

$$\bullet \int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx = \begin{cases} 0 & m \neq n \\ \frac{2}{2n+1} & m = n \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n P_n(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Projectar sobre la base} \rightarrow \int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_n(x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n P_n(x) P_n(x) dx$$

$$\bullet \int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_m(x) dx = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n \int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx$$

$$\rightarrow \text{con } m=n$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_n(x) dx = \frac{2}{2n+1} c_n$$

$$c_n = \frac{2n+1}{2} \int_{-1}^1 f(x) P_n(x) dx$$