Databases - MCQs

Choose the correct answer(s) for the following multiple choice questions. Each question has at least one correct answer.

I. 1-4. Consider the relational schema T[<u>ID1, ID2, ID3, C1, C2, C3, C4</u>] with the primary key {ID1, ID2, ID3}. T has no other candidate keys. Answer questions 1-4 using the legal instance below (*null* represents the *null* value, not a string of characters):

ID1	ID2	ID3	C1	C2	C3	C4
1	1	1	Pe copite iau în fugă fața negrului pămînt,	-2	null	0
1	1	2	Lănci scînteie lungi în soare, arcuri se întind în vînt,	-1	2	1
1	2	1	Și ca nouri de aramă și ca ropotul de grindeni,	0	null	0
1	2	2	Orizontu-ntunecîndu-l, vin săgeți de pretutindeni,	1	null	-1
2	1	1	Vîjîind ca vijelia și ca plesnetul de ploaie	2	4	-1
2	1	2	Urlă cîmpul și de tropot și de strigăt de bătaie.	3	4	-1

- 1. Given the current data in T, we can conclude that:
- a. {C1} is also a key in T
- b. there is a NOT NULL constraint defined on C2
- c. ID1 is a foreign key referencing a primary key in a different table
- d. there is a CHECK constraint defined on ID1 with the definition CHECK (ID1 <= 3)
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 2. How many records does the following query return? SELECT AVG(C3)

FROM T

WHERE C2 > 1

GROUP BY ID1, ID2, ID3

HAVING SUM(C2) <= 1

- a. 4
- b. 3
- c. 1
- d. 0
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 3. When executed on the above instance T:
- a. query SELECT * FROM T WHERE C3>5 returns 4 tuples.
- b. query SELECT * FROM T WHERE C1 LIKE '_%' returns 0 tuples.
- c. auerv
 - SELECT * FROM T WHERE ID1 = ID2 INTERSECT SELECT * FROM T WHERE ID2 = ID3

returns 1 tuple.

returns 0 tuples.

- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 4. Regarding the functional dependencies of T:
- a. at least one of the following dependencies is not satisfied by the instance: {ID1, ID2, ID3} \rightarrow {C1, C2}, {ID1} \rightarrow {C2}, {C4} \rightarrow {C2}
- b. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least one of the following dependencies is specified on the schema T: $\{ID1, ID2\} \rightarrow \{C1, C2\}, \{ID1\} \rightarrow \{C2\}, \{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$

- c. at least two of the following dependencies are not satisfied by the instance: $\{C1\} \rightarrow \{ID3\}, \{ID1, ID2\} \rightarrow \{C2\}, \{ID2, ID3\} \rightarrow \{ID1\}, \{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2, C1\}$
- d. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least two of the following dependencies are specified on the schema T: $\{C1\} \rightarrow \{ID3\}$, $\{ID1, ID2\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$, $\{ID2, ID3\} \rightarrow \{ID1\}$, $\{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2, C1\}$
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 5. According to the conceptual evaluation strategy, in a SELECT query:
- a. WHERE is evaluated after SELECT
- b. WHERE is evaluated after FROM
- c. WHERE is evaluated after GROUP BY
- d. WHERE is evaluated after HAVING
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 6. In a DBMS, the optimizer:
- a. manages space on disk
- b. brings pages from the disk into main memory
- c. produces an efficient execution plan for query evaluation
- d. monitors lock requests
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 7. In a B-tree of order 7, a non-terminal node that is not the root has:
- a. at least 3 values and at most 6 values
- b. at least 3 values and at most 7 values
- c. at least 4 values and at most 6 values
- d. at least 4 values and at most 7 values
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 8. In a SELECT query:
- a. FROM can contain a subquery
- b. WHERE can contain a subquery
- c. HAVING can contain a subquery
- d. GROUP BY is evaluated after SELECT, according to the conceptual evaluation strategy
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 9. Let R[A, B, C, D, E, F] be a relational schema with no repeating attributes. The keys of R are {A, B, C}, {B, C, D, E}, {E, F}. The following dependency holds: {A, B} \rightarrow {D}. R is:
- a. 1NF
- b. 2NF
- c. 3NF

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d. BCNF

e. none of the above answers is correct.

10. Let C denote the condition (C1 AND C2) OR (C3 AND C4), where C1 evaluates to TRUE, C2 evaluates to NULL,

C3 evaluates to NULL, C4 evaluates to TRUE. Then C evaluates to:

a. TRUE

b. FALSE

c. NULL

d. none of the above answers is correct.

II.

1-4. Consider the relational schema S[<u>ID</u>, A, B, C, D, E, F] with the key {ID}. Answer questions 1-4 using the legal instance below:

ID	Α	В	C	D	E	F
t1	a1	b2	Şi abia plecă bătrânul Ce mai freamăt, ce mai zbucium!	0	1	0
t2	a1	b2	Codrul clocoti de zgomot și de arme și de bucium,	1	2	1
t3	a1	b3	Iar la poala lui cea verde mii de capete pletoase,	0	3	0
t4	a1	b3	Mii de coifuri lucitoare ies din umbra-ntunecoasă;	2	123	-1
t5	a1	b3	Călăreții umplu câmpul și roiesc după un semn	-1	4	-1

- 1. When executed on the above instance S:
- a. query SELECT DISTINCT A, B FROM S returns 2 tuples.
- b. query SELECT * FROM S WHERE B = 'b2' AND
 B = 'b3' returns 0 tuples.
- d. query SELECT * FROM S WHERE D >= 0 EXCEPT SELECT * FROM S WHERE E <> 4 returns 0 tuples.
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 2. How many records does the query below return?

SELECT B, C, COUNT(*)

FROM S

GROUP BY B, C

HAVING D <= 1

a. 5

b. 4

c. 3 d. 2

e. none of the above answers is correct.

3. How many records does the query below return?

SELECT *
FROM S

WHERE C LIKE 'de%'

a. 3

b. 0

c. 5

d. 1

e. none of the above answers is correct.

- 4. Regarding the functional dependencies of S:
- a. at least one of the following dependencies is not satisfied by the instance: {ID, A} \rightarrow {D, E}, {B} \rightarrow {A}, {A, B} \rightarrow {D}
- b. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least one of the following dependencies is specified on the schema S: $\{A\} \rightarrow \{D, E\}, \{B\} \rightarrow \{A\}, \{A, B\} \rightarrow \{D\}$

- c. at least two of the following dependencies are not satisfied by the instance: $\{C\} \rightarrow \{A\}, \{A\} \rightarrow \{C\}, \{E\} \rightarrow \{B\}, \{F\} \rightarrow \{A\}$
- d. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least two of the following dependencies are specified on the schema S: $\{C\} \rightarrow \{A\}$, $\{A\} \rightarrow \{C\}$, $\{E\} \rightarrow \{B\}$, $\{F\} \rightarrow \{A\}$
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 5. In a DBMS, the buffer manager:
- a. manages disk space
- b. brings pages from the disk into main memory
- c. monitors lock requests
- d. produces an efficient execution plan for query evaluation
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 6. A SELECT statement:
- a. can contain a HAVING clause only if it contains a WHERE clause
- b. can contain a WHERE clause only if it contains a HAVING clause
- c. can contain a HAVING clause only if it contains an ORDER BY clause
- d. can contain a GROUP BY clause only if it contains a HAVING clause
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 7. Let R[$\overline{\text{ID1}}$, $\overline{\text{ID2}}$, $\overline{\text{ID3}}$, $\overline{\text{A}}$, $\overline{\text{B}}$, $\overline{\text{C}}$, $\overline{\text{D}}$, $\overline{\text{E}}$, $\overline{\text{F}}$, $\overline{\text{G}}$] be a relational schema with no repeating attributes. The keys of R are {ID1, ID2, ID3} and {A, B}. The following dependencies hold: {ID1, ID2} \rightarrow {C} and {A} \rightarrow {G}. R is:
- a. 1NF

b. 2NF

c. 3NF

d. BCNF

e. none of the above answers is correct.