### **PROIECT DE BUSINESS SI IMPLEMENTARE in Data Warehouse**

I. Cerinta de business:

Se doreste un raport la nivel de cu vanzarea la nivel de tara client astfel:

- O coloana country
- O coloana cu vanzarile pe primul semestru dintr-un an denumita Sales Previous Sem
- O coloana cu vanzarile pe al doilea semestru dintr-un an denumita Sales Current Sem

Business-ul doreste stocarea informatiilor intr-o tabela permanenta:

II. Rolul analistului

Analistul discuta cu business-ul si rezulta urmatorul tabel permanent si metoda de calcul:

Nume coloana	Data Type	Coloana din tabela sursa sau
		formula de calcul
Country	Nvarchar(100)	Este coloana companyname din
		tabela Sales.Customers
Sales Previous Sem	Decimal(19,4)	Sum(case when
		o.orderdate>=start date pentru
		previous sem and o.orderdate<=
		end date pentru previous sem
		then sum(sales.salesfunction)
		else 0 end)
Sales Current Sem	Decimal(19,4)	Sum(case when
		o.orderdate>=start date pentru
		current sem and o.orderdate<=
		end date pentru current sem
		then sum(sales.salesfunction)
		else 0 end)

In plus, de fiecare data cand este rulat raportul se va goli mai intai tabela pentru a se insera noile date.

- III. Rolul developerului:
- 1. Creaza tabela permanenta in baza de date:

```
create table Sales.Report_Sem
([Country] nvarchar(100),
[Sales Previous Sem] decimal(19,4),
[Sales Current Sem] decimal(19,4)
)
```

2. Pregateste select-ul cu care extrage datele conform cerintei de business (fara sa insereze in tabela) si isi ia ca referinta anul 2007 pe care il imparte in Previous Sem (1 ian 2007 – 30 iun 2007) si Current Sem (1 iul 2007 – 31 dec 2007):

```
select
    c.country as Country,
    sum(case when o.orderdate>='2007-01-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-06-30' then
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
    sum(case when o.orderdate>='2007-07-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-12-31' then
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>='2007-01-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-12-31'
group by
    c.country</pre>
```

3. Insereaza datele pentru prima data in tabela ca sa testeze ca pe langa select, functioneaza si insertul.

```
insert into Sales.Report_Sem (Country,[Sales Previous Sem],[Sales Current Sem])
select
    c.country as Country,
    sum(case when o.orderdate>='2007-01-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-06-30' then
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
    sum(case when o.orderdate>='2007-07-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-12-31' then
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>='2007-01-01' and o.orderdate<='2007-12-31'
group by
    c.country</pre>
```

4. Verifica sa vada daca sunt date in tabela:

```
select * from Sales.Report Sem
```



Email: marcela.filip@datatraining.ro Telefon: +40 721 61 27 85 Website: www.datatraining.ro

Results Messages			
	Country	Sales Previous Sem	Sales Current Sem
1	Finland	9473.2000	4807.4500
2	USA	41327.5900	79710.1100
3	Italy	3232.6000	5216.3500
4	Brazil	15213.2000	29337.3100
5	Germany	57875.4000	66294.9300
6	Switzerland	6387.8000	12314.7000
7	Mexico	12173.6500	2667.0000
8	Sweden	11699.4000	16325.3000
9	Argentina	1098.1000	718.5000
10	Austria	25911.8000	37240.1800

### (sunt 21 de randuri)

5. Parametrizeaza select-ul astfel incat sa rezulte 2 perioade si anul intreg si are in minte ca raportul se va rula tot timpul cu 1 parametru: start date previous si restul perioadelor se vor calcula pornind de la acest parametru.

	(No column name)	(No column name)	(No column name)	(No column name)
1	2007-01-01 00:00:00.000	2007-06-30 00:00:00.000	2007-07-01 00:00:00.000	2007-12-31 00:00:00.000

Acum goleste tabela cu scopul de a testa selectul dupa adaugarea variabilor:

```
delete from Sales.Report_Sem
```

### Acum parametrizeaza select-ul:



**Data Training**Email: marcela.filip@datatraining.ro

Telefon: +40 721 61 27 85
Website: www.datatraining.ro

Acum, developerul stie ca de fiecare data cand se va rula raportul, mai intai se va goli tabela, deci va adauga si delete-ul in script.

```
delete from Sales.Report Sem
declare @startdate prev datetime,
              @enddate prev datetime,
             @startdate_curr datetime,
             @enddate curr datetime
set @startdate prev = '2007-01-01'
set @enddate prev =eomonth(@startdate prev,5)
set @startdate_curr=dateadd(mm,6,@startdate_prev)
set @enddate_curr=eomonth(@startdate_curr,5)
insert into Sales.Report Sem (Country, [Sales Previous Sem], [Sales Current Sem])
select
       c.country as Country,
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_prev then</pre>
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate curr and o.orderdate<=@enddate curr then</pre>
od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr
group by
       c.country
```

- 6. Transforma select-ul in procedura stocata cu scopul de a incapsula intreg codul si de a fi rulat totul compact.
  - Parametrul @startdate\_prev nu va mai fi in zona de declare, ci devine singurul paramtru al procedurii)

```
create procedure Sales.Sp Report Sem
(@startdate_prev datetime)
as
begin
set nocount on;
delete from Sales.Report Sem
declare
              @enddate_prev datetime,
              @startdate_curr datetime,
              @enddate_curr datetime
set @enddate prev =eomonth(@startdate prev,5)
set @startdate_curr=dateadd(mm,6,@startdate_prev)
set @enddate_curr=eomonth(@startdate_curr,5)
insert into Sales.Report_Sem (Country,[Sales Previous Sem],[Sales Current Sem])
select
       c.country as Country,
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_prev</pre>
then od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_curr and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr</pre>
then od.qty*od.unitprice else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr</pre>
group by
      c.country
end
```

7. Developerul isi da seama ca inmultirea dintre od.qty si od.unitprice ar putea fi facuta cu o functie si apoi functia inserata in procedura.

Developerul creeaza functia:

8. Modifica procedura stocata ca sa insereze functia in locul inmultirii.

Email: marcela.filip@datatraining.ro
Telefon: +40 721 61 27 85
Website: www.datatraining.ro

```
alter procedure Sales.Sp Report Sem
(@startdate prev datetime)
as
set nocount on;
delete from Sales.Report Sem
declare
              @enddate prev datetime,
              @startdate_curr datetime,
              @enddate_curr datetime
set @enddate prev =eomonth(@startdate prev,5)
set @startdate curr=dateadd(mm,6,@startdate prev)
set @enddate_curr=eomonth(@startdate_curr,5)
insert into Sales.Report_Sem (Country,[Sales Previous Sem],[Sales Current Sem])
select
       c.country as Country,
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_prev then</pre>
Sales.Udf_Report_Sem(od.qty,od.unitprice) else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
       sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate curr and o.orderdate<=@enddate curr then</pre>
Sales.Udf_Report_Sem(od.qty,od.unitprice) else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr</pre>
group by
       c.country
end
```

9. Ruleaza procedura cu parametrul 2007-01-01 si verifica tabela

```
exec Sales.Sp_Report_Sem '2007-01-01'
```

### select \* from Sales.Report\_Sem

	Country	Sales Previous Sem	Sales Current Sem
1	Argentina	1098.1000	718.5000
2	Austria	25911.8000	37240.1800
3	Belgium	7321.1000	4766.0000
4	Brazil	15213.2000	29337.3100
5	Canada	21732.6000	13237.5000
6	Denmark	14837.4000	12355.2500
7	Finland	9473.2000	4807.4500
8	France	25078.4000	22827.4000
9	Germany	57875.4000	66294.9300
10	Ireland	9520.5000	14438.5500



10. Testeaza aleatoriu 2-3 tari (etapa de Data Testing a developer-ului)

```
declare @startdate prev datetime,
          @enddate prev datetime,
          @startdate curr datetime,
          @enddate curr datetime
set @startdate prev='2007-01-01'
set @enddate prev =eomonth(@startdate prev,5)
set @startdate curr=dateadd(mm,6,@startdate prev)
set @enddate_curr=eomonth(@startdate_curr,5)
select
   c.country as Country,
   sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_prev then</pre>
Sales.Udf_Report_Sem(od.qty,od.unitprice) else 0 end) as [Sales Previous Sem],
   sum(case when o.orderdate>=@startdate_curr and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr then</pre>
Sales.Udf_Report_Sem(od.qty,od.unitprice) else 0 end) as [Sales Current Sem]
from Sales.Customers as c
inner join sales.Orders as o on c.custid=o.custid
inner join sales.OrderDetails as od on od.orderid=o.orderid
where o.orderdate>=@startdate_prev and o.orderdate<=@enddate_curr</pre>
and c.country='Canada'
group by c.country
```

	Country	Sales Previous Sem	Sales Current Sem
1	Canada	21732.6000	13237.5000

```
select * from Sales.Report_Sem
where country='Canada'
```

	Country	Sales Previous Sem	Sales Current Sem
1	Canada	21732.6000	13237.5000

11. Pregateste pachetul de Deploy (ce trebuie sa ajunga in productie si ordinea de rulare). Va creea un singur script, astfel incat adminul de baze de date sa ruleze tot deodata.

PACHET DEPLOY (1 singur script). Atentia la "GO" dintre statement-uri.

```
Use training;
Go
```

Email: marcela.filip@datatraining.ro
Telefon: +40 721 61 27 85
Website: www.datatraining.ro

```
if OBJECT ID('Sales.Report Sem','U') is not null
drop table Sales.Report_Sem
GO
create table Sales.Report Sem
([Country] nvarchar(100),
[Sales Previous Sem] decimal(19,4),
[Sales Current Sem] decimal(19,4)
go
if OBJECT_ID('Sales.Udf_Report_Sem', 'FN') is not null
drop function Sales.Udf_Report_Sem
G0
create function Sales.Udf_Report_Sem
(@cantitate as int,
@pret as decimal(19,4)
returns decimal(19,4)
begin
       return @cantitate*@pret
end
go
if OBJECT_ID('Sales.Sp_Report_Sem ','P') is not null
drop procedure Sales.Sp_Report_Sem
GO
create procedure Sales.Sp_Report_Sem
(@startdate prev datetime)
as
begin
set nocount on;
delete from Sales.Report Sem
declare
              @enddate prev datetime,
             @startdate curr datetime,
             @enddate_curr datetime
set @enddate prev =eomonth(@startdate prev,5)
set @startdate_curr=dateadd(mm,6,@startdate_prev)
set @enddate_curr=eomonth(@startdate_curr,5)
insert into Sales.Report_Sem (Country,[Sales Previous Sem],[Sales Current Sem])
```



Email: marcela.filip@datatraining.ro
Telefon: <u>+40 721 61 27 85</u>
Website: www.datatraining.ro