

Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56e4d7aa83c45700544e3e5b

Fecha de creación: 2016-03-13T03:00:01.651Z

creation_date: 2016-03-13T03:00:01.651Z

usesManagementAndConservation

[ancillaryData](#)

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

[managementAndConservationAtomized](#)

identificationKeys

fullDescription

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataFormat:

identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Apéndices anales y protórax y tórax de la hembra similares a los de *T. carmesina*, *T. carvalhoi*, *T. paraensei*, *T. sanguinalis*, y *T. simulata*. Cercos del macho anchos en vista lateral, ventralmente con un diente medial. La lígula genital tiene un lóbulo lateral dirigido dorsalmente. La hembra de esta especie tiene un proceso con forma de pulgar en la esquina del mesepisterno y está dirigido anteriormente.

briefDescription:

[references](#)

keywords: *Argia cupraurea*, *Argia pulla* Hagen in, *Cora chiribiquete*, *Cora inca*, *Erythemis vesiculosa*, *Erythrodiplax kimminsi*, *Erythrodiplax umbrata*, *Erythrodiplax unimaculata*, *Mecistogaster linearis*, *Orthemis discolor*, *Perissolestes magdalenae*, *Perithemis lais*, *Perithemis mooma*, *Polythore beata*, *Polythore concinna*, *Polythore derivata*, *Polythore mutata*, *Telebasis corallina*, *Uracis fastigiata*, *Uracis imbuta*

[editors](#)

institution:

address:

publisher: Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad, Ministerio del Ambiente y Energía, Universidad Nacional de Costa Rica, Banco Mundial, GEF

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2006

authors

authors: Esquivel, C
title: Libélulas de Mesoamérica y el Caribe. Dragonflies and damselflies of Middle America and the Caribbean
source:
type: book
tags: Argia cupraurea,Argia pulla Hagen in,Cora chiribiquete,Cora inca,Erythemis vesiculosa,Erythrodiplax kimminsi,Erythrodiplax umbrata,Erythrodiplax unimaculata,Mecistogaster linearis,Orthemis discolor,Perissolestes magdalenae,Perithemis lais,Perithemis mooma,Polythore beata,Polythore concinna,Polythore derivata,Polythore mutata,Telebasis corallina,Uracis fastigiata,Uracis imbuta
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo:
providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:
source:

datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

laterHomonymOf

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

conservedAgainst

basedOn

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

basionym

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

spellingCorrentionOf

typeNameEntity

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:

identifier:

typificacion

typeOfType:

[lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher](#)

[lectotypePublicationVoucher](#)

[voucherReference](#)

simple:

microReference:

year:

publishedIn

simple:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

specialAuthorship

[authors](#)

[year](#)

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

[authors](#)

[year](#)

simple:

simple: Selys, 1876

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet:

specificEpithet:

infragenericEpithet:

linkType:

ref:

uninomial:

simple: Telebasis corallina

rank: SPECIES

simple: Telebasis corallina Selys, 1876

attributes

nomenclaturalCode:

isAnamorphic:

id:

[synonymsAtomized](#)

[hierarchy](#)

[ancillaryData](#)

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

[subject](#)

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

[audience](#)

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
title:
modified: 2016-03-13T02:59:41.648Z
created: 2016-03-13T02:59:41.648Z

[agent](#)

homepage:
role:
email:
phone:
address:
position:
organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
parentTaxon: Telebasis
higherClassification:
infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
taxonRank: SPECIES
subGenus:
genus: Telebasis
family: Coenagrionidae
order: Odonata
classHierarchy: Insecta
phylum: Arthropoda
kingdom: Animalia
recommended:

classification:

commonNameAtomized

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

agent

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:

endDate:

startDate:

ancillaryData

type:

language: Español

name: Caballito del diablo

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

reproductionUnstructured: La cópula ocurre entre la vegetación y puede tardar más de una hora. La hembra pone los huevos en tándem con el macho, en el tallo de plantas o en acumulaciones de hojas y ramitas.

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

[subject](#)

[audience](#)

rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:
created:

[agent](#)

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
relatedTo:
measurementRemarks:
measurementMethod:
measurementDeterminedBy: TraitBank
measurementDeterminedDate:
measurementUnit:
measurementAccuracy:
measurementValue: Sexual
measurementType: Tipo de Reproducción
measurementID:

molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm

lifeFormUnstructured:

lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

interactionsUnstructured: Especie simpátrica con Telebasis carmesina.

feeding

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

feedingUnstructured:

0

0

strategy: Depredadores

type:

environmentalEnvelope

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:

ecologicalSignificance

ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:

dispersal

dispersalUnstructured:

distance:

structureDispersed:

type:

purpose:

behavior

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: Se posan a corta altura sobre el agua, entre la vegetación emergente, con el cuerpo inclinado hacia abajo. A pesar de su vistosa coloración los machos no se ven con facilidad, dado que vuelan poco y despacio.

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:
identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:
measurementRemarks:
measurementMethod:
measurementDeterminedDate:
measurementUnit:
measurementAccuracy:
measurementValue:
measurementType:
measurementID:

annualCycle

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitat

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
habitatUnstructured: Habita ecosistemas lénticos, como pantanos, estanques, y piscinas.

[endemicAtomized](#)

[distribution](#)

[ancillaryData](#)

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

agent

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

distributionUnstructured: Telebasis corallina se distribuye en Costa Rica, Colombia, Venezuela, Trinidad y Tobago y Brasil. En el país se ha registrado en la Serranía de La Macarena.

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Meta

ancillaryData

locality:

municipality:

country: Colombia

temporalCoverage

endDate:

startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured:

areaOfOccupancy:

extentOfOccurrence:

populationBiology

populationBiologyUnstructured:

legislation

legislationUnstructured:

directThreats

directThreatsUnstructured:

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:
measurementRemarks:
measurementMethod:
measurementDeterminedDate:
measurementUnit:
measurementAccuracy:
measurementValue:
measurementType:
measurementID:

abstract: Los adultos de esta especie tiene la cabeza con patrón de coloración dorsalmente naranja rojizo, manchas postoculares ausentes y abdomen naranja. Es una especie con hábitos predadores y habita en ecosistemas lénticos, como pantanos, estanques, y piscinas.

associatedParty

role:
personnelIdentifier:
personnelDirectory:
homepage:
email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com
phone:
postalCode:
country: Colombia
state: Bogotá Distrito Capital
city: Bogotá D.C.
address:
organisation:
position:
lastName: Gómez Melendro
firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El lectotipo está depositado en el Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique (IRSNB), Bruselas, Bélgica.
Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaría General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto “Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países

miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC”.

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

_id
_bsontype: ObjectID
id: VăxªfÄW Dãã°