| First Name: Last Name: | Student ID: |
|------------------------|-------------|
|------------------------|-------------|

## Relationships between Points, Lines and Planes (1)

1. Without solving, determine if the given line intersects the given plane at a single point or not:

a. 
$$\pi$$
: 3x - y + 4z - 8 = 0

$$I: (x, y, z) = (3, 0, 5) + t(7, -11, 18)$$

b. 
$$\pi$$
:  $\vec{r} = (0, 0, 1) + t(1, 1, -1) + u(13, 3, 2)$ 

*I*: 
$$\vec{r}$$
 = (5, -1, 4) + t(1, -2, 3)

c. 
$$\pi$$
: 6x -2y + 2z +6 = 0

$$l: \vec{r} = (4, 12, -19) + t(2, -3, -9)$$

2. For each part of Question 1, find the intersection of the line with the plane.

## Calculus Class 14 Homework

**3.** Find the intersection of the line and the plane.

a. 
$$\frac{x+4}{3}$$
 = z, y = 0 and  $x-2y-3z+4=0$ 

b. 
$$\begin{cases} x = 2t \\ y = 1 - t \\ z = -4 + t \end{cases} \text{ and } \begin{cases} x = 2 + 2m + 2n \\ y = 3 - m \\ z = -5 + m - n \end{cases}$$

**4.** Which of the following lines lie in the plane 3x-y-3z-12=0?

a. 
$$\vec{r} = (2, -9, 1) + t(1, 0, 1)$$

b. 
$$\vec{r} = (4,0,0)+t(2,3,-1)$$

c. 
$$\vec{r} = (1,5,-2)+t(3,2,1)$$

- **5.** Find the point on the line  $\vec{r} = (6,7,-8)+t(-2,4,1)$  that is also
- a. on the xy plane.
- b. on the yz plane.

## Calculus Class 14 Homework

**6.** Find the point on the plane x-2y+z-8=0 that is closest to (10,12,4) (Hint: it is on a line that passes through the given point, perpendicular to the plane.)

7. Find the value(s) of a and b such that the given plane and line 4x-2y-z+12=0,  $\vec{r}=(3,4,a)+t(7,b,6)$ 

- a. Intersect at every point on the line.
- b. Intersect at a single point.
- c. Do not intersect.

**8.** For each pair of planes, determine whether they intersect in a line, are coincident, or are parallel and distinct:

- a. 2x-y+3z-8=0 and 6x-3y+9z+3=0
- b. 4x+3y+z-8=0 and 3x-y-2z-2=0
- c. 12x-6y+15z-9=0 and 20x-10y+25z-15=0

- **9**. Find the intersection of the two planes given.
- a. 2x-2y+5z+10=0
- and 2x+y-4z+7=0
- b. 3x-2y+5z+3=0
- and 6x-4y+10z+7=0

**10.** Find the Cartesian equation of the plane that is perpendicular to the plane  $\vec{r} = (4,-5,2)+s(2,1,3)+t(-1,4,0)$  and intersects it at the line  $\vec{r} = (4,-5,2)+t(1,-1,1)$ .

**11.** Given the two planes below, find the value(s) of k that make the two planes intersect in the desired way, if possible. Explain your reasoning.

$$6x-9y+15z=21$$

$$10x-15y+kz = 35$$

a. Along a whole plane.

b. Along a single line.

c. No intersection.

d. At a single point.

## **Extra Questions**

- **1.** Find the scalar equations of two planes which intersect along the line  $\vec{r} = (3,2,-1)+t(1,-2,1)$ .
- **2.** Give the equations of three planes which all intersect at the *y*-axis.
- **3**. Find the intersection of the two planes given.

a. 
$$\vec{r} = (1,2,3)+t(1,1,1)+u(2,1,0)$$
 and  $\vec{r} = (0,0,1)+t(0,-1,1)+u(1,2,-1)$ 

b. 
$$6x-10y+4z+30=0$$
 and  $15x-25y+10z+75=0$