

First name: _____ Last name: _____

Student ID: _____

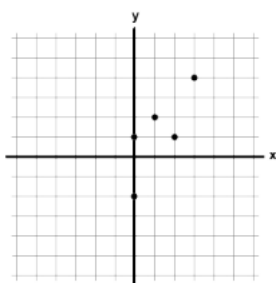
Chapter 3 Transformations of Functions (1) Homework

1. a) State whether each set of ordered pairs represents a function. Explain.
b) State the domain and the range of the following relations.

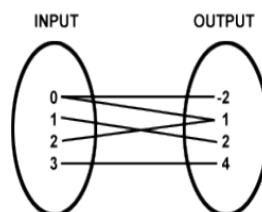
1). $\{(1, -2), (3, 4), (8, 2), (1, 3), (3, -6)\}$

2). $\{(1, 3), (2, 0), (3, -2), (5, 6), (7, 3)\}$

3).



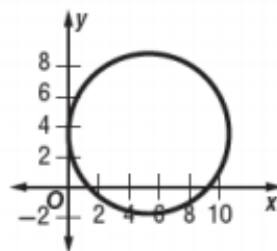
4).



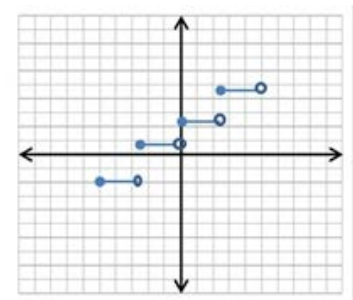
5).

x	y
-3	0
-1	-1
0	0
2	-2
3	4

6).



7).



8) $x = y^2$

2. A ball is thrown upward at 0 s from the ground level, and its height is recorded a number of different times. The ball reaches a maximum height of 9 m after 1.2 s.
- 1). Sketch the relation. Time is the independent variable and height is the dependent variable.
 - 2). State a reasonable domain and range for the relation.
 - 3). Is this relation a function? Explain.
 - 4). A student decided to use height as the independent variable and time as the dependent variable.
Sketch a graph of this relation.
 - 5). Is this relation a function, why or why not?

3. Find the domain of each function.

1). $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-5}$

2). $g(x) = \frac{1}{x(x+2)}$

3). $h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x+5}}{\sqrt{x^2-9}}$

4. Evaluate the following expressions given the functions below:

$$g(x) = -3x + 1$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 7$$

$$h(x) = 12/x$$

$$g(10) =$$

$$f(3) =$$

$$h(-2) =$$

$$\text{Find } x \text{ if } g(x) = 16$$

$$\text{Find } x \text{ if } f(x) = 23$$

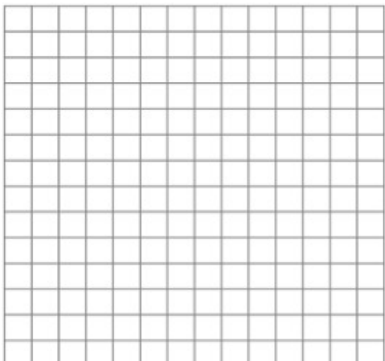
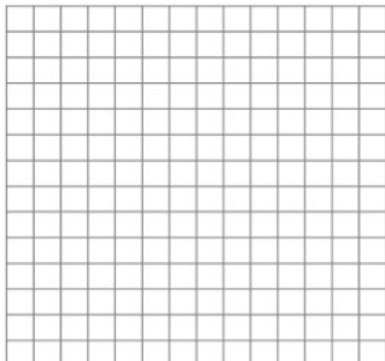
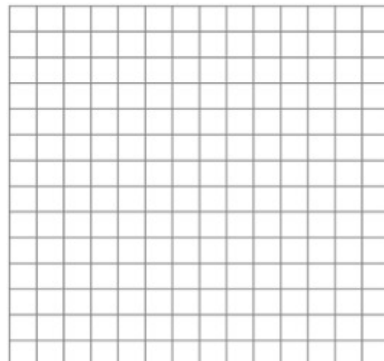
$$g(b + 8) =$$




$$f(h(-3)) =$$

5. Perform the following transformations to the function $y = x^2$.

- a translation to the right by 2 units.
- a translation to the left by 2 units.
- a translation upward by 2 units.
- a translation downward by 2 units.
- a reflection through the y axis.
- a reflection through the x axis.


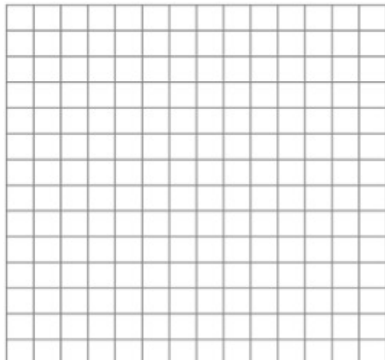
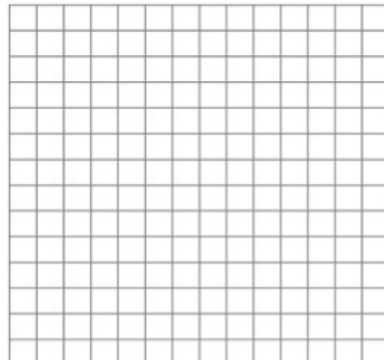



In each case, **write the function** that gives the requested transformation and **draw the graph** of the transformed function.

<p>a) $y =$</p> 	<p>b) $y =$</p> 	<p>c) $y =$</p> 
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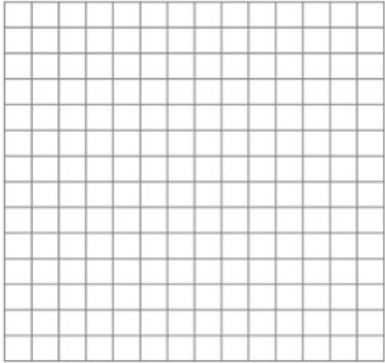





<p>d) $y =$</p> 	<p>e) $y =$</p> 	<p>f) $y =$</p> 
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6. Repeat the above exercise for the functions $y = \sqrt{x}$, $y = |x|$, and $y = 1/x$.

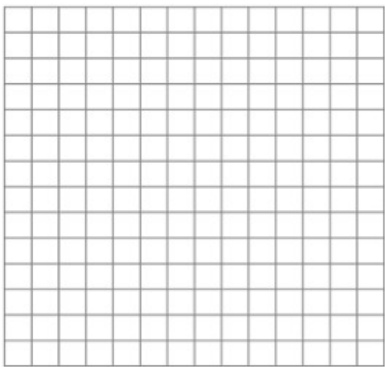
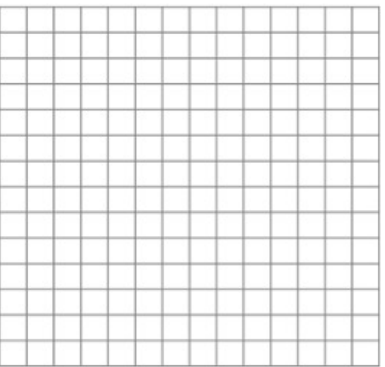
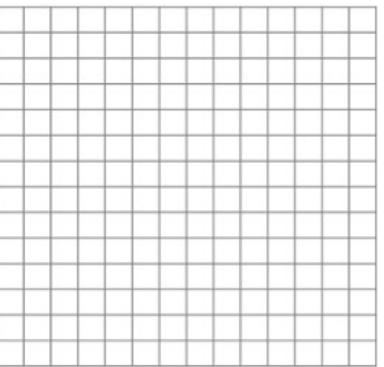
$y = \sqrt{x}$




<p>a) $y =$</p> 	<p>b) $y =$</p> 	<p>c) $y =$</p> 
<p>d) $y =$</p> 	<p>e) $y =$</p> 	<p>f) $y =$</p> 

$y = |x|$

<p>a) $y =$</p> 	<p>b) $y =$</p> 	<p>c) $y =$</p> 
<p>d) $y =$</p> 	<p>e) $y =$</p> 	<p>f) $y =$</p> 

$y = 1/x$ – Please label the asymptotes.

<p>a) $y =$</p> 	<p>b) $y =$</p> 	<p>c) $y =$</p> 
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<p>d) $y =$</p> 	<p>e) $y =$</p> 	<p>f) $y =$</p> 
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7. In the exercises that follow, fill in the blanks. The first exercise is done as an example.

1). To obtain the graph of $y = |x + 3|$, we translate the graph of $y = |x|$ to the left by 3 units.

2). To obtain the graph of $y = -|x|$, we _____ the graph of $y = |x|$ _____.

3). To obtain the graph of $y = -x + 5$, we _____ the graph of $y = x$ _____ and _____.

4). To obtain the graph of _____, we stretch the graph of $y = 1/x$ vertically by a factor of 3.

8. Identify the parent function and describe the transformations. Then, perform a sequence of transformations to obtain the graph of each of the following functions.

1). $y = 3(x - 1)^2 + 2$

2). $y = -\sqrt{3x}$

3). $y = \frac{1}{x+4} - 1$

Parent Function:

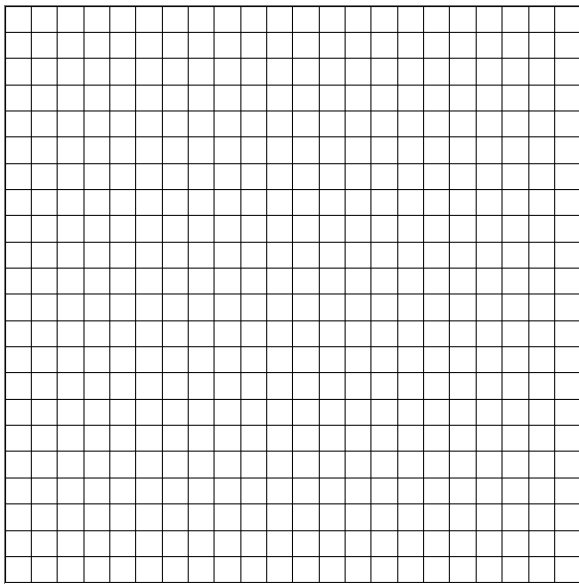
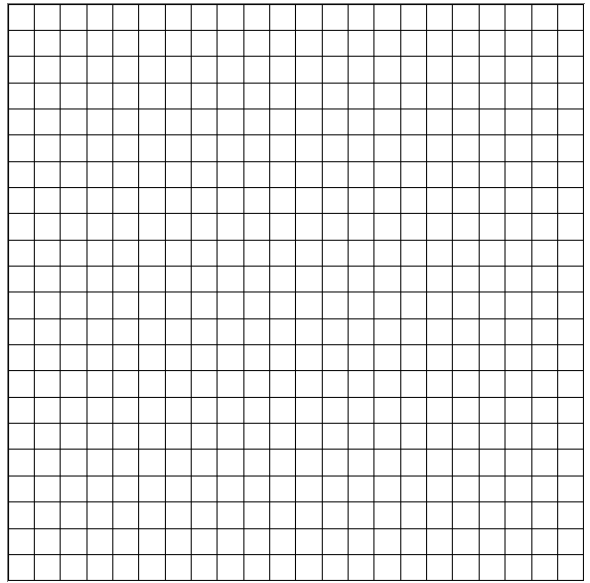
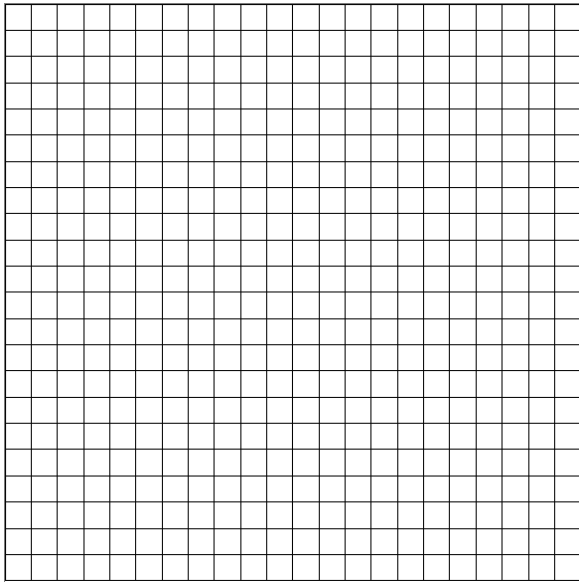
Parent Function:

Parent Function:

Transformation:

Transformation:

Transformation:



9. Given $f(x) + 2g(x) = 12x^2 + 3x + 8$ and $2f(x) + 3g(x) = 18x^2 + 6x + 13$
Find the value of $f(2) + g(3)$.