Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez Ficha ID: 56d70eb23c16479905cba91c Fecha de creación: 2016-03-02T16:03:01.226Z annualCycles annualCycleUnstructured: habitats 0 dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Clasificación del hábitat: UICN Habitats Classification Scheme: 1.6; 4.6; 5.1; 5.5; 14.1; 14.2 Tipo de hábitat: Acuático lentico, Terrestre Se encuentra en sabanas, pastizales, manglares, pantanos y áreas agrícolas. Se asocian con el ganado. commonNamesAtomized ancillaryData usedBy: usedIn distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

# ancillaryData

type:

name: Afrikaanse koereiger

creation date: 2016-03-02T16:03:01.226Z

usesManagementAndConservation

## ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

0

0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified:
created: mimeType: dataType:
identifier: useNotes: Ganaderia, control biológico potential:
properties: ratingPopularity: economics: useTypeAtomized:
conservationExplotationData: seasonOfAvailabilityUse: meansOfApplicationAdministration:
productionDetails: vernacularNameUseAnnotations: organisms: users:
partUsed: useValue: sourceOfInformationText:
references
identificationKeys
fullDescription
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Ave de tamaño mediano (45 a 53 cm) con pico, cuello y patas cortas. La envergadura de las alas alcanza aproximadamente los 96 cm. Pesa entre 270-500g. El plumaje es totalmente blanco, pero en la época reproductiva aparecen plumas de color beige o canela en la corona y dorso. El pico es de color amarillo y las patas varían desde el anaranjado hasta el amarillo verdoso. En la cara tiene una pequeña franja de piel desnuda de color amarillento que une la base del pico con el ojo. No hay dimorfismo sexual, aunque los machos son más grandes (Telfair II, 2006).

briefDescription:

#### references

taxonRecordName

## ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:

ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

# laterHomonymOf microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: basionym microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: spelling Corrention OftypeNameEntity source: datatype: identifier:

datatype: identifier:

source: datatype: identifier: source:

typificacion

typeOfType:

**lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher** 

## **lectotypePublicationVoucher**

## voucherReference

simple:

microReference:

year:

publishedIn

simple: source: datatype: identifier:

specialAuthorship

## authors

## year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

#### authors

## year

simple:

simple: (Linnaeus, 1758)

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref:

uninomial:

simple: Bubulcus ibis rank: SPECIES

simple: Bubulcus ibis (Linnaeus, 1758)

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

: 4.

# synonymsAtomized

# ancillaryData

synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

## anyOne

providerLink: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

## reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

## reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:
publishedIn
source: datatype: identifier:
reletedName
source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: microReference:
publishedIn
source: datatype: identifier:
reletedName
source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typeVoucherEntity
typeOfType: simple: microReference: year: source: datatype: identifier:
combinationAuthorship
basionymAuthorship
simple:
authorship

simple:

simple: Linnaeus, 1758

## epithet

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

## genus

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Ardea ibis rank: SPECIES

simple: Ardea ibis Linnaeus, 1758

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

## hierarchy

## ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

#### reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

## mediaURL

description:

## subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

## audience

bibliographicCitation: rigthsHolder:

rights: license: title:

modified: 2016-03-02T16:02:41.212Z created: 2016-03-02T16:02:41.212Z

## agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position:

organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier: parentTaxon: Bubulcus higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES subGenus: genus: Bubulcus family: Ardeidae order: Pelecaniformes classHierarchy: Aves phylum: Chordata kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification: invasiveness invasivenessUnstructured: reproduction dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: reproductionUnstructured: Tipo de reproducción: Sexual Periodo de reproducción: La especie madura y se reproduce a los dos o tres años. Duración del ciclo reproductivo: 21 a 24 días. Frecuencia del ciclo reproductivo: Una vez al año. Número de descendientes: Entre 3 a 4 crías por ciclo reproductivo, en ocasiones hasta 9. Promedio tasa de fecundidad: Produce en promedio 3 huevos por ciclo reproductivo. molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle
lifeCycleUnstructured:
interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured: Tipo de dieta: Omnívora La dieta se compone principalmente de insectos e invertebrados terrestres, en ocasiones consume peces e invertebrados acuáticos.
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified:

created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: dispersalUnstructured: Especie con alta movilidad, capaz de dispersarse por sus propios medios (Maddock y Geering, 1994). Existen poblaciones residentes y migratorias (Telfair II, 2006). Vuela en bandadas hacia y desde los sitios de alimentación, cría y dormideros (Marion et al., 1993). distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose:
behavior
behaviorUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID:
endemicAtomized
distribution
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: distributionUnstructured: La especie ha sido reportada de 0 a 2600 msnm.
distributionAtomized
temporalCoverage
endDate: startDate:
distributionScope
type:
threatStatus
territory
territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder:

rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: populationBiologyUnstructured: A nivel mundial se estima aproximadamente entre 3800000 -7600000 de individuos (BirdLife International, 2014).
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: Es una especie cosmopolita, se encuentra en zonas tropicales, subtropicales y templadas. Los adultos son blancos con iris, pico y piel de la cara de color amarillo. Habita en pastizales, manglares, pantanos y áreas agrícolas. Longevidad de la especie: 23 Años, 23 años (silvestre). Se alimenta principalmente de insectos que brincan al paso del ganado cuando este forrajea en pastizales y sabanas. En ocasiones consume peces e invertebrados acuáticos.
associatedParty
role: personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone: postalCode: country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C.

address: organisation: position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

## ancillaryData

#### dataObject:

additionalInformation: (Hilty y Brown, 2001). Álvarez-López, H. (1999). Guía de las aves de la Reserva Natural Laguna de Sonso. Imágenes de la Naturaleza.; Hilty, S. L., & Brown, W. L. (2001). Guía de las aves de Colombia. SAO, Universidad del Valle y American Bird Conservancy – ABC, Cali. Colombia | BirdLife International (2014). Bubulcus ibis. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Version 2014.1. Available from: www.iucnredlist.org. [Accessed 3 July 2014] | Siegfried, W. R. (1971). The food of the cattle egret. Journal of Applied Ecology, 8, 447-468; Weber, W.J. (1972). A new world for the cattle egret. Natural History, 81, 56-63 | Telfair II, R. C. (2006). Cattle egret (Bubulcus ibis), The birds of North America online (A. Poole, Ed.). Ithaca: Cornell Lab of Ornithology. Available: from: http://bna.birds.cornell.edu/bna/species/113. [Accessed 2 July 2014] | Kaufman, K. (1996). Lives of North American birds. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston.USA | Maddock, M. & Geering, D. (1994). Range expansion and migration of the Cattle Egret. Ostrich, 65,191-203 | Marion, L., Brugiere, D., & Grisser. P. (1993). An invasion of nesting Cattle Egrets Bubulcus ibis in France in 1992. Alauda, 61 (3), 129-136

#### reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

#### mediaURL

description:

#### subject

source:

#### audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Instituto de Investigación de Recursos Biológicos Alexander von Humboldt

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

## agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

id

bsontype: ObjectID

id: V×ë#Ády∙Ë©