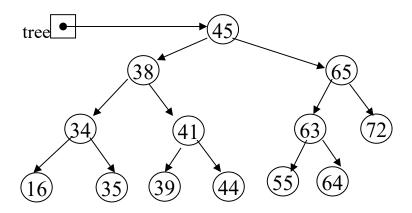
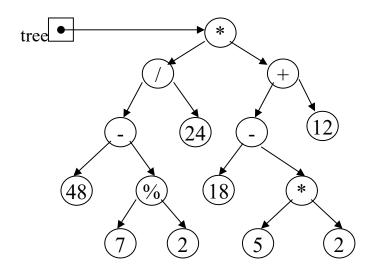
## 1. Given the following binary tree:



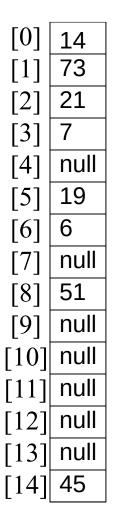
- (a) What is the inorder traversal of the tree? 16, 34, 35, 38, 39, 41, 44, 45, 55, 63, 64, 65, 72
- (b) What is the preorder traversal of the tree? 45, 38, 34, 16, 35, 41, 39, 44, 65, 63, 55, 64, 72
- (c) What is the postorder traversal of the tree? 16, 35, 34, 39, 44, 41, 38, 55, 64, 63, 72, 65, 45
- d) What is the height of the tree? What nodes are on level 2?
  - Height = 3, Level 2 = 38 and 65

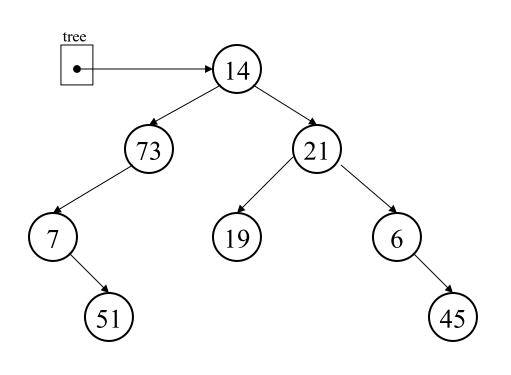
## 2. Given the following binary expression tree:



- a) What is the inorder traversal of the tree? 48, -, %, 7, 2, /, 24, \*, 18, -, 5, \*, 2, +, 12
- (b) What is the postorder traversal of the tree? 48, 7, 2, %, -, 24, /, 18, 5, 2, \*, -, 12, +, \*
- c) What does it evaluate to if using integer division? 20
- d) What does it evaluate to if using float division? 39.166

- 3. The elements in a binary tree area to be stored in an array. Each element is a nonnegative int value.
- a. What value can you use as a dummy value, if the binary tree is not complete? <u>null</u>
- b. Show the contents of the array, given the tree illustrated below





4. Given the array pictured below, draw the binary tree that can be created from its elements.

[0]	35
[1]	20
[2]	71
[3]	40
[4]	52
[5]	63
[6]	null
[7]	17
[8]	25
[9]	null
[10]	7
[11]	null
[12]	45

