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### P1 [40%]

The program you have to develop should read from the file named `data.txt` a sequence of natural numbers. Then it should print to the standard output all the numbers that do not divide through a number of neighbors to the left and right of their position in the sequence.

The **input data** is as follows:

- first line: number of elements in the sequence, *n*, number of left neighbors, *l*, and number of right neighbors, *r*, separated by single spaces
- next line: numbers in the sequence, separated by single spaces

Sample input	Output for sample input
20 4 5 11 7 2 22 13 26 12 2 4 6 8 9 3 7 5 25 15 18 19 30	11 7 2 13 2 3 7 5 18 19

### P2[60%]

You have a number of bottles, and a number of glasses. Every bottle, as well as every glass, is symbolized by two letters and a number. The first letter is 'B' for bottle or 'G' for glass. The number, always an integer, represents the capacity in milliliters for bottles, or the amount of liquid it contains – for glasses. You have to fill as few bottles as possible using the liquid found in glasses.

Data is given as:

- number of bottles
- bottle descriptions
- number of glasses
- description of glasses

You should print the status of the used bottles, i.e. capacity and how much liquid.

Sample input	Output for sample input
6 B 700 B 1000 B 500 B 500 B 330 B 1500 10 G 200 G 200 G 500 G 250 G 100 G 400 G 400 G 300 G 130 G 500	Bottle cap=1500 fill=1500 Bottle cap=1000 fill=1000 Bottle cap=700 fill=480

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1. (2p) Write in C a function which prints the diagonal elements of a dynamically allocated matrix of floats using only pointers. All needed input data is passed as arguments.

2. (1p) What is the output of the function `f` below when invoked as `f('d')` ;

```
void f (char ch)
{
    if (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'h' )
    {
        putchar( ch ) ;
        f( ch + 1 ) ;
    }
    else putchar( ' \n' ) ;
}
```

3. (4p) Trace the code to find the output of the following C program.

```
#include <stdio.h>

void f(int q);

int e = 1, m = 2, n = 3, q = 4;

int main(){
    int e = 5, n = 6;
    f(e);
    f(m);
    f(n);
    printf("%d %d %d %d\n",e,m,n,q);
    return 0;
}

void f(int q){
    static int e = 0;
    e = e + 7;
    m = e + q;
    n++;
    q--;
    printf("%d %d %d %d\n",e,m,n,q);
}
```

4. (1p) There is a file of length 1024 bytes, named "test.dat", located in the current directory.

After executing the sequence:

```
int df;
char buf[256];
df=open("test.dat", O_RDWR);
read(df, &buf, 207);
lseek(df, 3L, SEEK_SET);
```

what will be the value of the file position indicator?

5. (1p) How can structures be passed to functions in C and in C++?