Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: Edgar Herrera Ficha ID: 56e7a4fd83c45700544e4274 Fecha de creación: 2016-03-15T06:01:20.566Z creation_date: 2016-03-15T06:01:20.566Z usesManagementAndConservation ancillaryData managementAndConservationUnstructured: managementAndConservationAtomized identificationKeys fullDescription 0 dataObject: additionalInformation: 0 keywords: Amazilia franciae, Chlorostilbon mellisugus, Doryfera Iudoviciae, Elaenia flavogaster, Icterus chrysater, Icterus mesomelas, Momotus momota, Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis, Neochelidon tibialis,Ortalis guttata,Phaethornis longuemareus,Piaya cayana,Ramphastos vitellinus institution: address: publisher: Livignston Publishing Company accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 430 issue: year: 1964 0: Meyer de Schauensee, R. title: The Birds of Colombia and adjancet áreas of South and Central America source: type: book tags: Amazilia franciae, Chlorostilbon mellisugus, Doryfera Iudoviciae, Elaenia flavogaster, Icterus chrysater, Icterus mesomelas, Momotus momota, Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis, Neochelidon tibialis, Ortalis guttata, Phaethornis longuemareus, Piaya cayana, Ramphastos vitellinus abstract: last modified: created: group_id:

profile_id: id:

geoPoint: location:

thumbnailURL: description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Jimena Linares Gómez

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Se distingue de las demás especies de ese género por presentar rectrices, excepto el par central, y estas se encuentran inclinadas ampliamente y blanquecino (Meyer de Schauensee, 1964).

briefDescription:

references

keywords: Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 276 issue: year: 2000

authors

authors: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitolog\'ia title: Aves de la Sabana de Bogotá-Gu\'ia de Campo

source: type: book

tags: Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis

abstract:

identifiers

last_modified: created: group_id:

profile_id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier:

datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
replacementNameFor
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
sanctioned
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
laterHomonymOf
microReference: source:
datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:
identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst
identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: spellingCorrentionOf
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:
lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher
lectotypePublicationVoucher
voucherReference
simple: microReference: year:
publishedIn
simple: source: datatype: identifier:
specialAuthorship
authors
year
year simple:

year

simple:

simple: P. L. Sclater & Salvin, 1881

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Myiarchus apicalis

rank: SPECIES

simple: Myiarchus apicalis P. L. Sclater & Salvin, 1881

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

synonymsAtomized

hierarchy

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rigthsHolder: rights: license:

title:

modified: 2016-03-15T05:43:59.725Z created: 2016-03-15T05:43:59.725Z

agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

parentTaxon: Myiarchus higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus:

genus: Myiarchus family: Tyrannidae order: Passeriformes classHierarchy: Aves phylum: Chordata kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

commonNameAtomized

ancillaryData

usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

ancillaryData

type:

language: Inglés

name: Apical Flycatcher

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

reproductionUnstructured:

molecularData

molecularDataUnstructured:

migratory

migratoryUnstructured:

lifeForm

lifeFormUnstructured:

lifeCycle

lifeCycleUnstructured:
interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation:
0
keywords: Amazilia franciae, Chlorostilbon mellisugus, Doryfera Iudoviciae, Elaenia flavogaster, Icterus chrysater, Icterus mesomelas, Momotus momota, Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis, Neochelidon tibialis, Ortalis guttata, Phaethornis Ionguemareus, Piaya cayana, Ramphastos vitellinus institution: address: publisher: Livignston Publishing Company accessed: websites:
chapter: series:
pages: 430 issue: year: 1964 0: Meyer de Schauensee, R. title: The Birds of Colombia and adjancet áreas of South and Central America
source: type: book tags: Amazilia franciae,Chlorostilbon mellisugus,Doryfera ludoviciae,Elaenia flavogaster,Icterus chrysater,Icterus mesomelas,Momotus momota,Myiarchus apicalis,Myiozetetes cayanensis,Neochelidon tibialis,Ortalis guttata,Phaethornis longuemareus,Piaya cayana,Ramphastos vitellinus
abstract: last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id:
id: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source:
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Jimena Linares Gómez license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified: created: mimeType: dataType:
identifier: feedingUnstructured: Se alimentan de bayas, frutos y algunos insectos, son fértiles durante todo el año y son muy sociables, se adaptan a la mayoría de hábitats y alturas, exceptuando los ambientes áridos (Meyer de Schauensen, 1964).

environmentalEnvelope environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured: ecologicalSignificance ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured: dispersal dispersalUnstructured: distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose: behavior behaviorUnstructured: ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: measurementOrFact relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID: annualCycle annualCycleUnstructured: habitat 0 dataObject: additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 276 issue:

0: Asociación Bogotana de Ornitolog\'ia

title: Aves de la Sabana de Bogotá-Gu\'ia de Campo

source: type: book

year: 2000

tags: Myiarchus apicalis, Myiozetetes cayanensis

abstract: last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id:

id:

keywords: Actitis macularius, Amazilia amabilis, Amazilia franciae, Amazilia saucerrottei, Amazilia tzacatl, Anas cyanoptera, Anthracothorax nigricollis, Ara ararauna, Ara chloropterus, Ara macao, Ara militaris, Ara severus, Aratinga weddellii, Bartramia longicauda, Brotogeris cyanoptera, Brotogeris jugularis, Brotogeris sanctithomae, Brotogeris versicolurus.Bubulcus ibis.Buthraupis wetmorei.Calidris bairdii.Calidris fuscicollis.Calidris melanotos.Calidris minutilla, Catharus fuscescens, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetura meridionalis, Chalybura buffonii, Chlorostilbon mellisugus, Chordeiles minor, Claravis pretiosa, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Columba livia, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Crax globulosa, Dacnis hartlaubi, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Elaenia gigas, Elaenia parvirostris, Elaenia spectabilis, Elaenia strepera, Empidonax traillii, Empidonomus aurantioatrocristatus, Empidonomus varius, Eudocimus ruber, Florisuga mellivora, Furnarius torridus, Galbula pastazae, Geotrygon montana, Grallaria alleni, Grallaria rufocinerea, Heliothryx barroti, Hirundo rustica, Hylomanes momotula, Icterus spurius, Juliamyia julie, Lathrotriccus euleri, Lepidothrix coronata, Leptosittaca branickii, Melanerpes chrysauchen, Myiarchus apicalis, Myiodynastes Iuteiventris, Myiozetetes cayanensis, Myrmotherula assimilis, Netta erythrophthalma, Numenius phaeopus, Nyctidromus albicollis, Oporornis agilis, Orthopsittaca manilata, Pachyramphus rufus (Boddaert 1783), Parkesia motacilla, Paroaria gularis, Passer domesticus, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaethornis anthophilus. Phaethornis superciliosus. Pionus menstruus. Pipreola chlorolepidota. Pluvialis dominica. Porphyrio flavirostris, Progne chalybea, Progne subis, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Psittacara leucophthalmus, Pyrrhura melanura, Riparia riparia, Sporophila caerulescens, Sporophila lineola, Tachycineta albiventer (Boddaert 1783), Thalurania colombica, Thalurania furcata, Threnetes ruckeri, Tinamus osgoodi, Touit stictopterus, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Vireo altiloquus, Vireo flavifrons, Xiphorhynchus picus

institution: edition: 3 address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 1034

issue:

year: 2001 0: Hilty, S. L. 1: Brown, W. L.

title: Gu\'ia de las aves de Colombia

source: type: book

tags: Actitis macularius, Amazilia amabilis, Amazilia franciae, Amazilia saucerrottei, Amazilia tzacatl, Anas cyanoptera, Anthracothorax nigricollis, Ara ararauna, Ara chloropterus, Ara macao, Ara militaris, Ara severus, Aratinga weddellii,Bartramia longicauda,Brotogeris cyanoptera,Brotogeris jugularis,Brotogeris sanctithomae,Brotogeris versicolurus, Bubulcus ibis, Buthraupis wetmorei, Calidris bairdii, Calidris fuscicollis, Calidris melanotos, Calidris minutilla, Catharus fuscescens, Catharus minimus, Catharus ustulatus, Chaetura meridionalis, Chalybura buffonii, Chlorostilbon mellisugus, Chordeiles minor, Claravis pretiosa, Coccyzus americanus, Coccyzus melacoryphus, Columba livia, Contopus sordidulus, Contopus virens, Crax globulosa, Dacnis hartlaubi, Dolichonyx oryzivorus, Elaenia gigas, Elaenia parvirostris, Elaenia spectabilis, Elaenia strepera, Empidonax traillii, Empidonomus aurantioatrocristatus, Empidonomus varius, Eudocimus ruber, Florisuga mellivora, Furnarius torridus, Galbula pastazae, Geotrygon montana, Grallaria alleni, Grallaria rufocinerea, Heliothryx barroti, Hirundo rustica, Hylomanes momotula, Icterus spurius, Juliamyia julie, Lathrotriccus euleri, Lepidothrix coronata, Leptosittaca branickii, Melanerpes chrysauchen, Myiarchus apicalis, Myiodynastes Iuteiventris, Myiozetetes cayanensis, Myrmotherula assimilis, Netta erythrophthalma, Numenius phaeopus, Nyctidromus albicollis, Oporornis agilis, Orthopsittaca manilata, Pachyramphus rufus (Boddaert 1783), Parkesia motacilla, Paroaria gularis, Passer domesticus, Petrochelidon pyrrhonota, Phaethornis anthophilus, Phaethornis superciliosus, Pionus menstruus, Pipreola chlorolepidota, Pluvialis dominica, Porphyrio flavirostris, Progne chalybea, Progne subis, Progne tapera, Protonotaria citrea, Psittacara leucophthalmus, Pyrrhura melanura, Riparia riparia, Sporophila caerulescens, Sporophila lineola, Tachycineta albiventer (Boddaert 1783), Thalurania colombica, Thalurania furcata, Threnetes ruckeri, Tinamus osgoodi, Touit stictopterus, Tringa flavipes, Tringa melanoleuca, Tringa solitaria, Tyrannus savana, Tyrannus tyrannus, Vireo altiloguus, Vireo flavifrons.Xiphorhynchus picus

abstract: last_modified: created:

group_id: profile_id:

geoPoint:

id:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Jimena Linares Gómez

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

habitatUnstructured: Se encuentra en zonas áridas tropicales y subtropicales del Alto Patía, los Valles de Dagua; al este y oeste de los Andes. Está también presente en el bosque tropical deciduo y secundario, bosques bajos y en bordes de bosques siempre verdes (ABO, 2000). Según Hilty & Brown (2001) es relativamente común en selvas y bordes de montes claros, áreas de matorral y orilla de arroyos.

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Jimena Linares Gómez

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

distributionUnstructured: Está presente en toda Colombia, encontrándose que es una especie endémica para este país. Esta especie se encuentra generalmente entre los 400 y los 2300 m.s.n.m

distributionAtomized

ancillaryData

locality: municipality: county:

stateProvince: Amazonas

country: Colombia temporalCoverage

endDate: startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy:

extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementType: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: El tamaño de esta especie varia entre 18 y 18.3 cm. Posee una pequeña cresta en la cabeza, de la garganta al pecho es de color gris, el abdomen y bajo la región caudal es de color amarillo. Los miembros anteriores varían usualmente de café oliva a oliva, las alas en sus bordes son de un color pálido. En muchas especies Colombianas la cola es de color café oliva (ABO, 2000). Todas las especies del género Myiarchus son muy similares unas con otras en apariencia y es difícil hablar de ellas por aparte. Se caracterizan por ser aves no migratorias de pequeño tamaño.
associatedParty
role: personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory: homepage: email: edgarestebanhc@gmail.com phone:

postalCode:

country: state: city: address: organisation: position:

position: lastName: Herrera Collazos firstName: Edgar Esteban

ancillaryData

_id

_bsontype: ObjectID id: V c y f A W Da'