First Name: _____ Student ID: _____

Relationships between Points, Lines and Planes (1)

- 1. Without solving, determine if the given line intersects the given plane at a single point or not:
- a. π : 3x y + 4z 8 = 0

$$I: (x, y, z) = (3, 0, 5) + t(7, -11, 18)$$

b.
$$\pi$$
: $\vec{r} = (0, 0, 1) + t(1, 1, -1) + u(13, 3, 2)$

I:
$$\vec{r}$$
 = (5, -1, 4) + t(1, -2, 3)

c.
$$\pi$$
: 6x -2y + 2z +6 = 0

$$l: \vec{r} = (4, 12, -19) + t(2, -3, -9)$$

2. For each part of Question 1, find the intersection of the line with the plane.

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3. Find the intersection of the line and the plane.

a.
$$\frac{x+4}{3}$$
 = z, y = 0 and $x-2y-3z+4=0$

b.
$$\begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 1 - t \\ z = -4 + t \end{cases} \text{ and } \begin{cases} x = 2 + 2m + 2n \\ y = 3 - m \\ z = -5 + m - n \end{cases}$$

4. Which of the following lines lie in the plane 3x-y-3z-12=0?

a.
$$\vec{r} = (2,-9, 1) + t(1, 0, 1)$$

b.
$$\vec{r} = (4, 0, 0) + t(2, 3, -1)$$

c.
$$\vec{r} = (1, 5, -2) + t(3, 2, 1)$$

- **5.** Find the point on the line $\vec{r} = (6, 7, -8) + t(-2, 4, 1)$ that is also
- a. on the xy plane.
- b. on the yz plane.

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6. Find the point on the plane x– 2y+ z– 8= 0 that is closest to (10, 12, 4) (Hint: it is on a line that passes through the given point, perpendicular to the plane.)

7. Find the value(s) of a and b such that the given plane and line 4x-2y-z+12=0, $\overrightarrow{r}=(3,4,a)+t(7,b,6)$

- a. Intersect at every point on the line.
- b. Intersect at a single point.
- c. Do not intersect.

8. For each pair of planes, determine whether they intersect in a line, are coincident, or are parallel and distinct:

a.
$$2x-y+3z-8=0$$
 and $6x-3y+9z+3=0$

b.
$$4x+3y+z-8=0$$
 and $3x-y-2z-2=0$

c.
$$12x-6y+15z-9=0$$
 and $20x-10y+25z-15=0$

- **9**. Find the intersection of the two planes given.
- a. 2x-2y+5z+10=0
- and 2x+y-4z+7=0
- b. 3x-2y+5z+3=0
- and 6x-4y+10z+7=0

10. Find the Cartesian equation of the plane that is perpendicular to the plane $\vec{r} = (4,-5,2)+s(2,1,3)+t(-1,4,0)$ and intersects it at the line $\vec{r} = (4,-5,2)+t(1,-1,1)$.

11. Given the two planes below, find the value(s) of *k* that make the two planes intersect in the desired way, if possible. Explain your reasoning.

$$6x - 9y + 15z = 21$$

$$10x-15y+kz = 35$$

a. Along a whole plane.

b. Along a single line.

c. No intersection.

d. At a single point.