Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56cf3b163c16479905cba7d0

Fecha de creación: 2016-02-25T17:34:13.741Z

annualCycles

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitats

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

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link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf

keywords: Spiza americana

0: Naranjo, L G 1: Amaya, J D

2: Eusse-González, D

3: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y

institution: address:

publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia

accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 708
issue:
volume: 1
year: 2012

0: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆW¢Â F-æ

title: Spiza americana

source: Gu\ia de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves

type: book_section tags: Spiza americana

abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:

id:

keywords: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa

humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreoventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris. Hemispingus verticalis. Henicorhina leucophrys. Hirundo rustica. Icterus chrysater. Icterus icterus. Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger.Mecocerculus leucophrys,Megascops choliba,Melanerpes rubricapillus,Merganetta armata,Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon murina,Oxypogon guerinii,Oxyura jamaicensis,Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus Iudovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomicron microrhynchum,Riparia riparia,Rupornis magnirostris,Sayornis nigricans,Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis institution:

address:

accessed:

publisher: Princeton University Press

websites: chapter: series: pages: 836 issue: year: 1986 0: Hilty, Steven 1: Brown, William

title: A Guide to the Birds of Colombia

source: type: book

tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnavii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta

thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreoventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria guitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis. Ixobrychus exilis. Jacana iacana, Lafresnava lafresnavi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon murina,Oxypogon guerinii,Oxyura jamaicensis,Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus Iudovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomicron microrhynchum,Riparia riparia,Rupornis magnirostris,Sayornis nigricans,Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes. Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis.Tyrannus melancholicus.Tyrannus savana.Tyrannus tyrannus.Tyto alba.Vanellus chilensis.Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis abstract:

last modified:

created:

group id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

habitatUnstructured: Áreas abiertas y agrícolas, principalmente arrozales, crecimiento secundario y matorrales, cultivos de maíz y caña de azúcar, bambuzales, pantanales con totora o enea (Typha latifolia) y pastizales (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

commonNamesAtomized

ancillaryData

usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

ancillaryData

type:

language: Español

name: Arrocero americano

creation_date: 2016-02-25T17:34:13.741Z

usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

n

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

U

link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf

keywords: Spiza americana

0: Naranjo, L G

1: Amaya, J D

2: Eusse-González, D

3: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y

institution: address:

publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia

accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 708 issue: volume: 1 year: 2012

0: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆW¢Â F-æ

title: Spiza americana

source: Gu\'ia de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves

type: book_section tags: Spiza americana

abstract: last_modified: created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Mide 15 cm y pesa aproximadamente 28 g. Pico grueso. Macho adulto con cabeza principalmente grisácea, tinte oliva y listado de negro en la coronilla y cejas amarillas, que con frecuencia se desvanecen a blanco por detrás del ojo. Resto del dorso café pálido, con listado negro en la espalda. Mancha suborbital, barbilla y lados de la garganta blancos. Cola y alas fuscas con bordes anteados. Babero negro en la parte inferior de la garganta; blanco anteado en el abdomen y las coberteras infracaudales. Centro del pecho amarillo brillante. Costado grisáceo. Por encima la hembra es similar al macho, pero luce listado negro más abundante, la cabeza más pardusca y los hombros rufos más pálidos. Cejas amarillas, mas angostas y opacas, lista malar negra y angosta. Garganta blanca, con unas pocas manchas negras en la parte posterior, sin babero. Resto de las partes inferiores semejante a las del macho, pero con amarillo menos extenso. Flancos, y en ocasiones pecho, con un listado negro. Culmen negruzco, resto del pico grisáceo o color cuerno. Patas cafés. Inmaduros similares a la hembra con pecho y cejas indistintos, teñidos de ante (Eusse-González, 2012). briefDescription:

references

link: http://maps.iucnredlist.org/map.html?id=22723796

keywords: Spiza americana

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: issue: year: 2014

authors

authors: BirdLife International

authors: NatureServe

title: Bird Species Distribution Maps of the World. 2012. Spiza americana. The IUCN Red List of Threatened

Species. Version 2014.2

source:

type: miscellany tags: Spiza americana

abstract:

identifiers

last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id: taxonRecordName ancillaryData providerSpecificData anyTwo: providerLink: publicationStatus microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: replacementNameFor microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: sanctioned microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: laterHomonymOf microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source:

datatype:

identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
conservedAgainst
basedOn
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
basionym
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typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:
lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher
lectotypePublicationVoucher
voucherReference
simple: microReference:

year:

publishedIn simple: source: datatype: identifier: specialAuthorship authors year simple: canonicalAuthorship authors year simple: simple: (Gmelin, 1789) canonicalName infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet: linkType: ref: uninomial: simple: Spiza americana rank: SPECIES simple: Spiza americana (Gmelin, 1789) attributes nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic: synonymsAtomized hierarchy ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: reference geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rigthsHolder:

rights: license: title:

modified: 2016-02-25T17:33:53.733Z created: 2016-02-25T17:33:53.733Z

agent

homepage:

role:
email:
phone:
address:
position:
organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

parentTaxon: Spiza higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet:

taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus: genus: Spiza family: Cardinalidae order: Passeriformes classHierarchy: Aves phylum: Chordata kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

link: http://www.redalyc.org/pdf/402/40219049007.pdf

keywords: Spiza americana

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institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 264--272
issue:
volume: 14
year: 2011
0: Heredia, F
1: Scott, L
2: Chávez, F
3: Cotera, M
4: Pando, M
5: Estrada, E
title: Aves en pastizales restaurados del valle del R\'io Platte, centro-sur de Nebraska.
source: Ciencia UANL
type: article
tags: Spiza americana
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group id:
profile_id:
id:
link: http://www.bioone.org/doi/abs/10.1642/0004-8038(2005)122[0648:GVIBCM]2.0.CO;2
issn: 0004-8038
keywords: Setophaga petechia, Spiza americana
institution:
address:
publisher: The American Ornithologists' Union
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 648
issue:
volume: 122
year: 2005
0: Jensen, William E
1: Cully, Jack F
title: Geographic variation in Brown-Headed Cowbird (Molothrus ater) parasitism on Dickcissels (Spiza americana) in
great plains tallgrass prairie
source: The Auk
type: article
tags: Setophaga petechia, Spiza americana
abstract:
last modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
```

id: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: reproductionUnstructured: Prefieren para anidar sitios de pastizal con vegetación más compleja, con estructuras de restos de plantas anuales muertas y con vida, maduras, como aquellos sitios con varios años de abandono o descanso, donde la falta de pastoreo facilita la permanencia de mayor cobertura de vegetación y el establecimiento de plantas leñosas. Evidencia de parasitismo por Molothrus ater (Heredia et al., 2011; Jensen & Cully, 2005). molecularData
molecularDataUnstructured:
migratory
migratoryUnstructured:
lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle
lifeCycleUnstructured:
interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation:
0
link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf keywords: Spiza americana 0: Naranjo, L G 1: Amaya, J D 2: Eusse-González, D 3: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y institution: address: publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia accessed: websites: chapter:

series: pages: 708 issue: volume: 1 year: 2012

0: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆW¢Â F-æ

title: Spiza americana

source: Gu\'ia de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves

type: book_section tags: Spiza americana

abstract: last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id:

1

keywords: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis.Catamenia analis.Catamenia inornata.Cathartes aura.Catharus minimus.Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreoventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon querinii, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus Iudovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa

flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis

institution: address:

publisher: Princeton University Press

accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 836
issue:
year: 1986
0: Hilty, Steven
1: Brown, William

title: A Guide to the Birds of Colombia

source: type: book

tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus.Cinclodes albidiventris.Cinclus leucocephalus.Cinnycerthia unirufa.Cistothorus apolinari.Cistothorus platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnavii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreoventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria guitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon murina,Oxypogon guerinii,Oxyura jamaicensis,Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus Iudovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomicron microrhynchum,Riparia riparia,Rupornis magnirostris,Sayornis nigricans,Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna. Svnallaxis subpudica. Svstellura longirostris. Tangara vitriolina. Thraupis episcopus. Thraupis palmarum. Tringa flavipes. Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus

ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis abstract: last modified: created: group_id: profile id: id: 2 keywords: Astragalinus psaltria, Butorides virescens, Picoides fumigatus, Setophaga petechia, Spiza americana institution: edition: cuarta address: publisher: INBio accessed: websites: chapter: series: issue: year: 2007 0: Stiles, F G 1: Skutch, A F title: Gu\'ia de aves de Costa Rica source: type: book tags: Astragalinus psaltria, Butorides virescens, Picoides fumigatus, Setophaga petechia, Spiza americana abstract: last modified: created: group id: profile_id: id: 3 keywords: Nomonyx dominicus, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Setophaga striata, Spiza americana institution: address: publisher: Alfred A. Knopf accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 1109 issue: vear: 1980 0: Terres, J K title: The Audubon Society Encyclopedia of North American Birds source: type: book tags: Nomonyx dominicus, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Setophaga striata, Spiza americana abstract: last modified: created: group_id:

profile_id: id: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured: Consume semillas de malezas, granos, insectos y arañas; principalmente granos y semillas e invierno; forrajea sobre el suelo o picotea inflorescencias secas. Los polluelos son alimentados con insectos (Hilty Brown, 1986; Stiles & Skutch, 2007). Como la especie se alimenta de semillas durante la época de invernada, es favorecida por la expansión del cultivo de arroz (Oryza sativa) y sorgo (Sorghum vulgare), y ha cambiado su distribución en los últimos 50 años de acuerdo con la misma (Eusse-González, 2012; Terres, 1980).
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured: distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose: behavior
dataObject: additionalInformation:
0
keywords: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus

platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri

major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa

coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga

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address:

accessed:

publisher: Princeton University Press

websites: chapter: series: pages: 836 issue: year: 1986 0: Hilty, Steven 1: Brown, William

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tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccycua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnavii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta

thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreoventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria guitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis. Ixobrychus exilis. Jacana iacana, Lafresnava lafresnavi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor,Ochthoeca rufipectoralis,Orochelidon murina,Oxypogon guerinii,Oxyura jamaicensis,Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus Iudovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus,Ramphomicron microrhynchum,Riparia riparia,Rupornis magnirostris,Sayornis nigricans,Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes. Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis.Tyrannus melancholicus.Tyrannus savana.Tyrannus tyrannus.Tyto alba.Vanellus chilensis.Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis abstract:

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institution: address:

publisher: the National Geographic Society

accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 503 issue: year: 2006 0: Dunn, J

title: Field guide to the birds of North America. Fifth Edition.

source: type: book

1: Alderfer, J

tags: Butorides virescens, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Geothlypis philadelphia, Leiothlypis

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

link: http://maps.iucnredlist.org/map.html?id=22723796

keywords: Spiza americana

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: issue:

year: 2014 authors

authors: BirdLife International

authors: NatureServe

title: Bird Species Distribution Maps of the World. 2012. Spiza americana. The IUCN Red List of Threatened

Species. Version 2014.2

source:

type: miscellany tags: Spiza americana

abstract:

identifiers

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created: group id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

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created:

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dataType: identifier:

distributionUnstructured: Se reproduce principalmente en el centro y este de Estados Unidos, abarcando la región de las Grandes Praderas, hasta tierras bajas del Atlántico, con poblaciones reproductoras periféricas. Algunos individuos pueden permanecer dentro del área de reproducción en Norteamérica durante el invierno, dependiendo de la disponibilidad de alimento. Inverna desde el oeste de México, en el estado de Nayarit, pasando por Centroamérica hasta Sudamérica, por la costa Pacífica, aunque se considera rara en la mayoría de su distribución centroamericana, y es accidental en la vertiente oriental de los Andes de Ecuador. En Sudamérica ocupa la porción norte, principalmente noreste de Colombia, norte de Venezuela, Guyanas, y norte de Brasil. Los sitios de invernada principales de esta especie son los llanos de Venezuela en los estados de Portuguesa, Cojedes y Guárico aunque puede ocupar otros sitios agrícolas de los países vecinos (BirdLife International and NatureServe, 2014; Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

Desde el nivel del mar hasta los 1600 msnm (Hilty & Brown, 1986).

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Córdoba

ancillaryData

locality: municipality: country: Colombia

temporalCoverage

endDate: startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

ancillaryData

threatStatusUnstructured:

threatStatusAtomized

apendiceCITES: locality:

municipality: county:

stateProvince: country: Colombia

0: IUCN

measurementValue: Preocupación menor (LC)

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks: measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedBy

measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementType: IUCN measurementID: territory territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence: populationBiology dataObject: additionalInformation: link: http://awsassets.panda.org/downloads/migratorias{_}aves{_}42{_}final.pdf keywords: Spiza americana 0: Naranjo, L G 1: Amaya, J D 2: Eusse-González, D 3: Cifuentes-Sarmiento, Y institution: address: publisher: Ministerio de Ambiente y Desarrollo Sostenible / WWF Colombia accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 708 issue: volume: 1 year: 2012 0: Eusse-Gonza0 ÆW¢Â F-æ title: Spiza americana source: Gu\'ia de las Especies Migratorias de la Biodiversidad en Colombia Aves type: book_section tags: Spiza americana abstract: last modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: populationBiologyUnstructured: A partir de la expansión de los cultivos de arroz, comenzó a convertirse en una plaga por lo cual ha sido perseguida por los cultivadores, lo que produjo una disminución de hasta 40% de la población entre 1966 y 1978. Actualmente sus poblaciones parecen haberse estabilizado y su tamaño poblacional se estima en 22.000.000 de individuos (Eusse-González, 2012).
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: Es un ave migratoria, proveniente de Norteamérica, que habita áreas abiertas como pastizales, áreas agrícolas como arrozales, cultivos de maíz y caña o zonas con crecimiento secundario como matorrales desde el nivel del mar hasta los 1600 msnm (Eusse-González, 2012; Hilty & Brown, 1986). Consume semillas de malezas o de especies de arroz (Oryza sativa) y sorgo (Sorghum vulgare), por lo cual es considerada como una plaga para los agricultores (Terres, 1980). Se alimentan en bandadas solo en periodos de invernación. Se ha evidenciado que son parasitadas por Molothrus ater (Jensen & Cully, 2005).
associatedParty

role:

personnelldentifier:

personnelDirectory: homepage: email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com phone: postalCode: country: Colombia state: Bogotá Distrito Capital city: Bogotá D.C. address: organisation: position: lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: reference geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: mediaURL: http://youtu.be/3Z5JVvUL7KI description: subject source: http://www.youtube.com audience bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: agent

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