

Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56e462f383c45700544e3e36

Fecha de creación: 2016-03-12T18:42:02.148Z

creation_date: 2016-03-12T18:42:02.148Z

usesManagementAndConservation

[ancillaryData](#)

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

[managementAndConservationAtomized](#)

identificationKeys

fullDescription

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

mimeType:

dataType:

identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Más de seis venas antenodales. Cuadrángulo con el lado anterior curvo hacia abajo. Cercos largos y curvos con una proyección ventro medial en forma de diente. Paraproctos del macho vestigiales. Macho y hembra patrón de coloración alar diferente.

briefDescription:

[references](#)

keywords: Polythore beata, Polythore concinna, Polythore derivata, Polythore mutata

[editors](#)

institution:

address:

publisher:

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 245--273

issue:

volume: 15

year: 1986

[authors](#)

authors: Bick, G.H. \& Bick, J.C.
title: The genus Polythore exclusive of the picta group (Zygoptera: Polythoridae)
source: Odonatologica
type: article
tags: Polythore beata,Polythore concinna,Polythore derivata,Polythore mutata
abstract:

identifiers

last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo:
providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

laterHomonymOf

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

[conservedAgainst](#)

basedOn

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

basionym

microReference:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

note:

ruleConsidered:

[spellingCorrentionOf](#)

typeNameEntity

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

source:

datatype:

identifier:

typificacion

typeOfType:

[lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher](#)

lectotypePublicationVoucher

voucherReference

simple:
microReference:
year:

publishedIn

simple:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

specialAuthorship

authors

year

simple:
canonicalAuthorship

authors

year

simple:
simple: McLachlan, 1881

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:
linkType:
ref:

uninomial:
simple: Polythore concinna
rank: SPECIES
simple: Polythore concinna McLachlan, 1881

attributes

nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

synonymsAtomized

ancillaryData

synonymStatus:
synonymName
anyTwo:

anyOne

providerLink:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:

ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:
microReference:

publishedIn

source:
datatype:
identifier:

reletedName

source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:
ruleConsidered:

typeNameEntity

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

typeVoucherEntity

typeOfType:
simple:
microReference:
year:
source:
datatype:
identifier:

[combinationAuthorship](#)

basionymAuthorship

simple:
authorship

simple:
simple: Kirby, 1889

epithet

infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
infragenericEpithet:

genus

linkType:
ref:
uninomial:
simple: Polythore pulchella
rank: SPECIES
simple: Polythore pulchella Kirby, 1889
nomenclaturalCode:
isAnamorphic:
id:

[hierarchy](#)

[ancillaryData](#)

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

[reference](#)

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

[mediaURL](#)

description:

[subject](#)

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

[audience](#)

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
title:
modified: 2016-03-12T18:41:42.147Z
created: 2016-03-12T18:41:42.147Z

[agent](#)

homepage:
role:
email:
phone:
address:
position:

organisation:
lastName:
firstName:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
parentTaxon: Polythore
higherClassification:
infraspecificEpithet:
specificEpithet:
taxonRank: SPECIES
subGenus:
genus: Polythore
family: Polythoridae
order: Odonata
classHierarchy: Insecta
phylum: Arthropoda
kingdom: Animalia
recommended:
classification:

commonNameAtomized

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:
endDate:
startDate:

ancillaryData

type:
language: Español
name: Caballito del diablo

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

reproductionUnstructured: La cópula y el desove se realizan dentro del territorio del macho. Cuando el macho detecta a la hembra vuela hacia ella, que responde posándose o huyendo si no está receptiva. Si la hembra se posa el macho aterriza en su tórax y le coloca los cercos en el cuello. Una vez están sujetos vuelan hacia alguna rama cercana y se inicia la cópula, que dura varios minutos. Después de copular la pareja se separa; el macho regresa a su percha de vigilancia y la hembra se dirige a desovar en los troncos en descomposición semi sumergidos y bajo la vigilancia del macho.

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dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

audience

rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:
created:

agent

contentType:
dataType:
identifier:
relatedTo:
measurementRemarks:
measurementMethod:
measurementDeterminedBy: TraitBank
measurementDeterminedDate:
measurementUnit:
measurementAccuracy:
measurementValue: Sexual
measurementType: Tipo de Reproducción
measurementID:

molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm

lifeFormUnstructured:

lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions

interactionsUnstructured:

feeding

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
contentType:
dataType:

identifier:

feedingUnstructured: Las larvas se alimentan de insectos acuáticos y los adultos de insectos voladores.

0

0

strategy: Depredadores

type: Heterótrofos - Carnívoros

environmentalEnvelope

environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:

ecologicalSignificance

ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:

dispersal

dispersalUnstructured:

distance:

structureDispersed:

type:

purpose:

behavior

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: Los machos son territoriales y pueden permanecer en una misma zona hasta un mes. Se posan con las alas cerradas sobre el abdomen en la punta de ramas o sobre troncos muy cerca del agua. A pesar de ser odonatos de sombra ni el macho ni la hembra visitan el arroyo en días nublados.

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:
rights:
license:
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:
measurementRemarks:
measurementMethod:
measurementDeterminedDate:
measurementUnit:
measurementAccuracy:
measurementValue:
measurementType:
measurementID:

annualCycle

annualCycleUnstructured:

habitat

0

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

habitatUnstructured: Las larvas viven exclusivamente en quebradas limpias, oxigenadas, sombreadas y rodeadas de bosque primario o poco intervenido, encontrándose en ambientes lóticos con áreas rocosas y hojarasca. Igualmente los adultos habitan arroyos sombreados de bosques húmedos o selvas.

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
distributionUnstructured: Esta especie de libélula se ha registrado en zonas con altitudes que van desde los 400 hasta 2800 msnm. En el país se distribuye en la región de la Amazonia.

distributionAtomized

ancillaryData

locality:
municipality:
country: Ecuador

temporalCoverage

endDate:
startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured:
areaOfOccupancy:
extentOfOccurrence:

populationBiology

populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation

legislationUnstructured:

directThreats

directThreatsUnstructured:

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created:

contentType:

dataType:

identifier:

measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: Los adultos de esta especie presentan cuerpo robusto y patas cortas. Alas ámbar ligeramente brillantes con banda delgada opaca cuneiforme ubicada ligeramente distal al nodo, naranja en el ala anterior, ligeramente café en el ala posterior. Venación alar muy densa. Las larvas se destacan por presentar branquias ventrales en cada segmento abdominal, y branquias caudales globosas con procesos digitiformes.

associatedParty

role:

personnelIdentifier:

personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone:

postalCode:

country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address:

organisation:

position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro

firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El lectotipo está depositado en el British Museum of Natural History (BMNH), Londres, Inglaterra.
Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaría General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto “Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC”.

reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights:
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:

agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:

_id
_bsontype: ObjectID
id: VăbófĂW Dăă`