Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56e43e5883c45700544e3e26

Fecha de creación: 2016-03-12T16:05:51.471Z

creation_date: 2016-03-12T16:05:51.471Z usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Cabeza, tórax y propodeo brillantes aunque hay reticulaciones y punteaduras; clípeo pubescente en el cuarto anterior; margen genal cuando es visible, sólo en la mitad superior; carena pronotal indicada lateralmente. Tiene máximo un tergo abdominal con banda amarilla. briefDescription:

references

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti,Brachygastra lecheguana,Brachygastra propodealis,Brachygastra scutellaris,Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vagueroi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis

scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 585 issue: year: 1978

authors

authors: Richards, O. W.

title: The social wasps of the Americas excluding the Vespinae

source: type: book

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti,Brachygastra lecheguana,Brachygastra propodealis,Brachygastra scutellaris,Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides. Protopolybia exigua binominata. Protopolybia exigua exigua. Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea abstract:

identifiers

last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData anyTwo: providerLink: publicationStatus microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: replacementNameFor microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: sanctioned microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: laterHomonymOf microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst basedOn microReference:

source: datatype:

identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
basionym
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
spellingCorrentionOf
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:
lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher
lectotypePublicationVoucher
voucherReference
simple: microReference: year:
publishedIn
simple: source: datatype: identifier:
specialAuthorship
authors

year simple: canonicalAuthorship authors year simple: simple: canonicalName infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet: linkType: ref: uninomial: simple: Polybia raui raui rank: SUBSPECIES simple: Polybia raui subsp. raui attributes nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic: synonymsAtomized hierarchy ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: reference geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: mediaURL description:

audience
bibliographicCitation:
rigthsHolder:

rights: license:

source: NUB Generator [autonym]

subject

title:

modified: 2016-03-12T16:05:31.471Z created: 2016-03-12T16:05:31.471Z

agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

parentTaxon: Polybia raui higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet:

taxonRank: SUBSPECIES

subGenus: genus: Polybia family: Eumenidae order: Hymenoptera classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

commonNameAtomized

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified:

created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier: usedBy:

distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

usedIn

ancillaryData

type:

language: Español name: Avispa

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject: additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia caiennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis.Mischocvttarus carbonarius carbonarius.Mischocvttarus flavicans.Mischocvttarus foveatus.Mischocvttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus.Mischocyttarus vaqueroi,Omicron aequale nigritum,Omicron conclamatum,Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus smithii, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris, Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca

septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus luqubris, Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

institution: Universidad Nacional de Colombia

address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 1997

0: Sarmiento, C. E.

title: Véspidos de Colombia (Hymenoptera: Vespidae)

source: type: thesis

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus. Mischocyttarus petiolatus. Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus. Mischocyttarus punctatus. Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus smithii,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris,Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta. Polybia scrobalis pronotalis. Polybia scrobalis scrobalis. Polybia sericea. Polybia striata. Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus lugubris, Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

abstract:

last modified:

created: group_id:

profile_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL: description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: reproductionUnstructured: El nido se puede encontrar en sitios muy protegidos como huecos de troncos, bajo musgos en barrancos de los río. Es esférico 14 cm diámetro por 13 cm de largo. La pared está elaborada en capas onduladas como las que se ven en los nidos de esfécidos e incluyen hojas de la planta de donde se sustentan; tiene varias aperturas en los costados y se han observado algunos con proyecciones como lengüetas que bajan desde la parte media de la cubierta; es difícil explicar su función (Sarmiento, 1997).
molecularData
molecularDataUnstructured:
migratory
migratoryUnstructured:
lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle
lifeCycleUnstructured:
interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured:
source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured:
source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured:

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured: distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose:
behavior
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: behaviorUnstructured: Es poco agresiva por ello permite la observación del nido desde muy cerca sin despliegue de comportamientos de defensa. Atacan larvas que se encuentran dentro de hojas enrolladas, retirando la cobertura de seda que sostiene la hoja.
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact

relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID:
annualCycle
annualCycleUnstructured:
habitat
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Esta especie de avispa habita bosques tropicales de Centroamérica y Sudamérica. endemicAtomized
distribution
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

distributionUnstructured: Polybia raui raui se distribuye en México, Guatemala, Belice, Panamá y Colombia. En el país se ha registrado en las regiones Andina, Amazonia, Caribe, Orinoquía y Pacífica.

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Caquetá

ancillaryData

locality: municipality: country: Colombia temporalCoverage

endDate: startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence:

populationBiology

populationBiologyUnstructured:

legislation

legislationUnstructured:

directThreats

directThreatsUnstructured:

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint: location:

thumbnailURL:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

identifier:

measurementRemarks: measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: Esta especie con habitos depredadores y sociales habita bosques tropicales de Centroamérica y Sudamérica. Morfológicamente se caracteriza por ser negra con un tergo abdominal con banda o mancha amarilla; mesoescuto distintivamente reticulado; manchas amarillentas en mandíbulas, clípeo, parte posterior del pronoto y en el área escrobal; margen costal del ala anterior negro.

associatedParty

role:

personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone: postalCode: country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address: organisation: position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El holotipo está depositado en el Museum of Comparative Zoology (MCZ), Massachusetts, Estados Unidos.

Registros biológicos: Colección Entomológica, Instituto de Ciencias Naturales, Universidad Nacional de Colombia. Bogotá, Colombia http://www.biovirtual.unal.edu.co/colecciones/datos/animalia/consultasMammalia.jsp?clase=4 Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

_id

_bsontype: ObjectID id: Vä>XfÄW Dãâ`