

Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56c0f7fcf0106c67230e7307

Fecha de creación: undefined

annualCycles

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitats

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf

keywords: Butorides virescens

0: Naranjo, L G

1: Amaya, J D

2: Eusse-González, D

3: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y

institution:

address:

publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 708

issue:

volume: 1

year: 2012

0: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆWçÂ F– æ

title: Butorides virescens

source: Guía de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves

type: book_section

tags: Butorides virescens

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

1

keywords: Accipiter striatus,Actitis macularius,Adelomyia melanogenys,Aglaiocercus kingii,Amblycercus holosericeus,Ampelion rubrocristatus,Anas andium,Anas clypeata,Anas discors,Andigena nigrirostris,Anisognathus igniventris,Ardea alba,Ardea herodias,Arremon assimilis,Asio flammeus,Asio stygius,Asthenes flammulata,Astragalinus psaltria,Atlapetes pallidinucha,Atlapetes schistaceus,Bubulcus ibis,Buteo platypterus,Butorides striata,Butorides virescens,Cairina moschata,Calidris bairdii,Calidris melanotos,Cardellina canadensis,Catamenia analis,Catamenia inornata,Cathartes aura,Catharus minimus,Catharus ustulatus,Chaetocercus mulsant,Chaetura pelagica,Chalcostigma heteropogon,Chordeiles minor,Chrysomus icterocephalus,Cinclodes albidiventris,Cinclus leucocephalus,Cinnycerthia unirufa,Cistothorus platensis,Coccyzua pumila,Coccyzus americanus,Coccyzus melacoryphus,Coeligena bonapartei,Colibri coruscans,Colibri thalassinus,Columba livia,Columbina talpacoti,Conirostrum rufum,Conirostrum sitticolor,Contopus cinereus,Contopus fumigatus,Contopus sordidulus,Contopus virens,Coragyps atratus,Crotophaga ani,Crotophaga major,Dendrocynna autumnalis,Dendrocynna viduata,Diglossa albilatera,Diglossa cyanea,Diglossa

humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Mactornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon guerinii, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolaptes acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis

institution:

address:

publisher: Princeton University Press

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 836

issue:

year: 1986

0: Hilty, Steven

1: Brown, William

title: A Guide to the Birds of Colombia

source:

type: book

tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Agelaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus platensis, Coccyzus pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis

cupreovertris,Eriocnemis vestita,Eupsittula pertinax,Falco columbarius,Falco peregrinus,Falco sparverius,Forpus
conspicillatus,Fulica americana,Gallinago nobilis,Gallinula galeata,Geothlypis philadelphia,Geranoaetus
melanoleucus,Glaucidium jardinii,Grallaria quitesis,Grallaria ruficapilla,Grallaria squamigera,Haplospiza
rustica,Heliangelus amethysticollis,Heliangelus exortis,Hellmayrea gularis,Hemispingus superciliaris,Hemispingus
verticalis,Henicorhina leucophrys,Hirundo rustica,Icterus chrysater,Icterus icterus,Icterus nigrogularis,Ixobrychus
exilis,Jacana jacana,Lafresnaya lafresnayi,Leiostyris peregrina,Leptasthenura andicola,Lesbia nuna,Lesbia
victoriae,Machetornis rixosa,Margarornis squamiger,Mecocerculus leucophrys,Megascops choliba,Melanerpes
rubricapillus,Merganetta armata,Metallura tyrianthina,Milvago chimachima,Mimus gilvus,Mniotilta varia,Molothrus
bonariensis,Muscisaxicola alpinus,Myiarchus crinitus,Myiodynastes luteiventris,Myiotheretes fumigatus,Myiotheretes
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cinnamomeiventris,Ochthoeca diadema,Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon
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unicolor,Phyllomyias uropygialis,Piaya cayana,Picoides fumigatus,Pipraeidea melanonota,Pipreola riefferii,Piranga
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carolina,Progne tapera,Protonotaria citrea,Pseudocolaptes acutipennis,Pseudoscops clamator,Pterophanes
cyanopterus,Pygochelidon cyanoleuca,Pyrocephalus rubinus,Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus,Quiscalus lugubris,Rallus
semitumbeus,Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomycinus microrhynchus,Riparia riparia,Rupornis
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petechia,Setophaga ruticilla,Setophaga striata,Sicalis flaveola,Sicalis luteola,Spiza americana,Sporagra
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episcopus,Thraupis palmarum,Tringa flavipes,Tringa melanoleuca,Tringa solitaria,Troglodytes aedon,Troglodytes
solstitialis,Turdus fuscater,Turdus ignobilis,Tyrannus melancholicus,Tyrannus savana,Tyrannus tyrannus,Tyto
alba,Vanellus chilensis,Vireo olivaceus,Vultur gryphus,Zenaidura macroura,Zonotrichia capensis

abstract:

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id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

habitatUnstructured: En Colombia se ha registrado principalmente en: Humedales, riberas de ríos, áreas de
pastizales inundados y manglares donde atrapa peces, insectos acuáticos y ranas (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty &
Brown, 1986).

commonNamesAtomized

ancillaryData

usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:
endDate:
startDate:

ancillaryData

type:
language: Español
name: Garceta verde

usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf
keywords: Butorides virescens

editors

editors: Naranjo, L G
editors: Amaya, J D
editors: Eusse-González, D
editors: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y
institution:
address:
publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 708
issue:
volume: 1
year: 2012

authors

authors: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆWçÂ F– æ
title: Butorides virescens
source: Guía de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves
type: book_section
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

agent

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

managementAndConservationUnstructured: No hay indicios de descensos en las poblaciones y algunos datos sugieren aumentos significativos en regiones del centro y el este de Estados Unidos. En Colombia no se han tomado medidas de conservación específicas para la especie, aunque sí se han adoptado acciones en hábitats y ecosistemas que la especie frecuenta, incluyendo áreas protegidas, planes de manejo, recuperación y restauración de humedales (Eusse-González, 2012).

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

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dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf

keywords: Butorides virescens

0: Naranjo, L G

1: Amaya, J D

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institution:

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group_id:

profile_id:

id:

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keywords: Accipiter striatus,Actitis macularius,Adelomyia melanogenys,Aglaiocercus kingii,Amblycercus holosericeus,Ampelion rubrocristatus,Anas andium,Anas clypeata,Anas discors,Andigena nigrirostris,Anisognathus igniventris,Ardea alba,Ardea herodias,Arremon assimilis,Asio flammeus,Asio stygius,Asthenes flammulata,Astragalinus psaltria,Atlapetes pallidinucha,Atlapetes schistaceus,Bubulcus ibis,Buteo platypterus,Butorides striata,Butorides virescens,Cairina moschata,Calidris bairdii,Calidris melanotos,Cardellina canadensis,Catamenia analis,Catamenia inornata,Cathartes aura,Catharus minimus,Catharus ustulatus,Chaetocercus mulsant,Chaetura pelagica,Chalcostigma heteropogon,Chordeiles minor,Chrysomus icterocephalus,Cinclodes albidiventris,Cinclus leucocephalus,Cinnycerthia unirufa,Cistothorus platensis,Coccyzua pumila,Coccyzus americanus,Coccyzus melacoryphus,Coeligena bonapartei,Colibri coruscans,Colibri thalassinus,Columba livia,Columbina talpacoti,Conirostrum rufum,Conirostrum sitticolor,Contopus cinereus,Contopus fumigatus,Contopus sordidulus,Contopus virens,Coragyps atratus,Crotophaga ani,Crotophaga major,Dendrocygna autumnalis,Dendrocygna viduata,Diglossa albilatera,Diglossa cyanea,Diglossa humeralis,Diglossa lafresnayii,Diglossa sittoides,Dolichonyx oryzivorus,Dubusia taeniata,Egretta thula,Elaenia flavogaster,Elaenia frantzii,Elanus leucurus,Empidonax alnorum,Empidonax traillii,Ensifera ensifera,Eriocnemis cupreoventris,Eriocnemis vestita,Eupsittula pertinax,Falco columbarius,Falco peregrinus,Falco sparverius,Forpus conspicillatus,Fulica americana,Gallinago nobilis,Gallinula galeata,Geothlypis philadelphia,Geranoaetus melanoleucus,Glaucidium jardinii,Grallaria quitesis,Grallaria ruficapilla,Grallaria squamigera,Haplospiza rustica,Heliangelus amethysticollis,Heliangelus exortis,Hellmayrea gularis,Hemispingus superciliaris,Hemispingus verticalis,Henicorhina leucophrys,Hirundo rustica,Icterus chrysater,Icterus icterus,Icterus nigrogularis,Ixobrychus exilis,Jacana jacana,Lafresnaya lafresnayi,Leiothlypis peregrina,Leptasthenura andicola,Lesbia nuna,Lesbia victoriae,Machetornis rixosa,Margarornis squamiger,Mecocerculus leucophrys,Megascops choliba,Melanerpes rubricapillus,Merganetta armata,Metallura tyrianthina,Milvago chimachima,Mimus gilvus,Mniotilta varia,Molothrus bonariensis,Muscisaxicola alpinus,Myiarchus crinitus,Myiodynastes luteiventris,Myiotheretes fumigatus,Myiotheretes striaticollis,Myiothlypis nigrocristata,Nomonyx dominicus,Nycticorax nycticorax,Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris,Ochthoeca diadema,Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon murina,Oxypogon guerinii,Oxyura jamaicensis,Pachyramphus versicolor,Pandion haliaetus,Pardirallus maculatus,Parkesia noveboracensis,Patagioenas fasciata,Petrochelidon pyrrhonota,Phaetusa simplex,Phalacrocorax brasilianus,Pheucticus aureoventris,Pheucticus ludovicianus,Phimosus infuscatus,Phrygilus unicolor,Phyllomyias uropygialis,Piaya cayana,Picoides fumigatus,Pipraeidea melanonota,Pipreola riefferii,Piranga olivacea,Piranga rubra,Pitangus sulphuratus,Pluvialis dominica,Podilymbus podiceps,Porphyrion martinicus,Porzana carolina,Progne tapera,Protonotaria citrea,Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis,Pseudoscops clamator,Pterophanes cyanopterus,Pygochelidon cyanoleuca,Pyrocephalus rubinus,Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus,Quiscalus lugubris,Rallus semiplumbeus,Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomicron microrhynchum,Riparia riparia,Rupornis magnirostris,Sayornis nigricans,Serpophaga cinerea,Setophaga castanea,Setophaga cerulea,Setophaga petechia,Setophaga ruticilla,Setophaga striata,Sicalis flaveola,Sicalis luteola,Spiza americana,Sporagra spinescens,Sturnella magna,Synallaxis subpudica,Systellura longirostris,Tangara vitriolina,Thraupis episcopus,Thraupis palmarum,Tringa flavipes,Tringa melanoleuca,Tringa solitaria,Troglodytes aedon,Troglodytes solstitialis,Turdus fuscater,Turdus ignobilis,Tyrannus melancholicus,Tyrannus savana,Tyrannus tyrannus,Tyto alba,Vanellus chilensis,Vireo olivaceus,Vultur gryphus,Zenaida auriculata,Zonotrichia capensis

institution:

address:

publisher: Princeton University Press

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 836

issue:

year: 1986

0: Hilty, Steven

1: Brown, William

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type: book

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rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
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dataType:
identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Mide entre 38 y 43 cm y pesa aproximadamente 175 g. Su cuello y patas son más cortas que las de otras garzas. Presenta iris amarillo, maxila negruzca y mandíbula amarillenta. La piel de la cara es amarilla con una línea café oscuro que se extiende del ojo hasta el pico. Las patas presentan una coloración amarillo-naranja que contrasta con el plumaje oscuro al volar; coronilla y cresta negras (no siempre aparente), lados de la cabeza, cuello y pecho marrón oscuro con una línea negra a lo largo del cuello, bordeada de blanco. Resto del plumaje negro verdoso metálico en la parte superior y gris en la inferior con las coberteras de las alas escamadas con ante. Los juveniles presentan rayas de color marrón en el cuello y por debajo; espalda marrón con manchas ocre su forma y tamaño los distinguen de los jóvenes de cualquier otra especie. El patrón de coloración de los adultos y los jóvenes es muy críptico y se camufla bien en áreas de vegetación densa gracias a sus hábitos solitarios (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

briefDescription:

references

keywords: Butorides virescens

editors

institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 225----228.
issue:
volume: 96
year: 1993

authors

authors: Maccarone, A D
authors: Gress, R
title: A case of colonial breeding in the Green-backed Heron.
source: Trans. Kansas Acad. Sci.
type: article
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:

created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo:
providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

laterHomonymOf

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

note:
ruleConsidered:

conservedAgainst

basedOn

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

basionym

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

spellingCorrentionOf

typeNameEntity

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

typificacion

typeOfType:

lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher

lectotypePublicationVoucher

voucherReference

simple:
microReference:
year:

publishedIn

simple:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

specialAuthorship

authors

year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

authors

year

simple:
simple: (Linnaeus, 1758)

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:
linkType:
ref:
uninomial:
simple: Butorides virescens
rank: SPECIES
simple: Butorides virescens (Linnaeus, 1758)

attributes

nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

synonymsAtomized

ancillaryData

synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

anyOne

providerLink:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

typeNameEntity

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

typeVoucherEntity

typeOfType:
simple:
microReference:
year:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

[combinationAuthorship](#)

basionymAuthorship

simple:

authorship

simple:
simple: Linnaeus, 1758

epithet

infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:

genus

linkType:
ref:
uninomial:
simple: Ardea virescens
rank: SPECIES
simple: Ardea virescens Linnaeus, 1758
nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

[hierarchy](#)

[ancillaryData](#)

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

[subject](#)

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

[audience](#)

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
title:
modified: 2016-02-14T21:51:19.380Z
created: 2016-02-14T21:51:19.380Z

[agent](#)

homepage:
role:
email:
phone:
address:
position:
organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
parentTaxon: Butorides
higherClassification:
infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:

taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus:

genus: Butorides

family: Ardeidae

order: Pelecaniformes

classHierarchy: Aves

phylum: Chordata

kingdom: Animalia

recommended:

classification:

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

link: <http://darnis.inbio.ac.cr/ubis/FMPro?-DB=ubipub.fp3{\&}-lay=WebAll{\&}-error=norec.html{\&-Format=detail.html{\&-Op=eq{\&}id=2831{\&-Find>

keywords: Butorides virescens

institution:

address:

publisher:

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2000

0: Elizondo, H

title: Especies de Costa Rica

source: INBIO-Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad

type: miscellany

tags: Butorides virescens

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

1

keywords: Butorides virescens

institution:

address:

publisher:

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 225----228.

issue:
volume: 96
year: 1993
0: Maccarone, A D
1: Gress, R
title: A case of colonial breeding in the Green-backed Heron.
source: Trans. Kansas Acad. Sci.
type: article
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
reproductionUnstructured: Usualmente anida solitaria en territorios defendidos, aunque también anida en colonias. Su nido es una plataforma ligeramente cóncava y endeble hecha de palitos entre vegetación densa sobre el agua. El nido es ubicado en forma solitaria o en colonias pequeñas y poco densas. Ponen de 2 a 3 huevos azul claro, algunas veces hasta seis, posiblemente puestos por 2 o más hembras. Se reproducen de abril a septiembre (Elizondo, 2000; Maccarone & Gress, 1993).

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

audience

rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:

created:

agent

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedBy: TraitBank

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue: Sexual

measurementType: Tipo de Reproducción

measurementID:

molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm

lifeFormUnstructured:

lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions

interactionsUnstructured:

feeding

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Astragalinus psaltria,Butorides virescens,Picoides fumigatus,Setophaga petechia,Spiza americana

institution:

edition: cuarta

address:

publisher: INBio

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2007

0: Stiles, F G

1: Skutch, A F

title: Guía de aves de Costa Rica

source:

type: book
tags: Astragalinus psaltria,Butorides virescens,Picoides fumigatus,Setophaga petechia,Spiza americana
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

1

link: <http://darnis.inbio.ac.cr/ubis/FMPro?-DB=ubipub.fp3{\&}-lay=WebAll{\&}-error=norec.html{\&-Format=detail.html{\&-Op=eq{\&}id=2831{\&-Find>
keywords: Butorides virescens
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2000
0: Elizondo, H
title: Especies de Costa Rica
source: INBIO-Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad
type: miscellany
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

2

link: <http://bna.birds.cornell.edu/bna/species/129>
keywords: Butorides virescens
0: Poole, A
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 1994
0: Davis, W E
1: Kushlan, J A
title: Green Heron (Butorides virescens)
source: The Birds of North America Online
type: miscellany
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:

created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

feedingUnstructured: Generalmente forrajea solos. Se alimentan de día o de noche, caminando sigilosamente o permaneciendo quietos pacientemente en bordes de cuerpos de agua poco profundas a la espera de peces, acechándolos lentamente o atrapándolos con un rápido golpe. También consume insectos acuáticos y ranas. Es una de las pocas aves que utiliza herramientas, elaborando cebos que atraen a los peces a una distancia donde puede atraparlos (Davis & Kushlan, 1994; Elizondo, 2000; Stiles & Skutch, 1995)

0

0

strategy: Depredadores
type: Heterótrofos - Carnívoros

environmentalEnvelope

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:

ecologicalSignificance

ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:

dispersal

dispersalUnstructured:

distance:
structureDispersed:

type:
purpose:

behavior

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

0

link: <http://darnis.inbio.ac.cr/ubis/FMPro?-DB=ubipub.fp3{\&}-lay=WebAll{\&}-error=norec.html{\&}-Format=detail.html{\&}-Op=eq{\&}id=2831{\&}-Find>
keywords: Butorides virescens
institution:

address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2000
0: Elizondo, H
title: Especies de Costa Rica
source: INBIO-Instituto Nacional de Biodiversidad
type: miscellany
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

1

link: <http://bna.birds.cornell.edu/bna/species/129>
keywords: Butorides virescens
0: Poole, A
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 1994
0: Davis, W E
1: Kushlan, J A
title: Green Heron (Butorides virescens)
source: The Birds of North America Online
type: miscellany
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

2

keywords: Butorides virescens
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:

pages: 78--83
issue:
volume: 10
year: 1987
0: Kaiser, M S
1: Reid, F A
title: A comparison of Green-backed Heron nesting in two freshwater ecosystems
source: Colonial Waterbirds
type: article
tags: Butorides virescens
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

3

isbn: 13: 978-0-7922-5314-3
keywords: Butorides virescens,Empidonax traillii,Leiothlypis peregrina,Leucophaeus atricilla,Myiarchus crinitus,Patagioenas fasciata,Petrochelidon pyrrhonota,Setophaga castanea,Setophaga striata,Spiza americana
institution:
address:
publisher: the National Geographic Society
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 503
issue:
year: 2006
0: Dunn, J
1: Alderfer, J
title: Field guide to the birds of North America. Fifth Edition.
source:
type: book
tags: Butorides virescens,Empidonax traillii,Leiothlypis peregrina,Leucophaeus atricilla,Myiarchus crinitus,Patagioenas fasciata,Petrochelidon pyrrhonota,Setophaga castanea,Setophaga striata,Spiza americana
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: La Garza verde es una especie agresiva en la defensa de su espacio, ocupando territorios de alimentación a largo plazo y anidando dentro de estos. Sin embargo, en época de anidación se observa en colonias, probablemente en función de la oferta local. A comparación de la mayoría de los otros miembros de la familia, se caracteriza por su habilidad para adaptarse a todos los hábitats acuáticos (Davis & Kushlan, 1994; Elizondo, 2000; Kaiser & Reid, 1987). El llamado más común es un sonoro y agudo Kyowk (Dunn & Aldefer, 2006).

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

link: <http://bna.birds.cornell.edu/bna/species/129>

keywords: Butorides virescens

editors

editors: Poole, A

institution:

address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 1994

authors

authors: Davis, W E
authors: Kushlan, J A
title: Green Heron (*Butorides virescens*)
source: The Birds of North America Online
type: miscellany
tags: *Butorides virescens*
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

contentType:
dataType:
identifier:
distributionUnstructured: Se registra desde el nivel del mar hasta los 2600 msnm (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986). En época reproductiva, la Garcita Verde se distribuye desde el suroeste de Canadá, hasta el sur de la Florida y Bahamas, incluyendo áreas secas en los Estados de Texas, Arizona y Nuevo México. En el Oeste se encuentra por toda la costa Pacífica, desde British Columbia, en Canadá, hasta Baja California (Davis & Kushlan, 1994). Después de la reproducción las poblaciones migran hacia Florida, islas en el Caribe, México, Centroamérica, y el norte de Sudamérica (Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Surinam y este de Ecuador). Ocupa el norte de Colombia, en la región Caribe (San Andrés y Providencia y algunos cayos, Guajira, Magdalena, Bolívar, Sucre, Atlántico y

Córdoba), hasta el río Baudó, en la región pacífica de Colombia. Hacia el sur, su distribución incluye el valle interandino del río Cauca, Valle del Cauca). Hacia el oriente, se distribuye en el piedemonte de la cordillera Oriental (Tolima, Cundinamarca, Santander y Norte de Santander) hasta el oeste de los departamentos de Vichada, Meta, Caquetá y Putumayo (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Córdoba

ancillaryData

locality:
municipality:
country: Colombia

temporalCoverage

endDate:
startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured:
areaOfOccupancy:
extentOfOccurrence:

populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:

legislation
legislationUnstructured:

directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: Especie migratoria boreal (se reproduce en Norteamérica). Migra principalmente a lo largo de la costa del Caribe de septiembre a octubre y de abril a mayo generalmente en grandes bandadas y en la noche. Se encuentra asociada a vegetación densa cerca de aguas poco profundas tanto en ecosistemas acuáticos dulceacuícolas como salobres: estanques, charcas, pantanos, quebradas o manglares (Elizondo, 2000).

associatedParty

role:

personnelIdentifier:

personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone:

postalCode:

country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address:

organisation:

position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro

firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hnViQqtK8G0>

description:

subject

source: <https://www.youtube.com>

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

agent

contentType:
dataType:
identifier:

_id

_bsonType: ObjectId

id: VÅ÷üð lg#ç7