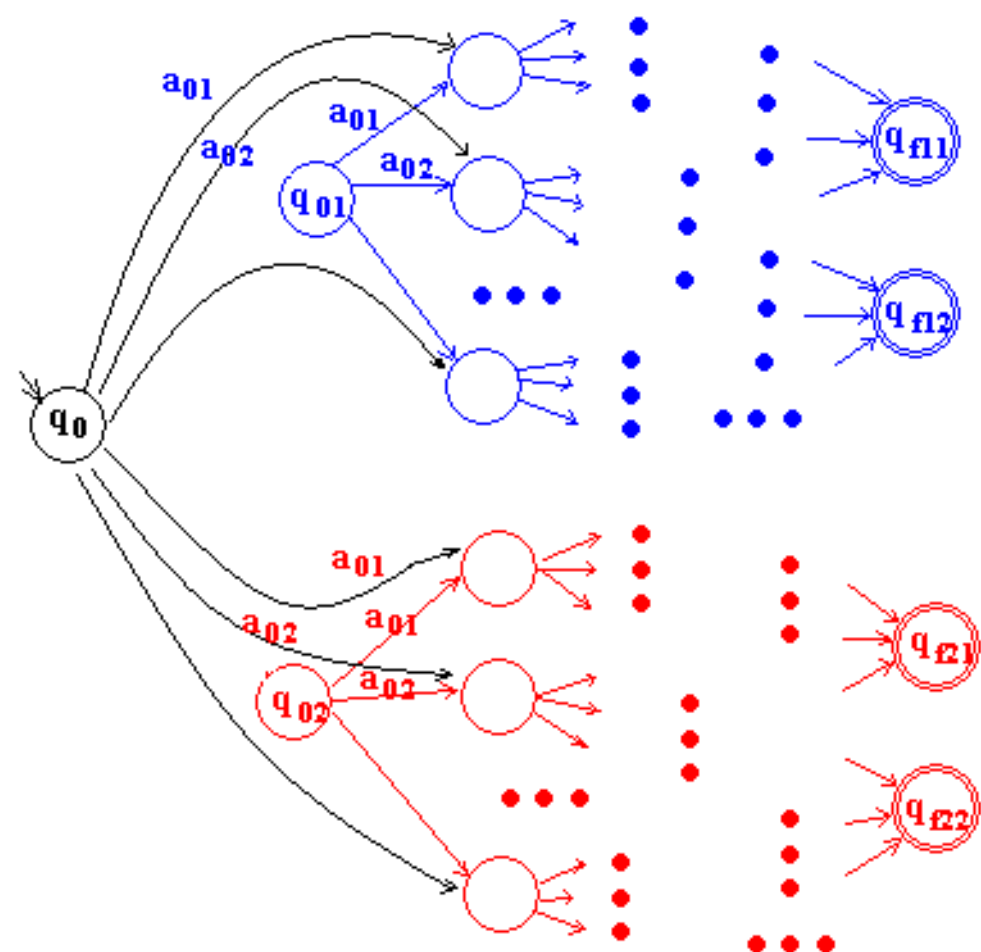
- Automatul ce accepta reuniunea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - AF cu  $\varepsilon$  tranz.:



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• Automatul ce accepta reuniunea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date

– AF

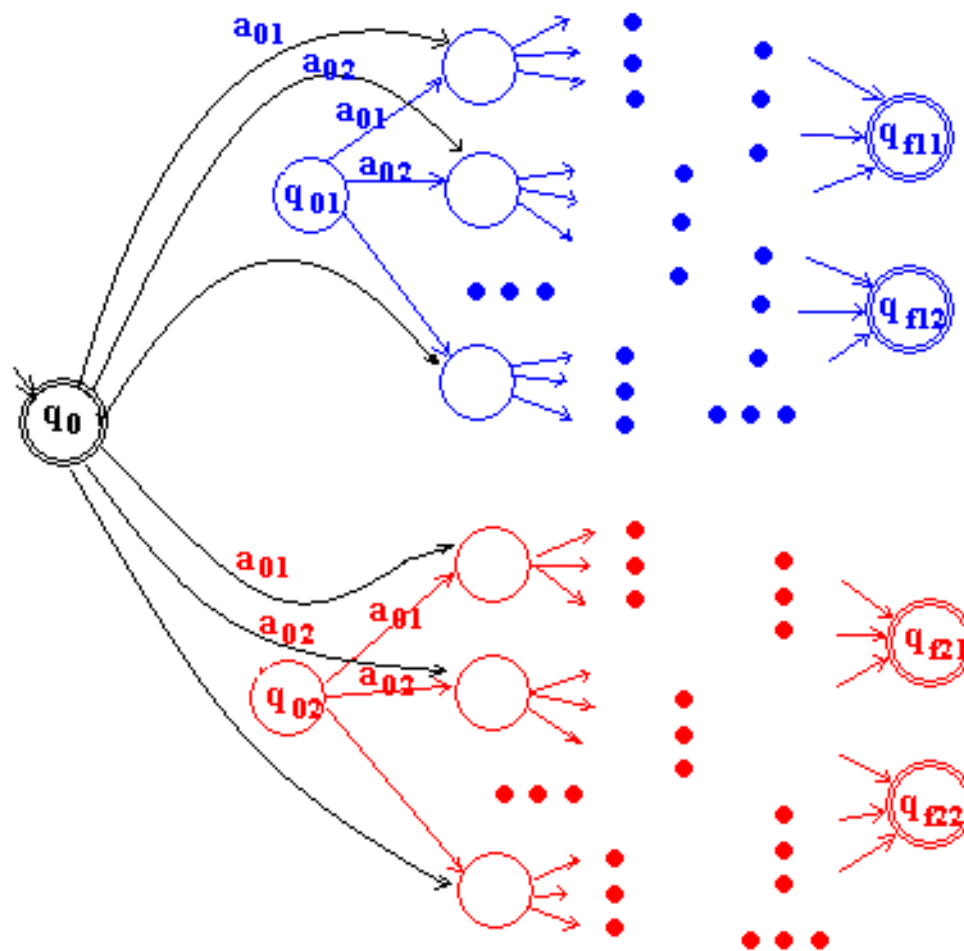


??! cel puțin una  
dintre  $q_{01}$  sau  $q_{02}$   
e stare finala

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- Automatul ce accepta reuniunea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date

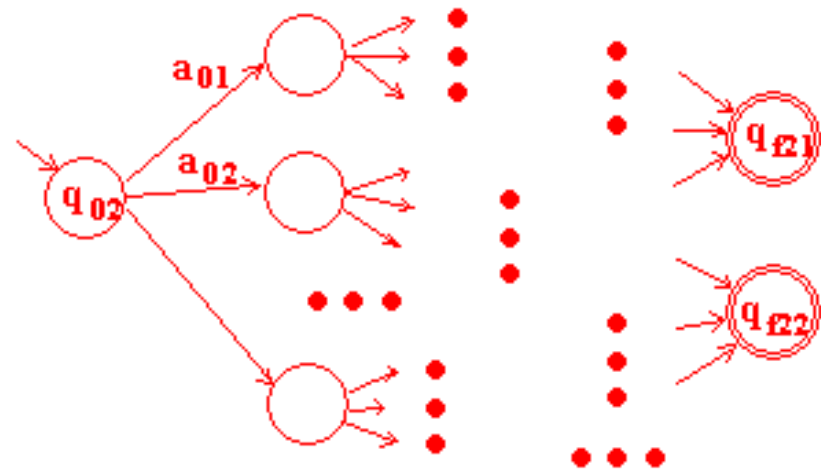
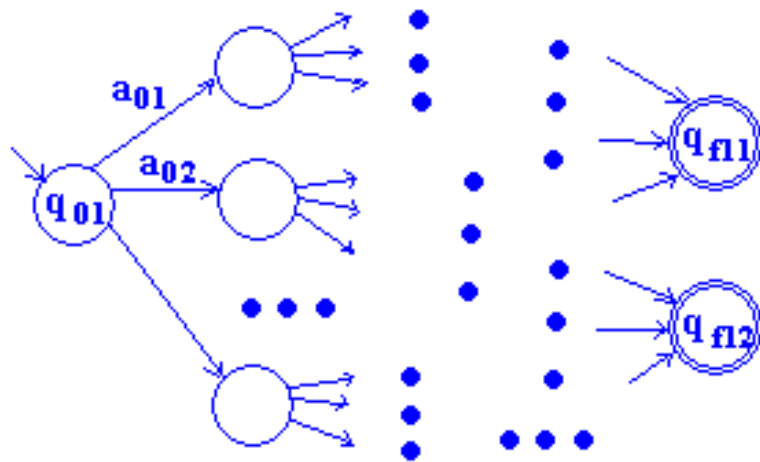
– AF

**Daca cel putin una dintre  $q_{01}$  sau  $q_{02}$  este stare finala**



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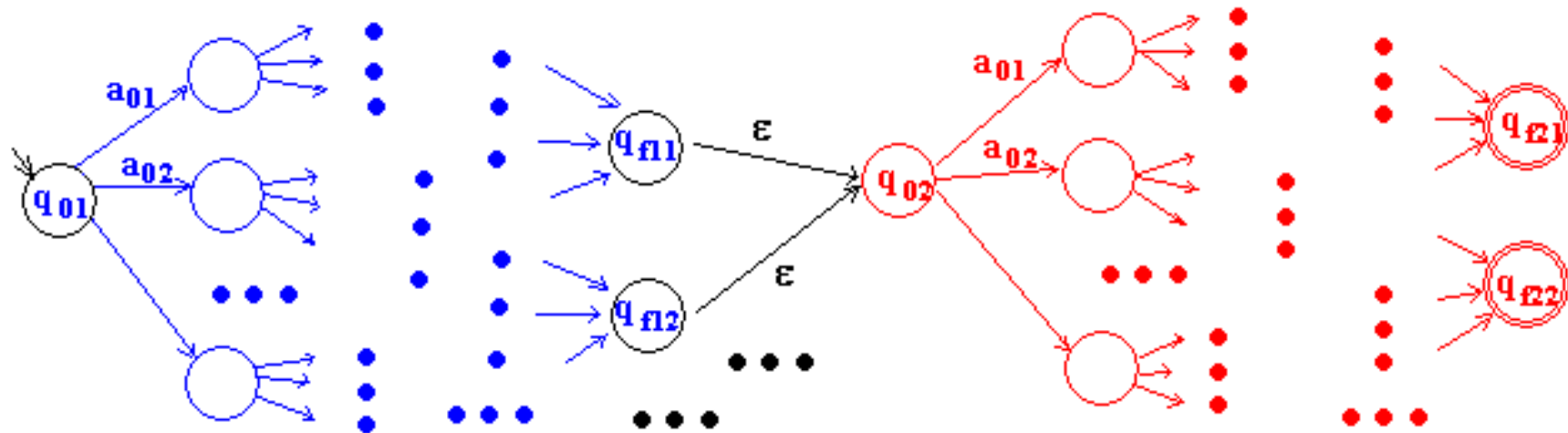
- Automatul ce accepta concatenarea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - se dau





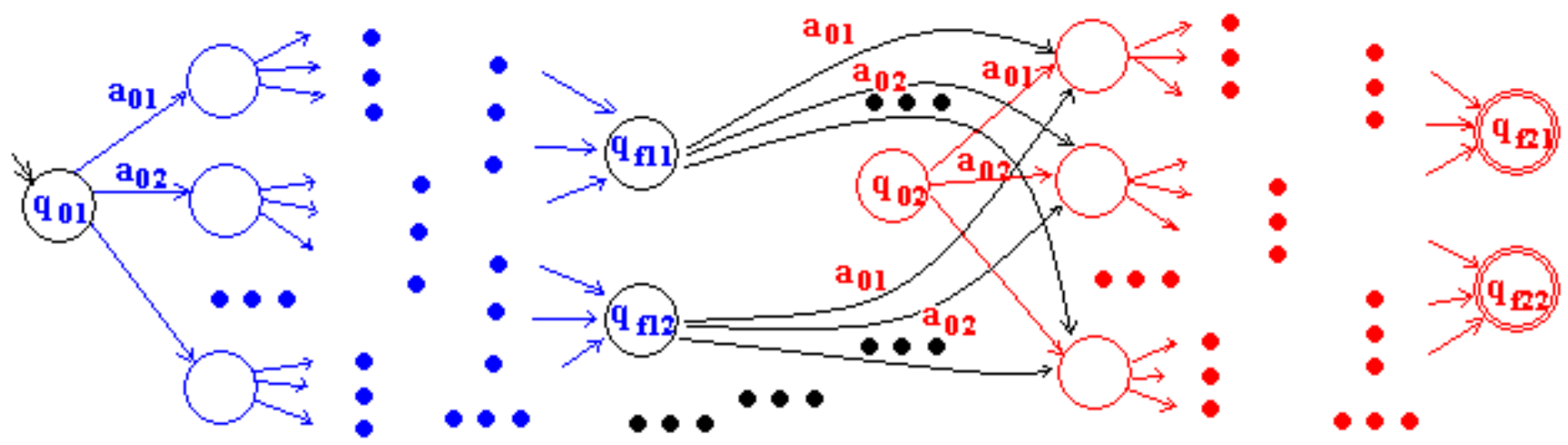
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- Automatul ce accepta concatenarea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - AF cu  $\epsilon$  tranz.:



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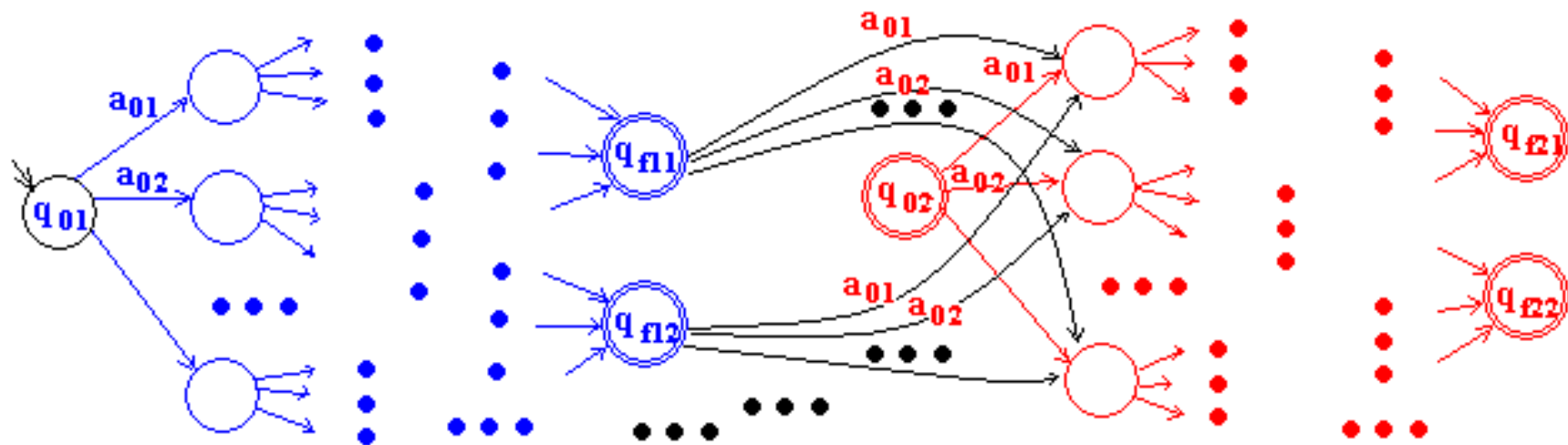
- Automatul ce accepta concatenarea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - AF



??!  $q_{02}$  stare finala

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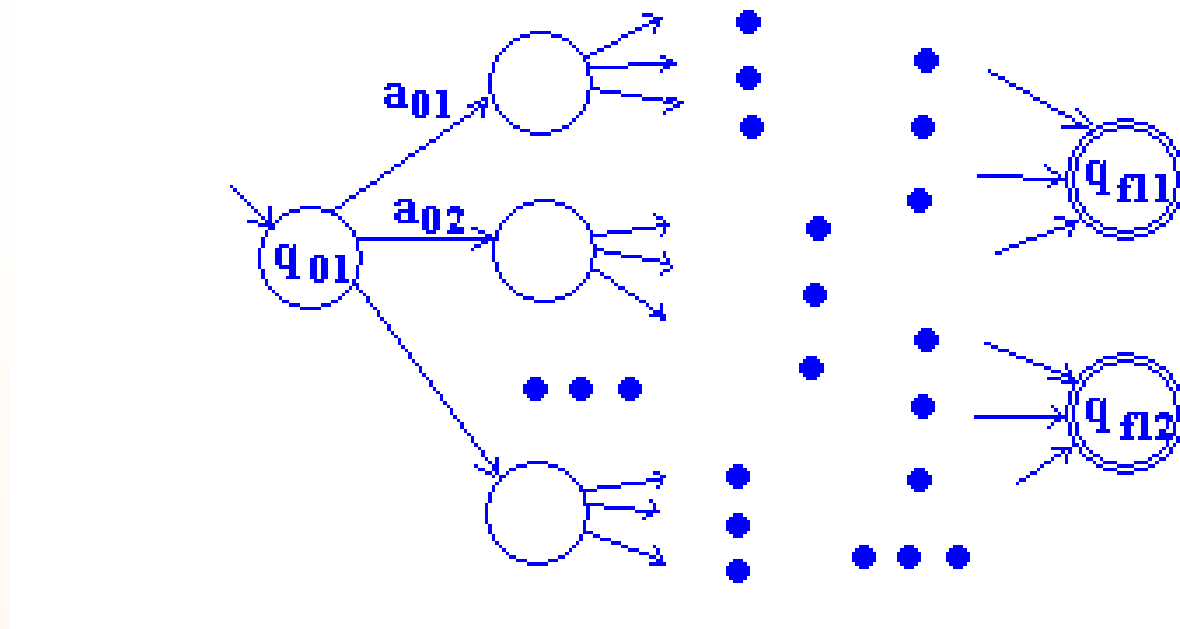
- Automatul ce accepta concatenarea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - AF



**Daca  $q_{02}$  stare finala**

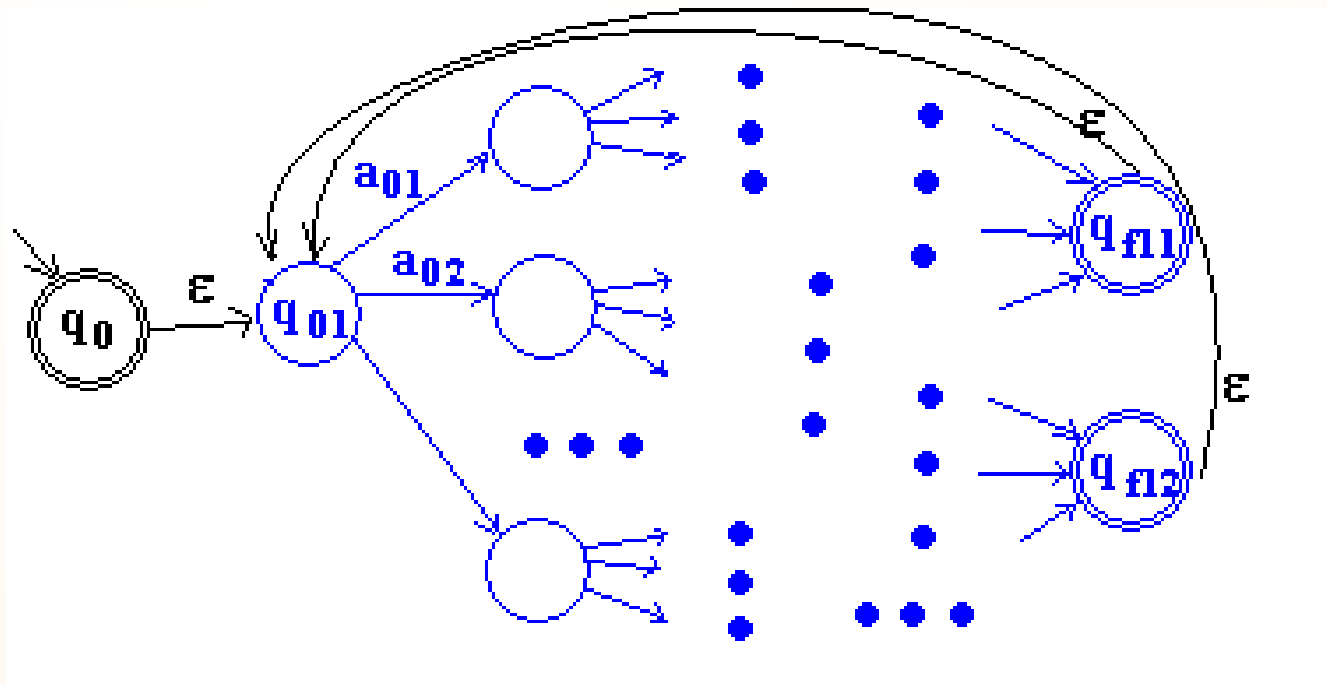
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- Automatul ce accepta orice secventa peste limbajul acceptat de un automat dat
  - se da:



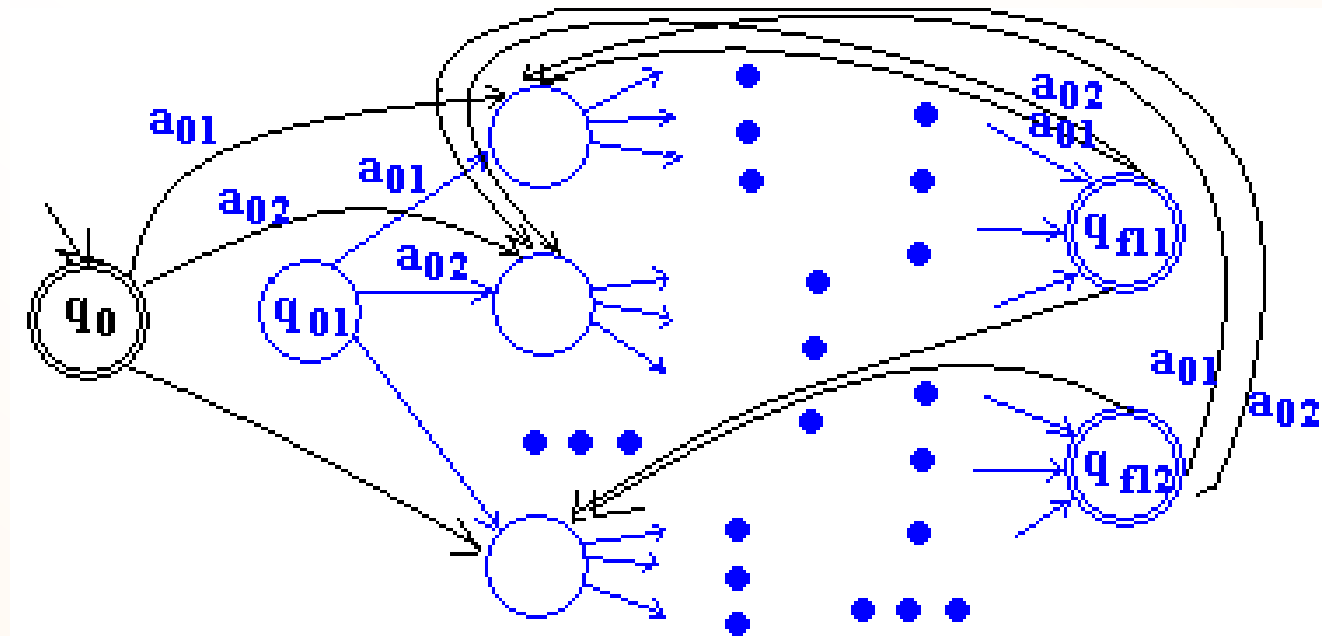
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- Automatul ce accepta orice secventa peste limbajul acceptat de un automat dat
  - AF cu  $\epsilon$  tranz.:



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- Automatul ce accepta orice secventa peste limbajul acceptat de un automat dat
  - AF:



??!  $q_{01}$  stare finala OK !

# Exercitii:

## Expresie regulara=> limbaj acceptat de AF

- Automatul ce accepta reuniunea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date
  - se considera AF pt.:
    - $aa^*$
    - $bb^*$
  - se considera AF pt.:
    - $a^{2n}$                        $n$  – nr. natural;  $n \geq 0$
    - $b^{2n+1}$                        $n$  – nr. natural;  $n \geq 0$

# Exercitii:

**Expresie regulara=> limbaj acceptat de AF**

Construiti automatul ce accepta concatenarea limbajelor acceptate de doua automate date.

a) Se considera AF pt.:       $a$       si       $b$

b) Se considera AF pt.:       $a^*$       si       $b^*$

c) Se considera AF pt.:       $a$       si       $b^*$



# Exercitii:

**Expresie regulara=> limbaj acceptat de AF**

- Automatul ce accepta orice secventa peste limbajul acceptat de un automat dat
  - se considera AF pt.: a