First Name: _____ Student ID: _____

Review Questions

1. Compute each limit.

a.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{9 - x^2}{x^3 - 27}$$

b.
$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{x-2}{x+2}$$

c.
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{-2x^6 - 8}{-2x^5 + 5}$$

d.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{\sqrt{7-x}-2}{x-3}$$

2. For each case find f'(x):

a.
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 7x^2 + x + \pi$$

b.
$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 4\sqrt[4]{x} + ... + 2016\sqrt[2016]{x}$$

c.
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3} - \dots - \frac{1}{x^{2016}}$$

d.
$$f(x) = \frac{3x^7 - 2x^5 + x^3 - 10x^2 + 1}{x^2}$$

e.
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+1}$$

f.
$$f(x) = (\frac{x+1}{x-1})^{10}$$

g.
$$f(x) = \sin^3(x^3-1)$$

$$h. f(x) = In(sinx)$$

3. Use the first principles to find the derivatives of $f(x) = x^3 - 1$.

4. For each case, use the first derivative sign to find the intervals of increase or decrease, LM, Lm.

a.
$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 1$$

b.
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{1+x^2}$$

c. f (x) = $e^x(x^2 + 1)$.

5. Use implicit differentiation to find y'(1) if y(x) is defined by the equation $x^3 + y^3 = 2x$.

6. Analyze the differentiability of the functions:

a.
$$y = f(x) = |x - 3|$$

b.
$$y = f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2 + x + 1 & \text{if } x \ge 0 \\ x^2 + x + 1 & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

7. Find a function of the form $f(x) = ax^4 + bx^2 + cx + d$ with a local maximum at (0, -6) and a local minimum at (1, -8).

8. Evaluate $h'(e^2)$ for $h(x) = \sqrt{\ln x}$.

9. If $g(x)=e^{2x-1}\ln(2x-1)$, evaluate g'(1).

Calculus Class 8 Homework

10. Evaluate f'(2) for f(x) =
$$\cos \frac{\pi}{x}$$
.

11. Determine
$$f'(0)$$
 for $f(t) = 2e^{3t}$ -5t.

12. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 at $x = 0$ for $y = \frac{x \cos x}{1 + e^x}$.