

Name: _____

Around the World in Eighty Days: Chapters 31-37

Read and complete with a **full sentence**.

1. How late for the bet did Phileas Fogg believe he was?

2. What problem did the engineer reveal to Phileas Fogg about their journey?

3. At what hotel did the group spend the night in New York?

4. When Phileas Fogg discovered the true bank robber had been arrested and he had been detained unnecessarily, what did he do?

5. Why did Phileas Fogg need to burn the wooden parts of the boat?

6. When did Phileas Fogg reach the Reform Club?

7. When did Passepartout realize it was Saturday and not Sunday?

8. What was the first thing Fix did when the group reached the Liverpool docks?

9. Why was Passepartout feeling guilty about not revealing the true identity of Fix to Phileas Fogg?

10. What steamer had already left for Liverpool when the group arrived in New York?

11. With whom did Phileas Fogg divide the remaining 1,000 pounds?

12. How did Phileas Fogg react to Mrs. Aouda's proposal?

13. In order to make up some lost time, how did Phileas Fogg begin their travels?

14. Where did Phileas Fogg pick up the train again?

15. How much did Phileas Fogg pay for the Henrietta?

16. Why did Phileas Fogg have the captain locked up?

17. Who was Andrew Speedy?

Tips for long answers:

- *While you don't have to repeat the question in your answer, do write enough information that your reader can infer the question asked/ topic discussed. This refers to topic sentence.*
- *The first time you refer to a character in your answer, use the character's name.*
- *Don't take short cuts with your answers; explain everything with details, including an example/quotes from the book.*

Did Passepartout and Fix deserve any money in your opinion?

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Would a change in Fogg's personality have achieved the same success? Why or why not? Give examples of how a different personality might change the story. Add examples. (2 paragraphs)

[illegible]

Name: _____

Select the definition that most nearly defines the given word. Study all the words for the novel for a test at the end of this month.

1. resplendent <input type="radio"/> A assertion <input type="radio"/> B dazzling <input type="radio"/> C in a cruel way	2. allegation <input type="radio"/> A assertion <input type="radio"/> B sad <input type="radio"/> C regardless
3. meticulous <input type="radio"/> A seems to be true <input type="radio"/> B very careful; finicky <input type="radio"/> C daring act	4. safeguarding <input type="radio"/> A protecting <input type="radio"/> B very careful; finicky <input type="radio"/> C seems to be true
5. plausible <input type="radio"/> A mixed group <input type="radio"/> B give as a gift <input type="radio"/> C seems to be true	6. irrespective <input type="radio"/> A regardless <input type="radio"/> B dazzling <input type="radio"/> C assertion
7. motley <input type="radio"/> A mixed group <input type="radio"/> B very careful; finicky <input type="radio"/> C daring act	8. plaintive <input type="radio"/> A sad <input type="radio"/> B in a cruel way <input type="radio"/> C assertion
9. ruthlessly <input type="radio"/> A in a cruel way <input type="radio"/> B give as a gift <input type="radio"/> C part of a clock that swings back and forth	10. pendulum <input type="radio"/> A very careful; finicky <input type="radio"/> B in a cruel way <input type="radio"/> C part of a clock that swings back and forth
11. bestow <input type="radio"/> A assertion <input type="radio"/> B protecting <input type="radio"/> C give as a gift	12. exploit <input type="radio"/> A seems to be true <input type="radio"/> B dazzling <input type="radio"/> C daring act

Correlative conjunctions

Answer each question with 'either...or' or 'neither...nor.'

1. Ask _____ him _____ her. One of them knows who ate your food.
2. "Can you answer with _____ a yes _____ a maybe?" asked Joan.
3. "Would you marry a man who has _____ fame _____ money?" Mary asked her best friend.
4. You can watch the television series tonight _____ on panda bears _____ the polar bears.

5. Mother said, "You _____ help me prepare dinner _____ you prepare it yourself."
6. Everyone knows the children at the deaf-mute centre can _____ hear _____ speak.
7. Bill was so worried about his coming examination results that he could _____ sleep peacefully without nightmares _____ eat properly without choking.
8. We can cook a new type of curry. We can cook _____ duck curry _____ turkey curry.
9. _____ the men _____ their supervisor knows their new boss is angry.
10. We are required to sit for only one paper. We can sign up for _____ the American English paper _____ the British English paper.
11. Each class is to present _____ a historical drama _____ a modern drama for the concert.
12. "Why is the baby crying?" " _____ she is hungry _____ her nappy needs changing."
13. You can colour the design with _____ black crayons _____ black paints.
14. Our Yellow House was _____ first _____ last in this year's crawling event.

Circle the indirect object and underline the direct object.

Tip: All objects are nouns.

1. The doctor has given a pill to Robert.
2. John told the news to Peter.
3. Please fetch the newspaper for your father.
4. The waiter offered chicken and fried potatoes to the guests.
5. Will you please bring back a pot of jam for me?
6. My father wrote a long letter to me when I was on holiday.
7. We will send a telegram to your parents at once.
8. Some students give a lot of their time to English lessons.
9. I'll fetch a cushion for you to sit on.
10. A baker makes bread for us to eat.
11. If you know, tell the answer to me, please.

12. These large pipes bring water to the town.
13. John's father gives fifty pence pocket money to each of his children.
14. When you come back from school please bring your report to me.
15. The girls are sending some flowers to their friends on their birthday.
16. Those ships bring our food to us from all over the world.
17. We must give all our attention to the lesson.
18. Our teacher tells historical stories to the class.
19. My wife is making a new dress for our younger daughter.
20. The gentleman offered a tip to the porter.

Complete the sentences with the words given in the correct order.

1. I promised to bring _____. (gift/the/her)
2. We have already shown _____. (the/Mrs. Clark/to/game)
3. We will write _____. (letter/a/John)
4. I can lend _____. (book/her/the)
5. They will immediately send _____. (a/us/to/fax)
6. Keep _____. (place/her/the/for)
7. They've bought _____. (daughter/new/a/flat/their)
8. Show _____. (to/his/him/room)
9. You should give _____.
(of/your/a/teacher/bunch/flowers)
10. My mom made _____. (for/cake/me/a/huge)
11. _____? (interest/us/Will/pay/they)
12. Greg kicked _____. (me/ball/a)
13. _____. (song/She/her/that/for/grandfather/played)
14. _____.
(to/daughter/her/gave/favorite/Jane/her/necklace)

Slang/Idioms

Sally: Charlie you really should **pay attention** in class.

Charlie: Well, I don't **get anything** that the teacher is saying.

Sally: You are the only **oddball** in this class that doesn't. Everything our teacher teaches is **lifted** right off the book.

Charlie: Well, it **ain't** my fault that the teacher is so **blah**.

Sally: She isn't that bad. When it comes to teachers you are just not **open-minded**.

Charlie: Well, when it comes to teachers you are a **back-scratcher**, and all the marks you have in this class were **handed to you on a silver platter**.

Sally: You are just jealous because you can't get A's like me.

1) pay attention

- a) salute the teacher b) pay the teacher money c) listen and focus on what the teacher is teaching d) talk while the teacher is teaching

2) get anything

- a) understand anything b) buy anything c) don't want to listen to anything
d) teacher is boring

3) oddball

- a) normal person b) odd numbered ball c) unusual person d) stupid person

4) lifted off

- a) carried off b) flown off c) taken directly from d) left on

5) ain't

- a) is not b) are not c) was not d) is

6) blah

- a) exciting b) boring c) scary d) strict

7) open-minded

- a) stubborn b) rude c) open to suggestions d) biased

8) back-scratcher

- a) rude person b) polite person c) person who tries hard to please someone
d) person who hates teachers

9) handed to you on a silver platter

- a) placed on a silver platter and given to you b) given to you because you are a hard worker
c) given to you even though you didn't earn it d) stolen