Technical Project Report - Android Module

# **EatAnywhere**

Subject: Computação Móvel

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Project **EatAnywhere** is a detailed restaurant application that provides

abstract: information about restaurants provided by the most exhaustive curated

restaurant information API, Zomato, such as rating, cuisines, price,

reviews and a few more. Besides those, the user can take advantage of a map that marks restaurants nearby and is also able to select his favorites

restaurants and obtain directions to any location.

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## 1 Application concept

Nowadays when it comes to public services there are many applications that help people to be more informed and facilitate their daily activities. EatAnywhere is not different, as the name says, the aim is to help people eat anywhere they want using our services. But it's not just that, EatAnywhere allows their users to see detailed information about each restaurant what allows them to search the kind of restaurant they want (if they want fast food, sushi, traditional food, etc) and also know the restaurant quality not only by the ratings but also with the comments from other users. Besides that, our users have a list section where they can store all their favorite restaurants and, beyond that, they can also take full advantage of a map that allows them to be informed about restaurants near them and the respective directions.

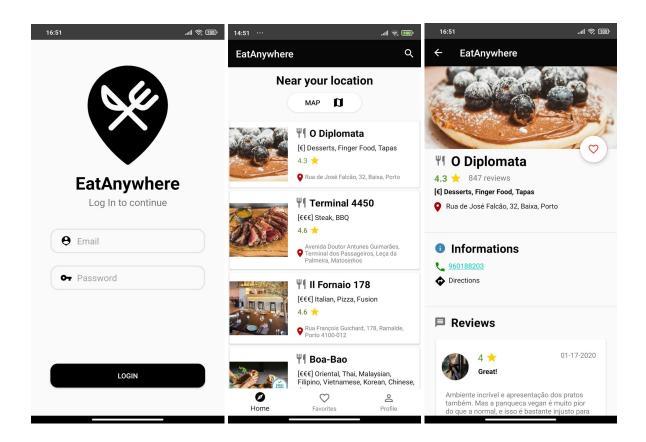
Basically EatAnywhere is an app designed for restaurant lovers who really like to be informed about all the restaurants near them giving all the information they need such as the restaurant cellphone, precise location, restaurant type, directions and users reviews. (rever melhor esta parte)

## 2 Implemented solution

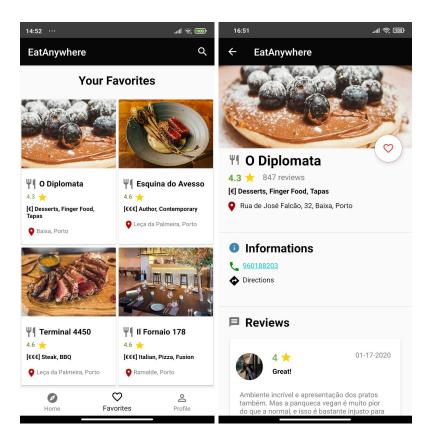
#### **Architecture Overview**

Our app is divided into 3 main fragments: Home fragment, Favorites fragment and Profile fragment. From each of these we launch new activities to show more information.

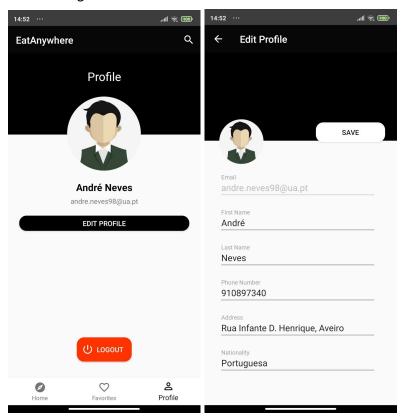
In the **home fragment**, we display a list of nearby restaurants using a LinearLayout RecyclerView, in order to be dynamic. These results are fetched from an API that will be explained later in this document, and are displayed only when the data is available. By clicking on an item, a new activity is launched with details about the restaurant selected, such as name, aggregated rating, total reviews, cuisines, price, address, phone number, directions and real reviews. In this page, we implemented 3 intents (2 from google maps and 1 dialer): show the address in google maps, trace a route to the destination from the current location (directions) and the phone dialer to call the restaurant's number. Also in this page, we are able to mark a restaurant as a favorite, which will be stored in the Firebase Firestore database.



In the **favorites fragment**, we display the user's favorite restaurants on a GridLayout recycler view. Once an item is clicked, the same activity as before is launched to show its details. The floating action button is responsible for triggering the Firebase Firestore database operations, in this case adding/removing the restaurant to/from the user's favorites.



Finally, in the **profile fragment** is where the user can see and edit his information, as well as logout and leave the app. This information, like the restaurants', is stored in our database and can be changed.



#### **API and Sensors**

#### **Zomato API**

In order to fetch the restaurants' informations, we used the <u>Zomato API</u> which provides the most exhaustive curated restaurant information and it's free (1000 calls/day). The communication was done using Retrofit, as recommended at practical classes. We faced some challenges retrieving the data caused by the structure of the data we were being given, which we have solved by creating several classes in order to correctly map the nested JSONs.

We use 3 queries for our data: one that searches a given location and returns 2 required fields for the next query (entity\_id and entity\_type), that represent a city ID and type (e.g. Porto: entity\_id=311, entity\_type=city); these fields are used in the second query for more precise results, which searches restaurants in that location; the third and last query is responsible for fetching reviews of a given restaurant. Overall, our requests follow this structure:

### 1. Location query

```
curl -X GET --header "Accept: application/json" --header "user-key:
37b8d502880d1f6d3bb55fc522c92f45"
"https://developers.zomato.com/api/v2.1/locations?query=Porto"
```

#### 2. Search query

```
curl -X GET --header "Accept: application/json" --header "user-key:
37b8d502880d1f6d3bb55fc522c92f45"
"https://developers.zomato.com/api/v2.1/search?entity_id=311&entity_type=city"
```

```
"restaurant": {
       "R": {
         "res_id": 18165844,
         "is_grocery_store": false,
         "has_menu_status": {
           "delivery": -1,
           "takeaway": -1
       "apikey": "37b8d502880d1f6d3bb55fc522c92f45",
"https://www.zomato.com/porto/terminal-4450-leça-da-palmeira?utm source=api basic user&u
       "location": {
         "address": "Avenida Doutor Antunes Guimarães, Terminal dos Passageiros, Leça
         "city": "Porto",
         "city id": 311,
         "latitude": "41.1875441294",
         "longitude": "-8.6989925802",
         "zipcode": "",
         "country_id": 164,
         "locality verbose": "Leça da Palmeira, Porto"
       "switch_to_order_menu": 0,
       "timings": "12:30 a 15:00, 19:30 a 23:00 (Seg, Ter, Qua, Qui, Dom), 12:30 a
       "average_cost_for_two": 70,
       "price_range": 4,
       "currency": "€",
       "highlights": [
```

```
"offers": [],
        "opentable_support": 0,
        "is_zomato_book_res": 1,
        "mezzo_provider": "ZOMATO_BOOK",
        "is book form web view": 0,
        "book_form_web_view_url": "",
        "thumb":
        "user_rating": {
          "aggregate_rating": "4.6",
          "rating_text": "Excellent",
          "rating_color": "3F7E00",
          "rating_obj": {
            "bg color": {
              "type": "lime",
              "tint": "800"
          "votes": 2219
        "all reviews count": 924,
        "photos_url":
        "photo count": 2469,
        "menu_url":
        "featured image":
5eb.jpg",
        "medio_provider": "",
        "has_online_delivery": 0,
        "is_delivering_now": 0,
        "store_type": "",
        "include bogo offers": true,
        "deeplink": "zomato://restaurant/18165844",
        "is table reservation supported": 1,
        "has_table_booking": 1,
        "book url":
ser&utm medium=api&utm campaign=v2.1",
        "events_url":
```

```
"phone_numbers": "919851933",
    "all_reviews": {
        "reviews": []
        },
        {
            "review": []
        },
        "establishment": [
            "Casual Dining"
        ],
        "establishment_types": []
    }
},
```

## 3. Reviews query

```
curl -X GET --header "Accept: application/json" --header "user-key:
37b8d502880d1f6d3bb55fc522c92f45"
"https://developers.zomato.com/api/v2.1/reviews?res_id=18420894"
```

In terms of sensors, we used real location to use with the map's intent.

### Google Maps API & Places API

In order to take advantage of a personalized map implemented in our system we used Google Maps API that detects user current location. To achieve our main goal we had to use Places API to make a http request with user current location and receive a JSON file with all restaurants information near him as we can see in the code below.

#### Resquest:

https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/place/nearbysearch/json?location=39.6712975,-8.6 568081&radius=6000&type=restaurant&key=API Key

#### Response:

```
"lng": -8.676138099999999
            "viewport" : {
              "northeast" : {
                 "lng" : -8.674482919708497
               "southwest" : {
                 "lng" : -8.677180880291502
         "name" : "Hotel Fátima",
        "opening hours" : {
           "open_now" : true
        "photos" : [
              "height" : 1119,
               "html attributions" : [
               "photo_reference" :
"ATtYBwLPQIhhp7r-eu Vv3Mgz1e0aFck-QLo94Lcxek6CFOuvkWLy2WajfZMDoXrMrls13Ch0 ca-52uB g4XmL
              "width" : 1990
        "place_id" : "ChIJWWJq4TudGA0RV9pWxqeofsQ",
        "plus code" : {
            "compound_code" : "J8JF+CG Fátima, Portugal",
            "global_code" : "8CFHJ8JF+CG"
        "rating" : 4.3,
        "reference" : "ChIJWWJq4TudGA0RV9pWxqeofsQ",
        "scope" : "GOOGLE",
        "types" : [ "lodging", "restaurant", "food", "point of interest",
         "user_ratings_total" : 681,
        "vicinity" : "Rua João Paulo II, Fátima"
```

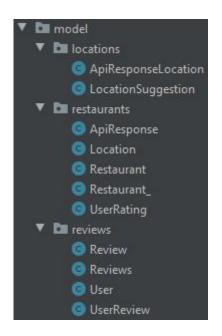
We use this information to create a list of markers so that when a user goes to the **Map** section he can see all restaurants near him marked.

This JSON file contains better information about each restaurant near each user but we

opted for Zomato API because using Places API we didn't have enough permissions to make the number of queries we want. (it's limited).

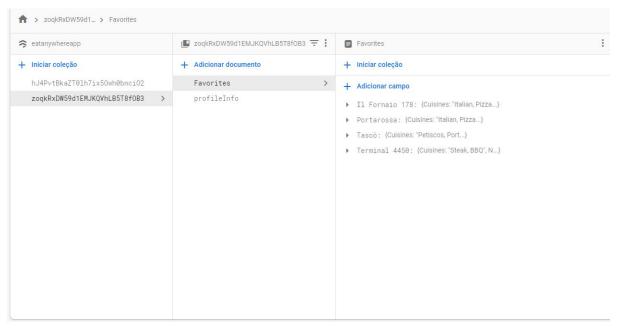
#### **Data models**

Because of the nested JSONs, we were forced to define all these classes, otherwise we couldn't use the data properly.



#### **Firebase**

Firebased was used as our database first to authenticate a user and then to save profile info for each user and also a list of favorite restaurants.



#### Fig 2 - Firebase structure

Each collection represents the user ID and in each user ID we have two documents one to save the profile Info and another one to save the list of a user's favorite restaurants.

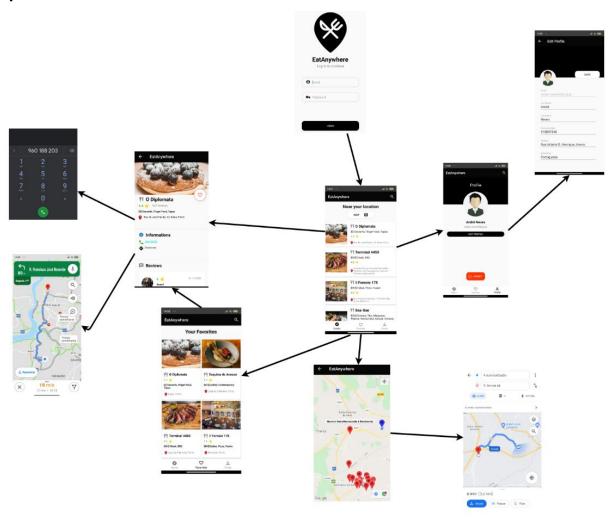
#### ProfileInfo

- Stores personal information about the user that can be changed in the application
- If a user doesn't have information it will appear a pop up that will inform the user to add his profile information
- Displayed in profile section
- o Profile information contains:
  - Address
  - First name and last name
  - Phone number
  - Nationality
  - Email

#### Favorites

- o Stores favorite restaurants added by the user
- User can remove or add them in favorites page or home page
- Each restaurant represents a list that contains all the information about it including a list of reviews
- Used in favorites page and in each restaurant details to check if restaurant belongs to favorite list or not

## Implemented interactions



## **Project Limitations**

In this topic we can cover points such as time, APIs and research. First of all, given the current situation we are facing and taking into account every course unit plus thesis, our work load is much higher than normal, meaning that we consider that our time was very limited. Second of all, limitations concerning the google maps API are out of our control, but still was a feature limitation, in some way. And last, the time that we spent researching solutions to our problems and tutorials took a huge part of our effort. The features that are missing and we had planned were sorting by cost, rating and searching restaurants on a user specified location. Nevertheless, we are happy with the final result as we present a simple UI with a minimalistic design and a perfectly working app with external APIs, database and sensors integration.

## 3 Conclusions and Resources

#### **Lessons learned**

- Google Maps problems:
  - To search automatically restaurants( and mark them) nearby using our current location we had to create an account with billing options because we didn't have enough permissions without that. We tried with Google Maps Places API, Directions API, Geolocation API, Maps static API but all without success. To accomplish that we made a http request to Google Maps that retrieves a json with multiple information about the restaurants nearby.
- Zomato API problems:
  - Correctly mapping the data into objects.
- Design problems:
  - A lot of effort is put into design. Multiple difficulties but we were able to solve them all.

## Key project resources

- Code repository: https://github.com/andreneves98/EatAnywhereApp.git
- Ready-to-deploy APK: in repo
- Video Demo: https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=MzAC6-Pvi4s

#### Reference materials:

- Zomato API: <a href="https://developers.zomato.com/api?lang=pt">https://developers.zomato.com/api?lang=pt</a>
- Firebase Firestore Database: <a href="https://firebase.google.com/docs/firestore">https://firebase.google.com/docs/firestore</a>
- Google Maps API: <a href="https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-sdk/start">https://developers.google.com/maps/documentation/android-sdk/start</a>

#### **Contributions:**

André Neves: 60%Dany Costa: 40%