

Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56cf585f3c16479905cba7d9

Fecha de creación: 2016-02-25T19:39:10.936Z

annualCycles

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitats

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

link: <http://www.hbw.com/node/55196>

keywords: *Systellura longirostris*

0: del Hoyo, J

1: Elliott, A

2: Sargatal, J

3: Christie, D A

4: de Juana, E

institution:

address:

publisher: Lynx Edicions

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2013

0: Cleere, N

1: Bonan, A

title: Band-winged Nightjar (*Caprimulgus longirostris*)

source: Handbook of the Birds of the World Alive

type: book_section

tags: *Systellura longirostris*

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

1

keywords: *Systellura longirostris*

institution:

address:

publisher: Apollo Books

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 1990

0: Fjeldsa, J

1: Krabbe, N K

title: Birds of the High Andes

source:

type: book

tags: *Systellura longirostris*

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

habitatUnstructured: Normalmente habita en los bordes del bosque, claros de bosque y campos. También se presenta en otros hábitats variados, incluyendo zonas abiertas con vegetación baja, páramos arbustivos, pajonal de puna, desiertos pedregosos y semi-desérticos, estepas y laderas cubiertas de hierba en el bosque achaparrado semiárido; a veces se encuentran en pueblos y ciudades (Cleere & Bonan, 2013; Fjeldsa & Krabbe, 1990).

commonNamesAtomized

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

agent

contentType:
data Type:
identifier:
usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:
endDate:
startDate:

ancillaryData

type:
language: Inglés
name: Band-winged Nightjar
creation_date: 2016-02-25T19:39:10.936Z

usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

0

link: <http://www.hbw.com/node/55196>
keywords: Systellura longirostris

0: del Hoyo, J
1: Elliott, A
2: Sargatal, J
3: Christie, D A
4: de Juana, E

institution:
address:
publisher: Lynx Edicions
accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2013

0: Cleere, N

1: Bonan, A

title: Band-winged Nightjar (*Caprimulgus longirostris*)

source: Handbook of the Birds of the World Alive

type: book_section

tags: Systellura longirostris

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

1

keywords: Systellura longirostris

institution:

address:

publisher: Pica Press.

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 1998

0: Cleere, N

1: Nurney, D

title: Nightjars: A Guide to Nightjars and Related Nightbirds.

source:

type: book

tags: Systellura longirostris

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

2

keywords: Systellura longirostris

institution:

address:

publisher: Apollo Books

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 1990

0: Fjeldsa, J

1: Krabbe, N K

title: Birds of the High Andes

source:

type: book

tags: Systellura longirostris

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

3

link: <http://www.museum.lsu.edu/{~}Remsen/SACCprop522.html>

keywords: *Systellura longirostris*

institution:

address:

publisher:

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 2012

0: Nores, M

1: Stiles, G

title: Proposal (522) to South American Classification Committee

source: South American Classification Committee

type: miscellany

tags: *Systellura longirostris*

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Mide 22 cm. Dorso negruzco con manchas negras, castaño, marrón, con la nuca rufa a manera de collar. Las alas son oscuras con una franja marrón (en las hembras) o blanca (en los machos) a través de las primarias externas. La cola es un poco larga, las plumas (remeras) centrales son plumizas, el resto es café. En los machos se presentan amplios puntos terminales blancos en los tres pares de remeras externas y una franja angosta blanca cerca de la base de la cola (Cleere & Bonan, 2013; Cleere & Nurney, 1998; Fjeldsa & Krabbe, 1990). Anteriormente conocido como *Caprimulgus longirostris* Bonaparte, 1825. Cambió de género de acuerdo con la propuesta (522) por South American Classification Committee (Nores & Stiles, 2012).

briefDescription:

references

link: <http://www.museum.lsu.edu/{~}Remsen/SACCprop522.html>

keywords: *Systellura longirostris*

editors

institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2012

authors

authors: Nores, M
authors: Stiles, G
title: Proposal (522) to South American Classification Committee
source: South American Classification Committee
type: miscellany
tags: Systellura longirostris
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo:
providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:

ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

laterHomonymOf

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

conservedAgainst

basedOn

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

basionym

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

spellingCorrentionOf

typeNameEntity

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

typificacion
typeOfType:

[lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher](#)

[lectotypePublicationVoucher](#)

[voucherReference](#)

simple:
microReference:
year:

publishedIn

simple:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

specialAuthorship

[authors](#)

[year](#)

simple:
canonicalAuthorship

[authors](#)

[year](#)

simple:
simple: Bonaparte, 1825

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:
linkType:
ref:

uninomial:
simple: Systellura longirostris
rank: SPECIES
simple: Systellura longirostris Bonaparte, 1825

attributes

nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

[synonymsAtomized](#)

[ancillaryData](#)

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

link: <http://www.museum.lsu.edu/{~}Remsen/SACCprop522.html>
keywords: Systellura longirostris

[editors](#)

institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2012

[authors](#)

authors: Nores, M
authors: Stiles, G
title: Proposal (522) to South American Classification Committee
source: South American Classification Committee
type: miscellany
tags: Systellura longirostris
abstract:

[identifiers](#)

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

[subject](#)

source:

[audience](#)

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:
rights:
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

anyOne

providerLink:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:

identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

typeNameEntity

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

typeVoucherEntity

typeOfType:
simple:
microReference:
year:
source:
datatype:
identifier: (Bonaparte, 1825)

combinationAuthorship

basionymAuthorship

simple:
authorship
simple:
simple:

epithet
infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:

genus
linkType:
ref:
uninomial:
simple: Caprimulgus longirostris
rank:
simple:
nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

hierarchy

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
title:
modified: 2016-02-25T19:38:50.935Z
created: 2016-02-25T19:38:50.935Z

agent

homepage:
role:
email:
phone:
address:
position:
organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
parentTaxon: Systellura
higherClassification:
infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
taxonRank: SPECIES
subGenus:
genus: Systellura
family: Caprimulgidae
order: Caprimulgiformes
classHierarchy: Aves
phylum: Chordata
kingdom: Animalia
recommended:
classification:

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Systellura longirostris
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 251----253.

issue:
volume: 47(2)
year: 2000
0: Aragones, J
1: Árias, D R
2: Recuerda, P
title: Brood amalgamation in red-necked nightjars *Caprimulgus ruficollis*.
source: Ardeola
type: article
tags: *Systellura longirostris*
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

1

link: <http://www.hbw.com/node/55196>
keywords: *Systellura longirostris*
0: del Hoyo, J
1: Elliott, A
2: Sargatal, J
3: Christie, D A
4: de Juana, E
institution:
address:
publisher: Lynx Edicions
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2013
0: Cleere, N
1: Bonan, A
title: Band-winged Nightjar (*Caprimulgus longirostris*)
source: Handbook of the Birds of the World Alive
type: book_section
tags: *Systellura longirostris*
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

reproductionUnstructured: El período reproductivo para esta especie comprende los meses de octubre a diciembre para Chile y Argentina, más al norte en Colombia el período reproductivo se extiende desde julio hasta abril o posiblemente tengan dos puestas al año (Cleere & Bonan, 2013). El tamaño de la nidada (dos huevos) coincide con la de otras descripciones hechas para este género, de la misma forma la posición de los sitios de anidación, bajo un árbol o arbusto, que posiblemente sea una forma de protección para el nido (Aragones et al., 2000). En general los huevos son puestos en el suelo desnudo, hojarasca o roca desnuda. Nidada entre 1 a 2 huevos, elípticos o semielípticos, rosados, rosado crema o blanquecinos, manchados y grabados con marrón, lila y gris, o sin marcar; Polluelos no descritos (Cleere & Bonan, 2013).

molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm

lifeFormUnstructured:

lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions

interactionsUnstructured:

feeding

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

0

keywords: *Systellura longirostris*

institution:

address:

publisher: Pica Press.

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

issue:

year: 1998

0: Cleere, N

1: Nurney, D

title: Nightjars: A Guide to Nightjars and Related Nightbirds.

source:

type: book

tags: *Systellura longirostris*

abstract:

last_modified:

created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

feedingUnstructured: Se alimenta de polillas, escarabajos y termitas. Forrajea realizando breves salidas desde el suelo o perchas bajas. También se alimenta de insectos atraídos por luces artificiales (Cleere & Nurney, 1998).

environmentalEnvelope

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:

ecologicalSignificance

ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:

dispersal

dispersalUnstructured:

distance:
structureDispersed:
type:
purpose:

behavior

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Actitis macularius, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas discors, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bartramia longicauda, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Catharus fuscescens, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Coccyzus americanus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Columba livia, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cooperi, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria ruficapilla, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Leiothlypis

peregrina, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Metallura tyrianthina, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Scytalopus griseicollis, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris

0: Stiles, F G

1: Bohórquez, C I

2: Cadena, C D

3: De la Zerda, S

4: Hernández, M

5: Roselli, L

6: Kelsey, M

7: Valencia, I D

8: Knapp, D

institution:

edition: Primera Ed

address:

publisher: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitolog'ia; Corporación Autónoma Regional de Cundinamarca

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 276

issue:

year: 2000

0: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitolog'ia

title: Aves de la Sabana de Bogotá: gu'ia de campo

source:

type: book

tags: Actitis macularius, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas discors, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bartramia longicauda, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Catharus fuscescens, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Coccyzus americanus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Columba livia, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cooperi, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria ruficapilla, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Leiothlypis peregrina, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Metallura tyrianthina, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia

noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Scytalopus griseicollis, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

1

keywords: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccyzus pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnaya, Leiostyris alpestris, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mnioilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon guerinii, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus

ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis

institution:

address:

publisher: Princeton University Press

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 836

issue:

year: 1986

0: Hilty, Steven

1: Brown, William

title: A Guide to the Birds of Colombia

source:

type: book

tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccyzua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliosus, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiothlypis peregrina, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mnioilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon guerini, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo

olivaceus,Vultur gryphus,Zenaida auriculata,Zonotrichia capensis

abstract:

last_modified:

created:

group_id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: Estrictamente nocturno. Generalmente pasa el día oculto sobre el suelo o entre la vegetación al borde de las laderas o cruces de caminos. Canta desde perchas bajas o desde el suelo poco después de anochecer. Es muy críptico por los patrones de coloración de su plumaje (Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología, 2000; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

Su canto es un siiiiiirrt muy alto, agudo y penetrante; a veces repite un alto chi-wiitt chi wiit durante gran parte de la noche (Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología, 2000).

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

keywords: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigrirostris, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccyzus pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliosus, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnayi, Leiostyris alpestris, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus cinerascens, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striaticollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon guerini, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne subis, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicrodon microrhynchus, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo olivaceus, Vultur gryphus, Zenaida auriculata, Zonotrichia capensis

editors

institution:

address:
publisher: Princeton University Press
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 836
issue:
year: 1986

authors

authors: Hilty, Steven
authors: Brown, William
title: A Guide to the Birds of Colombia
source:
type: book

tags: Accipiter striatus, Actitis macularius, Adelomyia melanogenys, Aglaiocercus kingii, Amblycercus holosericeus, Ampelion rubrocristatus, Anas andium, Anas clypeata, Anas discors, Andigena nigristrois, Anisognathus igniventris, Ardea alba, Ardea herodias, Arremon assimilis, Asio flammeus, Asio stygius, Asthenes flammulata, Asthenes fuliginosa, Astragalinus psaltria, Atlapetes pallidinucha, Atlapetes schistaceus, Bubulcus ibis, Buteo platypterus, Buteo swainsoni, Butorides striata, Butorides virescens, Cairina moschata, Calidris bairdii, Calidris melanotos, Cardellina canadensis, Catamenia analis, Catamenia inornata, Cathartes aura, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetocercus mulsant, Chaetura pelagica, Chalcostigma heteropogon, Chordeiles minor, Chrysomus icterocephalus, Cinclodes albidiventris, Cinclus leucocephalus, Cinnycerthia unirufa, Cistothorus apolinari, Cistothorus platensis, Coccyzua pumila, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Coeligena bonapartei, Colibri coruscans, Colibri thalassinus, Columba livia, Columbina talpacoti, Conirostrum rufum, Conirostrum sitticolor, Contopus cinereus, Contopus fumigatus, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Coragyps atratus, Crotophaga ani, Crotophaga major, Dendrocygna autumnalis, Dendrocygna viduata, Diglossa albilatera, Diglossa cyanea, Diglossa humeralis, Diglossa lafresnayii, Diglossa sittoides, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Dubusia taeniata, Egretta caerulea, Egretta thula, Elaenia flavogaster, Elaenia frantzii, Elanus leucurus, Empidonax alnorum, Empidonax traillii, Ensifera ensifera, Eriocnemis cupreiventris, Eriocnemis vestita, Eupsittula pertinax, Falco columbarius, Falco peregrinus, Falco sparverius, Forpus conspicillatus, Fulica americana, Gallinago nobilis, Gallinula galeata, Gallinula melanops, Geothlypis philadelphia, Geranoaetus melanoleucus, Glaucidium jardinii, Grallaria quitesis, Grallaria ruficapilla, Grallaria squamigera, Haplospiza rustica, Heliangelus amethysticollis, Heliangelus exortis, Hellmayrea gularis, Hemispingus superciliaris, Hemispingus verticalis, Henicorhina leucophrys, Hirundo rustica, Icterus chrysater, Icterus icterus, Icterus nigrogularis, Ixobrychus exilis, Jacana jacana, Lafresnaya lafresnaya, Leiostyris alpestris, Leptasthenura andicola, Lesbia nuna, Lesbia victoriae, Leucophaeus atricilla, Machetornis rixosa, Margarornis squamiger, Mecocerculus leucophrys, Megascops choliba, Melanerpes rubricapillus, Merganetta armata, Metallura tyrianthina, Milvago chimachima, Mimus gilvus, Mniotilta varia, Molothrus bonariensis, Muscisaxicola alpinus, Myiarchus crinitus, Myiodynastes luteiventris, Myiotheretes fumigatus, Myiotheretes striatocollis, Myiothlypis nigrocristata, Myornis senilis, Nomonyx dominicus, Nycticorax nycticorax, Ochthoeca cinnamomeiventris, Ochthoeca diadema, Ochthoeca fumicolor, Ochthoeca rufipectoralis, Orochelidon murina, Oxypogon guerinii, Oxyura jamaicensis, Pachyramphus versicolor, Pandion haliaetus, Pardirallus maculatus, Parkesia noveboracensis, Patagioenas fasciata, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaetusa simplex, Phalacrocorax brasilianus, Pheucticus aureoventris, Pheucticus ludovicianus, Phimosus infuscatus, Phrygilus unicolor, Phyllomyias uropygialis, Piaya cayana, Picoides fumigatus, Pipraeidea melanonota, Pipreola riefferii, Piranga olivacea, Piranga rubra, Pitangus sulphuratus, Pluvialis dominica, Podilymbus podiceps, Porphyrio martinicus, Porzana carolina, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Pseudocolopteryx acutipennis, Pseudoscops clamator, Pterophanes cyanopterus, Pygochelidon cyanoleuca, Pyrocephalus rubinus, Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus, Quiscalus lugubris, Rallus semiplumbeus, Ramphocelus dimidiatus, Ramphomicron microrhynchum, Riparia riparia, Rupornis magnirostris, Sayornis nigricans, Serpophaga cinerea, Setophaga castanea, Setophaga cerulea, Setophaga fusca, Setophaga petechia, Setophaga ruticilla, Setophaga striata, Sicalis flaveola, Sicalis luteola, Spiza americana, Sporagra spinescens, Sturnella magna, Synallaxis subpudica, Systellura longirostris, Tangara vitriolina, Thraupis episcopus, Thraupis palmarum, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Troglodytes aedon, Troglodytes solstitialis, Turdus fuscater, Turdus ignobilis, Tyrannus melancholicus, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Tyto alba, Vanellus chilensis, Vireo

olivaceus,Vultur gryphus,Zenaida auriculata,Zonotrichia capensis
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitología
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

contentType:
dataType:
identifier:
distributionUnstructured: Se encuentra en Sudamérica en Venezuela, Colombia, Bolivia, Chile, Argentina, Paraguay y Brasil. En Colombia en la cordillera Oriental y Central (Hilty & Brown, 1986; BirdLife International and NatureServe, 2014). En la parte sur de su área de distribución es encontrado con regularidad (Cleere & Nurney, 1998). Desde el nivel del mar hasta los 4200 msnm (Cleere & Bonan, 2013; Fjeldsa & Krabbe, 1990; Hilty & Brown, 1986).

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Cauca

ancillaryData

locality:
municipality:
country: Colombia

temporalCoverage

endDate:
startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

ancillaryData

threatStatusUnstructured:

threatStatusAtomized

apendiceCITES:

locality:

municipality:

county:

stateProvince:

country: Global

0: IUCN

measurementValue: Preocupación menor (LC)

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedBy

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementType: IUCN

measurementID:

territory

territoryUnstructured:

areaOfOccupancy:

extentOfOccurrence:

populationBiology

populationBiologyUnstructured:

legislation

legislationUnstructured:

directThreats

directThreatsUnstructured:

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

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contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: La Gallina Ciega (*Systellura longirostris*), es una especie nocturna y crepuscular que se distribuye a lo largo de Sudamérica y ocupa una variedad de hábitats como bordes del bosque, claros de bosque, zonas abiertas con vegetación baja, páramos arbustivos, pajonal de puna, desiertos pedregosos y semi-desiertos, estepas y laderas cubiertas de hierba en el bosque achaparrado semiárido. También es común encontrarlo a lo largo de carreteras en pueblos y ciudades (Cleere & Bonan, 2013). Se alimenta principalmente de insectos. Generalmente pasa el día oculto sobre el suelo o entre la vegetación al borde de las laderas o cruces de caminos y canta desde perchas bajas o desde el suelo poco después de anochecer, lo cual facilita su detección debido a que por sus patrones de coloración se camufla muy bien en el medio (Hilty & Brown, 1986).

associatedParty

role:

personnelIdentifier:

personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone:

postalCode:

country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address:

organisation:

position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro

firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL: <http://www.xeno-canto.org/180595>

description:

subject

source: <http://www.xeno-canto.org>

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

_id
_bsontype: ObjectId
id: VÍX_< GTM\⁰}•