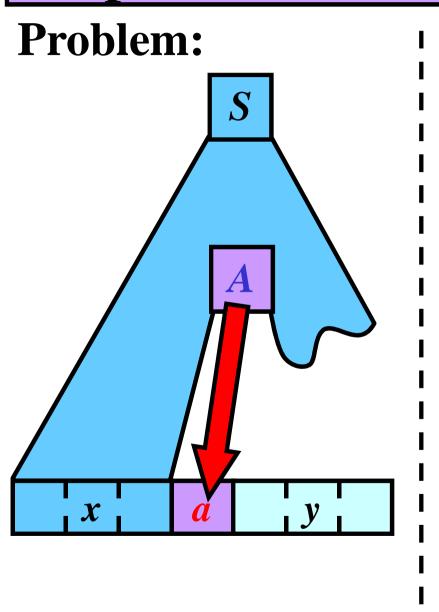
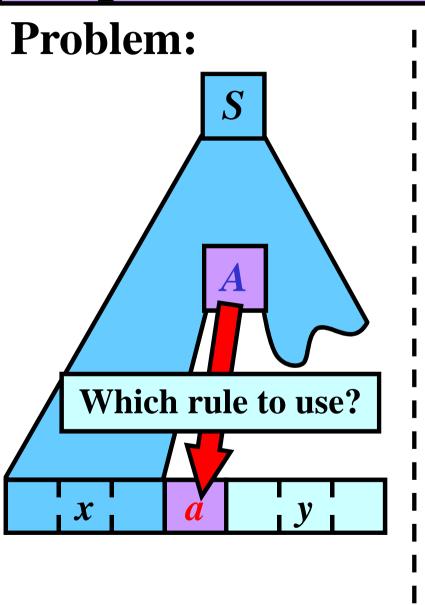
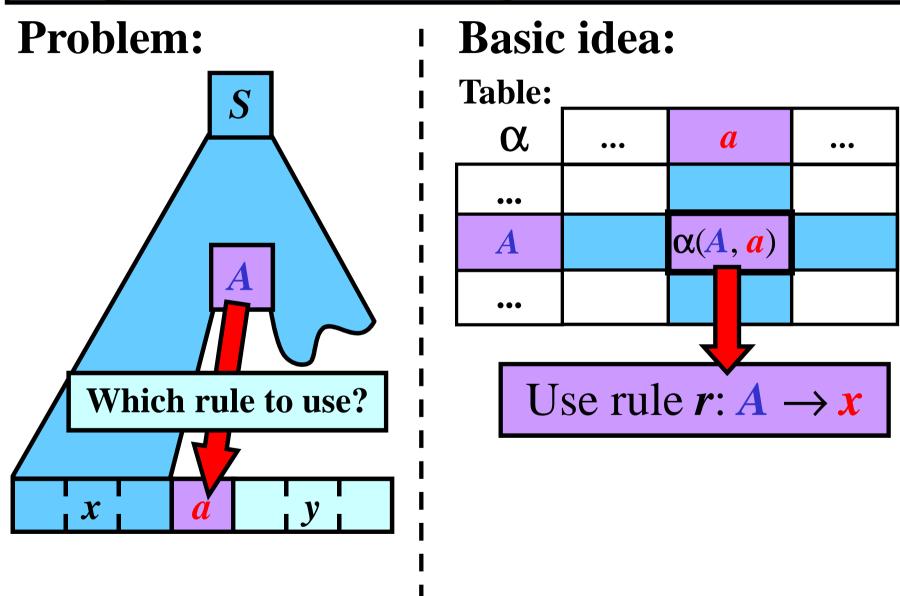
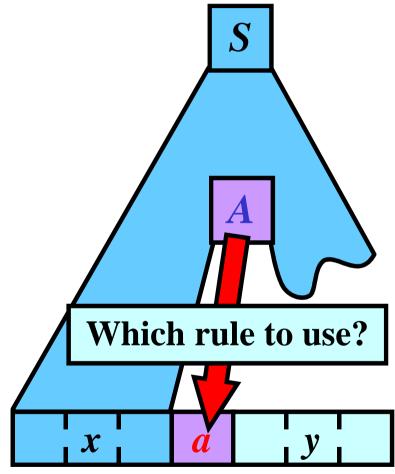
# Part VII. Top-Down Parsing



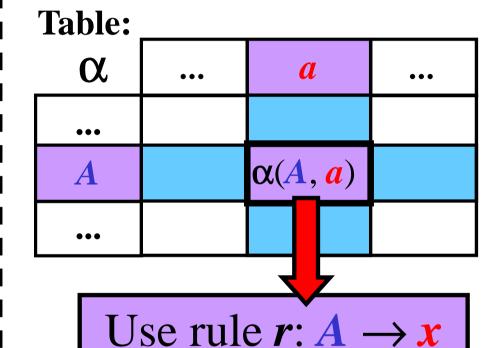




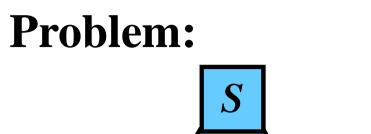


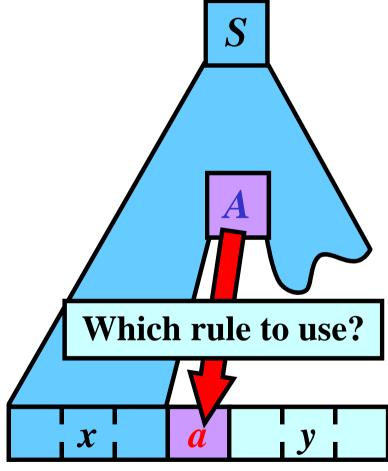


#### **Basic idea:**

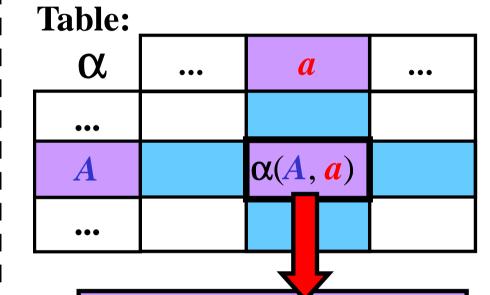


**Question:** Could you construct this table for **any** CFG?





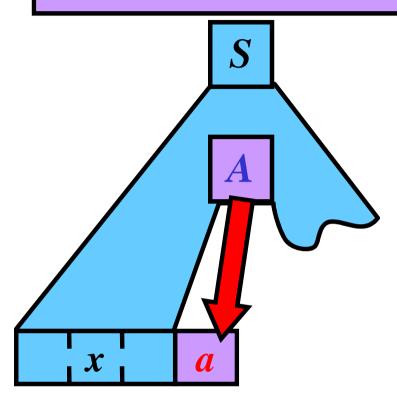
#### **Basic idea:**

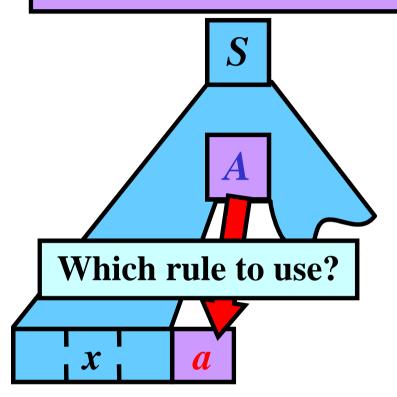


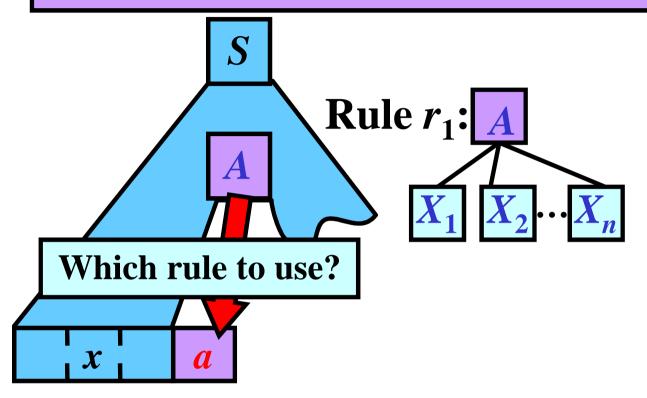
Use rule  $r: A \rightarrow x$ 

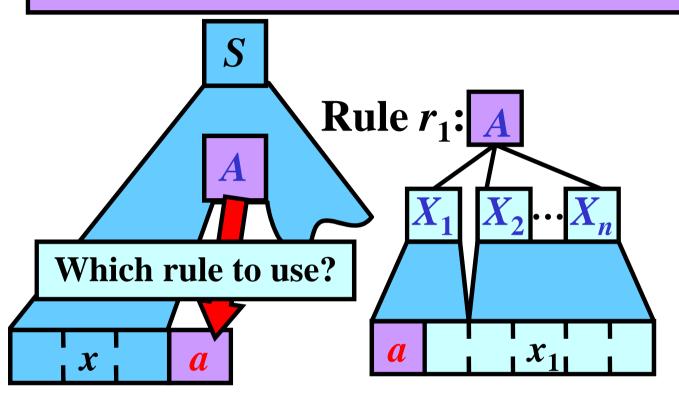
Question: Could you construct this table for any CFG?

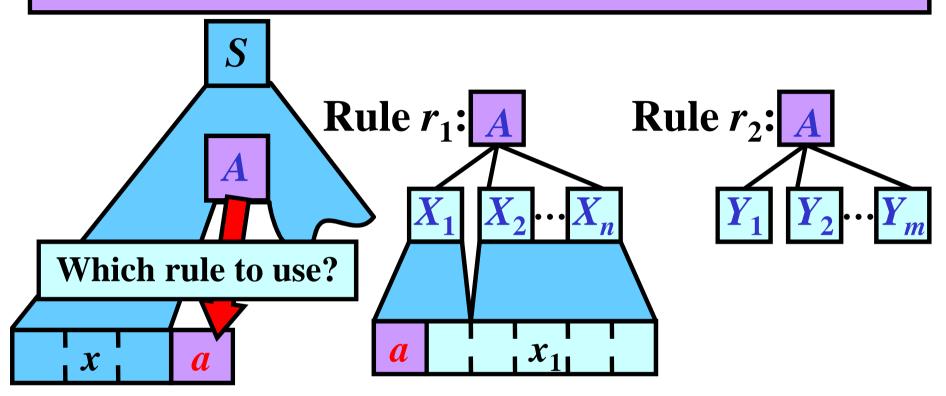
**Answer: NO** 

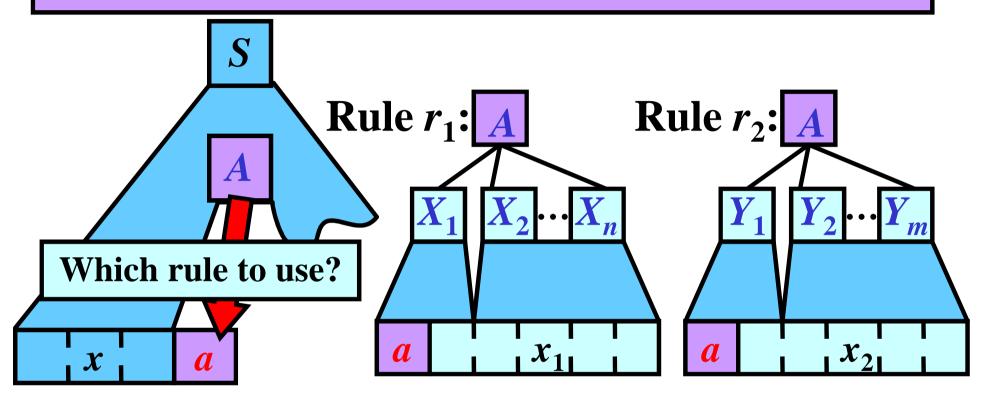












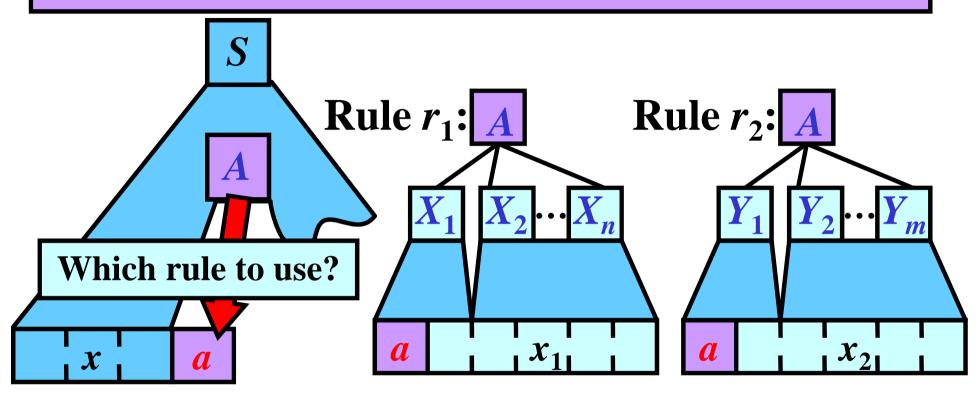


Table:

α	•••	a	•••
•••			
$\boldsymbol{A}$		$\alpha(A, a)$	
•••			

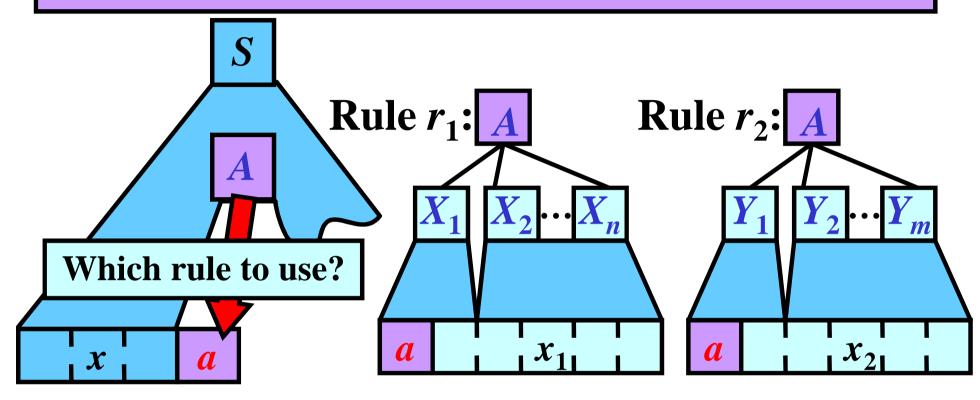
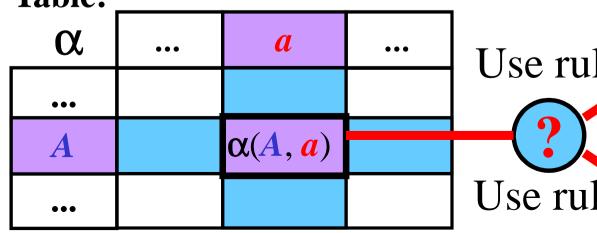


Table:



Use rule  $r_1: A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ 

Use rule  $r_2: A \rightarrow Y_1 Y_2 ... Y_m$ 

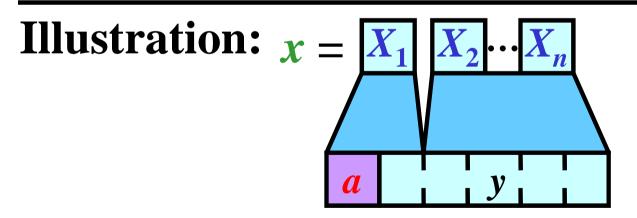
Gist: First(x) is the set of all terminals that can begin a string derivable from x.

```
Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every x \in (N \cup T)^*, we define the set First(x) as First(x) = \{a: a \in T, x \Rightarrow^* ay; y \in (N \cup T)^*\}.
```

Illustration: 
$$x = X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n$$

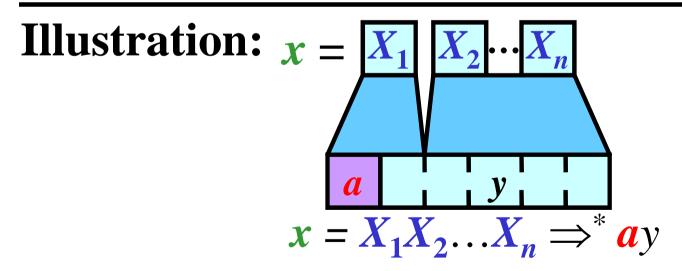
Gist: First(x) is the set of all terminals that can begin a string derivable from x.

**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every  $x \in (N \cup T)^*$ , we define the set First(x) as  $First(x) = \{a: a \in T, x \Rightarrow^* ay; y \in (N \cup T)^*\}$ .



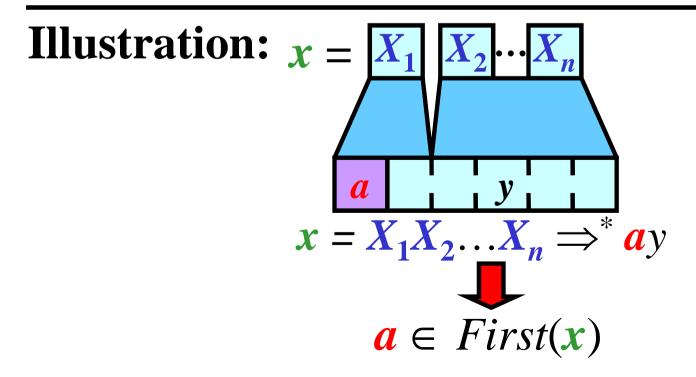
Gist: First(x) is the set of all terminals that can begin a string derivable from x.

**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every  $\mathbf{x} \in (N \cup T)^*$ , we define the set  $First(\mathbf{x})$  as  $First(\mathbf{x}) = \{\mathbf{a} : \mathbf{a} \in T, \mathbf{x} \Rightarrow^* \mathbf{a}y; y \in (N \cup T)^*\}.$ 



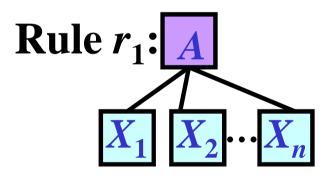
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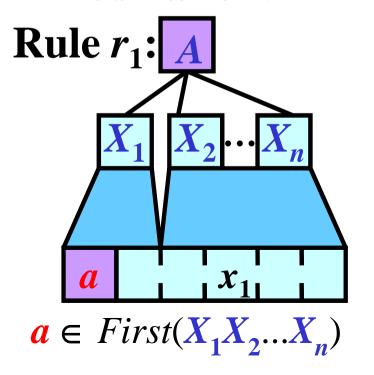


**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG without  $\underline{\varepsilon}$ -rules. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in First(X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 

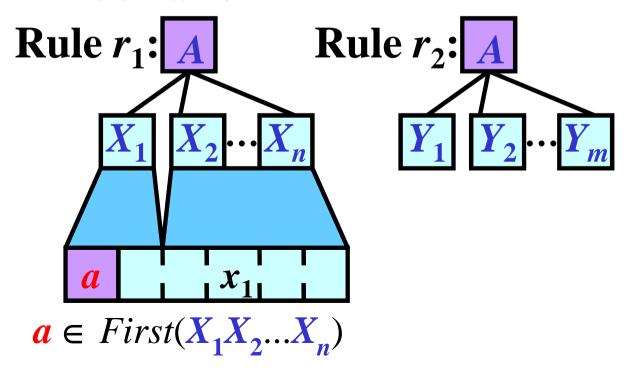
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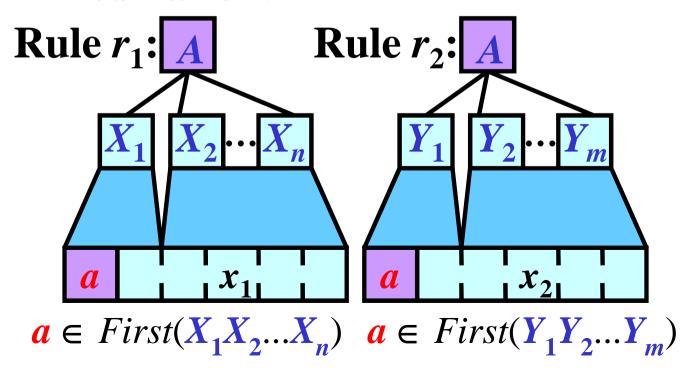
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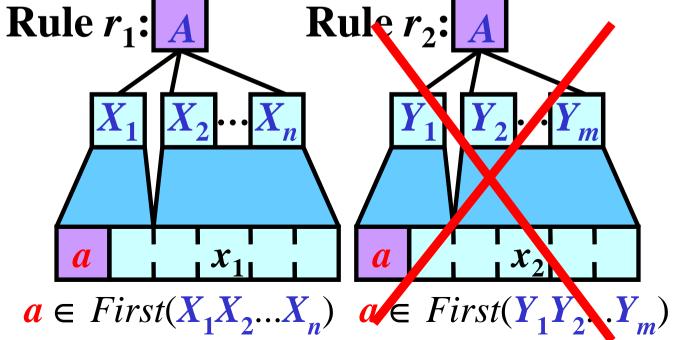


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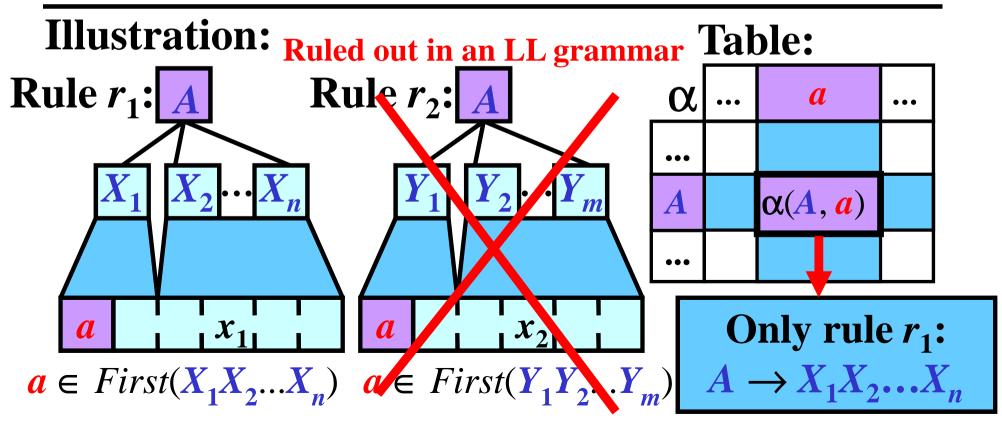


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Illustration: Ruled out in an LL grammar



**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG without  $\underline{\varepsilon}$ -rules. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in First(X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



# Simple Programming Language (SPL)

```
1: \langle prog \rangle \rightarrow \underline{begin} \langle st\text{-list} \rangle
  2: \langle st\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow \langle stat \rangle; \langle st\text{-list} \rangle
  3: \langle st\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow end
  4: \langle stat \rangle \rightarrow read id
  5: \langle stat \rangle \rightarrow write \langle item \rangle
  6: \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{id} := \text{add} (\langle \text{item} \rangle \langle \text{it-list} \rangle)
  7: \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow , \langle \text{item} \rangle \langle \text{it-list} \rangle
  8: \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow
  9: \langle \text{item} \rangle \rightarrow \text{int}
10: \langle \text{item} \rangle \rightarrow \text{id}
                                                                  Note: G_{SPL} is LL grammar
```

### **Example:**

```
begin
  read i;
  j := add(i, 1);
  write j;
  end
```

- Input: G = (N, T, P, S) without  $\varepsilon$ -rules
- Output: First(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$
- Method:
- for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$
- Apply the following rule until no *First* set can be changed:
- if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$ , then add  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)

- Input: G = (N, T, P, S) without  $\varepsilon$ -rules
- Output: First(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$
- Method:
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#### **Illustration:**

1) for each  $a \in T$ :

$$First(a) := \{a\}$$
  
because  $a \Rightarrow^0 a$ 

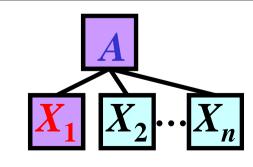
- Input: G = (N, T, P, S) without  $\varepsilon$ -rules
- Output: First(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$
- Method:
- for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$
- Apply the following rule until no *First* set can be changed:

2)

• if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$ , then add  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)

#### **Illustration:**

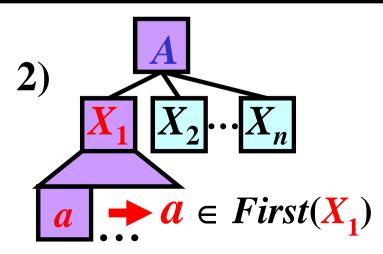
1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$ because  $a \Rightarrow^0 a$ 



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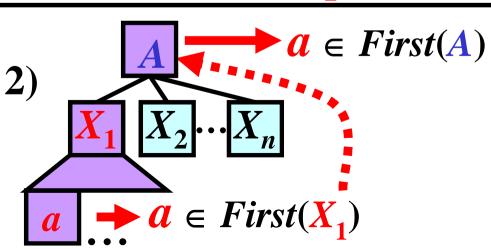


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- if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$ , then add  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)

#### **Illustration:**

1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$ 

because  $a \Rightarrow^0 a$ 



```
First(begin):= {begin}First(id):= {id}First(.):= {.}First(end):= {end}First(int):= {int}First(.):= {(.)First(read):= {read}First(:=):= {:=}First(.):= {.}First(write):= {write}First(add):= {add}First(.):= {.}
```

```
First(\mathbf{begin}) := \{\mathbf{begin}\}\
                                 First(id)
                                                             First(,) := \{
First(end)
                                 First(int)
                                                             First( ( ) := 
                := \{end\}
First(read)
                                                             First() :=
                                 First(=)
                := {read}
First(write) := \{write\}
                                 First(add)
                                                             First(;) :=
                                                := {add}
                                                          to First(<item>)
\langle item \rangle \rightarrow id \in P:
                                   add First(id)
\langle item \rangle \rightarrow int \in P:
                                   add First(int)
                                                          to First(<item>)
Summary: First(<item>)
                                   = \{ id, int \}
```

```
First(\mathbf{begin}) := \{\mathbf{begin}\}\
                                     First(id)
                                                                    First(\cdot) := \{\cdot\}
First(end)
                                     First(int)
                                                     := {int}
                                                                    First(() :=
                  := \{end\}
                                                                    First():=
First(read)
                                     First(:=)
                  := {read}
First(write) := {write}
                                     First(add)
                                                                    First(;) := \{;
                                                     := {add}
\langle item \rangle \rightarrow id \in P:
                                                                to First(<item>)
                                       add First(id)
\langle item \rangle \rightarrow int \in P:
                                       add First(int)
                                                                to First(<item>)
                                       = \{ id, int \}
Summary: First(<item>)
\langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow ) \in P:
                                       add First())
                                                                to First(<it-list>)
\langle it\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{,} \dots \in P:
                                       add First(,)
                                                                to First(<it-list>)
Summary: First(<it-list>)
                                       = \{ ), _{\bullet} \}
```

```
First(\mathbf{begin}) := \{\mathbf{begin}\}\
                                       First(id)
                                                                         First(,) := \{,\}
                                       First(int)
                                                         := \{ int \}
                                                                         First( ( ) := \{
First(end)
                   := {end}
                                                                         First():=
First(read) := \{read\}
                                       First(:=)
                                                                         First(;) := \{
First(write) := {write}
                                       First(add) := \{add\}
\langle item \rangle \rightarrow id \in P:
                                                                     to First(<item>)
                                          add First(id)
 \langle item \rangle \rightarrow int \in P:
                                          add First(int)
                                                                     to First(<item>)
                                          = \{ id, int \}
 Summary: First(<item>)
                                                                     to First(<it-list>)
 \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow ) \in P:
                                          add First())
 \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{,} \dots \in P:
                                          add First(,)
                                                                     to First(<it-list>)
Summary: First(\langle it-list \rangle) = \{\}, \}
                                          add First(id)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{id} \dots
                                                                     to First(<stat>)
 \langle \mathbf{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\mathbf{write}} \dots \in P:
                                          add First(write)
                                                                     to First(<stat>)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\text{read}} \dots \in P:
                                          add First(read)
                                                                     to First(<stat>)
 Summary: First(<stat>)
                                          = \{ id, write, read \}
```

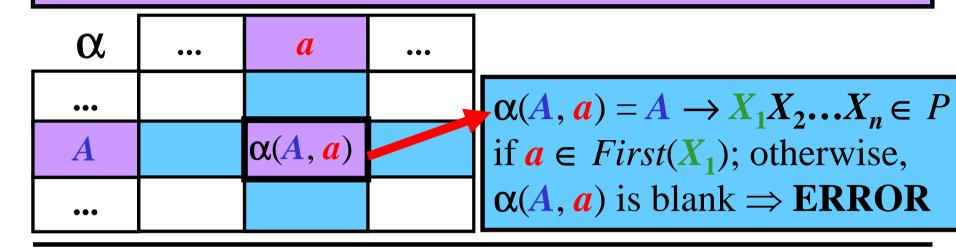
```
First(\mathbf{begin}) := \{ \mathbf{\underline{begin}} \}
                                           First(id)
                                                                               First(,) := \{,\}
                                                              := \{ int \}
First(end)
                                           First(int)
                                                                               First(() := {
                     := \{end\}
                                                                               First():=
First(read) := \{read\}
                                           First(:=)
First(write) := {write}
                                           First(add) := \{add\}
                                                                               First(;) := \{;
 \langle item \rangle \rightarrow id \in P:
                                              add First(id)
                                                                           to First(<item>)
 \langle item \rangle \rightarrow int \in P:
                                              add First(int)
                                                                           to First(<item>)
                                             = \{ id, int \}
 Summary: First(<item>)
                                                                           to First(<it-list>)
 \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow ) \in P:
                                              add First())
                                              add First()
                                                                           to First(<it-list>)
 \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow \dots \in P:
 Summary: First(\langle it-list \rangle) = \{\}
                                              add First(id)
                                                                       to First(<stat>)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{id} \dots
 \langle \mathbf{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\mathbf{write}} \dots \in P:
                                              add First(write) to First(<stat>)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\text{read}} \dots \in P:
                                              add First(read) to First(<stat>)
 Summary: First(<stat>)
                                              = {id, write, read}
\langle \text{st-list} \rangle \rightarrow \text{end} \in P:
                                              add First(end) to First(<st-list>)
 \langle st\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\langle stat} \rangle \dots \in P: add First(\overline{\langle stat} \rangle) to First(\langle st\text{-list} \rangle)
Summary: First(\langle st\text{-list}\rangle) = \{\underline{id}, \underline{write}, \underline{read}, \underline{end}\}
```

# First(X) for SPL: Example

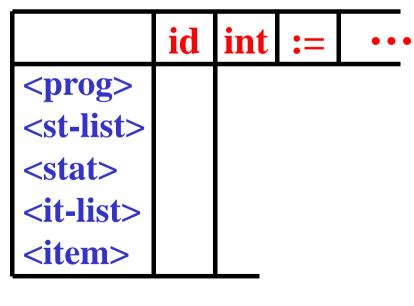
```
First(\mathbf{begin}) := \{ \mathbf{\underline{begin}} \}
                                            First(id)
                                                                                First(,) := \{,\}
First(end)
                                                               := \{ int \}
                     := {end}
                                           First(int)
                                                                                First(()) := \{
First(\overline{\mathbf{read}}) := \{\underline{\mathbf{read}}\}
                                                                                First() := {
                                           First(:=)
                                                                                First(;) := \{;\}
First(\overline{\mathbf{write}}) := {\overline{\mathbf{write}}}
                                           First(add) := \{add\}
                                                                            to First(<item>)
 \langle item \rangle \rightarrow id \in P:
                                               add First(id)
 \langle item \rangle \rightarrow int \in P:
                                               add First(int)
                                                                            to First(<item>)
                                              = \{ id, int \}
 Summary: First(<item>)
                                                                            to First(<it-list>)
 \langle \text{it-list} \rangle \rightarrow ) \in P:
                                               add First()
 \langle it\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow \dots \in P:
                                               add First(,)
                                                                            to First(<it-list>)
 Summary: First(\langle it-list \rangle) = \{\}
                                              add First(id)
                                                                        to First(<stat>)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{id} \dots
 \langle \mathbf{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\mathbf{write}} \dots \in P:
                                               add First(write) to First(<stat>)
                                              add First(read) to First(<stat>)
 \langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{read} \dots \in P:
 Summary: First(<stat>)
                                               = \{id, write, read\}
                                              add First(end) to First(<st-list>)
\langle \text{st-list} \rangle \rightarrow \text{end} \in P:
 \langle st\text{-list} \rangle \rightarrow \overline{\langle stat} \rangle \dots \in P: add First(\overline{\langle stat} \rangle) to First(\langle st\text{-list} \rangle)
Summary: First(\langle st\text{-list}\rangle) = \{\underline{id}, \underline{write}, \underline{read}, \underline{end}\}
                                              add First(begin) to First(cpreg>)
 \langle prog \rangle \rightarrow \underline{begin} \dots \in P:
 = {begin}
```

α	•••	a	•••
•••			
$\boldsymbol{A}$		$\alpha(A, a)$	
•••			

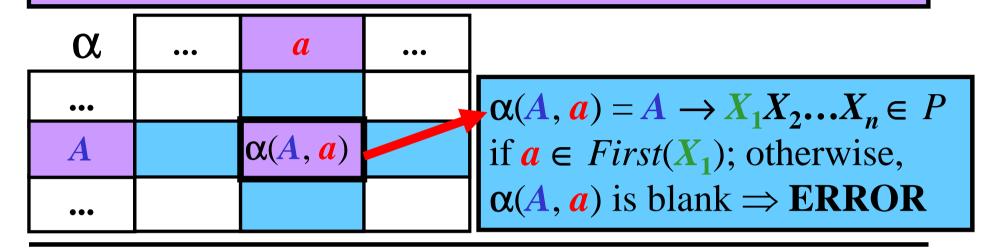
α	•••	a	•••	
<b>A</b>		$\alpha(A, a)$		$\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 X_n \in P$ if $a \in First(X_1)$ ; otherwise,
•••				$\alpha(A, a)$ is blank $\Rightarrow$ <b>ERROR</b>



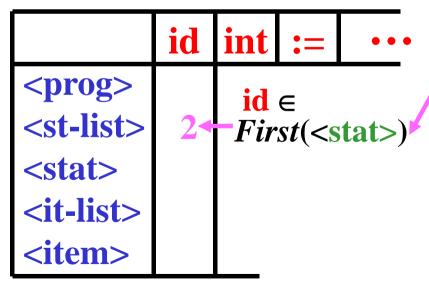
Task: LL table for SPL



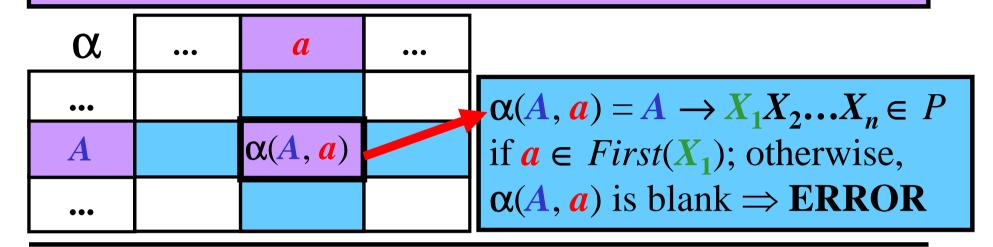
 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Rule } r \hbox{:} A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n & First(X_1) \\ \hline 1 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{prog} > \to \textbf{begin} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{begin}} \} \\ 2 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{st-list} > \to < \textbf{stat} > ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}}, \, \underline{\textbf{write}}, \, \underline{\textbf{read}} \} \\ 3 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{st-list} > \to \textbf{end} & \{ \underline{\textbf{end}} \} \\ 4 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{read} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{read}} \} \\ 5 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{write} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{write}} \} \\ 6 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{id} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ 7 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{it-list} > \to , ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{j}} \} \\ 8 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{it-list} > \to ) & \{ \underline{\textbf{j}} \} \\ 9 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{item} > \to \textbf{int} & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ 10 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{item} > \to \textbf{id} & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ \hline \end{array}$ 

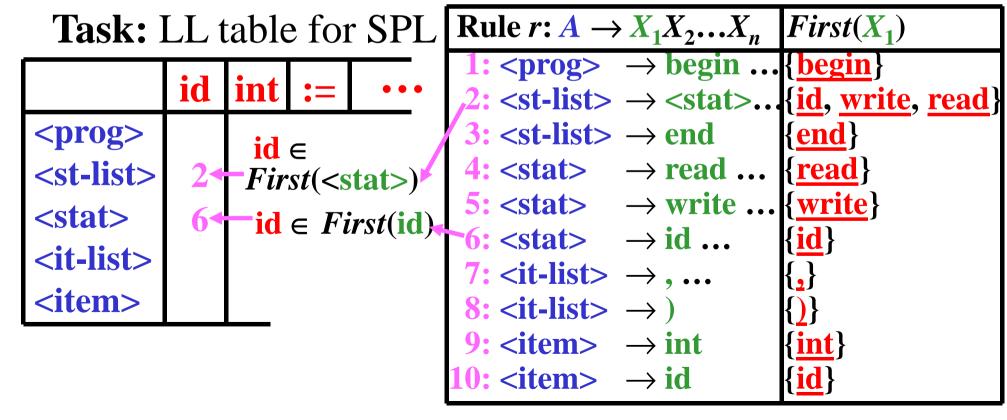


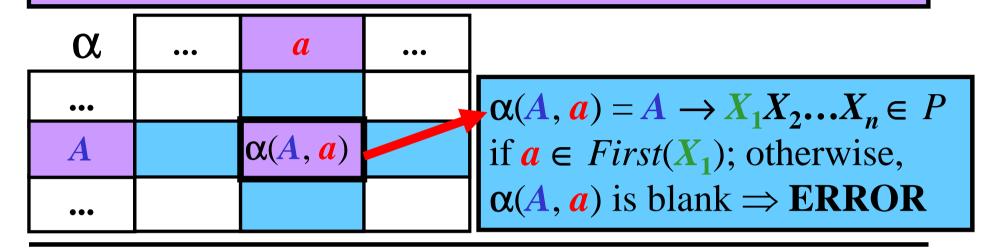
Task: LL table for SPL

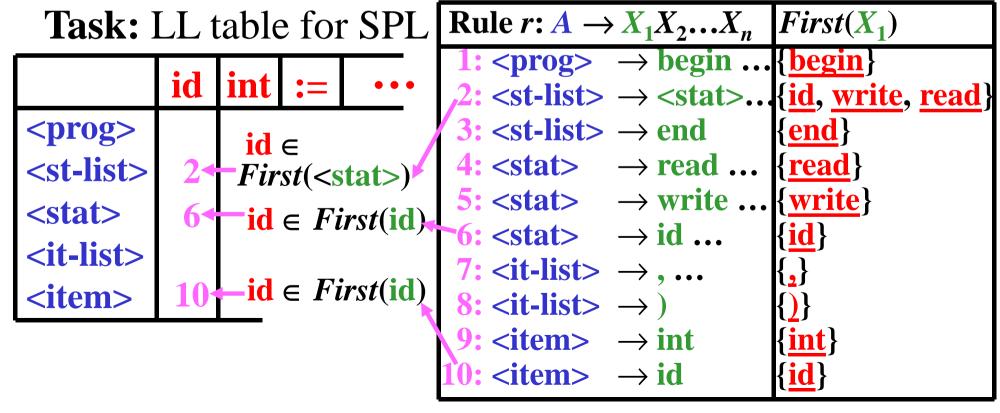


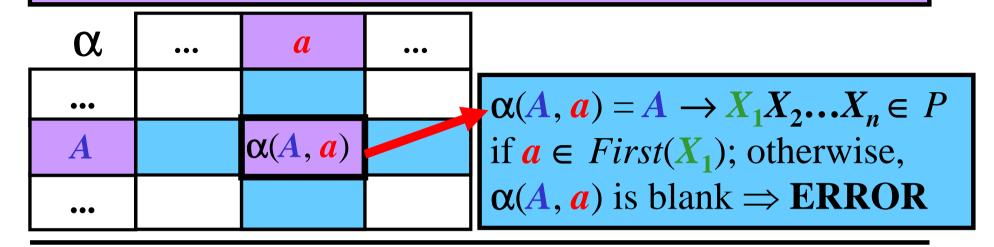
```
\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Rule } r \hbox{:} A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n & First(X_1) \\ \hline 1 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{prog} > \to \textbf{begin} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{begin}} \} \\ 2 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{st-list} > \to \textbf{stat} > ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}}, \underline{\textbf{write}}, \underline{\textbf{read}} \} \\ 3 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{st-list} > \to \textbf{end} & \{ \underline{\textbf{end}} \} \\ 4 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{read} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{read}} \} \\ 5 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{write} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{write}} \} \\ 6 \hbox{:} & < \textbf{stat} > \to \textbf{id} ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ 7 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{it-list} > \to , ... & \{ \underline{\textbf{j}} \} \\ 8 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{it-list} > \to ) & \{ \underline{\textbf{j}} \} \\ 9 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{item} > \to \textbf{int} & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ 10 \hbox{:} & & < \textbf{item} > \to \textbf{id} & \{ \underline{\textbf{id}} \} \\ \end{array}
```

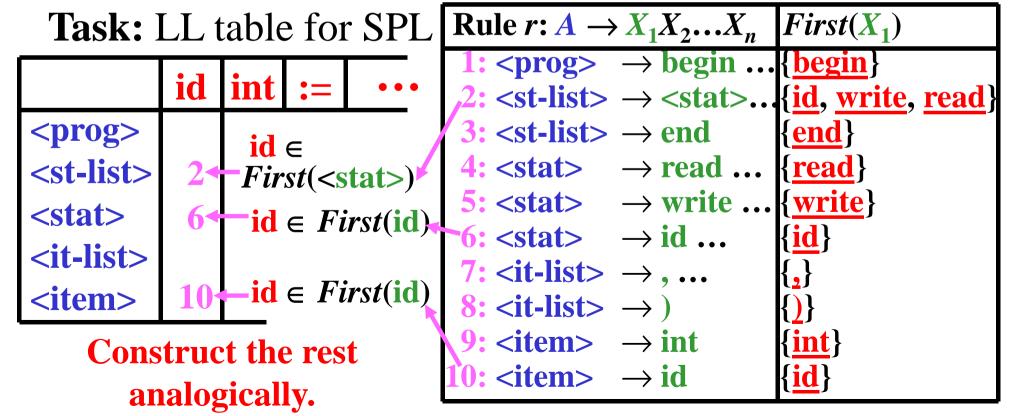












```
1: 
| 1: 
| 2: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 4: <stat> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 4: <stat> | 5: <stat> | 4: <stat> | 5: <stat> | 6: <stat> | 3: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 4: <stat> | 5: <stat> | 4: <stat> | 5: <stat> | 6: <stat> | 3: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 3: <stat> | 3: <stat > | 3: <stat >
```

#### Source program:

begin write 25; end



#### Source program:

<item>

begin write 25; end





```
1: 
| 1: 
| 2: <st-list> | → | begin | <st-list> | 6: <stat> | → | id | := | add | (... | | |
| 2: <st-list> | → | <stat> | ; <st-list> | 7: <it-list> | → | <item> | <item> | <item> | <item> | → | int |
| 3: <st-list> | → | end | | | | | |
| 4: <stat> | → | end | | | | | |
| 5: <stat> | → | write | <item> | | | | |
| 5: <stat> | → | | | |
| 4: <stat> | → | | | |
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| 6: <stat> | → | | |
| 7: <stat> | → | | |
| 8: <stat> | → | |
| 6: <stat> | → | |
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| 8: <stat> | → | |
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| 9: <stat | → | |
| 9
```

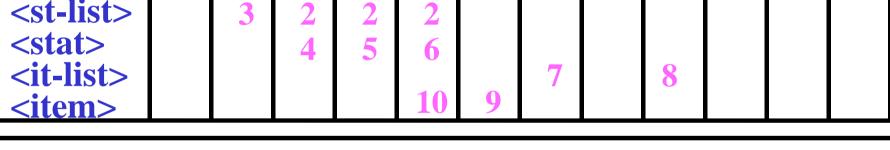
#### **Source program:**

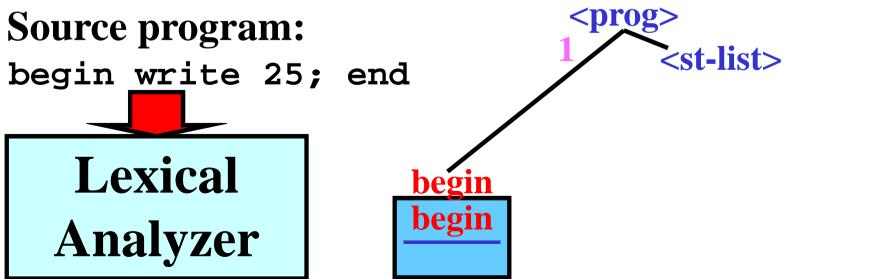
<item>

begin write 25; end

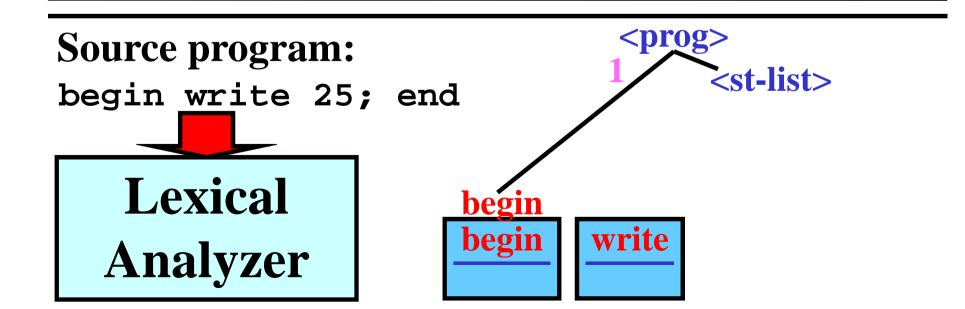






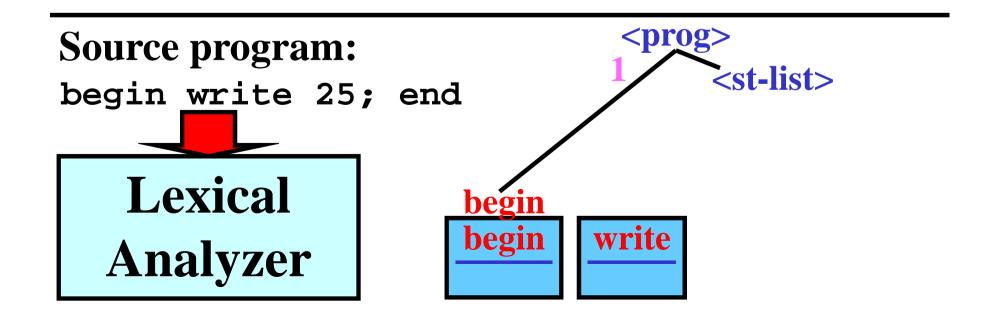


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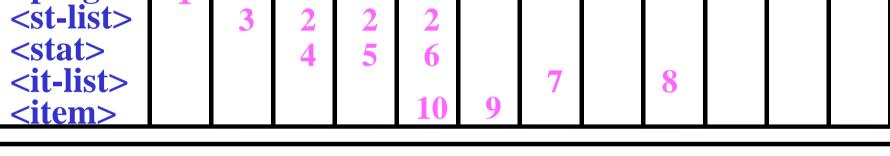


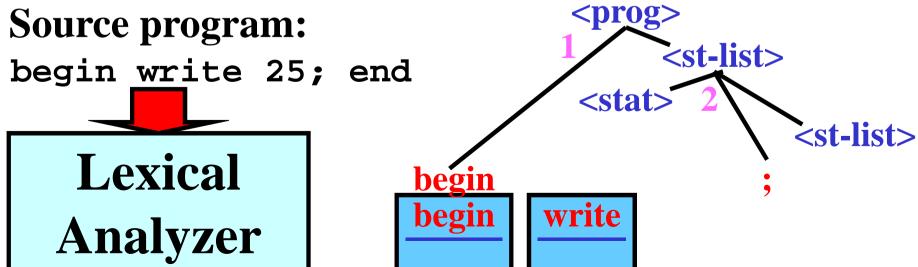
<it-list>

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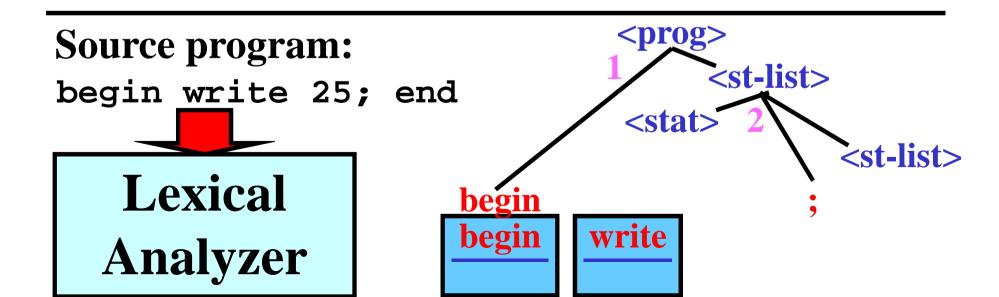


<item>

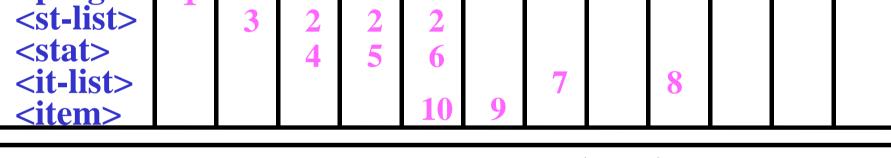


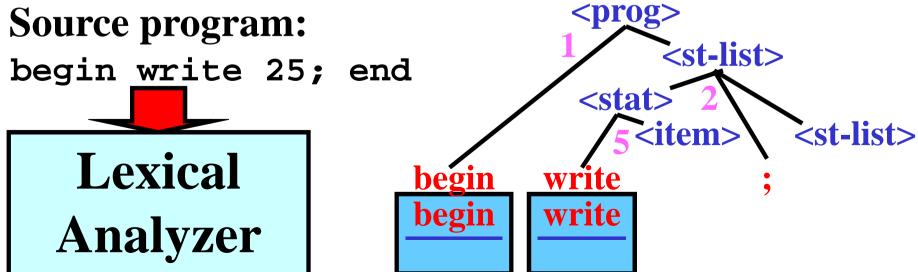


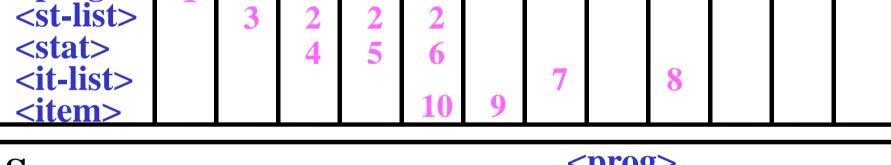
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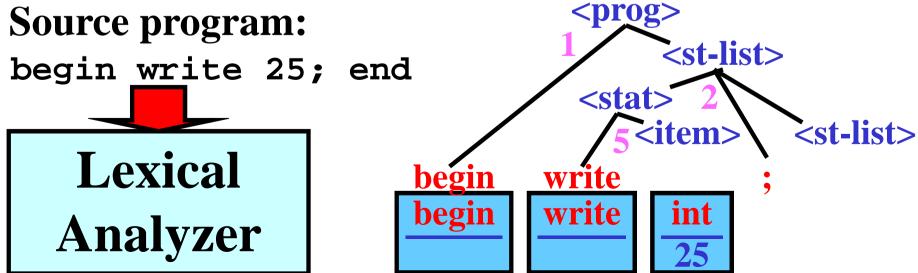


```
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| 2: <st-list> | → | begin | <st-list> | → | id | := | add | (... | |
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| 9: <item> | → | | |
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| 5: <stat> | → | |
| 6: <stat> | → | |
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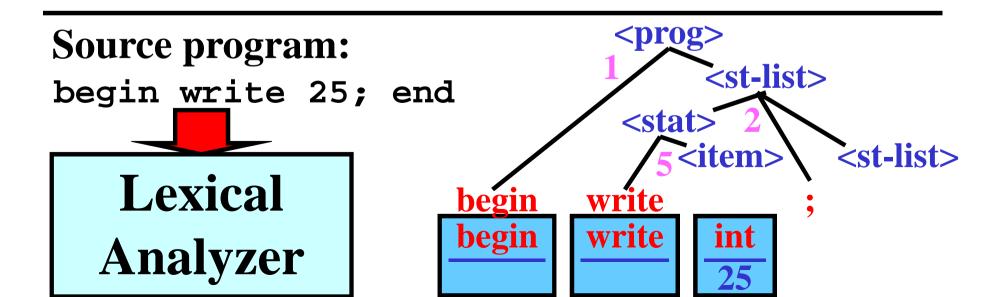


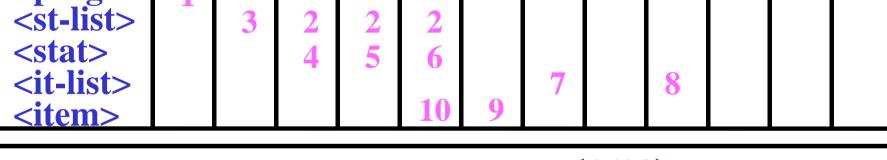


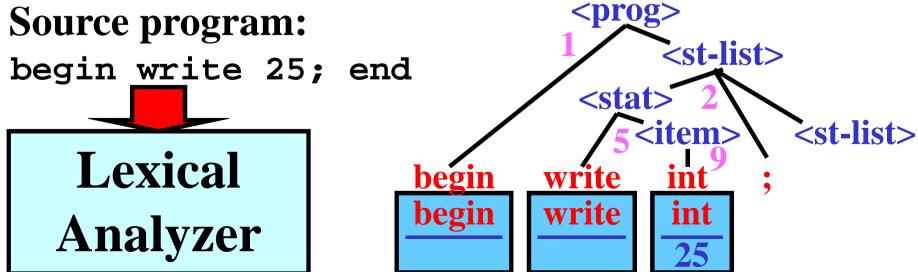


<it-list>

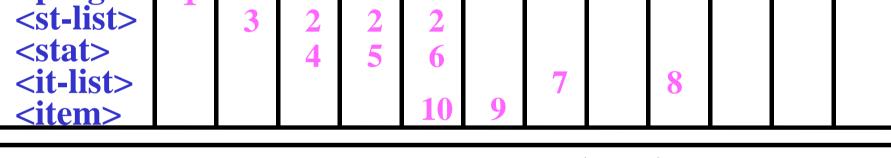
<item>

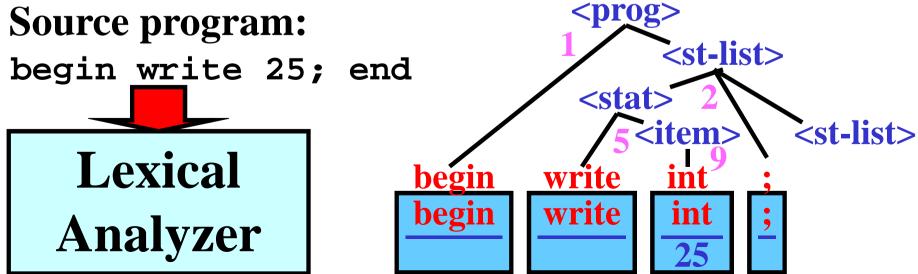






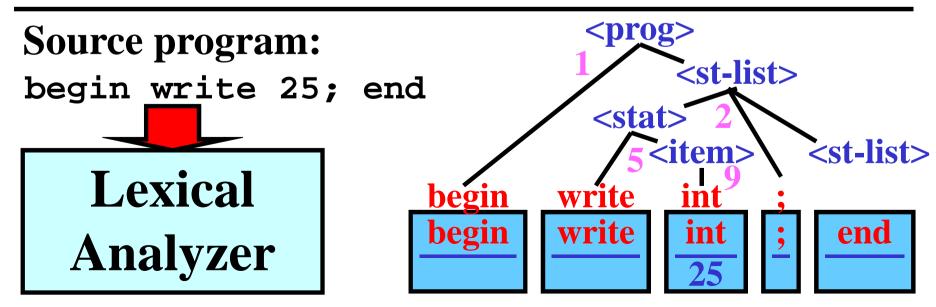
```
1: 
| 1: 
| 2: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 3: <stat | 3:
```





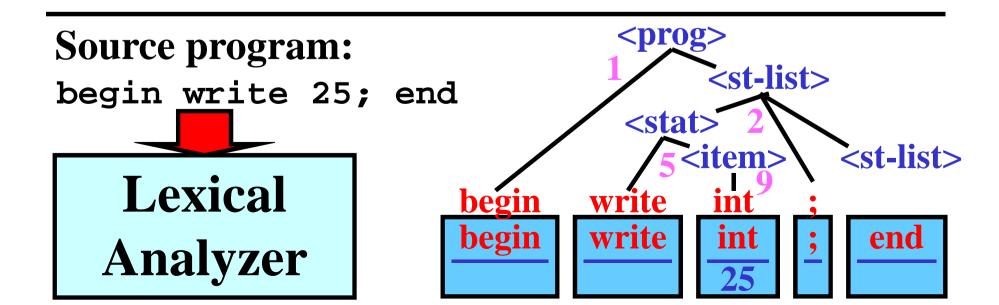
```
1: 
| 1: 
| 2: <st-list> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 3: <st-list> | 4: <stat> | 4: <stat > | 4: <st
```

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<pre><pre><pre><st-list></st-list></pre></pre></pre>		3	2	2	2						
<stat></stat>			4	5	6						
<it-list></it-list>			7		U		7	8			
<item></item>					10	9	,				
\ItCIII>											

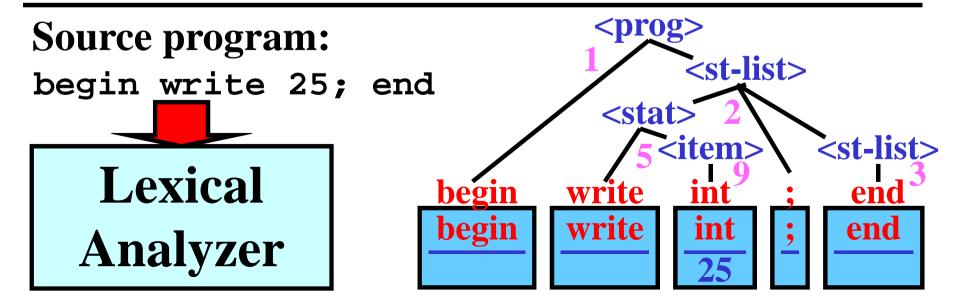


```
1: 
| 1: 
| 2: <st-list> | → | begin | <st-list> | → | cit-list> |
```

<item>

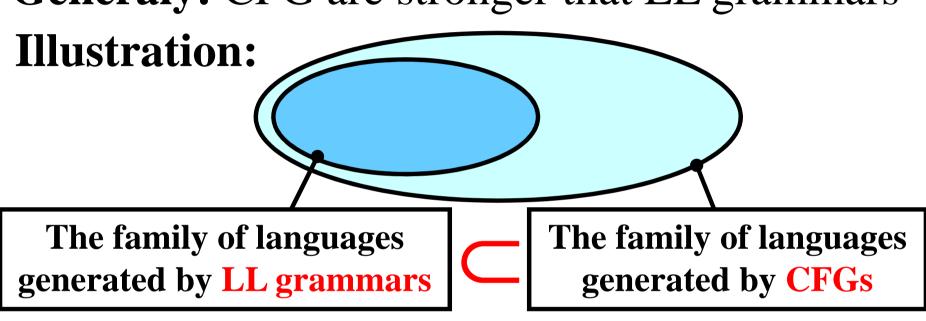


	beg	end	rd	wr	id	int	•		•	:=	add
<pre><pre><pre><pre><st-list>   <stat>   <it-list>   <item></item></it-list></stat></st-list></pre></pre></pre></pre>	1	3	2 4	2 5	2 6 10	9	7	8			



#### LL Grammars: Useful Transformations

Generaly: CFG are stronger that LL grammars



- Some CFGs can be converted to equivalent LL grammars Basic conversions:
- 1) Factorization
- 2) Left recursion replacement

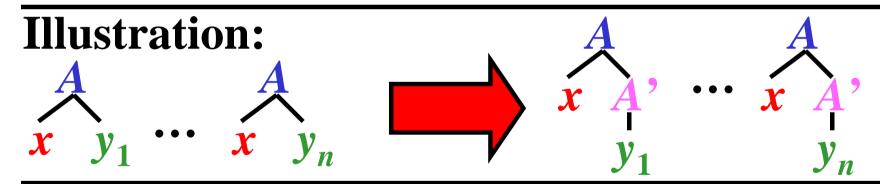
**Note:** A rule of the form  $A \to Ax$ , where  $A \in N$ ,  $x \in (N \cup T)^*$  is called a *left recursive rule*.

#### Factorization

Idea: Replace rules of the form

$$A \rightarrow xy_1, A \rightarrow xy_2, ..., A \rightarrow xy_n$$
 with  $A \rightarrow xA', A' \rightarrow y_1, A' \rightarrow y_2, ..., A' \rightarrow y_n$ ,

where A' is a new nonterminal



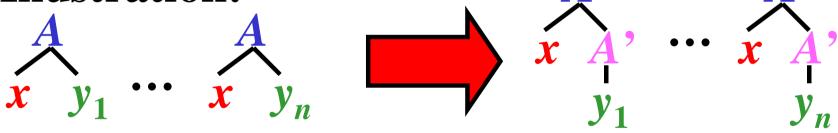
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$$A \rightarrow xy_1, A \rightarrow xy_2, ..., A \rightarrow xy_n$$
 with  $A \rightarrow xA', A' \rightarrow y_1, A' \rightarrow y_2, ..., A' \rightarrow y_n$ ,

where A' is a new nonterminal

#### **Illustration:**



#### **Example:**

$$\langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{write id}$$
  
 $\langle \text{stat} \rangle \rightarrow \text{write int}$ 

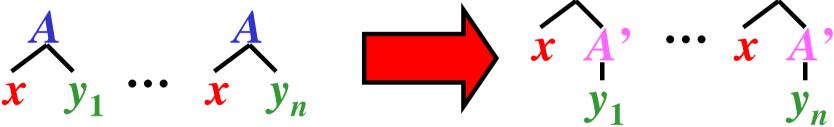
#### Factorization

Idea: Replace rules of the form

$$A \rightarrow xy_1, A \rightarrow xy_2, ..., A \rightarrow xy_n$$
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where A' is a new nonterminal

#### **Illustration:**

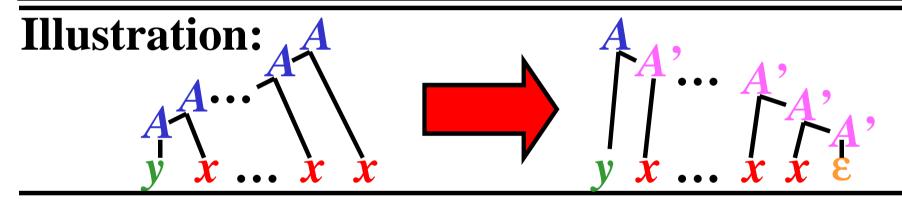


#### **Example:**

$$<$$
stat>  $\rightarrow$  write id  $<$ stat>  $\rightarrow$  write int  $<$ stat>  $\rightarrow$  id  $<$ item>  $\rightarrow$  int

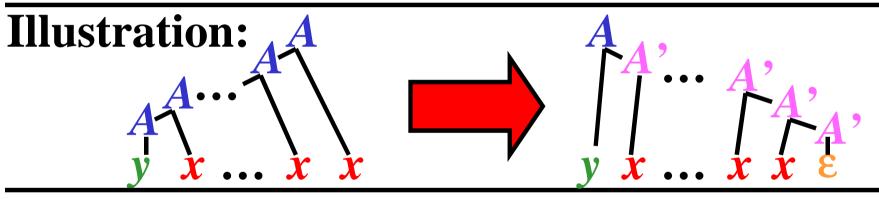
# Left Recursion Replacement

**Idea:** Replace rules of the form  $A \to Ax$ ,  $A \to y$  with  $A \to yA'$ ,  $A' \to xA'$ ,  $A' \to \varepsilon$ , where A' is a new nonterminal.



# Left Recursion Replacement

**Idea:** Replace rules of the form  $A \to Ax$ ,  $A \to y$  with  $A \to yA'$ ,  $A' \to xA'$ ,  $A' \to \varepsilon$ , where A' is a new nonterminal.



#### **Example:**

$$E \rightarrow E + T$$

$$E \rightarrow T$$

$$T \rightarrow T^*F$$

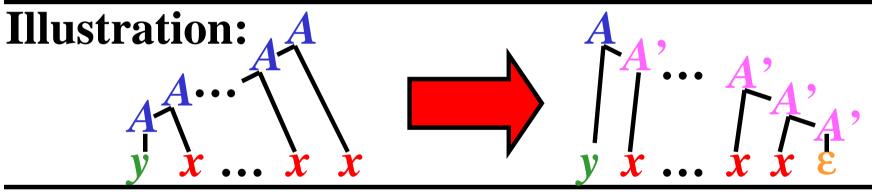
$$T \rightarrow F$$

$$F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$F \rightarrow i$$

# Left Recursion Replacement

**Idea:** Replace rules of the form  $A \to Ax$ ,  $A \to y$  with  $A \to yA'$ ,  $A' \to xA'$ ,  $A' \to \varepsilon$ , where A' is a new nonterminal.



#### **Example:**

 $F \rightarrow i$ 

$$egin{array}{c} E 
ightarrow E+T \ E 
ightarrow T \ T 
ightarrow F \ T 
ightarrow F \ F 
ightarrow (E) \end{array}$$

$$E \rightarrow TE', E' \rightarrow +TE', E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$T \rightarrow FT', T' \rightarrow *FT', T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$F \rightarrow i$$

#### LL Grammars with ε-rules: Introduction

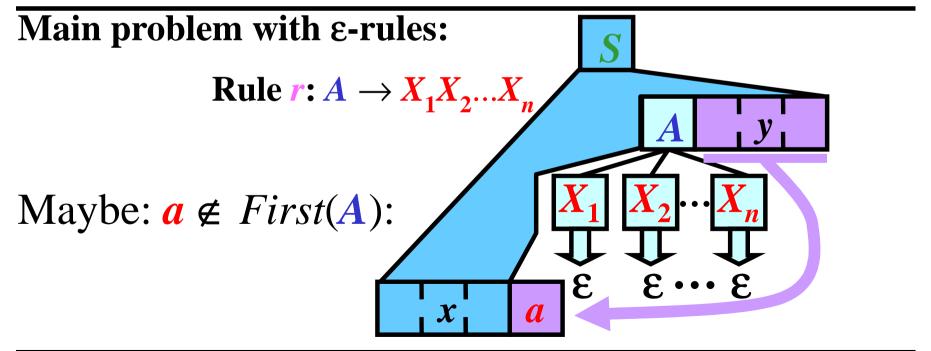
#### Why ε-rules?

- elimination of the left recursion introduces ε-rule
- ε-rules often make the language specification clearer

#### Simplification of this part:

Assume that every input string of tokens ends with \$.

**Note:** \$ acts as an end marker.



**Note**: We must define other sets: *Empty*, *Follow* and *Predict*.

#### Grammar for Arithmetical Expressions

```
• G_{expr3} = (N, T, P, E), where

• N = \{E, E', T, T', F\},

• T = \{i, +, *, (,)\},

• P = \{1: E \to TE', 2: E' \to +TE', 3: E' \to \epsilon, 4: T \to FT', 5: T' \to *FT', 6: T' \to \epsilon, 7: F \to (E), 8: F \to i \}
```

#### **Example:**

$$(i+i)*(i+i) \in L(G_{expr3})$$

### Set Empty

Gist: Empty(x) is the set that includes  $\varepsilon$  if x derives the empty string; otherwise, Empty(x) is empty

```
Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. Empty(\mathbf{x}) = \{\epsilon\} if \mathbf{x} \Rightarrow^* \epsilon; otherwise, Empty(\mathbf{x}) = \emptyset, where x \in (N \cup T)^*.
```

Illustration:  $x = X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n$ 

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```

Illustration: 
$$x = X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n$$

$$\xi \xi \cdots \xi$$

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**Definition:** Let 
$$G = (N, T, P, S)$$
 be a CFG.  $Empty(\mathbf{x}) = \{\varepsilon\}$  if  $\mathbf{x} \Rightarrow^* \varepsilon$ ; otherwise,  $Empty(\mathbf{x}) = \emptyset$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^*$ .

Illustration: 
$$x = X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n$$

$$\varepsilon \varepsilon \cdots \varepsilon$$

$$\varepsilon \times = X_1 X_2 \cdots X_n \Rightarrow^* \varepsilon$$

$$Empty(x) = \{\varepsilon\}$$

#### Algorithm: Empty(X)

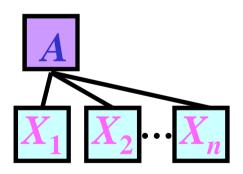
- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S)
- Output: Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$
- Method:
- for each  $a \in T$ :  $Empty(a) := \emptyset$
- for each  $A \in N$ :

if 
$$A \to \varepsilon \in P$$
 then  $Empty(A) := \{\varepsilon\}$   
else  $Empty(A) := \emptyset$ 

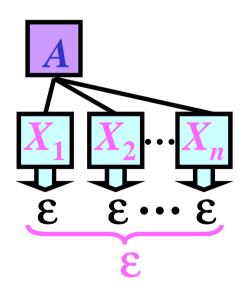
- Apply the following rule until no *Empty* set can be changed:
  - if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  and  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., n then  $Empty(A) := \{\epsilon\}$

- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $Empty(a) := \emptyset$  because  $a \not\Rightarrow^* \varepsilon$
- 2) for each  $r: A \to \varepsilon \in P$ :  $Empty(A) := \{\varepsilon\}$  because  $A \Rightarrow^1 \varepsilon [r]$
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *Empty* set can be changed:

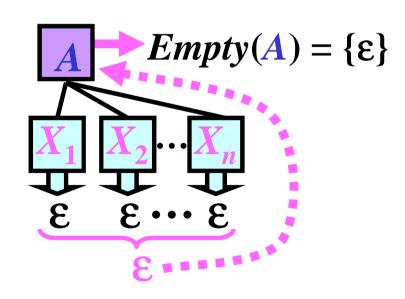
- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $Empty(a) := \emptyset$  because  $a \not\Rightarrow^* \varepsilon$
- 2) for each  $r: A \to \varepsilon \in P$ :  $Empty(A) := \{\varepsilon\}$  because  $A \Rightarrow^1 \varepsilon [r]$
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# Empty(X) for $G_{expr3}$ : Example

```
G_{expr3} = (N, T, P, E), \text{ where: } N = \{E, E', T, T', F\}, T = \{i, +, *, (,)\}, P = \{1: E \rightarrow TE', 2: E' \rightarrow +TE', 3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 4: T \rightarrow FT' \\ 5: T' \rightarrow *FT', 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 7: F \rightarrow (E), 8: F \rightarrow i\}
Initialization: Empty(i) := \emptyset Empty(E) := \emptyset \\ Empty(+) := \emptyset Empty(E') := \{\varepsilon\} \\ Empty(*) := \emptyset Empty(T) := \emptyset \\ Empty(() := \emptyset Empty(T') := \{\varepsilon\}
```

 $Empty(\mathbf{F})$ 

Empty() :=  $\emptyset$ 

• No *Empty* set can be changed.

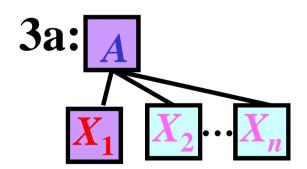
#### Algorithm: First(X)

- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S)
- Output: First(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$
- Method:
- for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$
- for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$
- Apply the following rule until no *First* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then
  - add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)
  - if  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to First(A)

- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then

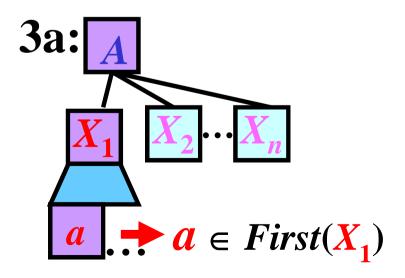
- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_{k-1} X_k ... X_n \in P$  then

  3a) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)



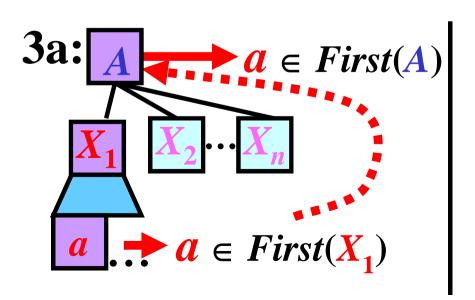
- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_{k-1} X_k ... X_n \in P$  then

  3a) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)

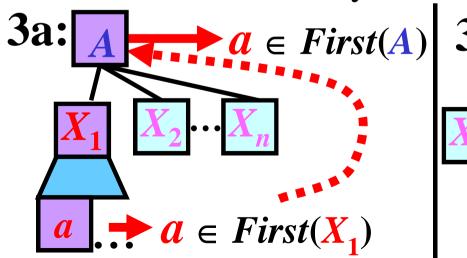


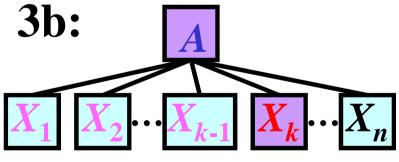
- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_{k-1} X_k ... X_n \in P$  then

  3a) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)

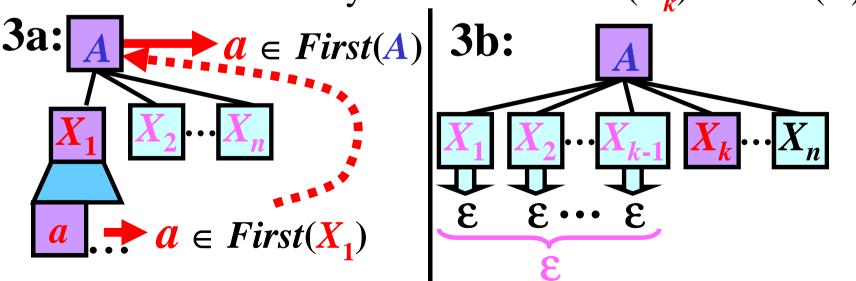


- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then
  - **3a**) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)
  - **3b) if**  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to First(A):

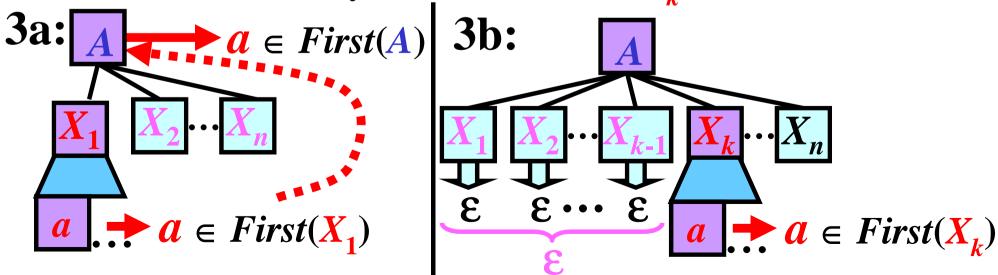




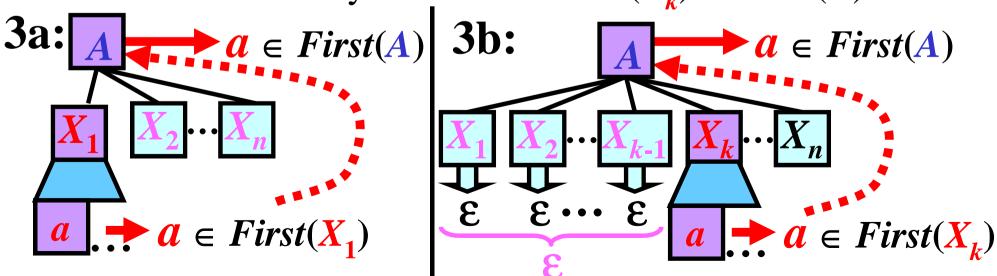
- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow 0$
- 2) for each  $A \in N$ :  $First(A) := \emptyset$  (inicialization)
- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then
  - **3a**) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)
  - **3b) if**  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to First(A):



- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
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- 3) Apply the following rules until no *First* set or *Empty* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then
  - **3a**) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)
  - **3b) if**  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to First(A):



- 1) for each  $a \in T$ :  $First(a) := \{a\}$  because  $a \Rightarrow a$
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- if  $A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 \dots X_{k-1} X_k \dots X_n \in P$  then
  - **3a**) add all symbols from  $First(X_1)$  to First(A)
  - **3b) if**  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1, ..., k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to First(A):



```
Initialization: First(i) := \{i\} First(E) := \emptyset

First(+) := \{+\} First(E') := \emptyset

First(*) := \{*\} First(T) := \emptyset

First(() := \{(\} First(T') := \emptyset

First()) := \{(\} First(F) := \emptyset
```

```
Initialization:
                          First(i)
                                                   First(E)
                          First(+) := \{+\}

First(*) := \{*\}
                                                   First(E')
                                                   First(T)
                          First(()
                                                   First(T')
                          First(
                                                   First(F)
F \rightarrow i \in P:
                    add First(i) = \{i\}
                                                  to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P:
                  add First(\mathbf{0}) = \{\mathbf{0}\}
                                                  to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
```

```
Initialization: First(i) := \{i\}
                                                First(E)
                         First(+) := \{+\}

First(*) := \{*\}
                                                First(E')
                                                First(T)
                                                 First(T')
                         First(()
                         First()
                                                First(F)
\overline{F} \rightarrow i \in P: add First(i) = \{i\}
                                                to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First(() = \{()\})
                                                to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First (*) = {*}
                                                to First(T')
Summary: First(T') = \{*\}
```

```
Initialization:
                        First(i) := \{i\}
                                               First(E)
                        First(+) := \{+\}
                                               First(E')
                        First(*) := {*}
                                               First(T)
                                               First(T')
                        First(()
                        First()
                                               First(F)
\overline{F} \rightarrow i \in P: add First(i) = \{i\}
                                              to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First(()) = \{()\}
                                              to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First (*) = {*}
                                              to First(T')
Summary: First(T') = \{*\}
T \rightarrow FT' \in P: add First(F) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(T)\}
Summary: First(T) = \{i, (\}
```

```
Initialization:
                      First(i) := \{i\}
                                               First(E)
                        First(+) := \{+\}
                                               First(E')
                        First(*) := \{*\}
                                               First(T)
                                               First(T')
                        First(()
                        First()
                                               First(F)
\overline{F} \rightarrow i \in P: add First(i) = \{i\}
                                              to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First(() = \{()\})
                                              to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First (*) = {*}
                                              to First(T')
Summary: First(T') = \{*\}
T \rightarrow FT' \in P: add First(F) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(T) \}
Summary: First(T) = \{i, (\}
E' \rightarrow +TE' \in P: add First (+) = \{+\} to First(E')
Summary: First(E') = \{+\}
```

```
Initialization:
                       First(i) := \{i\}
                                                 First(E)
                         First(+) := {+}
First(*) := {*}
                                                 First(E')
                                                 First(T)
                                                 First(T')
                         First( ( ) ) :=
                         First()
                                                 First(F)
\overline{F} \rightarrow i \in P: add First(i) = \{i\}
                                                 to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First(() = \{()\})
                                                 to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First (*) = {*}
                                                to First(T')
Summary: First(T') = \{*\}
T \rightarrow FT' \in P: add First(F) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(T) \}
Summary: First(T) = \{i, (\}
\overline{E' \rightarrow +TE'} \in P: add First(+) = \{+\} to First(E')
Summary: First(E') = \{+\}
E \rightarrow TE' \in P: add First(T) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(E)\}
Summary: First(E) = \{i, (\}
```

```
Initialization: First(i) := \{i\}
                                                    First(E)
                           First(+) := \{+\}
                                                    First(E')
                          First(*) := {*}
                                                    First(T)
                                                    First(T')
                           First(()) :=
                           First()
                                                    First(F)
\overrightarrow{F} \rightarrow \overrightarrow{i} \in P: add First(\overrightarrow{i}) = \{\overrightarrow{i}\}\
                                                   to First(F)
F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First(() = \{()\})
                                                   to First(F)
Summary: First(F) = \{i, (\}
T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First (*) = {*}
                                                   to First(T')
Summary: First(T') = \{*\}
T \rightarrow FT' \in P: add First(F) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(T) \}
Summary: First(T) = \{i, (\}
\overline{E' \rightarrow +TE'} \in P: add First(+) = \{+\} to First(E')
Summary: First(E') = \{+\}
E \rightarrow TE' \in P: add First(T) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(E)\}
Summary: First(E) = \{i, (\}
```

No First set can be changed.

#### First(X) & Empty(X) for $G_{expr3}$ : Summary

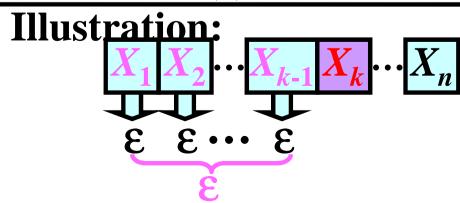
```
G_{expr3} = (N, T, P, E), where: N = \{E, E', T, T', F\}, T = \{i, +, *, (, )\},
P = \{ 1: E \rightarrow TE', 2: E' \rightarrow +TE', 3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 4: T \rightarrow FT' \}
          5: T' \rightarrow *FT', 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 7: F \rightarrow (E), 8: F \rightarrow i
  Set Empty for
                          Empty(i) := \emptyset
                                                        Empty(E)
                                                                            := \emptyset
                                                                            := \{\epsilon\}
                          Empty(+) := \emptyset
                                                        Empty(E')
  all X \in N \cup T:
                          Empty(*) := \emptyset
                                                        Empty(T)
                          Empty( ( ) := \emptyset 
                                                        Empty(T')
                                                                          := \{\epsilon\}
                          Empty() := \emptyset
                                                        Empty(\mathbf{F})
   Set First for all First(i) := \{i\}
                                                        First(\mathbf{E}) := \{i, (\}
                          First(+) := \{+\}
                                                        First(E') := \{+\}
   X \in N \cup T:
                          First(*) := {*}
                                                        First(T) := \{i, (\}
                          First( ( ) := \{ ( ) \}
                                                        First(T') := \{*\}
                          First() := {
                                                        First(\mathbf{F}) := \{i, (\}
```

**Note:** for each  $a \in T$ :  $Empty(a) = \emptyset$ ,  $First(a) = \{a\}$ 

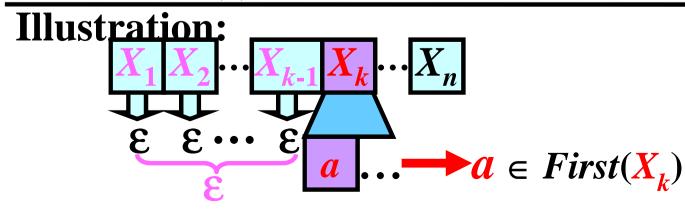
- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S); First(X) & Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- $First(X_1X_2...X_n) := First(X_1)$
- Apply the following rule until nothing can be added to  $First(X_1X_2...X_{k-1}X_k...X_n)$ :
  - if  $Empty(\bar{X}_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(\bar{X}_k)$  to  $First(\bar{X}_1 \bar{X}_2 ... \bar{X}_n)$
- ! Note:  $First(\varepsilon) = \emptyset$

Illustration:  $X_1 X_2 \cdots X_{k-1} X_k \cdots X_n$ 

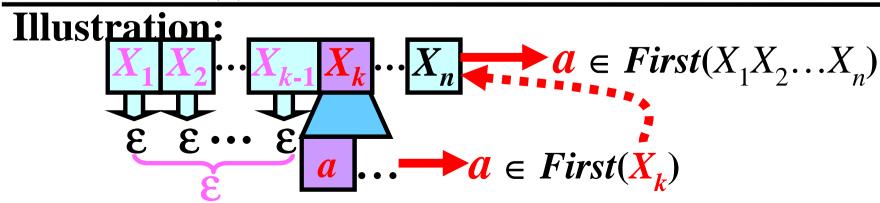
- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S); First(X) & Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- $First(X_1X_2...X_n) := First(X_1)$
- Apply the following rule until nothing can be added to  $First(X_1X_2...X_{k-1}X_k...X_n)$ :
  - if  $Empty(\bar{X}_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- ! Note:  $First(\varepsilon) = \emptyset$



- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S); First(X) & Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- $First(X_1X_2...X_n) := First(X_1)$
- Apply the following rule until nothing can be added to  $First(X_1X_2...X_{k-1}X_k...X_n)$ :
  - if  $Empty(\bar{X}_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,k-1, where  $k \le n$ then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- ! Note:  $First(\varepsilon) = \emptyset$



- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S); First(X) & Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- $First(X_1X_2...X_n) := First(X_1)$
- Apply the following rule until nothing can be added to  $First(X_1X_2...X_{k-1}X_k...X_n)$ :
  - if  $Empty(\bar{X}_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,k-1, where  $k \le n$  then add all symbols from  $First(X_k)$  to  $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- ! Note:  $First(\varepsilon) = \emptyset$



# $First(X_1X_2...X_n)$ : Example

```
G_{expr3} = (N, T, P, E), where: N = \{E, E', T, T', F\}, T = \{i, +, *, (,)\},
P = \{ 1: E \rightarrow TE', 2: E' \rightarrow +TE', 3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 4: T \rightarrow FT' \}
          5: T' \rightarrow *FT', 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 7: F \rightarrow (E), 8: F \rightarrow i
  Set Empty & First Empty(E) := \emptyset First(E) := \{i, (\}\}
     for all X \in \mathbb{N}: Empty(\underline{E}') := \{\varepsilon\} First(\underline{E}') := \{+\}
                            Empty(T) := \emptyset First(T) := \{i, (\}
                             Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\} First(T') := \{*\}
                             Empty(\mathbf{F}) := \emptyset \quad First(\mathbf{F}) := \{i, (\}i\}
  Task: First(E'T'FET)
  1) First(E'T'FET) := First(E') = \{+\}
  2) First(\underline{F'}\underline{T'}FET): add First(T') = \{*\} to First(\underline{E'}\underline{T'}FET)
    Empty(\mathbf{E}^*) = \{\varepsilon\}
  3) First(F'T'FET): add First(F) = \{i, (\} \text{ to } First(E'T'FET)\}
    Empty(E') = Empty(T') = \{\epsilon\}
```

Summary:  $First(E'T'FET) = \{+, *, i, (\}$ 

# Algorithm: $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$

- Input: G = (N, T, P, S); Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- if  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,n then  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \{\epsilon\}$

#### else

$$Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \emptyset$$

! Note:  $Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}$ 



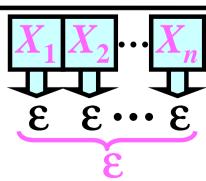
# Algorithm: $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$

- Input: G = (N, T, P, S); Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- if  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,n then  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \{\epsilon\}$

else

$$Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \emptyset$$

! Note:  $Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}$ 



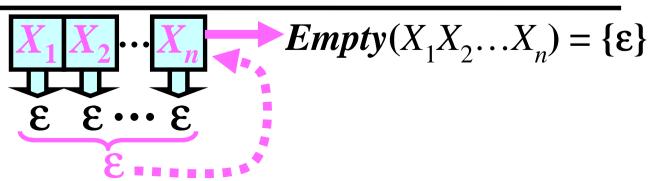
# Algorithm: $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$

- Input: G = (N, T, P, S); Empty(X) for every  $X \in N \cup T$ ;  $x = X_1 X_2 ... X_n$ , where  $x \in (N \cup T)^+$
- Output:  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$
- Method:
- if  $Empty(X_i) = \{\epsilon\}$  for all i = 1,...,n then  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \{\epsilon\}$

else

$$Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) := \emptyset$$

! Note:  $Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}$ 



## $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n)$ : Example

```
G_{expr3} = (N, T, P, E), \text{ where: } N = \{E, E', T, T', F\}, T = \{i, +, *, (,)\}, P = \{1: E \rightarrow TE', 2: E' \rightarrow +TE', 3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 4: T \rightarrow FT' \\ 5: T' \rightarrow *FT', 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon, 7: F \rightarrow (E), 8: F \rightarrow i\}
Set \ Empty \\ for \ all \ X \in N: Empty(E) := \emptyset \\ Empty(T) := \emptyset \\ Empty(T') := \{\varepsilon\} \\ Empty(F) := \emptyset
```

Task: Empty(E'T')

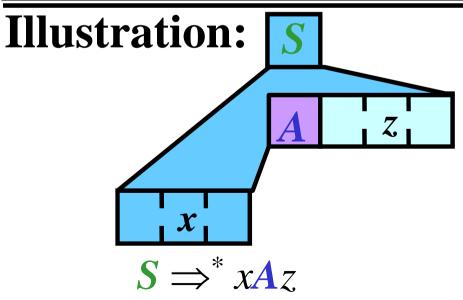
 $Empty(E') = Empty(T') = \{\epsilon\},$  so  $Empty(E'T') = \{\epsilon\}$ 

Gist: Follow(A) is the set of all terminals that can come right after A in a sentential form of G

```
Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every A \in N, we define the set Follow(A) as Follow(A) = \{a: a \in T, S \Rightarrow^* xAay, x, y \in (N \cup T)^*\} \cup \{\$: S \Rightarrow^* xA, x \in (N \cup T)^*\}
```

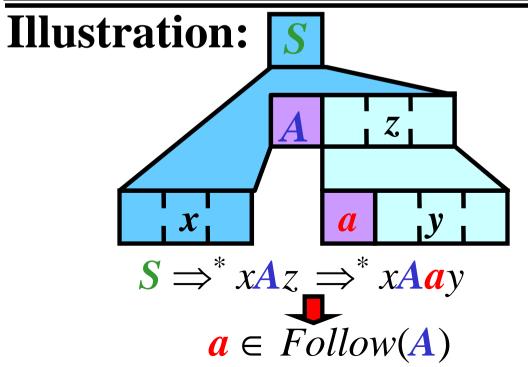
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```



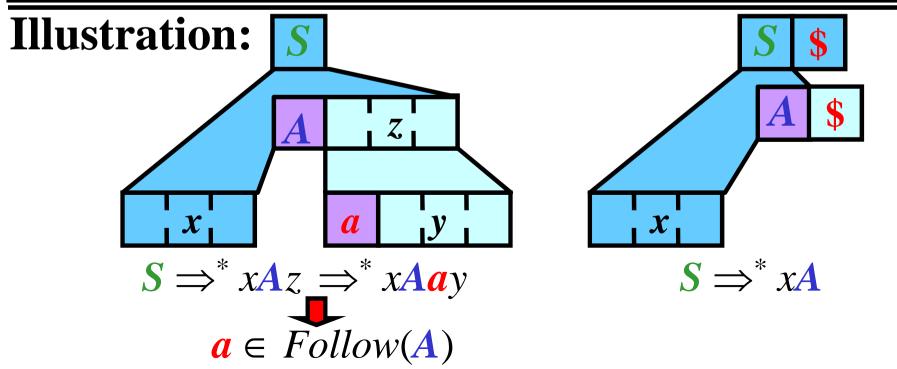
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Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every A \in N, we define the set Follow(A) as Follow(A) = \{a: a \in T, S \Rightarrow^* xAay, x, y \in (N \cup T)^*\} \cup \{\$: S \Rightarrow^* xA, x \in (N \cup T)^*\}
```



Gist: Follow(A) is the set of all terminals that can come right after A in a sentential form of G

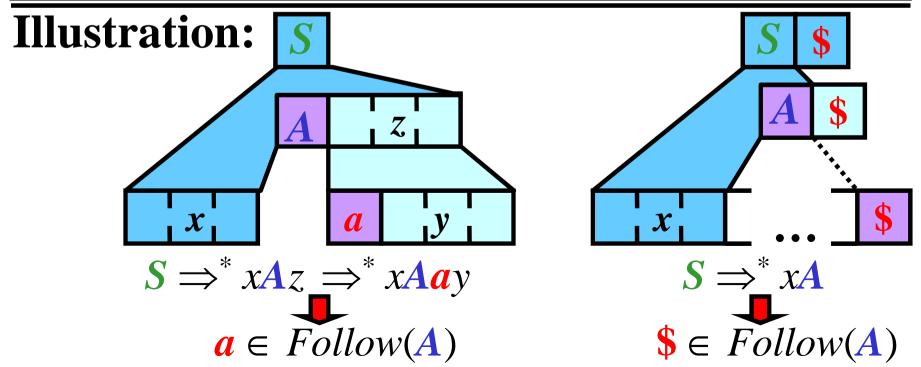
```
Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every A \in N, we define the set Follow(A) as Follow(A) = \{a: a \in T, S \Rightarrow^* xAay, x, y \in (N \cup T)^*\} \cup \{\$: S \Rightarrow^* xA, x \in (N \cup T)^*\}
```



#### Set Follow

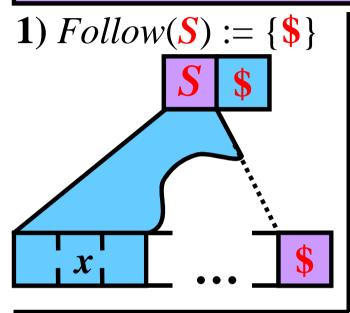
Gist: Follow(A) is the set of all terminals that can come right after A in a sentential form of G

**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every  $A \in N$ , we define the set Follow(A) as  $Follow(A) = \{a: a \in T, S \Rightarrow^* xAay, x, y \in (N \cup T)^*\}$   $\cup \{\$: S \Rightarrow^* xA, x \in (N \cup T)^*\}$ 

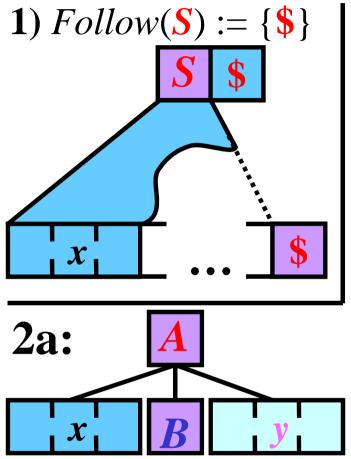


### Algorithm: Follow(A)

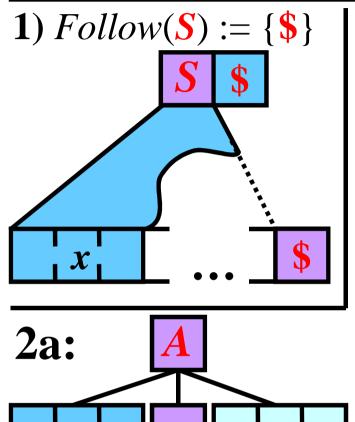
- **Input:** G = (N, T, P, S);
- Output: Follow(A) for every  $A \in N$
- Method:
- $Follow(S) := \{\$\};$
- Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then
  - if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B);
  - if  $Empty(y) = \{\epsilon\}$  then add all symbols from Follow(A) to Follow(B);



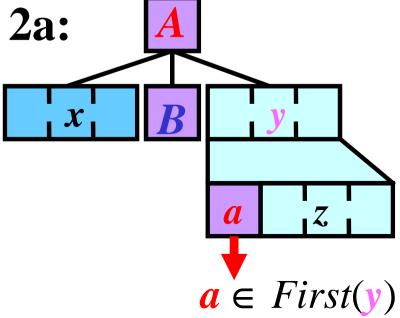
- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then

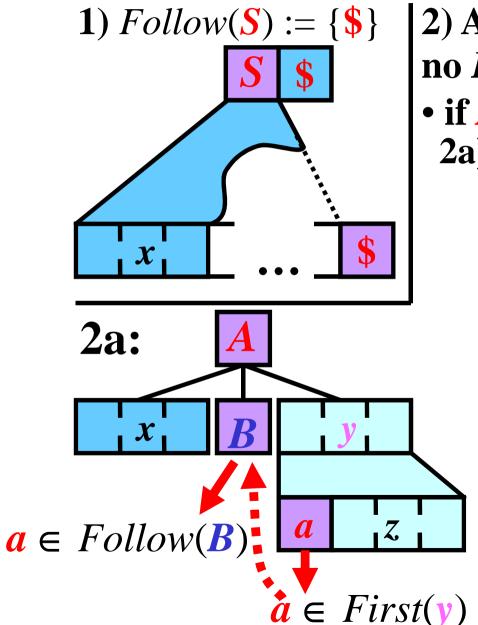


- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)

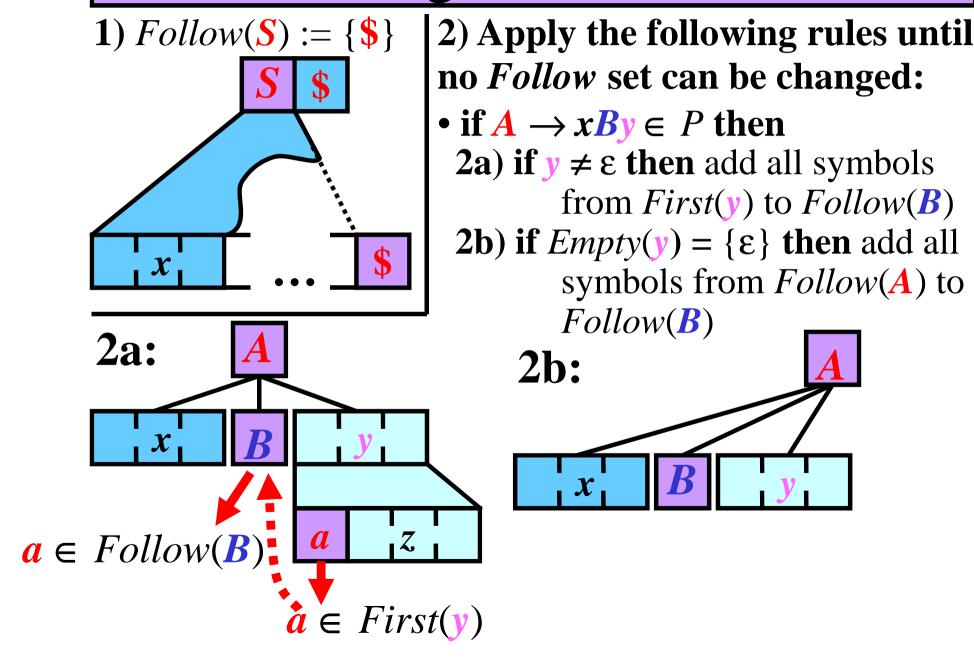


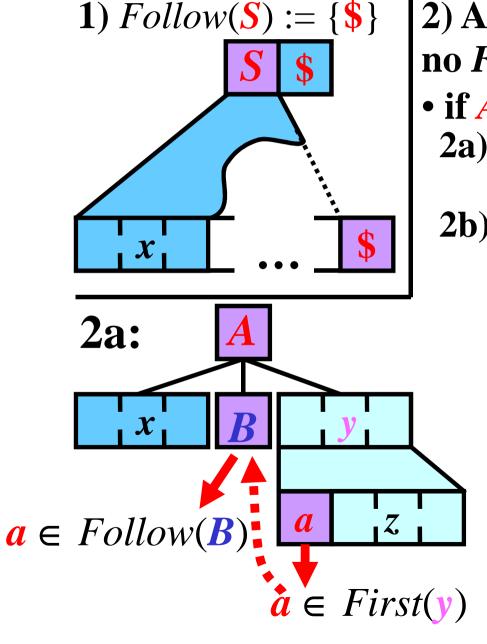
- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)



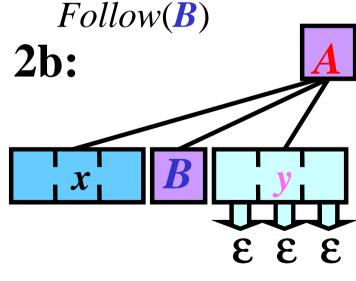


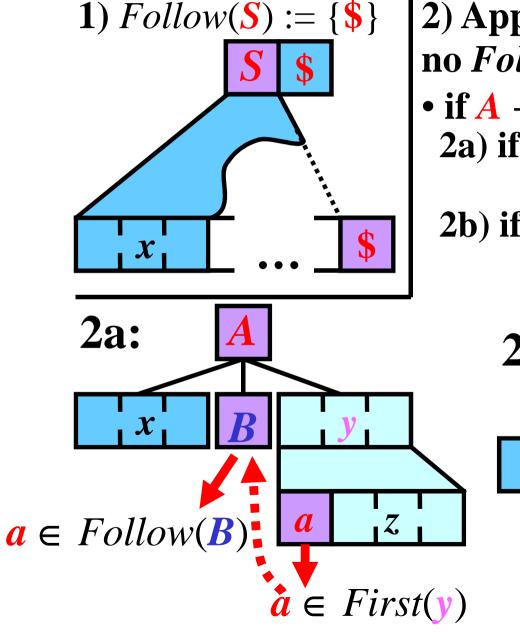
- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)



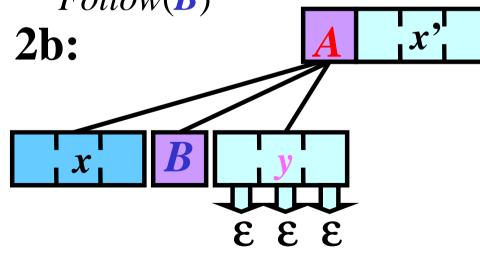


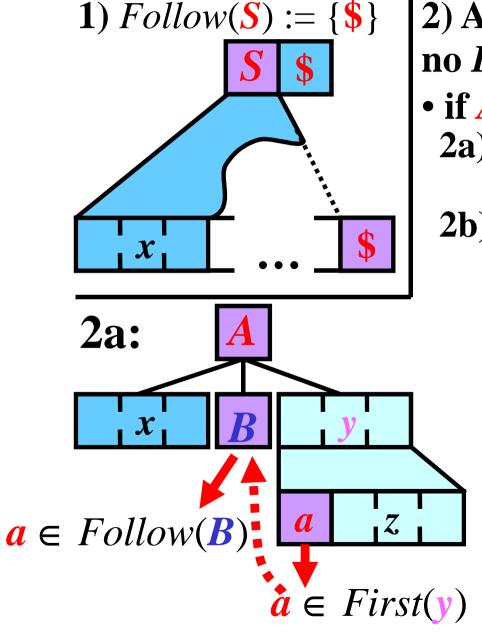
- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then
  - 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)
  - **2b)** if  $Empty(y) = \{\epsilon\}$  then add all symbols from Follow(A) to





- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)
  - **2b) if**  $Empty(y) = \{\epsilon\}$  **then** add all symbols from Follow(A) to Follow(B)

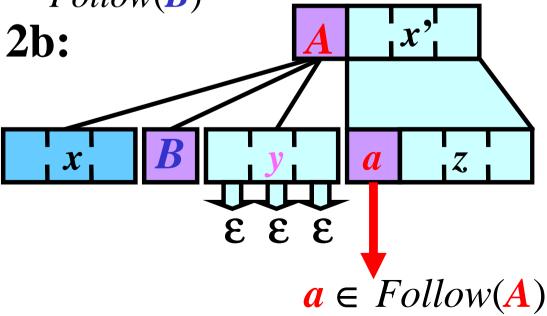


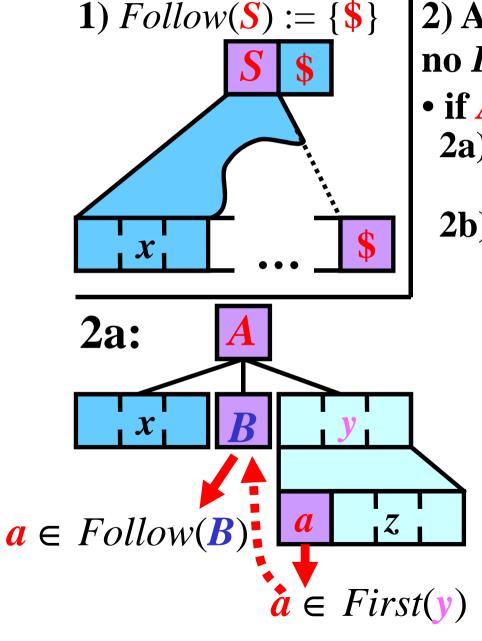


2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:

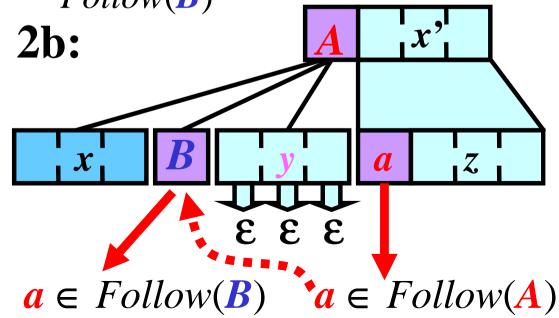
• if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)

**2b) if**  $Empty(y) = \{\epsilon\}$  **then** add all symbols from Follow(A) to Follow(B)





- 2) Apply the following rules until no *Follow* set can be changed:
- if  $A \rightarrow xBy \in P$  then 2a) if  $y \neq \varepsilon$  then add all symbols from First(y) to Follow(B)
  - **2b) if**  $Empty(y) = \{\epsilon\}$  **then** add all symbols from Follow(A) to Follow(B)



```
First(E)
                                                            Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                               Empty(E)
                               Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\}
                                                           Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(E')
First(T)
                               Empty(T)
                                                           Follow(T) := \emptyset
First(T')
                               Empty(T')
                                               := \{\epsilon\}
                                                            Follow(T') := \emptyset
First(F)
                               Empty(\mathbf{F})
                                                            Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \emptyset
```

```
First(E)
                                                              Follow(E) := \emptyset
                                Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                             Follow(E') := \emptyset
                                Empty(E')
                                                := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
First(T)
                                                              Follow(T)
                                Empty(T)
First(T')
                                Empty(T')
                                                 = \{ \epsilon \}
                                                              Follow(T')
First(F)
                                                              Follow(F)
                                Empty(\mathbf{F})
\overline{\mathbf{0})} \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}
```

```
First(E)
                              Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                           Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                                              := \{\epsilon\}
                                                          Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(E')
                              Empty(E')
First(T)
                              Empty(T)
                                                           Follow(T)
First(T')
                              Empty(T')
                                              := \{\epsilon\}
                                                           Follow(T^{\circ})
First(F)
                                                           Follow(F)
                              Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0}}) \ Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P:
\neq \varepsilon
```

```
Follow(X) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/3

First(E) := {i, (} Empty(E) := \varnothing Follow(E) := \varnothing
```

```
First(E) := \{i, (\} Empty(E) := \emptyset Follow(E) := \emptyset First(E') := \{+\} Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(E') := \emptyset First(T) := \{i, (\} Empty(T) := \emptyset Follow(T) := \emptyset First(T') := \{*\} Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(T') := \emptyset First(F) := \{i, (\} Empty(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0})} \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First() = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

```
First(E)
                            Empty(E)
                                                      Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                                          := \{\epsilon\}
                            Empty(E')
First(E')
                                                      Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(T)
                            Empty(T)
                                                      Follow(T)
First(T')
                                          := \{\epsilon\}
                                                      Follow(T')
                            Empty(T')
First(F)
                                                      Follow(F
                            Empty(F)
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0})} \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First() = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

```
First(E)
                              Empty(E)
                                                         Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                             Empty(\mathbf{E'}) := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                                         Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(T)
                              Empty(T)
                                                         Follow(T)
                                             := \{\epsilon\}
                                                         Follow(T')
First(T')
                              Empty(T')
First(F)
                                                         Follow(F)
                              Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0}}) Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First() = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

```
2) E \rightarrow TE' \in P:

\varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
```

```
First(E)
                               Empty(E)
                                                           Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                               Empty(\mathbf{E'}) := \{\epsilon\}
                                                           Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(E')
First(T)
                               Empty(T)
                                                           Follow(T)
                                               := \{\epsilon\}
                                                           Follow(T')
First(T')
                               Empty(T')
                                                            Follow(F
First(\mathbf{F})
                               Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0})} \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First() = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

```
2) E \rightarrow TE' \in P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(E')

E: Empty(E) = \{E\}
```

```
First(E) := \{i, (\} Empty(E) := \emptyset Follow(E) := \emptyset First(E') := \{+\} Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(E') := \emptyset First(T) := \{i, (\} Empty(T) := \emptyset Follow(T) := \emptyset First(T') := \{*\} Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(T') := \emptyset First(F) := \{i, (\} Empty(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0}}) Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First()) = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

2) 
$$E \rightarrow TE' \in P$$
: add  $Follow(E) = \{\$, \}$  to  $Follow(E')$   
 $E \mapsto TE' \in P$ :
 $\neq E$ 

```
First(E) := \{i, (\} Empty(E) := \emptyset Follow(E) := \emptyset First(E') := \{+\} Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(E') := \emptyset First(T) := \{i, (\} Empty(T) := \emptyset Follow(T) := \emptyset First(T') := \{*\} Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(T') := \emptyset First(F) := \{i, (\} Empty(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset Follow(F) := \emptyset
```

 $\overline{\mathbf{0})} \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}$ 

```
1) F \rightarrow (E) \in P: add First()) = \{\} to Follow(E)
```

2) 
$$E \rightarrow TE' \in P$$
: add  $Follow(E) = \{\$, \}$  to  $Follow(E')$   
 $E \mapsto TE' \in P$ : add  $First(E') = \{+\}$  to  $Follow(T)$   
 $\neq \varepsilon$ 

```
Follow(X) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/3
First(E)
                            Empty(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                                                      Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                         Empty(\mathbf{E'}) := \{ \epsilon \}
First(E') := \{+\}
                                                      Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(T) := \{i, (\}\}
First(T') := \{*\}
                         Empty(T) := \emptyset
                                                      Follow(T)
                      Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\}
                                                      Follow(T')
                                                      Follow(F)
First(\mathbf{F})
                         Empty(\mathbf{F})
0) Follow(E) := \{\$\}
\overline{1)} \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} (E) \in P:
                             add First() = \{ \} 
                                                             to Follow(E)
Summary: Follow(E) = \{\$, \}
2) E \rightarrow TE' \subseteq P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(E')
                \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
   E \rightarrow TE' \in P:
                         add First(E') = \{+\} to Follow(T)
   E \rightarrow TE' \in P:
```

 $Empty(\mathbf{E'}) = \{ \epsilon \}$ 

```
Follow(X) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/3
                              Empty(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
                                                          Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset
First(E)
First(E') := \{+\} Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\}
                                                          Follow(E') := \emptyset
First(T) := \{i, (\}\}
First(T') := \{*\}
                        \begin{array}{ccc} () & Empty(T) & := & \varnothing & Follow(T) \\ & Empty(T') & := & \{\epsilon\} & Follow(T') \end{array}
                                                          Follow(T')
                                                          Follow(F)
First(\mathbf{F})
                           Empty(\mathbf{F})
0) Follow(E) := \{\$\}
\overline{1)} \stackrel{F}{F} \rightarrow (E) \in P:
                                add First() = \{ \} 
                                                                 to Follow(E)
Summary: Follow(E) = \{\$, \}
2) E \rightarrow TE' \subseteq P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(E')
                  \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
                           add First(E') = \{+\} to Follow(T)
   E \to TE' \in P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(T)
```

 $Empty(\mathbf{E'}) = \{ \epsilon \}$ 

```
Follow(X) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/3
First(E):= {i, (}Empty(E):= \emptysetFollow(E):= \emptysetFirst(E'):= {+}Empty(E'):= {\epsilon}Follow(E'):= \emptysetFirst(E'):= {i, (}Empty(E'):= \emptysetFollow(E'):= \emptysetFirst(E'):= {\epsilon}Empty(E'):= {\epsilon}Follow(E'):= \emptyset
                                                                  Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \emptyset
First(F)
                              Empty(\mathbf{F})
\overline{\mathbf{0}}) \ Follow(\underline{E}) := \{\$\}
1) \stackrel{F}{\longrightarrow} (\stackrel{E}{E}) \in P:
                                    add First() = \{ \} 
                                                                           to Follow(E)
Summary: Follow(E) = \{\$, \}
2) E \rightarrow TE' \subseteq P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(E')
                    \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
                               add First(E') = \{+\} to Follow(T)
   E \to TE' \in P: add Follow(E) = \{\$, \} to Follow(T)
    Empty(\mathbf{E'}) = \{ \epsilon \}
Summary: Follow(E') = \{\$, \}, Follow(T) = \{+, \$, \}
```

```
First(E)
                              Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                           Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \{\$,
                              Empty(E')
                                              := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                                           Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T)
                                                           Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
                              Empty(T)
First(T')
                              Empty(T')
                                              = \{ \epsilon \}
                                                           Follow(T') := \emptyset
First(F)
                              Empty(\mathbf{F})
                                                           Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \emptyset
```

## First(E) := {i, (} Empty(E) := $\emptyset$ Follow(E) := {\$, )} First(E') := {±} Empty(E') := {\$} Follow(E') := {\$, )}

```
:= \{+\} \qquad Empty(\underline{E'}) := \{\epsilon\} \qquad Follow(\underline{E'}) := \{\$,
First(E')
                 := \{i, (\} Empty(T) \} 
 := \{*\} Empty(T') \} 
First(T)
                                               := \emptyset \quad Follow(T)
                                               := \{\epsilon\} \quad Follow(T') := \emptyset
First(T')
             := \{i, (\} Empty(F)\}
                                                    \emptyset Follow(F)
First(\mathbf{F})
3) E' \rightarrow +TE' \subseteq P: add Follow(E') = \{\$, \}
                                                                       to Follow(E')
                      \epsilon: Empty(\epsilon) = \{\epsilon\}
   E' \rightarrow +TE' \in P: \text{ add } First(E') = \{+\} to Follow(T)
   E' \rightarrow +TE' \in P: add Follow(E') = \{\$, \} to Follow(T)
       Empty(\mathbf{E'}) = \{\epsilon\}
```

Summary: Nothing is changed

```
Follow(X) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/3
 First(E) := {i, (} Empty(E) := \emptyset Follow(E) := {$, Empty(E') := {$}, Empty(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := {$, Empty(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := {$}, First(E') := {i, (} Empty(E') := \emptyset Follow(E') := {+, Empty(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := {+, Empty(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := \emptyset First(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := \emptyset Follow(E') := \emptyset First(E') := {$}, Follow(E') := \emptyset Follow(E') := \emptyset First(E') := \emptyset Follow(E') := \emptyset
                                                                                                                     := {+, $, )}
 3) E' \rightarrow +TE' \subseteq P: add Follow(E') = \{\$, \} to Follow(E')
                                   \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
      E' \rightarrow +TE' \in P: add First(E') = \{+\} to Follow(T)
E' \rightarrow +TE' \in P: add Follow(E') = \{\$, \} to Follow(T)
            Empty(\mathbf{E'}) = \{ \epsilon \}
   Summary: Nothing is changed
4) T \rightarrow FT \in P: add Follow(T) = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(T')
                            \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
     T \to FT' \in P: add First(T') = \{*\} to Follow(F)
T \to FT' \in P: add Follow(T) = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(F)
     Empty(T') = \{\epsilon\}
```

**Summary:**  $Follow(T') = \{+, \$, \}, Follow(F) = \{*, +, \$, \}$ 

```
First(E)
                            Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                       Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \{\$,
                                           := \{\epsilon\}
                            Empty(E')
First(E')
                                                      Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T)
                                                      Follow(T) := \{+, \$,
                            Empty(T)
First(T')
                            Empty(T')
                                           = \{ \epsilon \}
                                                      Follow(T') :=
First(F)
                                                       Follow(F)
                            Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

```
First(E)
First(E')
             := \{i, (\} \quad Empty(T)'\}
                                        := \emptyset \quad Follow(T) := \{+, \$,
First(T)
             := \{*\} Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\} Follow(T') :=
First(T')
First(F)
                       Empty(\mathbf{F})
                                                Follow(\mathbf{F})
5) T' \rightarrow *FT' \subseteq P: add Follow(T') = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(T')
                  \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
  T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First(T') = \{*\} to Follow(F)
   T' \rightarrow *F \stackrel{\neq}{T'} \stackrel{\varepsilon}{\in} P: add Follow(T') = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(F)
      Empty(T') = \{\varepsilon\}
```

End: Nothing is changed.

```
First(E')
             \vdots = \{i, (\} & Empty(T) & := \emptyset & Follow(T) & := \{+, \$, \}\} \\ := \{*\} & Empty(T') & := \{\epsilon\} & Follow(T') & := \{+, \$, \}\} \\ := \{i, (\} & Empty(F) & := \emptyset & Follow(F) & := \{*, +, \$, \}\} 
First(T)
First(T')
First(F)
5) T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add Follow(T') = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(T')
                       \varepsilon: Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
    T' \rightarrow *FT' \in P: add First(T') = \{*\} to Follow(F)
    T' \rightarrow *F \stackrel{\not\equiv}{T'} \stackrel{\varepsilon}{\in} P: add Follow(T') = \{+, \$, \} to Follow(F)
        Empty(T') = \{\epsilon\}
```

**End:** Nothing is changed.

First(E)

```
Summary: Follow(E) := \{\$, \}

Follow(E') := \{\$, \}
                Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
                 Follow(T') := \{+, \$, \}
                Follow(F) := \{*, +, \$, \}
```

#### Set Predict

Gist:  $Predict(A \rightarrow x)$  is the set of all terminals that can begin a string obtained by a derivation started by using  $A \rightarrow x$ .

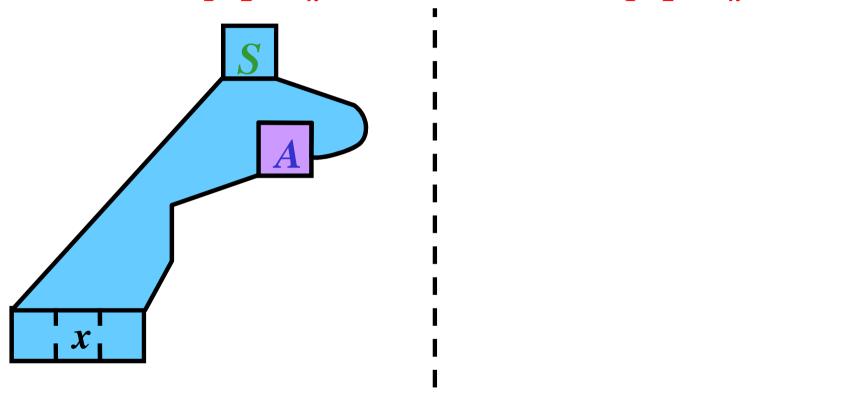
```
Definition: Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. For every A \to x \in P, we define Predict(A \to x) so that

• if Empty(x) = \{\epsilon\} then Predict(A \to x) = First(x) \cup Follow(A)

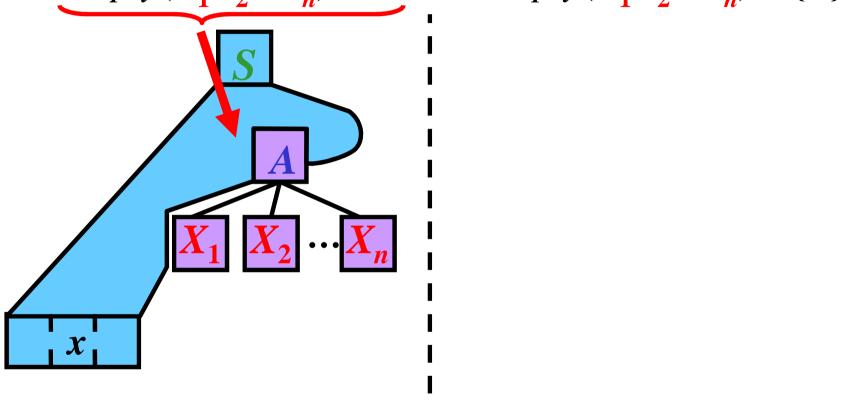
• if Empty(x) = \emptyset then Predict(A \to x) = First(x)
```

```
Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \emptyset vs. Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \{\epsilon\}
```

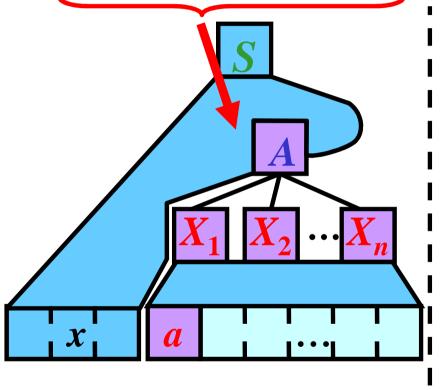
 $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \emptyset$  vs.  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \{\epsilon\}$ 

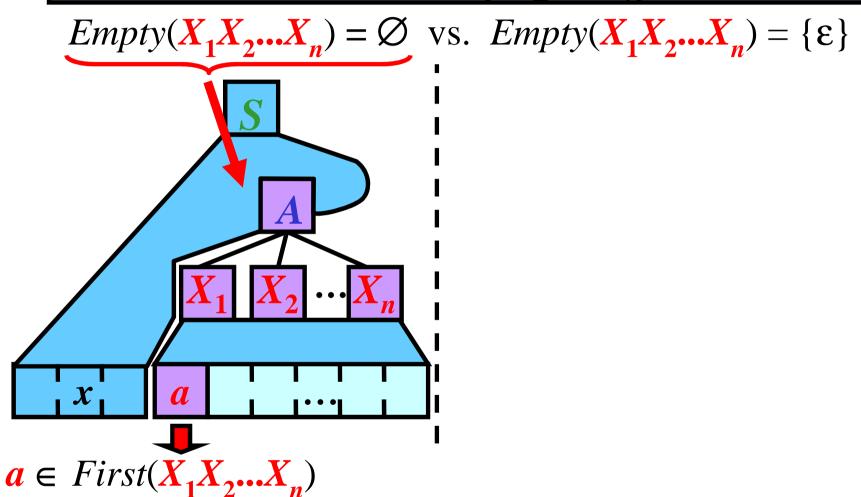


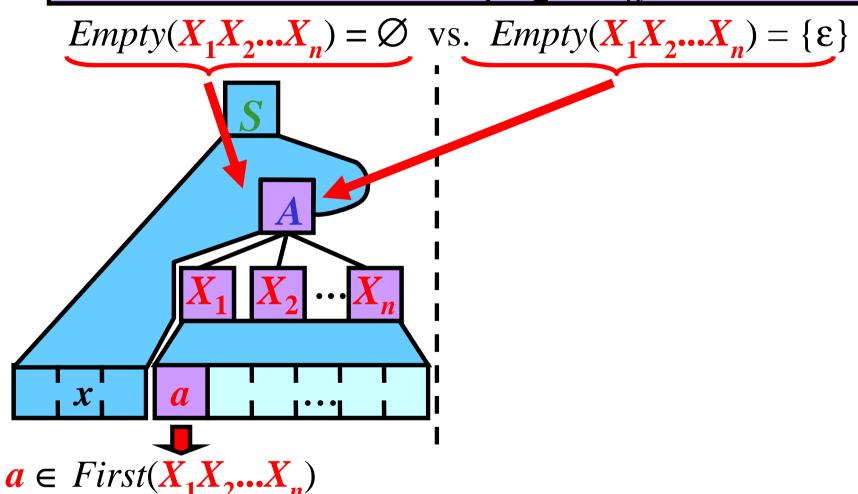


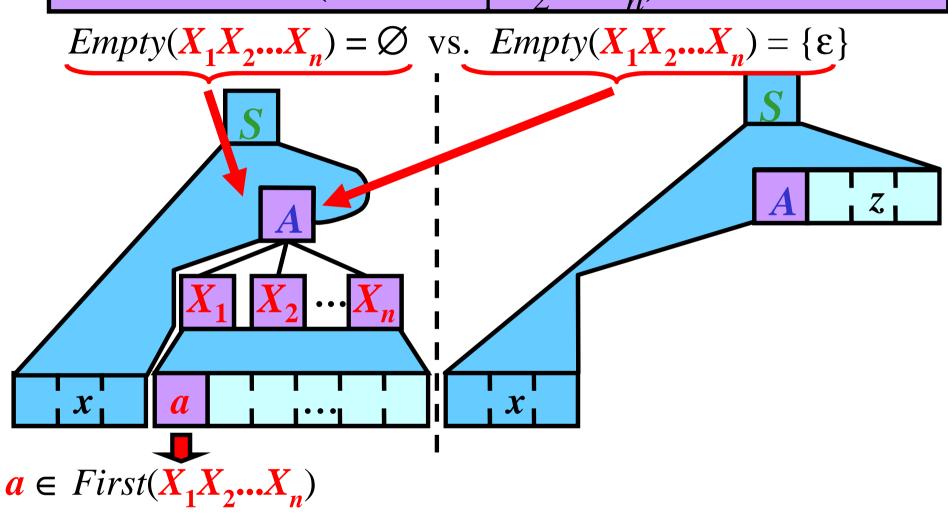


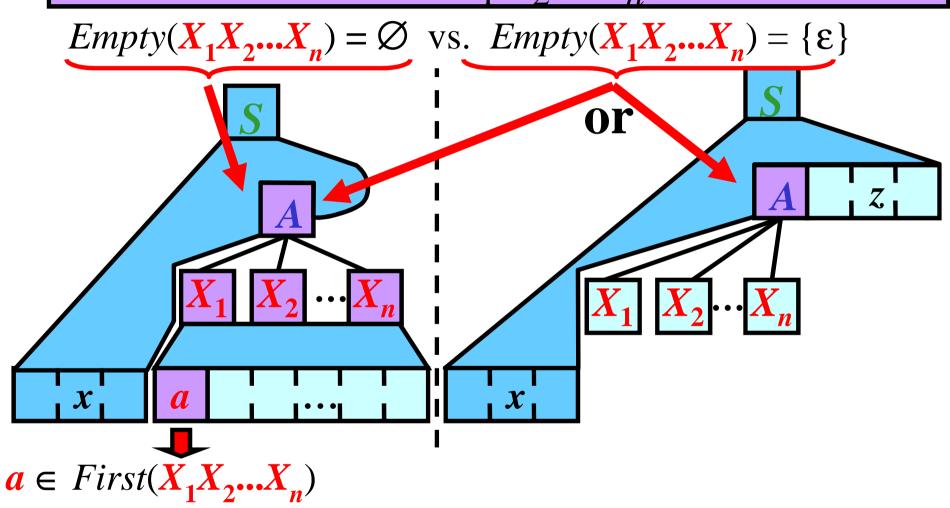
 $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \emptyset$  vs.  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \{\epsilon\}$ 

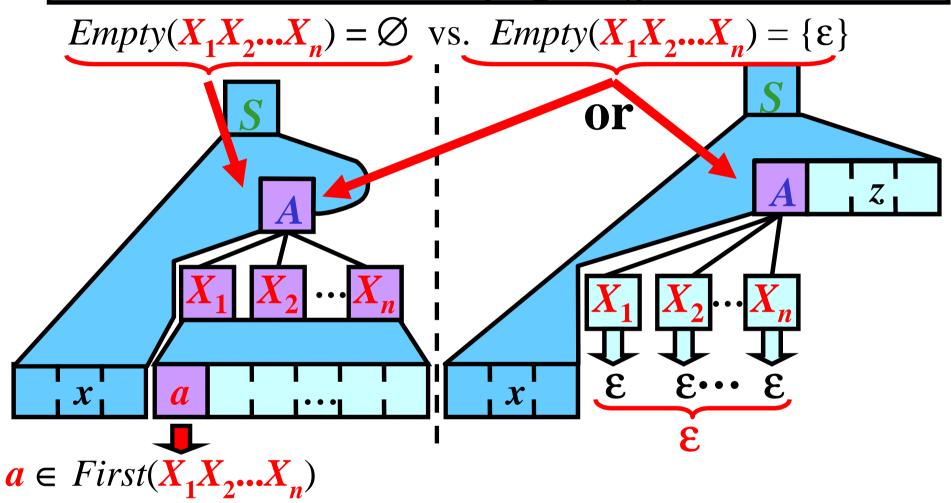


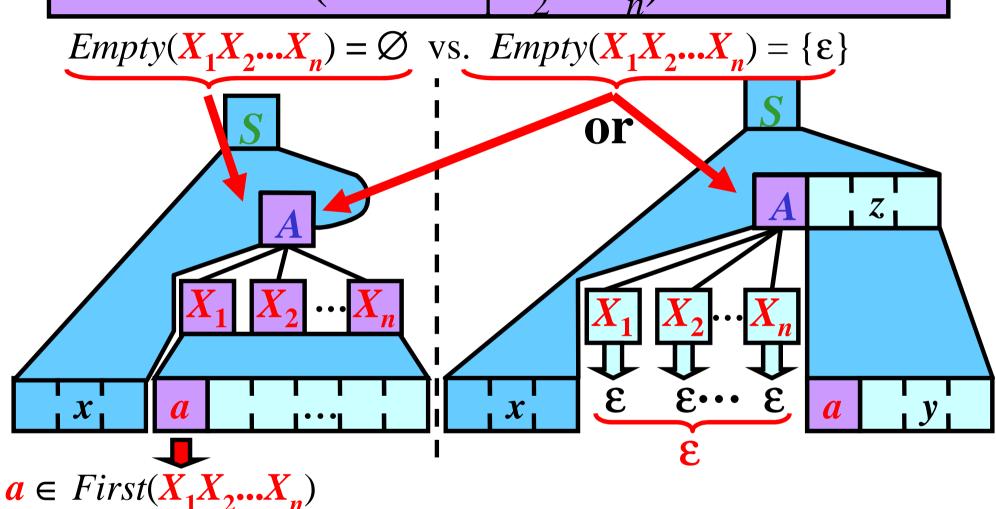


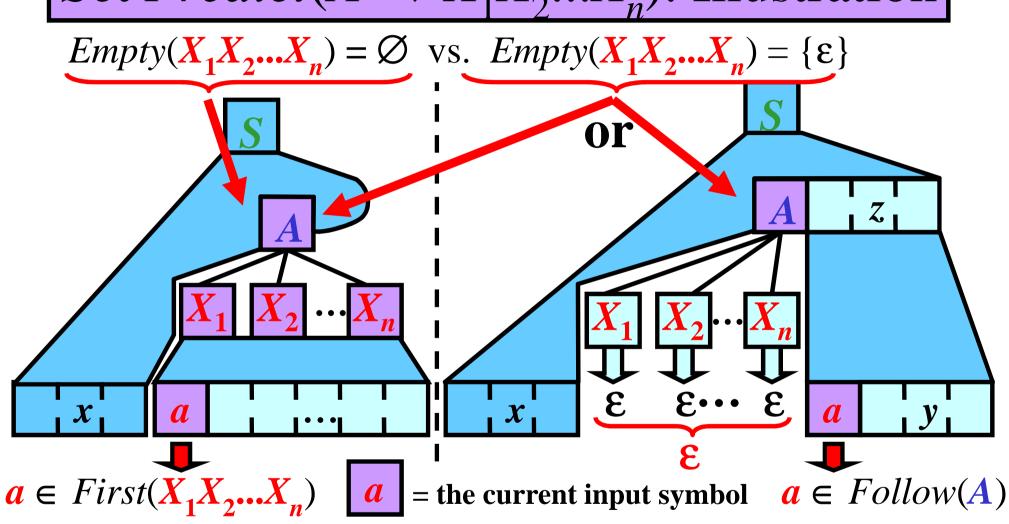




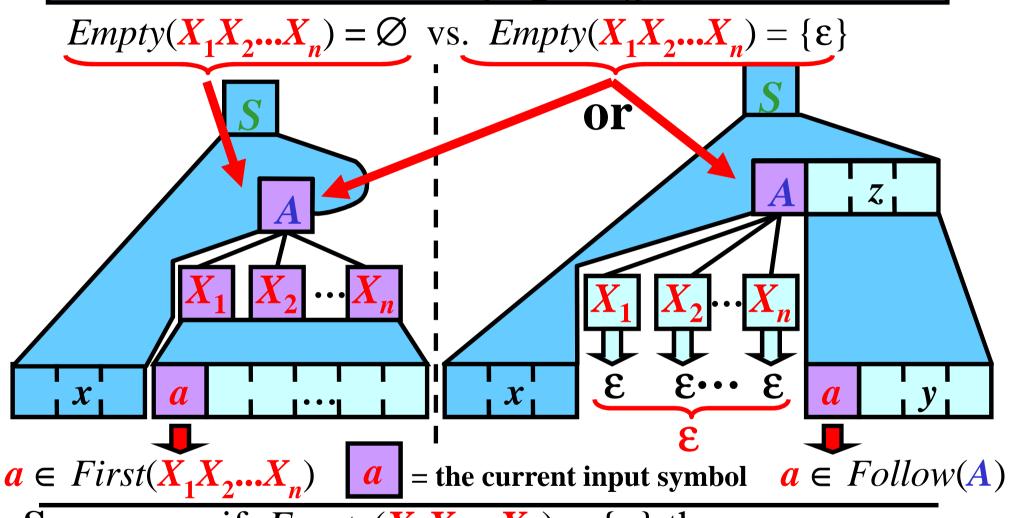












**Summary:** if  $Empty(X_1X_2...X_n) = \{\epsilon\}$  then  $Predict(A \rightarrow X_1X_2...X_n) = First(X_1X_2...X_n) \cup Follow(A);$  otherwise,  $Predict(A \rightarrow X_1X_2...X_n) = First(X_1X_2...X_n)$ 

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/2
```

```
First(E)
                                                   Follow(E) := \{\$,
                          Empty(E)
                          Empty(E')
                                        := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                                   Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T)
                                                   Follow(T) := \{+, \}
                          Empty(T)
First(T')
                                        := \{\epsilon\}
                                                   Follow(T') :=
                          Empty(T')
First(F)
                                                   Follow(F)
                          Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 1/2
                                               Follow(E) :=
First(E)
                        Empty(E)
                                     := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                        Empty(E')
                                               Follow(E') :=
First(T)
                        Empty(T)
                                               Follow(T)
                                               Follow(T') :=
First(T')
                        Empty(T')
                                     := \{\epsilon\}
First(F)
                                               Follow(F)
                        Empty(\mathbf{F})
1: E \rightarrow TE
   Empty(TE') = \emptyset because Empty(T) = \emptyset
   Predict(1) := First(TE') = First(T) = \{i, (\}i)\}
```

# $Predict(A \rightarrow x)$ for $G_{expr3}$ : Example 1/2

```
Empty(E)
                                                  Follow(E) :=
First(E)
                                       := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                          Empty(E')
                                                  Follow(E') := \{
First(T)
                          Empty(T)
                                                  Follow(T) := \{+, \$,
First(T')
                          Empty(T')
                                       := \{\epsilon\}
                                                  Follow(T') :=
First(\mathbf{F})
                                                  Follow(F)
                          Empty(F)
```

#### 1: $E \rightarrow TE$

```
Empty(TE') = \emptyset because Empty(T) = \emptyset

Predict(1) := First(TE') = First(T) = \{i, (\}
```

#### $2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$

```
Empty(+TE') = \emptyset because Empty(+) = \emptyset

Predict(2) := First(+TE') = First(+) = \{+\}
```

# $Predict(A \rightarrow x)$ for $G_{expr3}$ : Example 1/2

```
Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                    Follow(\mathbf{E}) :=
First(E)
                                                    Follow(E') := \{\$.
                                         := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                           Empty(E')
First(T) := \{i, (\}
                        Empty(T)
                                                    Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
First(T')
                                                    Follow(T') := {
                           Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\}
First(F)
                           Empty(\mathbf{F})
                                                    Follow(F)
```

#### $1: E \rightarrow TE'$

```
Empty(TE') = \emptyset because Empty(T) = \emptyset

Predict(1) := First(TE') = First(T) = \{i, (\}
```

### $\overline{2}$ : $E' \rightarrow +TE'$

```
Empty(+TE') = \emptyset because Empty(+) = \emptyset

Predict(2) := First(+TE') = First(+) = \{+\}
```

#### $3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$

```
Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}

Predict(3) := First(\varepsilon) \cup Follow(E') = \emptyset \cup \{\$, \} = \{\$, \}
```

# $Predict(A \rightarrow x)$ for $G_{expr3}$ : Example 1/2

```
First(\mathbf{E}) := \{\mathbf{i}, (\} \quad Empty(\mathbf{E}) := \emptyset \quad Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \{\$, \}\}
First(\mathbf{E}') := \{+\} \quad Empty(\mathbf{E}') := \{\epsilon\} \quad Follow(\mathbf{E}') := \{\$, \}\}
First(\mathbf{T}) := \{\mathbf{i}, (\} \quad Empty(\mathbf{T}) := \emptyset \quad Follow(\mathbf{T}) := \{+, \$, \}\}
First(\mathbf{F}) := \{\} \quad Empty(\mathbf{F}) := \{\} \quad Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \{*, +, \$, \}\}
```

#### $1: E \rightarrow TE'$

```
Empty(TE') = \emptyset because Empty(T) = \emptyset

Predict(1) := First(TE') = First(T) = \{i, (\}
```

### 2: $E' \rightarrow +TE'$ $Empty(+TE') = \emptyset$ because $Empty(+) = \emptyset$

```
Predict(2) := First(+TE') = First(+) = \{+\}
```

#### $3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$

```
Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
Predict(3) := First(\varepsilon) \cup Follow(E') = \emptyset \cup \{\$, \} = \{\$, \}
```

#### 4: $T \rightarrow FT$

$$Empty(FT') = \emptyset$$
 because  $Empty(F) = \emptyset$   
 $Predict(4) := First(FT') = First(F) = \{i, (\}$ 

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/2
```

```
First(E)
                            Empty(E)
                                                     Follow(\mathbf{E}) := \{\$,
                           Empty(E')
                                          := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                                     Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T)
                                                     Follow(T) := \{+, \}
                            Empty(T)
First(T')
                                          = \{ \epsilon \}
                                                     Follow(T') :=
                           Empty(T')
First(F)
                                                     Follow(F)
                            Empty(\mathbf{F})
```

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/2
First(E)
                        Empty(E)
                                              Follow(E) :=
                        Empty(E')
                                     := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                              Follow(E') := \{
First(T)
                        Empty(T)
                                              Follow(T) := \{+, \}
First(T')
                                              Follow(T') :=
                        Empty(T')
                                     := \{\epsilon\}
First(F)
                                               Follow(F)
                        Empty(\mathbf{F})
5: T' \rightarrow *FT'
   Empty(*FT') = \emptyset because Empty(*) = \emptyset
   Predict(5) := First(*FT') = First(*) = \{*\}
```

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/2
```

```
Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                     Follow(\mathbf{E}) :=
First(E)
                           Empty(E')
                                          := \{\epsilon\}
First(E')
                                                     Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T)
                           Empty(T)
                                                     Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
First(T')
                           Empty(T')
                                          = \{ \epsilon \}
                                                     Follow(T') :=
First(\mathbf{F})
                                                     Follow(F)
                           Empty(F)
```

5:  $T' \rightarrow *FT'$   $Empty(*FT') = \emptyset$  because  $Empty(*) = \emptyset$  $Predict(5) := First(*FT') = First(*) = \{*\}$ 

```
\overline{6: T' \to \varepsilon} 

Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\} 

Predict(6) := First(\varepsilon) \cup Follow(T') = \emptyset \cup \{+, \$, \} = \{+, \$, \} \}
```

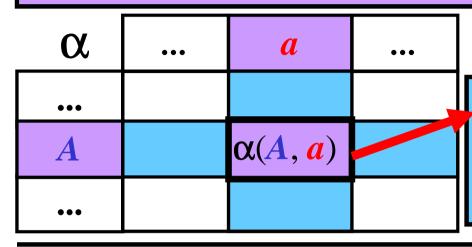
```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/2
                            Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                      Follow(E) := \{\$,
First(E)
                                                      Follow(E') := \{\$.
First(E') := \{+\}
                            Empty(E') := \{\epsilon\}
First(T) := \{i, (\}
                         Empty(T) := \emptyset
                                                      Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
                                                      Follow(T') := \{+,
First(T')
                            Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\}
                                                      Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \{*,
First(F)
                            Empty(\mathbf{F})
5: T' \rightarrow *FT'
    Empty(*FT') = \emptyset because Empty(*) = \emptyset
    Predict(5) := First(*FT') = First(*) = \{*\}
6: T^{2} \rightarrow \varepsilon
    Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
    Predict(\mathbf{6}) := First(\varepsilon) \cup Follow(\mathbf{T'}) = \emptyset \cup \{+, \$, \} = \{+, \$, \}
7: F \rightarrow (E)
    Empty((E)) = \emptyset because Empty(() = \emptyset
    Predict(7) := First((E)) = First(() = \{(\}
```

```
Predict(A \rightarrow x) for G_{expr3}: Example 2/2
First(E)
                         Empty(\mathbf{E})
                                                       Follow(E) := \{\$,
First(\mathbf{E'}) := \{+\} Empty(\mathbf{E'}) := \{\epsilon\}
                                                       Follow(E') := \{\$,
First(T) := \{i, ()\}
                          Empty(T) := \emptyset
                                                       Follow(T) := \{+, \$, \}
                         Empty(T') := \{\epsilon\}
                                                       Follow(T') := \{+, \$,
First(T') := \{*\}
                                                       Follow(\mathbf{F}) := \{*.
First(F)
                           Empty(\mathbf{F})
5: T' \rightarrow *FT'
    Empty(*FT') = \emptyset because Empty(*) = \emptyset
    Predict(5) := First(*FT') = First(*) = \{*\}
\overline{6}: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon
     Empty(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}
    Predict(\mathbf{6}) := First(\varepsilon) \cup Follow(\mathbf{T'}) = \emptyset \cup \{+, \$, \} = \{+, \$, \}
7: F \rightarrow (E)
     Empty((E)) = \emptyset because Empty(() = \emptyset
     Predict(7) := First((E)) = First(() = \{(\}
```

8: 
$$F \rightarrow i$$
  
 $Empty(i) = \emptyset$   
 $Predict(8) := First(i) = \{i\}$ 

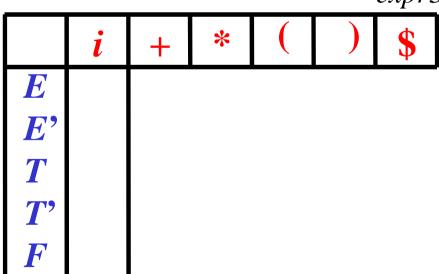
α	•••	a	•••
•••			
$\boldsymbol{A}$		$\alpha(A, a)$	
•••			

α	•••	a	•••	
•••				$\alpha(A, \boldsymbol{a}) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 X_n \in P \text{ if}$
$\boldsymbol{A}$		$\alpha(A, a)$		$a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 X_n);$
•••				otherwise, $\alpha(A, a)$ is blank.

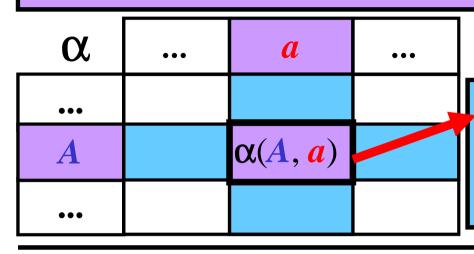


 $\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  if  $a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ ; otherwise,  $\alpha(A, a)$  is blank.

Task: LL table for  $G_{expr3}$ 

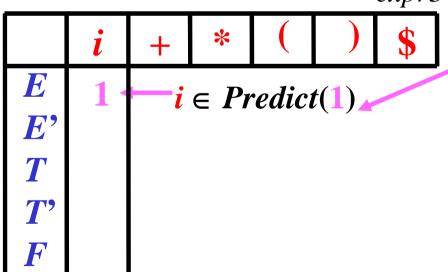


Rule r	Predict(r)
$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$2: E' \to +TE'$	<b>{+</b> }
$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{\$</b> , )}
$4: T \to FT'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$	<b>{*</b> }
6: $T$ $\rightarrow \epsilon$	<b>{+, \$,</b> )}
$7: \mathbf{F} \rightarrow (\mathbf{E})$	<b>{(</b> }
$8: F \rightarrow i$	{ <i>i</i> }



 $\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  if  $a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ ; otherwise,  $\alpha(A, a)$  is blank.





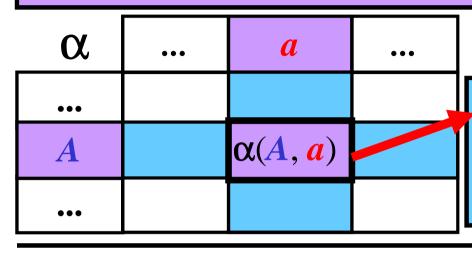
### Rule r Predict(r)

RuleI realch1: 
$$E \rightarrow TE'$$
{i, (}2:  $E' \rightarrow +TE'$ {+}3:  $E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$ {\$, )}4:  $T \rightarrow FT'$ {i, (}5:  $T' \rightarrow *FT'$ {\*}6:  $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$ {+, \$, )}

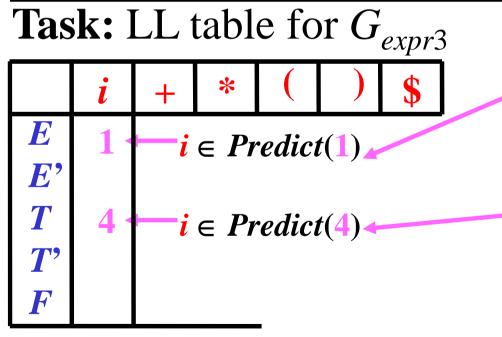
**{()** 

 $\{i\}$ 

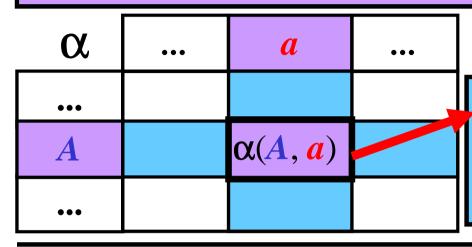
7:  $F \rightarrow (E)$ 



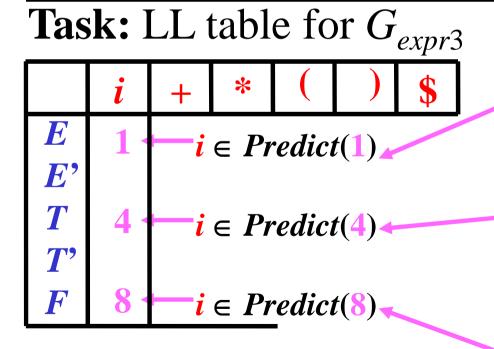
 $\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P \text{ if}$   $a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n);$ otherwise,  $\alpha(A, a)$  is blank.



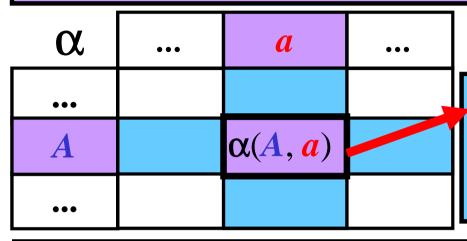
Rule r	Predict(r)
• 1: $E \rightarrow TE$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$	<b>{+</b> }
$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{\$</b> , )}
$-4: T \rightarrow FT'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
5: $T' \rightarrow *FT'$	<b>{*</b> }
6: $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	{ <b>+</b> , <b>\$</b> , )}
$7: \mathbf{F} \rightarrow (\mathbf{E})$	{ <mark>(</mark> }
$m{8}: m{F} \rightarrow m{i}$	{ <i>i</i> }



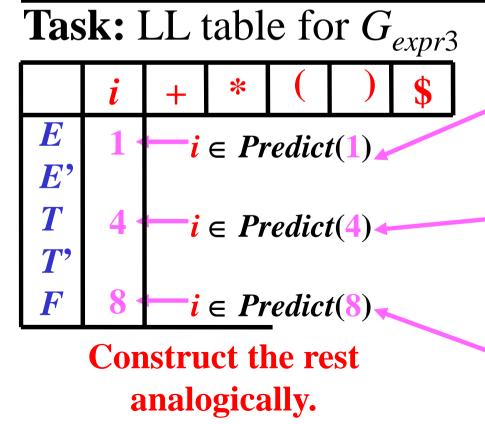
 $\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P \text{ if}$   $a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n);$ otherwise,  $\alpha(A, a)$  is blank.



Rule r	Predict(r)
$1: \mathbf{E} \rightarrow T\mathbf{E}'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$	<b>{+</b> }
$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{\$</b> , )}
$-4:T\rightarrow FT$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
5: $T' \rightarrow *FT'$	<b>{*</b> }
6: $T$ $\rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{+, \$,</b> )}
$7: \mathbf{F} \rightarrow (\mathbf{E})$	{ <mark>(</mark> }
$\sim 8: F \rightarrow i$	{ <i>i</i> }



 $\alpha(A, a) = A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P \text{ if}$   $a \in Predict(A \rightarrow X_1 X_2 ... X_n);$ otherwise,  $\alpha(A, a)$  is blank.



Rule r	Predict(r)
$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$	<b>{+</b> }
$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{\$</b> , )}
$4: T \rightarrow FT'$	{ <i>i</i> , (}
$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$	<b>{*</b> }
6: $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	<b>{+, \$,</b> )}
$7: \mathbf{F} \to (\mathbf{E})$	{ <mark>(</mark> }
$-8: F \rightarrow i$	{ <b>i</b> }

	i	+	*	(		\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
E' T' F		2			3	3
$\boldsymbol{T}$	4			4		
T		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

1: 
$$E \rightarrow TE$$
' 5:  $T' \rightarrow *FT$ '
2:  $E' \rightarrow +TE'$  6:  $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$ 
3:  $E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$  7:  $F \rightarrow (E)$ 
4:  $T \rightarrow FT'$  8:  $F \rightarrow i$ 

Question:  $i * i \in L(G_{expr3})$ ?

E

$$i * i$$



	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
E, T		2			3	3
_	4			4		
<b>T</b> '		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

1: 
$$E \rightarrow TE'$$
 5:  $T' \rightarrow *FT'$   
2:  $E' \rightarrow +TE'$  6:  $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$   
3:  $E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$  7:  $F \rightarrow (E)$   
4:  $T \rightarrow FT'$  8:  $F \rightarrow i$ 

Question:  $i * i \in L(G_{expr3})$ ?

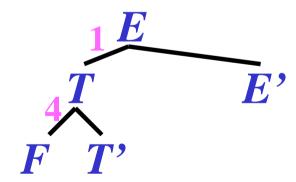


i \* i



	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
E, T		2			3	3
	4			4		
<b>T</b> '		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

1: 
$$E \rightarrow TE'$$
 5:  $T' \rightarrow *FT'$   
2:  $E' \rightarrow +TE'$  6:  $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$   
3:  $E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$  7:  $F \rightarrow (E)$   
4:  $T \rightarrow FT'$  8:  $F \rightarrow i$ 



$$i * i$$



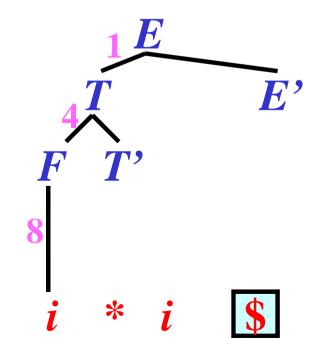
	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
<i>E</i> ,		2			3	3
$m{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> *		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

```
1: E \rightarrow TE' 5: T' \rightarrow *FT'

2: E' \rightarrow +TE' 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon

3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon 7: F \rightarrow (E)

4: T \rightarrow FT' 8: F \rightarrow i
```



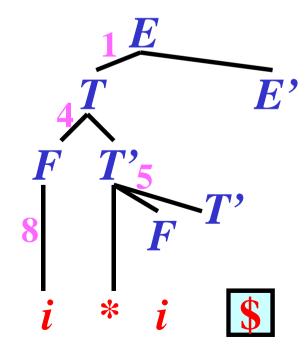
	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
<i>E</i> ,		2			3	3
$m{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> *		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

```
1: E \rightarrow TE' 5: T' \rightarrow *FT'

2: E' \rightarrow +TE' 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon

3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon 7: F \rightarrow (E)

4: T \rightarrow FT' 8: F \rightarrow i
```



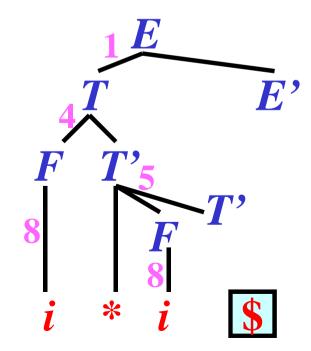
	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
<i>E</i> ,		2			3	3
$m{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> *		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

```
1: E \rightarrow TE' 5: T' \rightarrow *FT'

2: E' \rightarrow +TE' 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon

3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon 7: F \rightarrow (E)

4: T \rightarrow FT' 8: F \rightarrow i
```



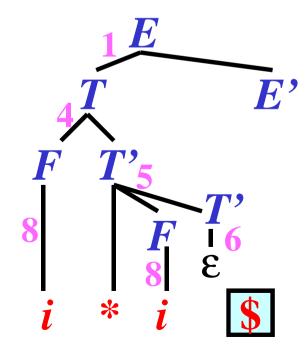
	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
<i>E</i> ,		2			3	3
$m{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> *		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

```
1: E \rightarrow TE' 5: T' \rightarrow *FT'

2: E' \rightarrow +TE' 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon

3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon 7: F \rightarrow (E)

4: T \rightarrow FT' 8: F \rightarrow i
```



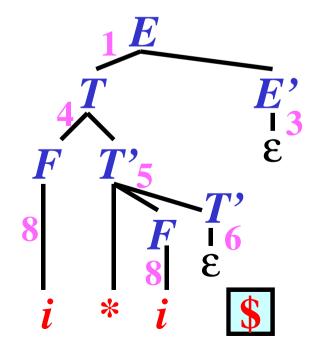
	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}$	1			1		
<i>E</i> ,		2			3	3
$m{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> *		6	5		6	6
F	8			7		

```
1: E \rightarrow TE' 5: T' \rightarrow *FT'

2: E' \rightarrow +TE' 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon

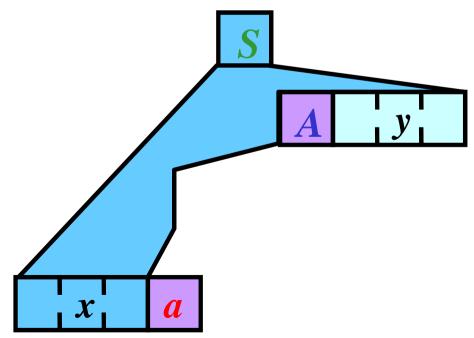
3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon 7: F \rightarrow (E)

4: T \rightarrow FT' 8: F \rightarrow i
```

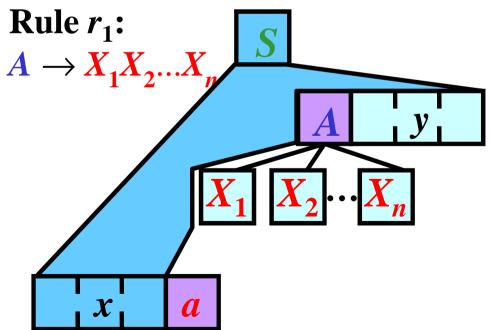


**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 

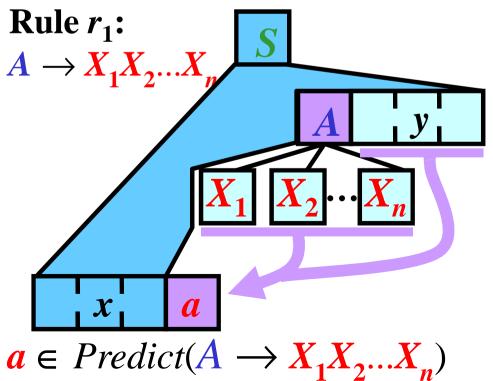
**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



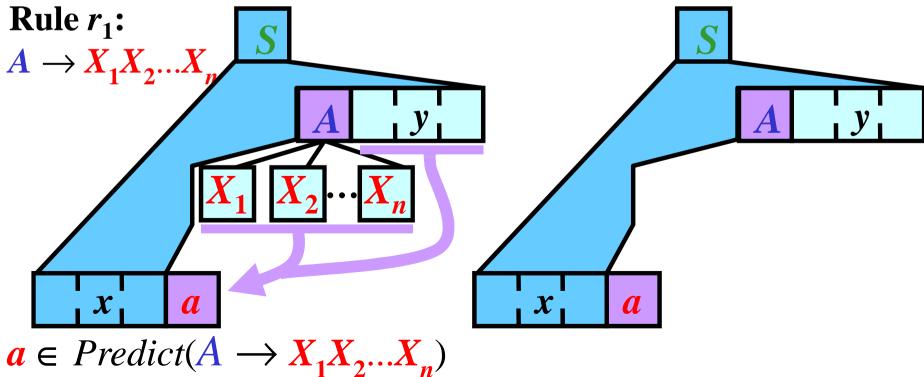
**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



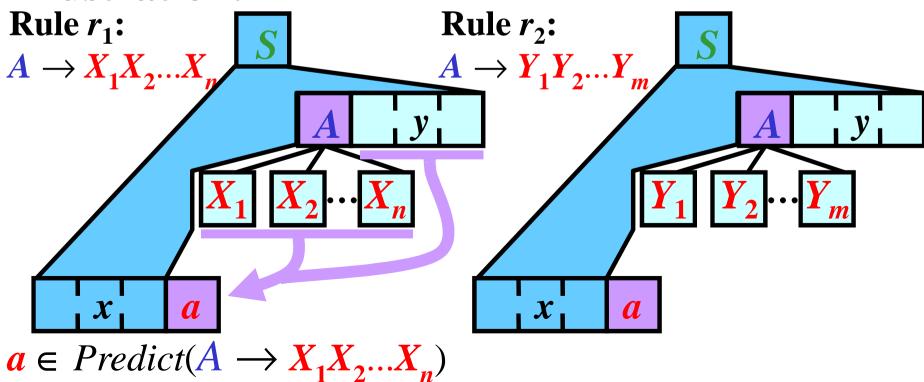
**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



### LL Grammars with ε-rules: Definition

**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 

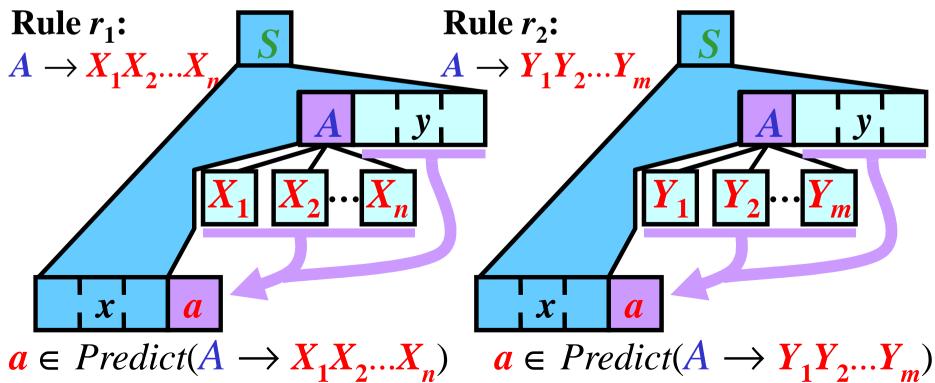
#### **Illustration:**



### LL Grammars with ε-rules: Definition

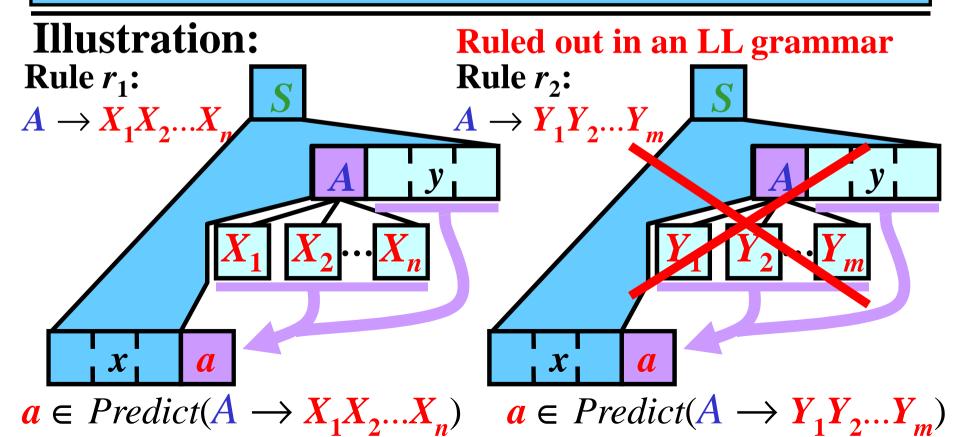
**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 

#### **Illustration:**



### LL Grammars with ε-rules: Definition

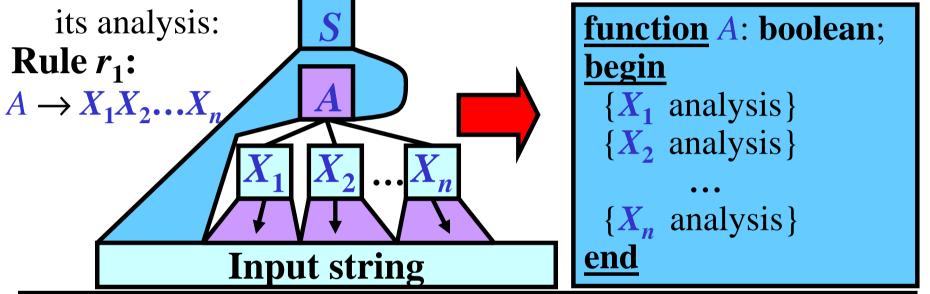
**Definition:** Let G = (N, T, P, S) be a CFG. G is an LL grammar if for every  $a \in T$  and every  $A \in N$  there is **no more than one** A-rule  $A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n \in P$  such that  $a \in Predict(A \to X_1 X_2 ... X_n)$ 



## LL Analyzer Implementation

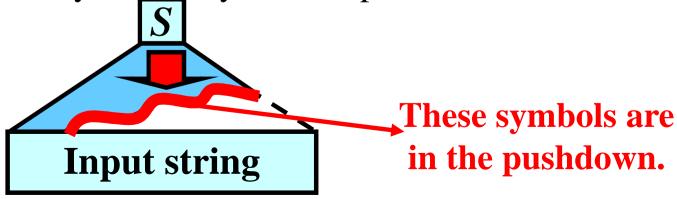
#### 1) Recursive-Descent Parsing

• Each nonterminal is represented by a procedure, which perform



### 2) Predictive Parsing

• Table-driven syntax analyzer with pushdown



## Recursive Descent: Example 1/4

```
Procedure GetNextToken;
begin
{ this procedure get the next token to global variable "token"}
end
• For E \in N: Rule 1: E \rightarrow TE
function E: boolean;
begin
  E := false;
                                           E'
  if token in ['i', '('] then
       { simulation of rule 1: E \rightarrow TE' }
       E := T \text{ and } E1;
end;
• For T \in N: Rule 4: T \to FT
function T: boolean;
begin
                                           E
  T := false;
                                           E
  if token in ['i', '('] then
       { simulation of rule 4: T \rightarrow FT' }
      T := F \text{ and } T1;
end;
```

## Recursive Descent: Example 2/4

• For  $E' \in N$ : Rules  $2: E' \to +TE'$ ,  $3: E' \to \varepsilon$ 

```
function E1: boolean;
begin
  E1 := false;
                                            E
  if token = '+' then begin
      { simulation of rule 2: E' \rightarrow +TE' }
      GetNextToken;
      E1 := T \text{ and } E1;
  end
  else
  if token in [')', '$'] then
      { simulation of rule 3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon}
      E1 := true;
end;
```

## Recursive Descent: Example 3/4

• For  $T' \in N$ : Rules 5:  $T' \to *FT'$ , 6:  $T' \to \varepsilon$ 

```
function T1: boolean;
begin
  T1 := false;
                                            E
  if token = '*' then begin
      { simulation of rule 5: T' \rightarrow *FT' }
      GetNextToken;
      T1 := F \text{ and } T1;
  end
  else
  if token in ['+', ')', '$'] then
      { simulation of rule 6: T' \rightarrow \varepsilon}
      T1 := true;
end;
```

## Recursive Descent: Example 4/4

```
• For F \in N: Rules 7: F \to (E), 8: F \to i
 function F: boolean;
 begin
   F := false;
   if token = '(' then begin
       { simulation of rule 7: F \rightarrow (E) }
       GetNextToken;
       if E then begin
          F := (token = ')');
          GetNextToken;
       end;
                                  Main body:
   end
                                  begin
   else
   if token = 'i' then begin
                                     GetNextToken;
       { simulation of rule 8: F \rightarrow i }
                                     if E then
                                        write('OK')
       F := true;
       GetNextToken;
                                     else
                                        write('ERROR')
   end;
                                  end.
 end;
```

**Start:** 

**Input string:** 

```
i*i
```

Start: GetNextToken; Call E;

**Input string:** 

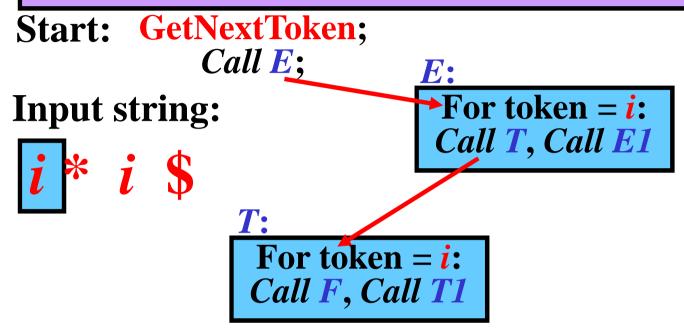


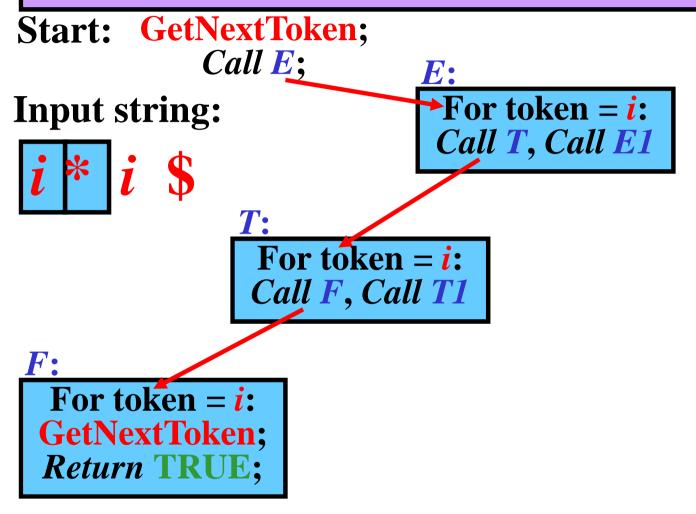
Start: GetNextToken;

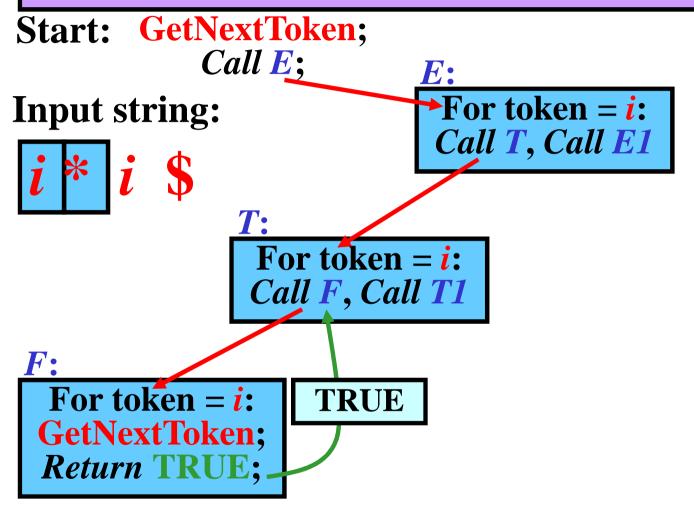
Call E;

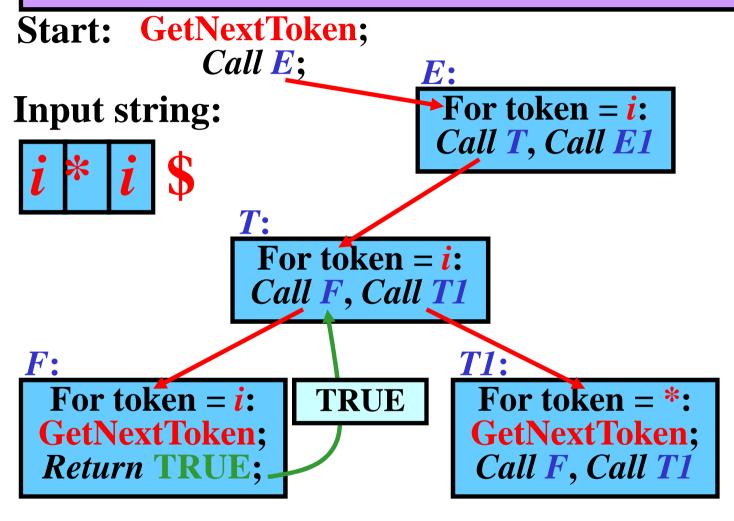
Input string:

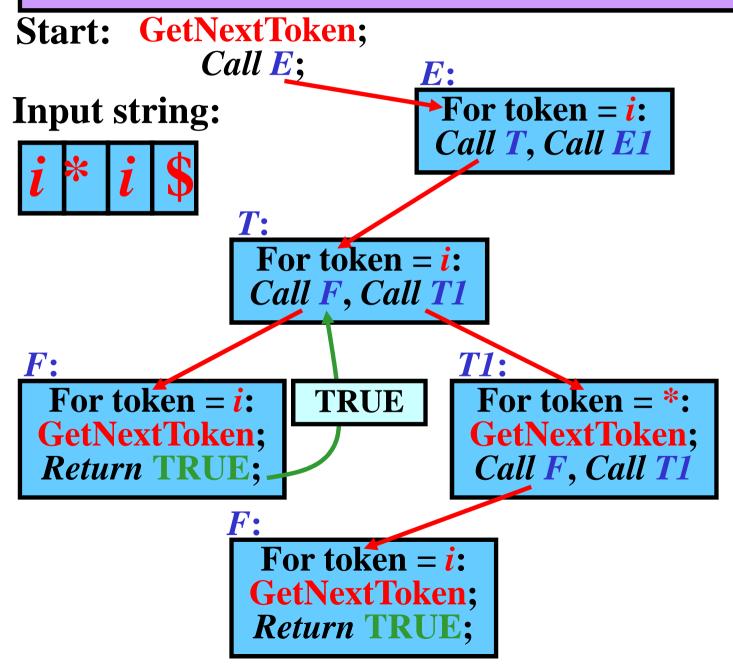
Call T, Call E1

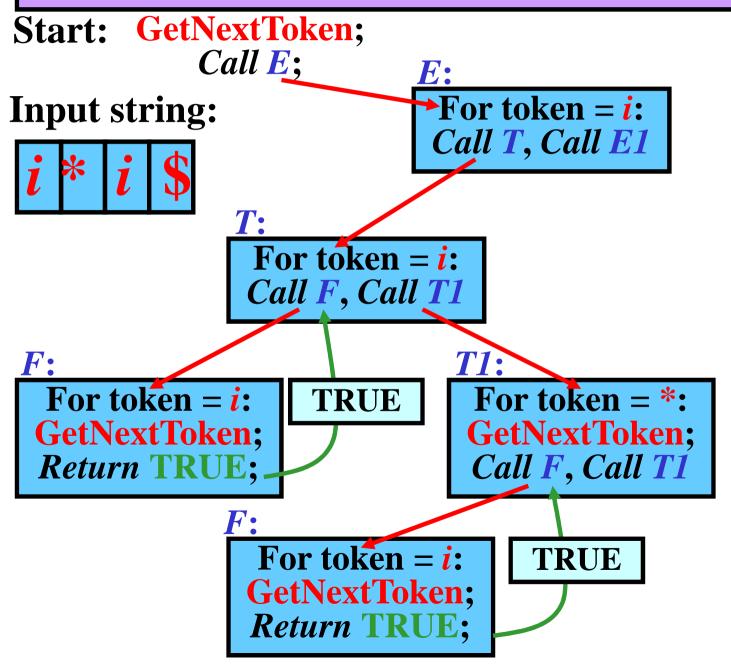


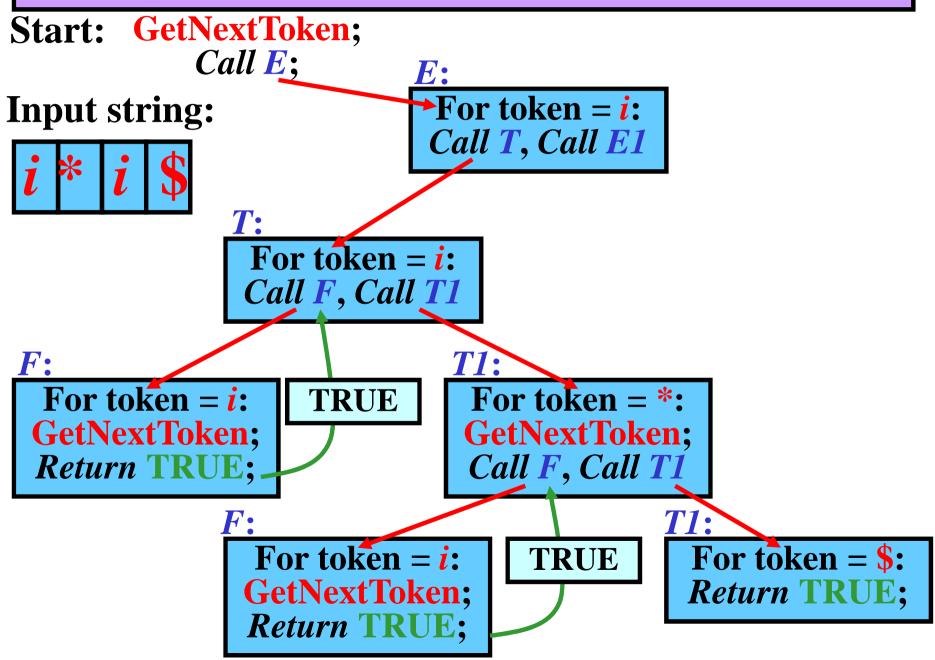


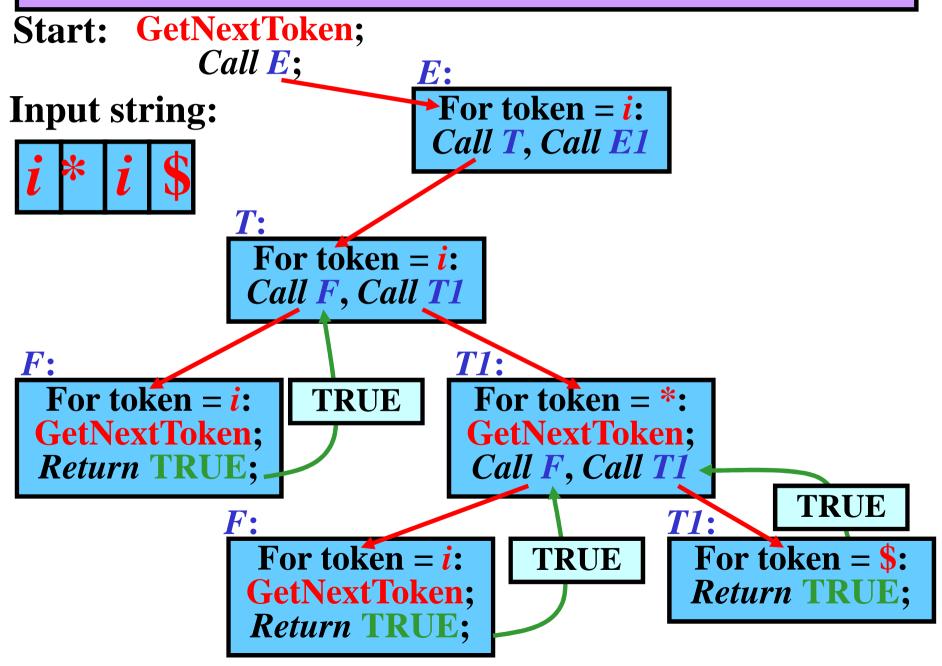


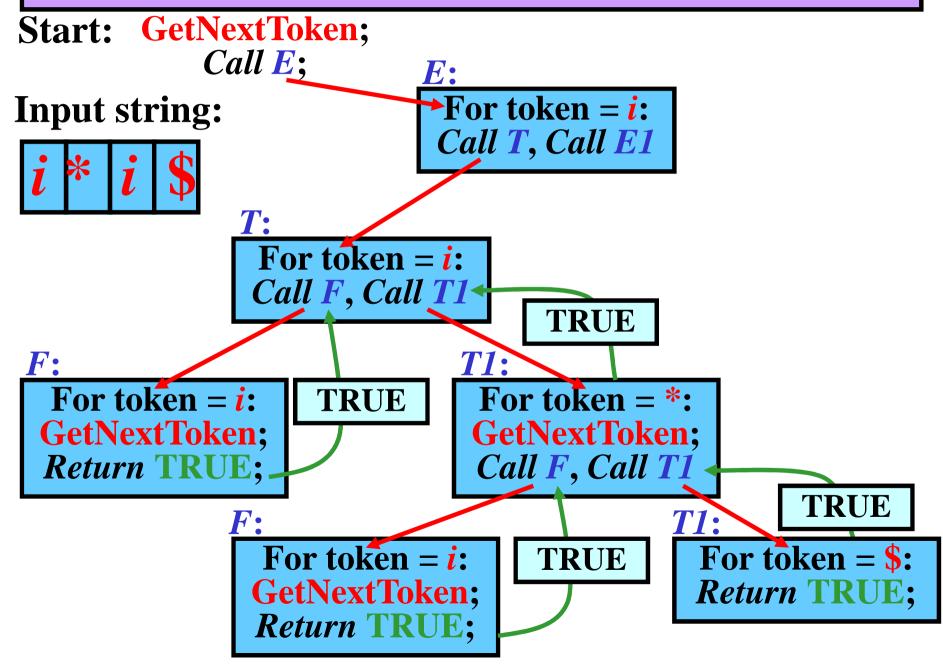


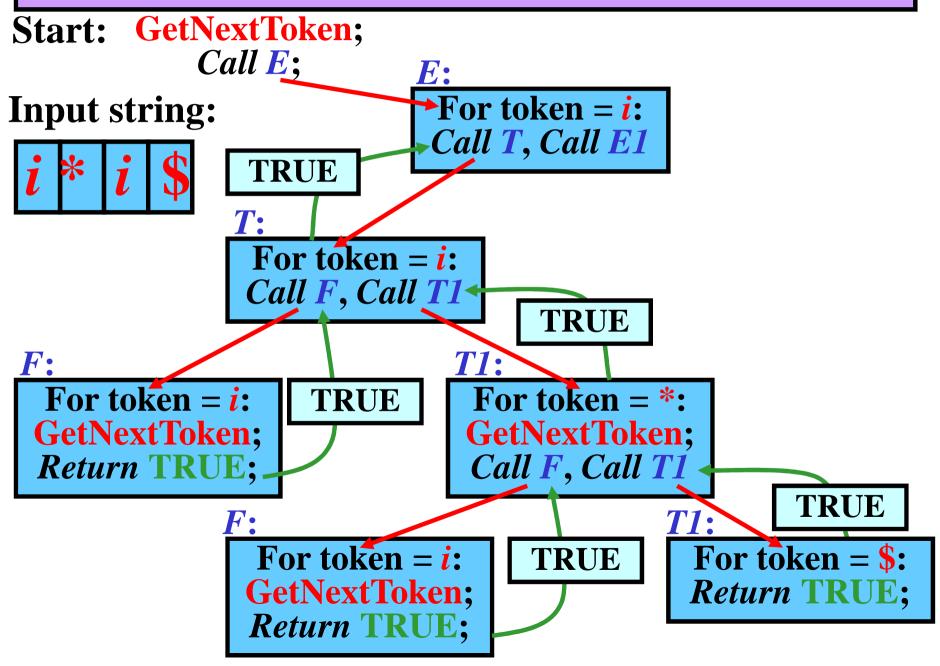


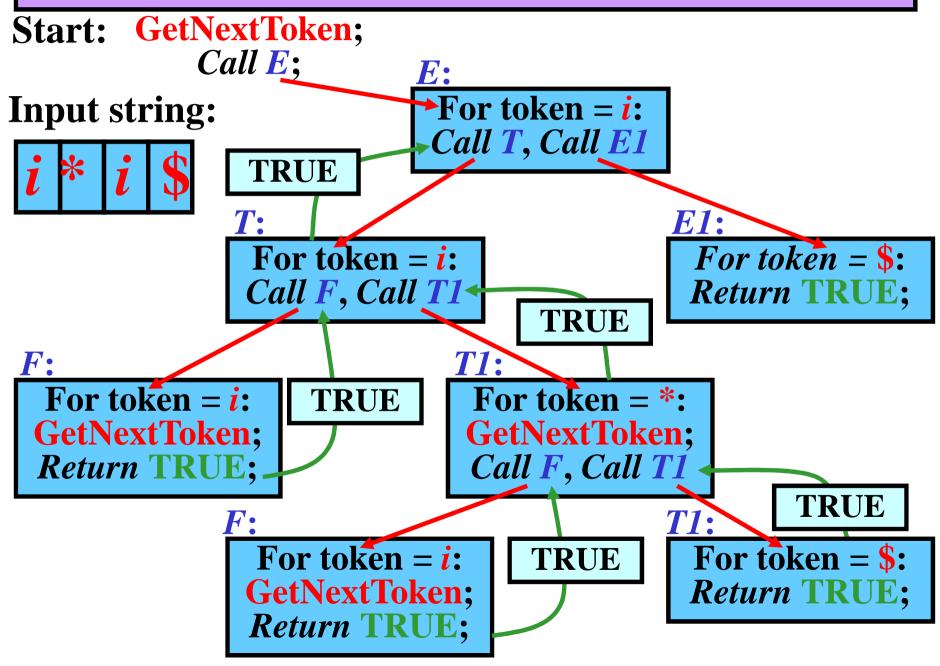


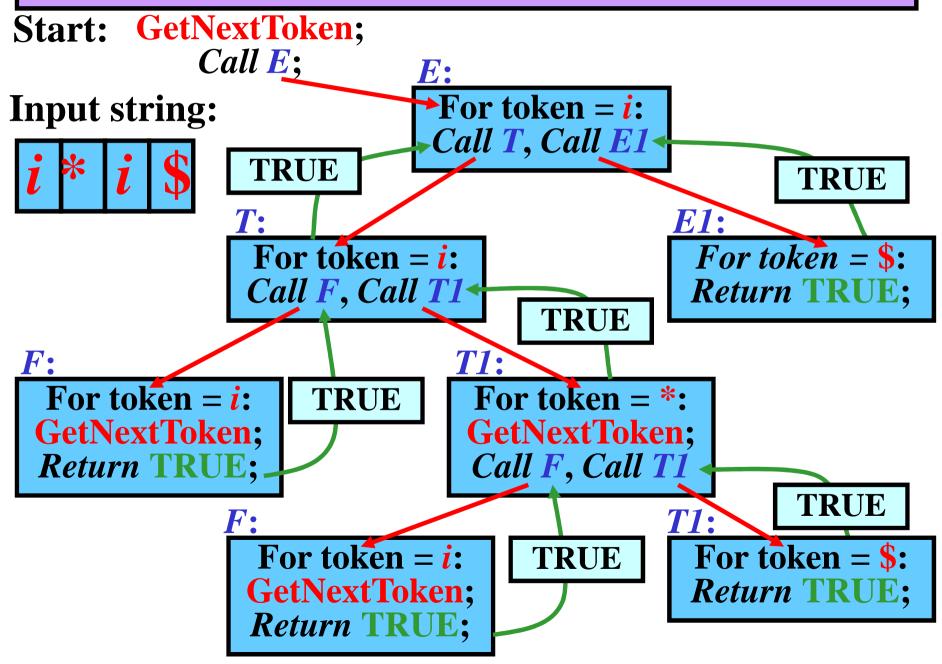


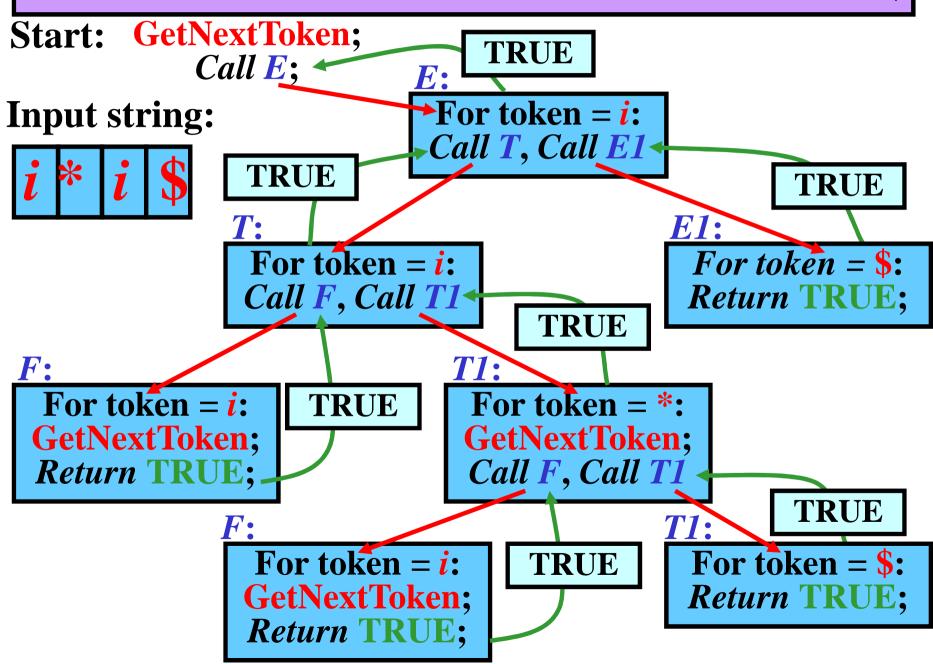






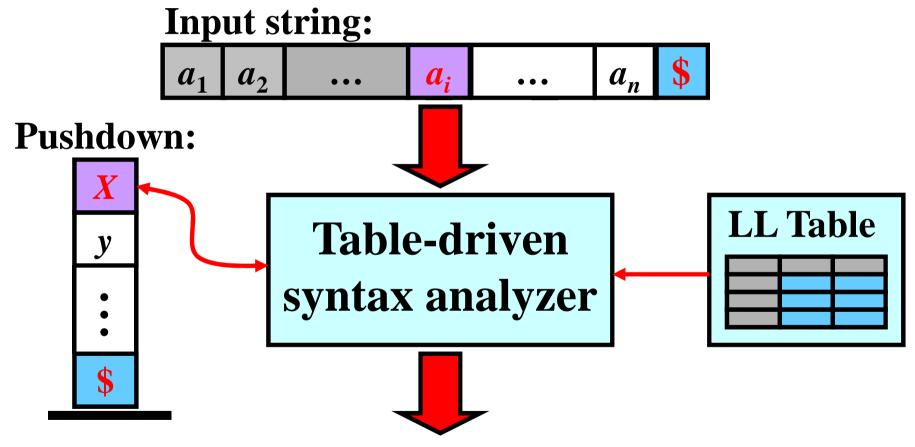






## Predictive Parsing

Model of table-driven syntax analyzer:



**Left parse** = sequence of rules used in the leftmost derivation of the input string.

# Table-Driven Parsing: Algorithm

- Input: LL-table for  $G = (N, T, P, S); x \in T^*$
- Output: Left parse of x if  $x \in L(G)$ ; otherwise, error
- Method:
- push(\$) & push(\$) onto the pushdown;
- while the pushdown is not empty do
  - let X = the pushdown top and a = the current token
  - case X of:
    - X =\$: if a =\$ then success else error;
    - $X \in T$ : if X = a then pop(X) & read next a from input string

#### else error;

•  $X \in N$ : if  $r: X \to x \in LL$ -table [X, a] then replace X with reversal (x) on the pushdown & write r to output else error;

end

	i	+	*			\$
E	1			1		
E		2			3	3
$\boldsymbol{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b>		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

### Input string: i \* i\$

	Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
_				

-			
1 .	יגוו		
	Π,	$\longrightarrow$	

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
E,		2			3	3
$\boldsymbol{T}$	4			4		
<b>T</b> '		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

### Input string: i \* i\$

$TE'  \underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE'}$

•	H'	 ' <b> </b> '  '
•		

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

4: 
$$T \rightarrow FT$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
$\overline{E}$ ,		2			3	3
	4		_	4		
T'		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}'$	8			7		

### Input string: i \* i\$

	Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
	<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
	<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
				_
J				

•	H'	
•		

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

4: 
$$T \rightarrow FT$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

	i	+	*			\$
E	1			1		
E		2			3	3
$\boldsymbol{T}$	4			4		
T'		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

#### Input string: i \* i\$

	Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
	<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i</i> * <i>i</i> \$	$1: E \to TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
	<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
	\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
_				

•	H'	

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

4: 
$$T \rightarrow FT$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

	i	+	*			\$
E	1			1		
E'		2			3	3
	4			4		
T		6	5		6	6
$\mathbf{F}'$	8			7		

### Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

 $3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$ 

 $4: T \rightarrow FT'$ 

 $5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$ 

6:  $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$ 

 $7: F \rightarrow (E)$ 

 $8: F \rightarrow i$ 

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i</i> * <i>i</i> \$	$1: E \to TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE}'$
<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
\$E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		

	i	+	*			\$
$\boldsymbol{E}_{\parallel}$	1			1		
	1	2		1	3	3
T'	4	6	5	4	6	6
$\overline{\boldsymbol{F}}$	8			7		

## Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i</i> * <i>i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
\$E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^*\underline{F}T'E'$

	i	+	*			\$
E	1			1		
E		2			3	3
T	4			4		
T'		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

### Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE}'$
<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i</i> * <i>i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^* \underline{F} T'E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		

	i	+	*			\$
E	1			1		
E'		2			3	3
	4			4		
T'		6	5		6	6
<b>F</b>	8			7		

#### **Rules:**

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE}'$
<b>\$E</b> ' <b>T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^*\underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T'}E'$

	i	+	*		)	<b>\$</b>
E	1			1		
E'	4	2		4	3	3
	4	6	5	4	6	6
F	8	6	3	7	0	U

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

**Rules:** 

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
<b>\$E</b> ' <b>T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow iT'E'$
\$E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^* \underline{F} T' E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T'}E'$
\$E'T'i	<i>i</i> \$		

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
E'	1	2		1	3	3
T T	4	6	5	4	6	6
F	8			7		

## Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE}'$
<b>\$E'T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^*\underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	\$	6: $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*iE'$

# Table-Driven Parsing: Example

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
E		2			3	3
	4		_	4		
	Q	O	5	7	O	O
ľ	0			/		

#### Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

#### Input string: i \* i\$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \to TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{TE}'$
<b>\$E</b> ' <b>T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i\underline{T'}E'$
\$E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^*\underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T}'E'$
E'T'i	<i>i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	\$	6: $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{E}'$
<b>\$E</b> '	\$	$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i^*i$

# Table-Driven Parsing: Example

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
E'	1	2		1	3	3
T T	4	6	5	4	6	6
F	8			7		

# Rules:

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$4: T \rightarrow FT'$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

#### Input string: i \* i\$

Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \to TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
<b>\$E</b> ' <b>T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \to *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^* \underline{F} T'E'$
\$ <i>E</i> 'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	\$	6: $T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*iE'$
\$ <i>E</i> '	\$	$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*i$
\$	_\$		

# Table-Driven Parsing: Example

	i	+	*		)	\$
E	1			1		
E		2			3	3
T	4			4		
<b>T</b> '		6	5		6	6
$\boldsymbol{F}$	8			7		

#### **Rules:**

$$1: E \rightarrow TE'$$

$$2: E' \rightarrow +TE'$$

$$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

4: 
$$T \rightarrow FT$$

$$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$$

6: 
$$T' \rightarrow \varepsilon$$

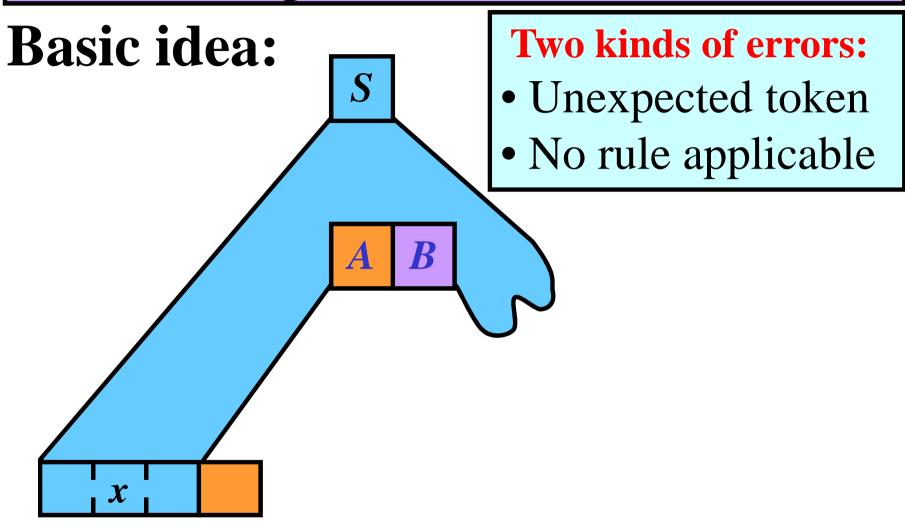
$$7: F \rightarrow (E)$$

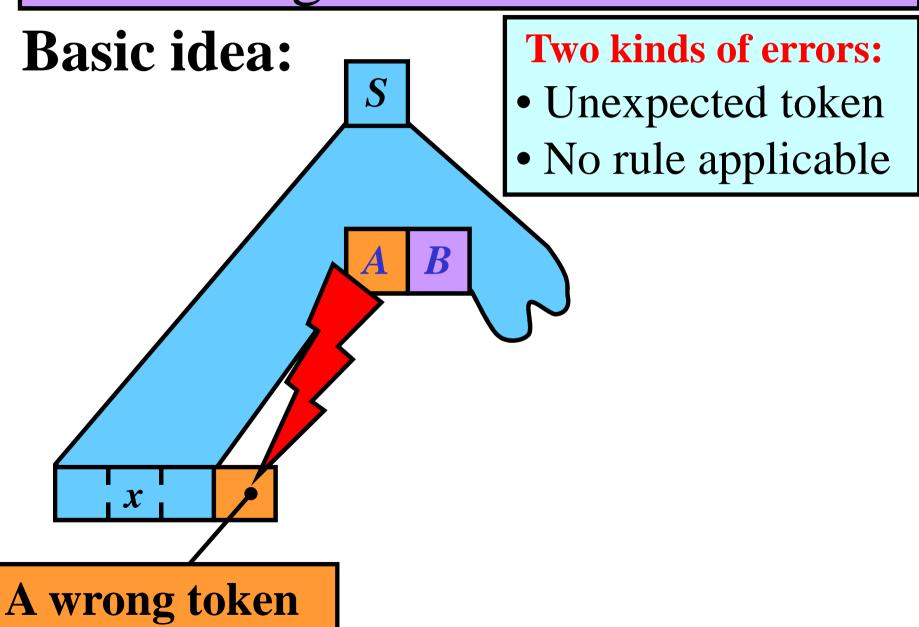
$$8: F \rightarrow i$$

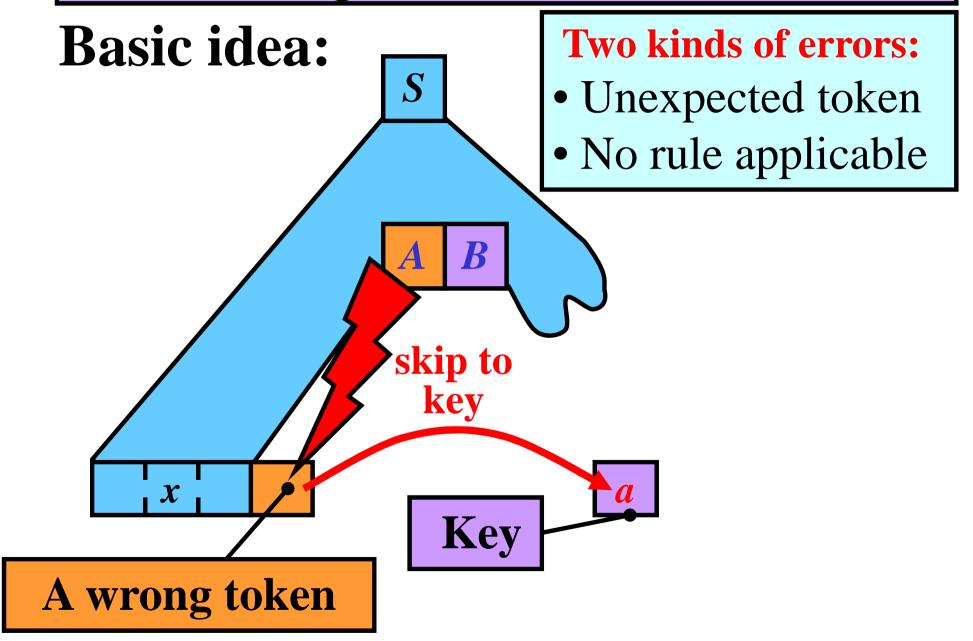
#### Input string: i \* i\$

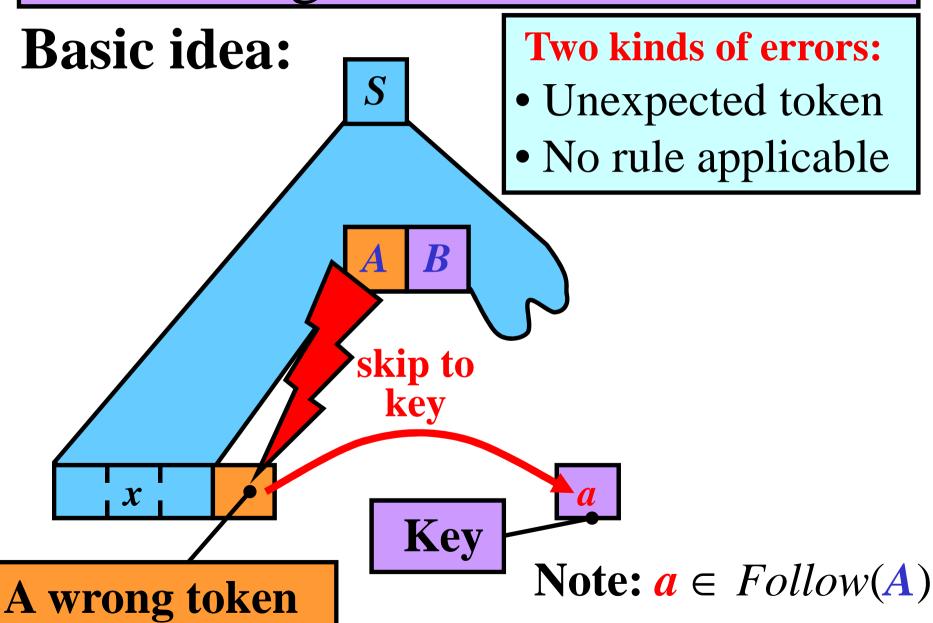
Pushdown	Input	Rule	Derivation
<b>\$</b> <i>E</i>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$1: E \rightarrow TE'$	$\underline{E} \Rightarrow \underline{T}E'$
<b>\$E</b> ' <b>T</b>	<i>i*i</i> \$	$4: T \to FT'$	$\Rightarrow \underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F	<i>i*i</i> \$	$8: F \rightarrow i$	$\Rightarrow i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i*i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	*i\$	$5: T' \rightarrow *FT'$	$\Rightarrow i^*\underline{F}T'E'$
\$E'T'F*	*i\$		
\$E'T'F	<i>i</i> \$	$8: \mathbf{F} \rightarrow \mathbf{i}$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{T'}E'$
E'T'i	<i>i</i> \$		
\$E'T'	\$	6: $T$ $\rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*i\underline{E}'$
\$ <b>E</b> '	\$	$3: E' \rightarrow \varepsilon$	$\Rightarrow i*i$
\$	_\$	Succ	cess

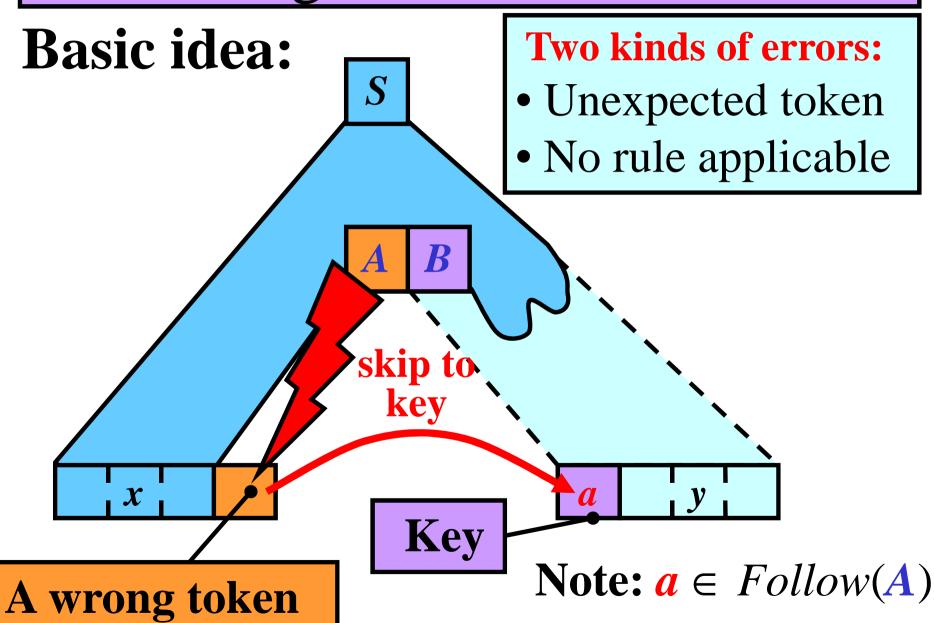
**Left parse: 148586** 



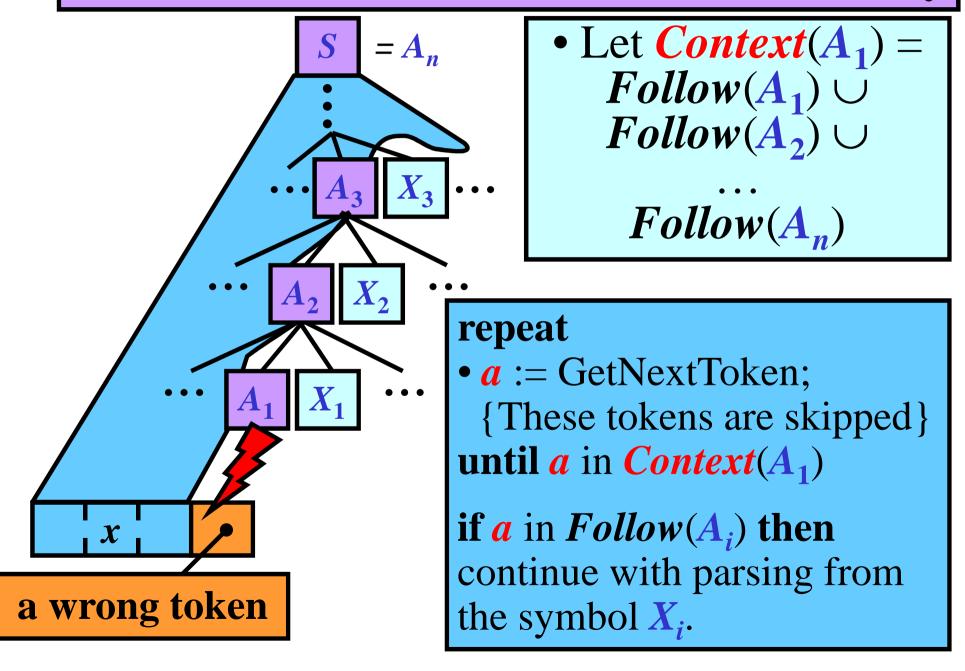


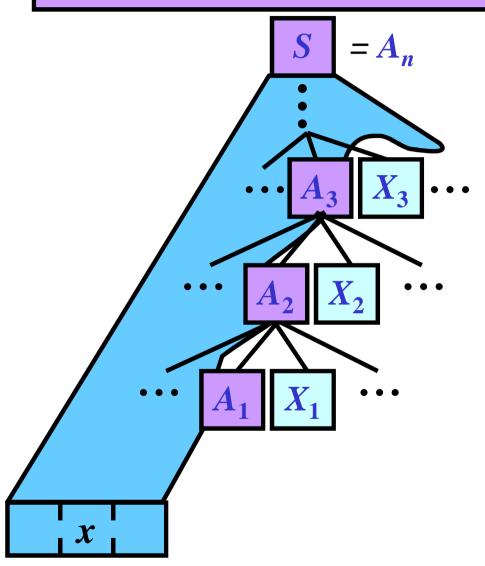


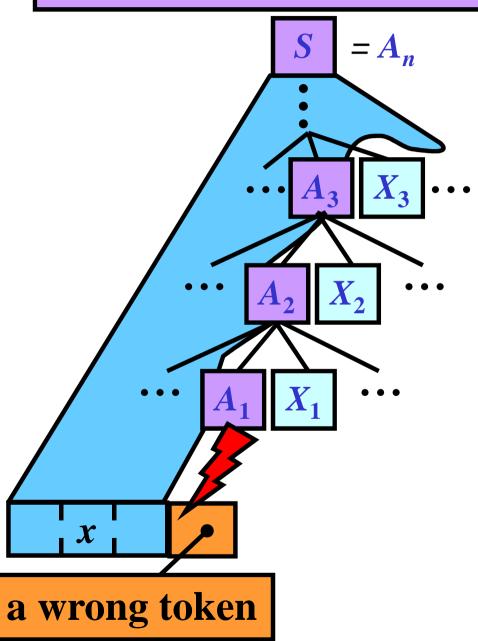


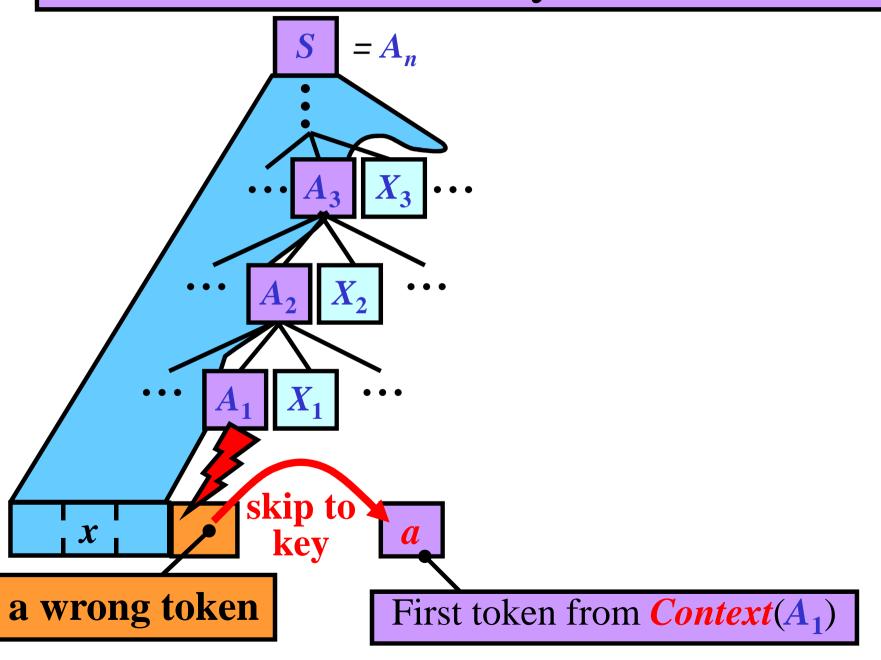


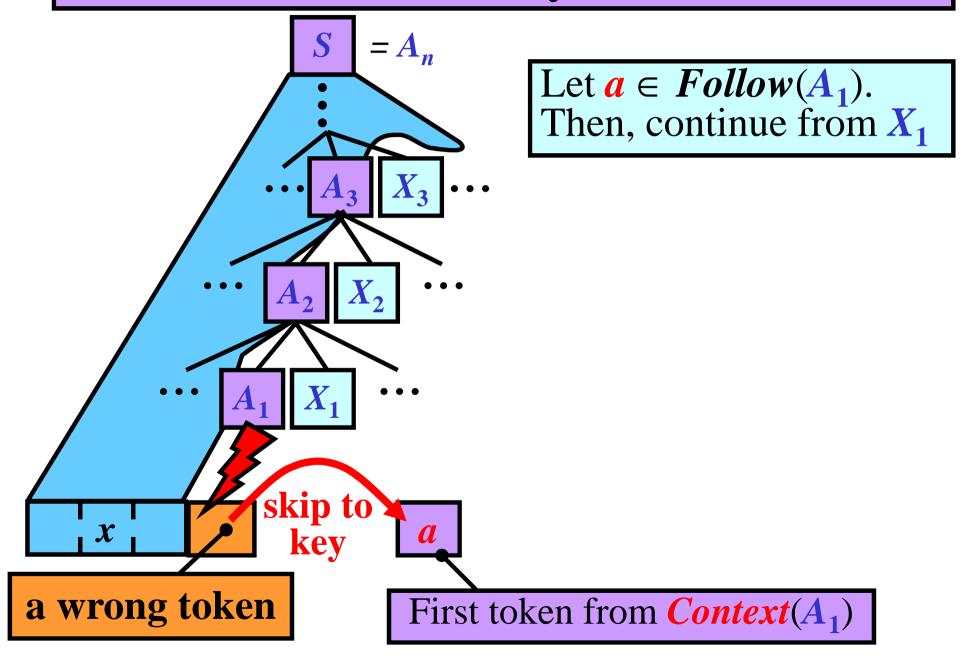
#### Panic-Mode (Hartmann) Error Recovery

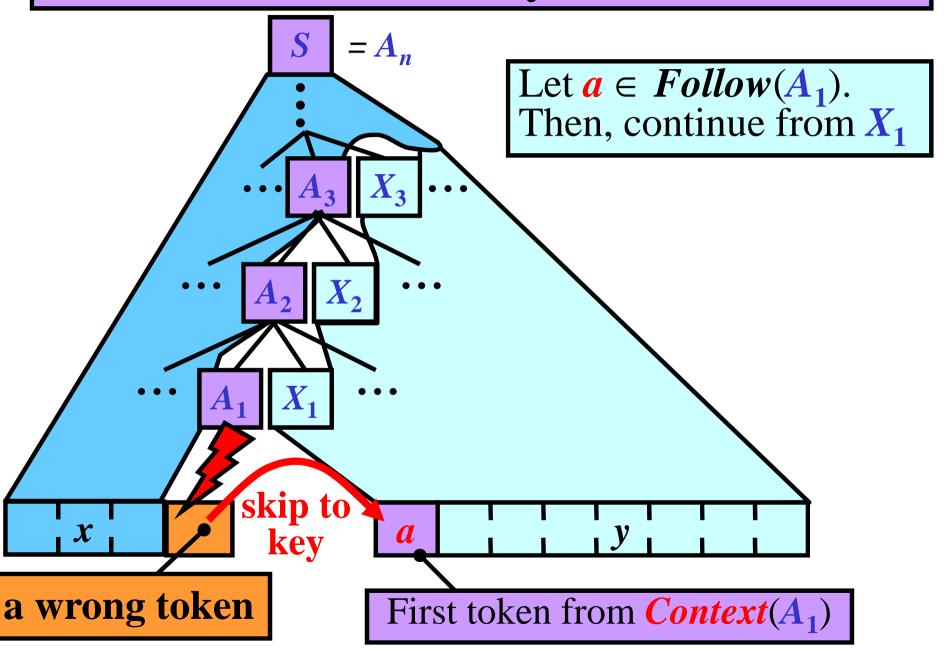


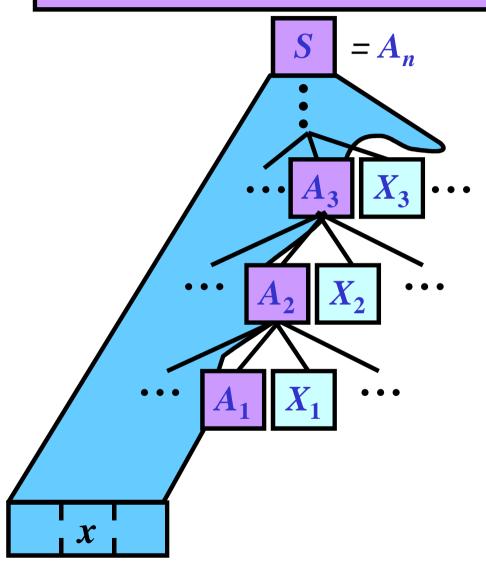


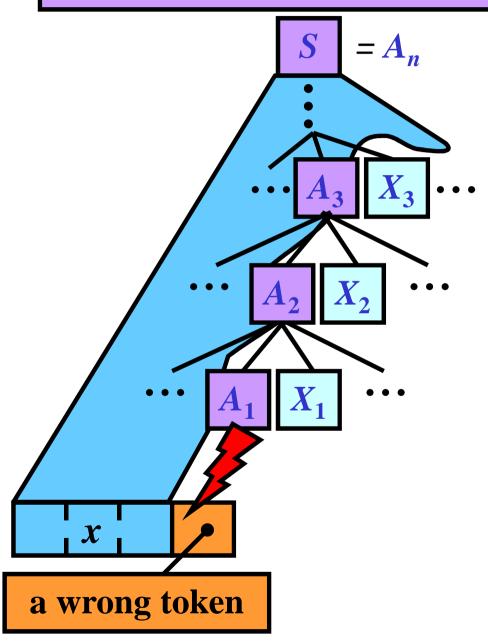


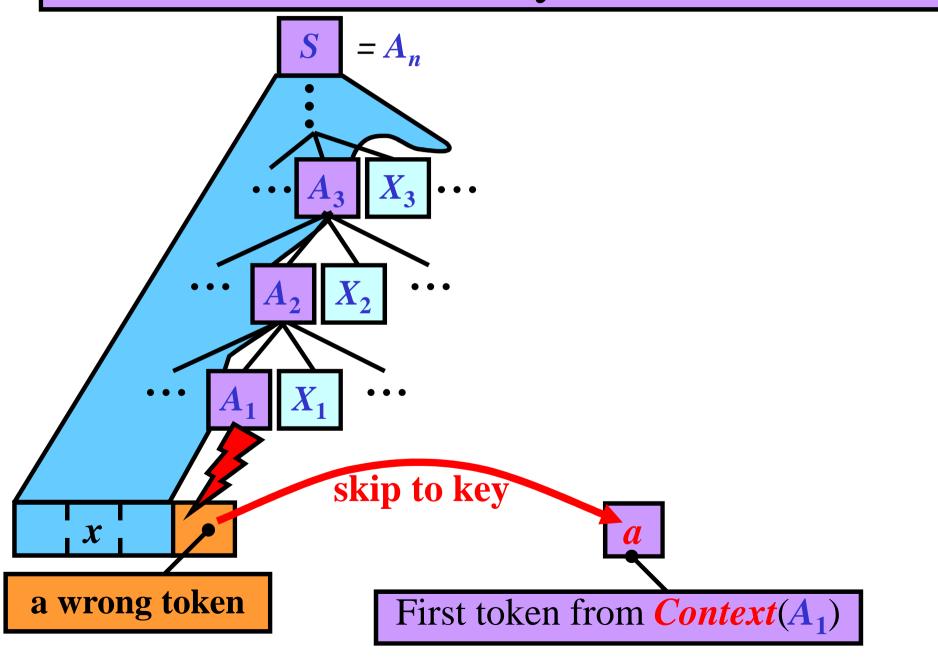


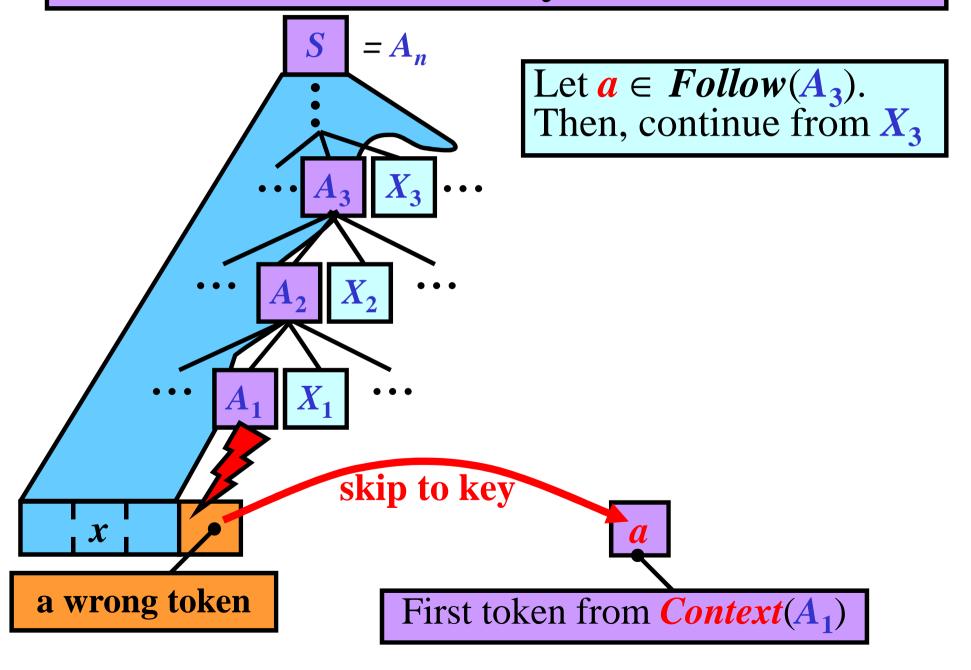


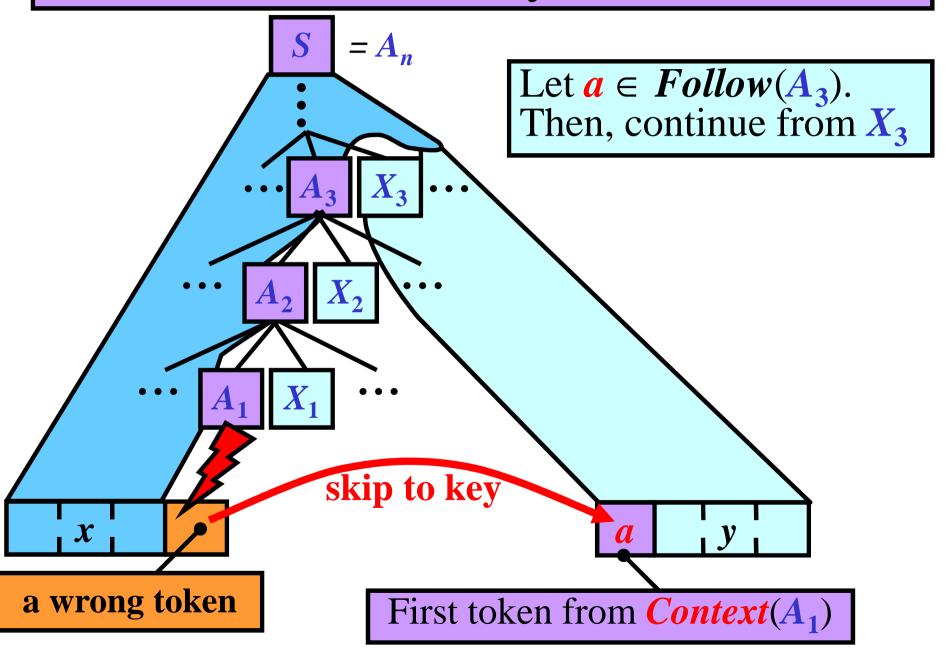












#### Context(X) for Predictive Parser: Variant I

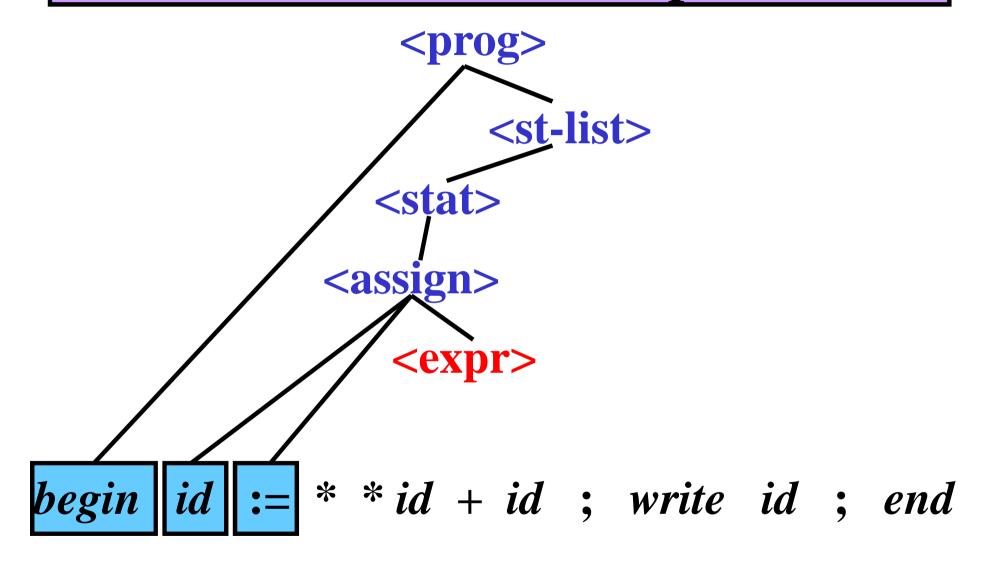
```
For G = (N, T, P, S),

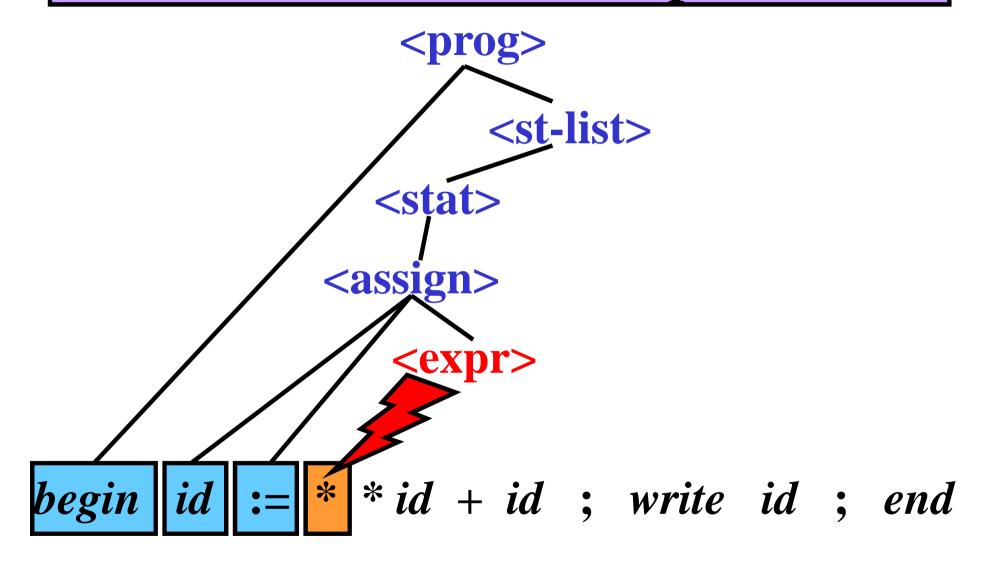
Context(A) = Follow(A) for every A \in N
```

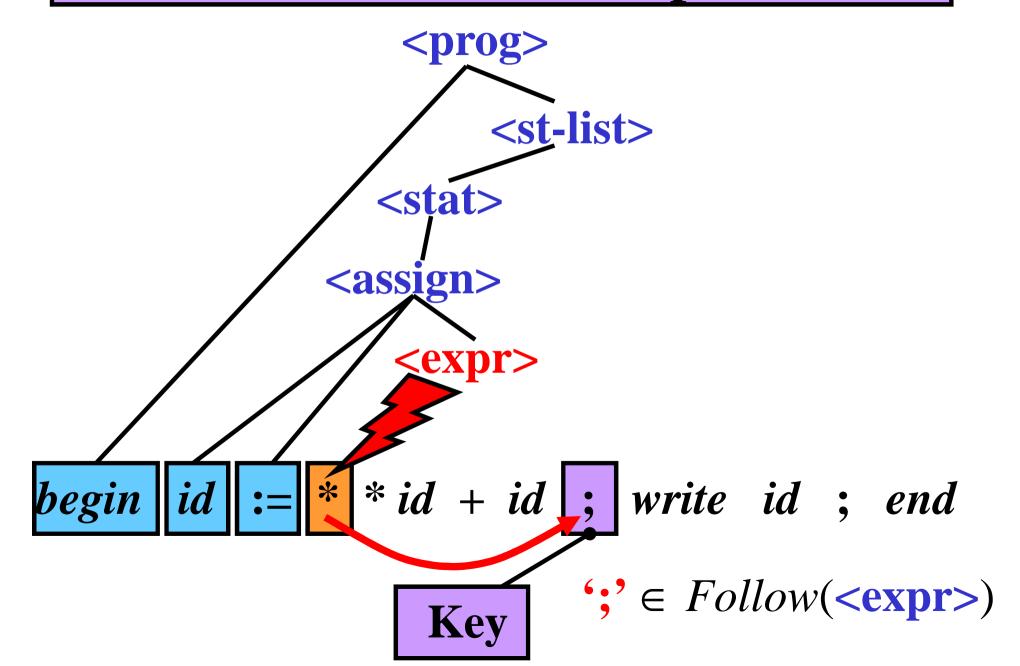
- Method:
- Let A be pushdown top & no rule is applicable:
- repeat

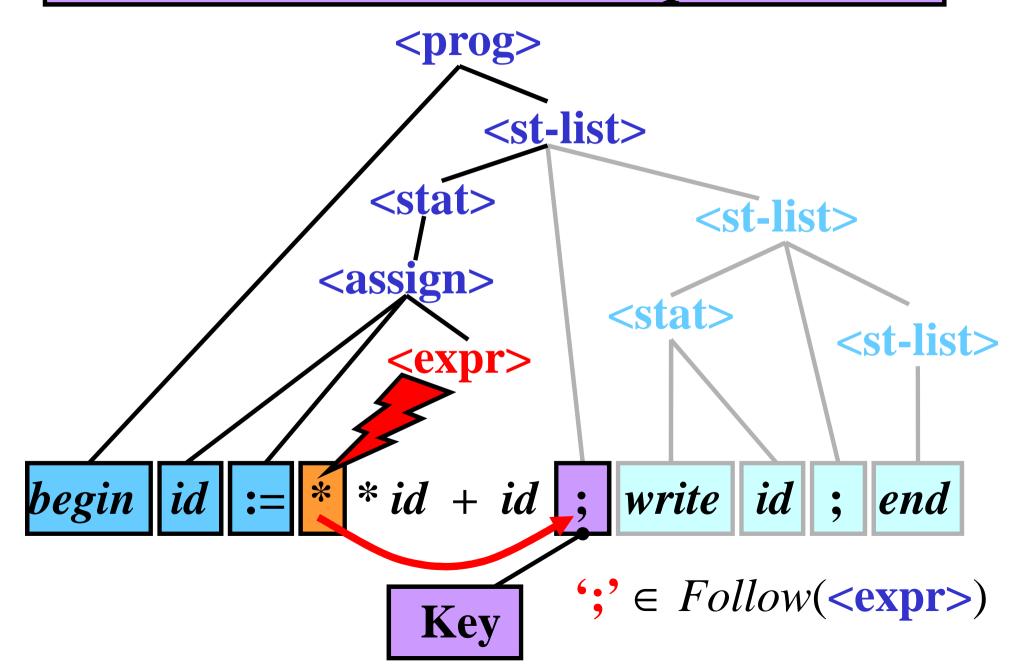
```
a := GetNextToken;
{These tokens are skipped}
until a in Context(A)
```

• pop A from the pushdown;









#### Context(X) for Predictive Parser: Variant II

```
For G = (N, T, P, S),

Context(A) = First(A) \cup Follow(A) for every A \in N
```

- Method:
- Let A be pushdown top & no rule is applicable:
- repeat

```
a := GetNextToken;
{These tokens are skipped}
until a in Context(A)
```

• if  $a \in First(A)$  then resume according to A else pop A from the pushdown  $//a \in Follow(A)$ 

