



37 g(x) = 12x+31 (g'(x) = 12) g'(x) \$0 , som números crítuos 39 $g(t) = 5t^{2/3} + t^{5/3}$ $g'(t) = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot t^{-1/3} + 5 \cdot t^{2/3} = 10 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 3 t^{2}$ $g''(t) = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot t^{-1/3} + 5 \cdot t^{2/3} = 10 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 3 t^{2}$ = 10 + 5.3 + 2.8 + 10 + 5.3 + 2.8 + 10 + 5 + 2.5 = 10 + 5 + 2.5 = 0 3.3 + 3.4 + 3.3 +guando 10+5+=0 -> (=-2) g'(x) não existe quando 3. TE = 0, an sejo (£ = 0) R: números críticos t=-2 et=0 41 $F(x) = x^{4/5} \cdot (x-4)^2 = x^{4/5} \cdot (x^2-2 \cdot x \cdot 4 + 16)$ $= x^{4/5} \cdot (x^2-8x+16) = x^{14/5} = 8 x^{9/5} + 16 x^{4/5}$ $F'(x) = 14 x^{9/5} - 89 \cdot x^{4/5} + 16 \cdot 4 \cdot x^{-1/5}$ $= 14 \times \frac{0}{5} \cdot x^{1/5} - 72 \cdot x^{1/5} \cdot x^{1/5} + 64$ 5. x¹/5
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5. x¹/5 $= 14 \cdot x^{10/5} - 72 x^{5/5} + 64 = 14 x^2 - 72 x + 64$ e = 0 guanda 14x2-72x+64=0, ausija x = 8/7, x"=4 e e' indefinida granda 5. TX = 0, an seja x = 0 R; númeroz críticos x=8/7, x=4 a x=0 43 f(0) = 2 cor 0 + sen2 0 $f'(\theta) = 2 - 2 \operatorname{en} \theta + [2 \operatorname{en}^2 \theta]' = -2 \operatorname{sen} \theta + 2 \operatorname{sen} \theta \cdot \operatorname{cas} \theta$ $[nen^2(x)] \rightarrow F = x^2 \quad (G = nen(x)) \quad [nen^2(x)] = 2 nen(x) \circ (nex(x))$ F'= 2x 6'= LAR (X) f'(0) = 2 sen 0 ·(-1 + 2 cos 0) & = 0 quanda $2 zen \theta = 0$, $\theta = KTT$ -1+2 cas 0 = 0 = cos 0 = 1/2, 0 = T/3 + KT (tilibra

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F(x) = xlmx f(x) = 1. lmx + x. 1
                       = ln \times +1
                    lnx+1=0 quando lnx=-1
47 f(x) = 3x^2 - 12x + 5, [0, 3]
f'(x) = 6x - 12 = 0 quando (x = 2)
testando or extremos da jungão e x = 2:
 f(3) = 27 - 36 + 5 = -4 f(0) = 5 f(2) = -7
 máximo absoluto > f(0)=5 mínimo obsoluto > f(2)=-7
49 f(x)= 2x3-3x2-12x+1-, [-2,3]
f'(x) = 6x^2 - 6x - 12 = x^2 - x - 2 & = 0 quando x = 2 e x = -1
testando:
f(-2) = -16 - 12 + 14 + 1 = -3
f(3) = 54 - 27 - 36 + 1 = -8
f(2) = 16 - 12 - 24 +1 = -19 - minima absoluta
f(-1) = -2 -3 + 12 +1 = 8 -> maximo absoluto
54 fm = x^4 - 2x^2 + 3, [-2,3]
f'(x) = 4x^3 - 4x = x^3 - x  d = 0 em x = 0, x = 1 e x = -1
testando:
f(-2) = 16 - 8 + 3 = 11
f(3) = 81-18+3 = 66 → máximo dosalito
f(0) = 3
f(1) = 1-2+3=2 - mínimo absoluto
F(-1) = 1 - 2 + 3 = 2 → mínimo dosaluto
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53
$$f(x) = x$$
 $f'(x) = 1 \cdot x^2 + 1 - x \cdot (2x) = x^2 + 1 - 2x^2 = -x^2 + 1$

$$f'(x) = 1 \cdot x^2 + 1 - x \cdot (2x) = x^2 + 1 - 2x^2 = -x^2 + 1$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \text{ quanda } -(x^2) + 1 = 0 \text{ } x' = 1 \text{ } 2 \text{ } x'' = -1$$

$$\text{testando:}$$

$$f(-1) = -\frac{1}{2} - \Rightarrow \text{ maximo obsoluto}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1}{2} - \Rightarrow \text{ maximo obsoluto}$$

$$f'(t) = 1 \cdot \sqrt{4 - t^2} + t \cdot \sqrt{4 - t^2}$$

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$$f'$$