

13 $f(x) = 3 - 2x + 4x^2 = 4x^2 - 2x + 3$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4(a+h)^2 - 2(a+h) + 3 - (4a^2 - 2a + 3)}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4a^2 + 8ah + 4h^2 - 2a - 2h + 3 - 4a^2 + 2a - 3}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{8ah + 4h^2 - 2h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} h(8a + 4h - 2) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 8a + 4h - 2 = 8a - 2$$

14 $f(x) = x^4 - 5x$ $f(a+h) = (a+h)^4 - 5(a+h) = (a+h)^2(a+h)^2 - 5(a+h)$
 $= (a^2 + 2ah + h^2)(a^2 + 2ah + h^2) - 5a + 5h$

$$= a^4 + 2a^3h + a^2h^2 + 2a^3h + 4a^2h^2 + 2ah^3 + a^2h^2 + 2ah^3 + h^4 - 5a + 5h$$

$$+ h^4 - 5a + 5h = a^4 + 4a^3h + 6a^2h^2 + 4ah^3 + h^4 - 5a + 5h$$

$$f(a) = a^4 - 5a$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4a^3h + 6a^2h^2 + 4ah^3 + h^4 - 5h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 4a^3 + 6a^2h + 4ah^2 + h^3 - 5$$

$$= 4a^3 - 5$$

15 $f(x) = \frac{2x+1}{x+3}$ $f' \Rightarrow \frac{2(a+h)+1}{a+h+3} - \frac{2a+1}{a+3} = \frac{(a+3)(2a+2h+1) - (a+h+3)(2a+1)}{(a+h+3)(a+3)}$

$$= \frac{(a+3)(2a+2h+1) - (a+h+3)(2a+1)}{(a+h+3)(a+3)} = \frac{5h}{(a+h+3)(a+3)} \Rightarrow \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{5}{(a+h+3)(a+3)}$$

$$= \frac{5}{(a+3)(a+3)} = \frac{5}{(a+3)^2}$$

19 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+h)^{10} - 1}{h}$ $f(x) = x^{10}$ $a = 1$

20 $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[4]{16+h} - 2}{h}$ $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x}$ $a = 16$

21 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{2^x - 32}{x - 5}$, na forma $f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$

$$a = 5 \quad f(x) = 2^x$$

$$22 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{\tan x - 1}{x - \pi/4}, \text{ na forma } f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$f(x) = \tan(x) \quad a = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$23 \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos(\pi + h) + 1}{h} = f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$f(x) = \cos(x) \quad a = \pi$$

$$24 \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{(t^4 + t) - 2}{t - 1} = f'(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$a = 1 \quad f(t) = t^4 + t$$

$$25 \quad \text{velocidade em } t = 2 \text{ é } f'(2)$$

$$f(t) = t^2 - 6t - 5 \quad f'(2) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h)^2 - 6(2+h) - 5 + 13}{h}$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 + 4h + h^2 - 12 - 6h - 5 + 13}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h^2 + 2h}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (h + 2)$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} h + 2 = -2 \text{ m/s}$$