Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez Ficha ID: 56e3565a83c45700544e3dd2 Fecha de creación: 2016-03-11T23:36:01.785Z creation_date: 2016-03-11T23:36:01.785Z usesManagementAndConservation ancillaryData managementAndConservationUnstructured: managementAndConservationAtomized identificationKeys fullDescription 0 dataObject: additionalInformation: keywords: Polybia eberhardae, Polybia micans institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 31--38 issue: volume: 129 year: 1993 0: Cooper, M. title: Two new species of Polybia (Hym., Vespidae) with notes on other members of the genus. source: Entomologist's Monthly Magazine type: article tags: Polybia eberhardae, Polybia micans abstract: last modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id: geoPoint:

location: thumbnailURL: description: source:

bibliographicCitation:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

rightsHolder:

modified: created:

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Avispa extensivamente marrón o negro con pubescencia del mesoescuto y escutelo curvada; longitud del ala anterior 11-13 mm; usualmente más de la mitad del mesoescuto negro (Cooper, 1993). briefDescription:

references

keywords: Polybia eberhardae, Polybia micans

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series:

pages: 31--38

issue: volume: 129 year: 1993

authors

authors: Cooper, M.

title: Two new species of Polybia (Hym., Vespidae) with notes on other members of the genus.

source: Entomologist's Monthly Magazine

type: article

tags: Polybia eberhardae, Polybia micans

abstract:

identifiers

last modified: created: group_id: profile_id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype:

note: ruleConsidered:
replacementNameFor
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
sanctioned
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
laterHomonymOf
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
conservedAgainst
basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: basionym microReference:
source: datatype:

identifier:

identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
note: ruleConsidered:
spellingCorrentionOf
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:
lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher
lectotypePublicationVoucher
voucherReference
simple: microReference: year:
publishedIn
simple: source: datatype: identifier:
specialAuthorship
authors
year
simple:
canonicalAuthorship
authors
year
simple:

simple: Cooper, 1993 canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Polybia eberhardae

rank: SPECIES

simple: Polybia eberhardae Cooper, 1993

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

synonymsAtomized

hierarchy

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rigthsHolder:

rights: license: title:

modified: 2016-03-11T23:33:41.779Z created: 2016-03-11T23:33:41.779Z

agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position:
organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

parentTaxon: Polybia higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus: genus: Polybia family: Eumenidae order: Hymenoptera classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

commonNameAtomized

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier: usedBy:

usedIn distributionUnstructured: endDate: startDate: ancillaryData type: language: Español name: Avispa invasiveness invasivenessUnstructured: reproduction 0 dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: reproductionUnstructured: dataObject: additionalInformation: reference geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: mediaURL description: subject audience rightsHolder: rights: license:

0

0

strategy: Depredadores

type:

environmentalEnvelope

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:

ecologicalSignificance

ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:

dispersal

dispersalUnstructured:

distance:

structureDispersed:

type: purpose:

behavior

0

dataObject: additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti,Brachygastra lecheguana,Brachygastra propodealis,Brachygastra scutellaris,Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa.Mischocyttarus adolphi.Mischocyttarus alfkenii.Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians.Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis.Parachartergus fraternus.Parachartergus fulgidipennis,Parachartergus griseus,Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus smithii, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris, Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta. Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana. Pararhaphidoglossa proxima. Polybia bistriata. Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus lugubris. Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

institution: Universidad Nacional de Colombia

address:

publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: issue: vear: 1997 0: Sarmiento, C. E.

title: Véspidos de Colombia (Hymenoptera: Vespidae)

source: type: thesis

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis.Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius,Mischocyttarus flavicans,Mischocyttarus foveatus,Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus smithii, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris, Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus. Zethus mexicanus lugubris. Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

abstract: last modified: created:

group id: profile_id:

id:

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

description: source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

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modified: created: mimeType: dataType:

identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: El nido de donde proviene la serie tipo estaba suspendido de la raíz de una epífita; tiene forma de cono invertido, mide 12 cm de largo y 6,5 cm de diámetro y cuenta con 3 panales; La cubierta es lisa, blanda y de color marrón con algunas manchas más pálidas (Sarmiento, 1997).

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

mimeType:

dataType:

identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

annualCycle

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitat

habitatUnstructured:

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: distributionUnstructured: Esta especie se ha registrado en zonas con altitudes que no superan los 100 msnm. En el país se ha registrado en la región Amazónica,
distributionAtomized
ancillaryData
locality: municipality: country: Ecuador
temporalCoverage
endDate: startDate:
distributionScope
type:
threatStatus
territory
territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:
license:
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks: measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: Polybia eberhardae se distingue de Polybia micans por tener los dos tercios dorsales del clípeo con pubescencia larga; punteaduras del mesoescuto más fuertes y más de la mitad de la superficie negra; pubescencia de mesoescuto y escutelo curvada (Cooper, 1993). Esta especie de avispa depredadora se distribuye en Sudamérica en zonas con altitudes que no superan 100 msnm.

associatedParty

role:

personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone: postalCode: country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address: organisation: position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El holotipo de esta especie es una hembra y está depositado en el British Museum of Natural History (BMNH), Londres, Inglaterra

Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo

del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

_id

_bsontype: ObjectID id: VãVZfÄW DãÝ