Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez
Ficha ID: 56e19ca283c45700544e3d1d Fecha de creación: 2016-03-10T16:11:21.062Z
annualCycles
annualCycleUnstructured:
habitats
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Esta especie habita bosques húmedos o selvas de Sudamérica.
commonNamesAtomized
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent

mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
usedBy:
usedIn
distributionUnstructured:
endDate:
startDate:

# ancillaryData

type:

language: Español name: Caballito del diablo

creation\_date: 2016-03-10T16:11:21.062Z

usesManagementAndConservation

# ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

# managementAndConservationAtomized

## identificationKeys

0

dataObject: additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Cora inca

institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:

pages: 117--143

issue: volume: 19 year: 1990 0: Bick, G. H. 1: Bick, J. C.

title: A revision of the Neotropical genus Cora Selys, 1853 (Zygoptera: Polythoridae)

source: Odonatologica

type: article tags: Cora inca

abstract: last\_modified: created: group\_id: profile\_id:

•	
- 10.	

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description: source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

keys: Bick, G. H., & Bick, J. C. (1990). A revision of the Neotropical genus Cora Selys, 1853 (Zygoptera:

Polythoridae). Odonatologica, 19(2), 117-143.

#### fullDescription

#### 0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint: location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Más de seis venas antenodales. Cuadrángulo con el lado anterior curvo hacia abajo. Cercos largos y curvos con un diente en la parte interna. Paraprocto vestigial. Ápice del segmento distal de la lígula genital cóncavo, lóbulos distales cortos, proyecciones laterales ausentes. Distancia de la base al nodo en el ala anterior más grande que del nodo al pterostigma. Longitud del pterostigma 3 a 3.4 mm. Mitad basal del segmento abdominal 2 dorsalmente azul. Tórax principalmente azul, con bandas transversas oscuras.

briefDescription:

#### references

keywords: Cora inca

#### editors

institution: address:

audicoo.

publisher:

accessed:

websites:

chapter:

series:

pages: 117--143

issue: volume: 19 year: 1990

## authors

authors: Bick, G. H. authors: Bick, J. C.

title: A revision of the Neotropical genus Cora Selys, 1853 (Zygoptera: Polythoridae)

source: Odonatologica

type: article tags: Cora inca

abstract:

## identifiers

last\_modified: created:

group\_id: profile\_id:

iq.

taxonRecordName

# ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: laterHomonymOf microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: basionym microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: spellingCorrentionOf typeNameEntity source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:

microReference:

source: datatype:

source:
datatype:
identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:

**lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher** 

# **lectotypePublicationVoucher**

# voucherReference

simple:

microReference:

year:

publishedIn

simple: source: datatype: identifier:

specialAuthorship

#### authors

# year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

## authors

## year

simple:

simple: Selys, 1873

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref:

uninomial: simple: Cora inca rank: SPECIES

simple: Cora inca Selys, 1873

## attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

# synonymsAtomized

# ancillaryData

synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

# anyOne

providerLink: microReference:

# publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

## reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

# publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

## reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

## reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

# reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

# typeNameEntity

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:

# typeVoucherEntity

typeOfType: simple:

microReference:

year: source:

datatype: identifier:
combinationAuthorship
basionymAuthorship
simple:
authorship
simple: simple: Hagen in Selys, 1869
epithet
infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:
genus
linkType: ref: uninomial: simple: Cora brasiliensis rank: SPECIES simple: Cora brasiliensis Hagen in Selys, 1869 nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic: id:
hierarchy
The factory
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011
audience
bibliographicCitation: rigthsHolder: rights: license: title:

modified: 2016-03-10T16:11:01.051Z

created: 2016-03-10T16:11:01.051Z agent homepage: role:

email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

parentTaxon: Cora higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus: genus: Cora

family: Polythoridae order: Odonata

classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

reproductionUnstructured: La copula y el desove se llevan a cabo dentro del territorio del macho. Cuando el macho detecta a la hembra vuela hacia ella, que responde posándose o huyendo si no está receptiva. Si la hembra se posa el macho aterriza en su tórax y le coloca los cercos en el cuello. Una vez están sujetados vuelan hacia alguna rama

cercana y se inicia la copula, que dura varios minutos. Después de copular la pareja se separa; el macho regresa a su percha de vigilancia y la hembra se dirige a desovar en los troncos en descomposición semisumergidos y bajo la vigilancia del macho.
0
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
audience
rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedBy: TraitBank measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: Sexual measurementType: Tipo de Reproducción measurementID:
molecularData
molecularDataUnstructured:
migratory
migratoryUnstructured:
lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions

interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured: Las larvas se alimentan de insectos acuáticos y los adultos de insectos voladores.  0
0 strategy: Depredadores
type: Heterótrofos - Carnívoros
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured: distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose:
behavior
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: behaviorUnstructured: Esta especie es depredadora y territorial. Los machos pueden permanecer en su territorio hasta un mes. Se posan con las alas cerradas en la punta de ramas o sobre troncos muy cerca del agua. A pesar de ser odonatos de sombra ni el macho ni la hembra visitan el arroyo en días nublados.
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID:
endemicAtomized
distribution
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL

description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: distributionUnstructured: Estos insectos neotropicales se distribuyen en Colombia, Ecuador, Venezuela y Brasil. En el país ha sido registrado en la región Amazónica.
distributionAtomized
stateProvince: Amazonas
ancillaryData
locality: municipality: country: Colombia
temporalCoverage
endDate: startDate:
distributionScope
type:
threatStatus
territory
territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData

dataObject:
additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

#### measurementOrFact

relatedTo:

measurementRemarks: measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType:

measurementID:

abstract: Los adultos presentan cuerpo robusto y patas cortas. Las larvas se destacan por presentar branquias ventrales en cada segmento abdominal, y branquias caudales globosas con procesos digitiformes.

## associatedParty

personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory:

homepage:

email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com

phone: postalCode: country: Colombia

state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

city: Bogotá D.C. address:

organisation: position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

## ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El holotipo está depositado en el Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique, Bruselas, Bélgica

Registros biológicos: Colección Entomológica, Instituto de Ciencias Naturales, Universidad Nacional de Colombia. Bogotá, Colombia http://www.biovirtual.unal.edu.co/colecciones/datos/animalia/consultasMammalia.jsp?clase=4 Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

## reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: mediaURL: description:

# subject

source:

#### audience

bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder:

rights:

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

# agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

\_id

\_bsontype: ObjectID id: VᜢfÄW DãÑĐ