

cálculo 1, Stewart, vol 1, ed 5, cap 3.5

1  $f(x) = \sin(4x)$        $F(x) = \sin(x)$        $F'(x) = \cos(x)$

$G(x) = 4x$        $G'(x) = 4$

$f'(x) = F'(G(x)) \cdot G'(x) = \cos(4x) \cdot 4 = 4\cos(4x)$

3  $f(x) = (1-x^2)^{10}$        $F(x) = x^{10}$        $F'(x) = 10x^9$

$G(x) = 1-x^2$        $G'(x) = -2x$

$f'(x) = 10(1-x^2)^9 \cdot -2x = -20x(1-x^2)^9$

5  $f(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}}$

$F(x) = e^x$

$F'(x) = e^x$

$G(x) = \sqrt{x}$

$G'(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}$

$f'(x) = e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}$

7  $f(x) = (x^3+4x)^7$

$F(x) = x^7$

$F'(x) = 7x^6$

$G(x) = x^3+4x$

$G'(x) = 3x^2+4$

$f'(x) = 7(x^3+4x)^6 \cdot (3x^2+4)$

9  $F(x) = \sqrt[4]{1+2x+x^3}$

$F(x) = \sqrt[4]{x} = x^{1/4}$

$F'(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^{-3/4}$

$G(x) = 1+2x+x^3$

$G'(x) = 3x^2+2$

$F'(x) = \frac{1}{4}(1+2x+x^3)^{-3/4} \cdot 3x^2+2$

11  $g(t) = \frac{1}{(t^4+1)^3}$

$F = \frac{1}{x}$

$G = x^3$

$H = t^4+1$

$G' = 3x^2$

$H' = 4t^3$

$g'(t) = \frac{-((t^4+1)^3)'}{(t^4+1)^3)^2} = \frac{-((t^4+1)^3)'}{(t^4+1)^6}$

$= \frac{-3(t^4+1)^2 \cdot 4t^3}{(t^4+1)^6} = \frac{-3 \cdot 4t^3}{(t^4+1)^4} = \frac{-12t^3}{(t^4+1)^4}$

13  $f(x) = \cos(a^3+x^3)$

$F(x) = \cos(x)$

$G(x) = a^3+x^3$

$F'(x) = -\sin(x)$

$G'(x) = 0+3x^2$

$f'(x) = -\sin(a^3+x^3) \cdot 3x^2$

$$17 \quad g(x) = (1+4x)^5 (3+x-x^2)^8$$

$$g'(x) = [(1+4x)^5]' \cdot (3+x-x^2)^8 + (1+4x)^5 \cdot [(3+x-x^2)^8]'$$

$$\rightarrow F(x) = x^5 \quad F'(x) = 5x^4 \quad G(x) = 1+4x \quad G'(x) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow 5(1+4x)^4 \cdot 4 = 20(1+4x)^4$$

$$F(x) = x^8 \quad F'(x) = 8x^7 \quad G(x) = 3+x-x^2 \quad G'(x) = 1-2x$$

$$\Rightarrow 8(3+x-x^2)^7 \cdot (1-2x)$$

$$g'(x) = 20(1+4x)^4 \cdot (3+x-x^2)^8 + (1+4x)^5 \cdot (8(3+x-x^2)^7 \cdot (1-2x))$$

$$19 \quad g(x) = \frac{(2x-5)^4}{(8x^2-5)^3}$$

$$[2x-5]^4$$

$$\rightarrow 4(2x-5)^3 \cdot 2 = 8(2x-5)^3$$

$$[8x^2-5]^3$$

$$\rightarrow 3(8x^2-5)^2 \cdot 8 \cdot 2x = 48(8x^2-5)^2$$

$$g'(x) = \frac{8(2x-5)^3 \cdot (8x^2-5)^3 - (2x-5)^4 \cdot 48(8x^2-5)^2}{(8x^2-5)^6}$$

$$= \frac{8(2x-5)(8x^2-5) - 48(2x-5)^4}{(8x^2-5)^4}$$

$$21 \quad f(x) = x e^{-x^2} = \frac{x}{e^{x^2}}$$

$$[e^{x^2}]' \Rightarrow F(x) = e^x \quad G(x) = x^2$$

$$F'(x) = e^x \quad G'(x) = 2x$$

$$\rightarrow e^{x^2} \cdot 2x = 2x e^{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 \cdot e^{x^2} - x \cdot 2x e^{x^2}}{(e^{x^2})^2} = \frac{e^{x^2} (1 - 2x^2)}{(e^{x^2})^2} = \frac{1 - 2x^2}{e^{x^2}}$$