Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez
Ficha ID: 56e07d2f83c45700544e3cc5 Fecha de creación: 2016-03-09T19:44:53.710Z
annualCycles
annualCycleUnstructured:
habitats
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Al igual que las demás especies del género Agelaia habita bosques húmedos tropicales.
commonNamesAtomized
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier: usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

ancillaryData

type:

language: Español name: Avispa

creation_date: 2016-03-09T19:44:53.710Z

usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Cabeza, tórax y segmentos abdominales I-II, principalmente amarillos; 16-18mm longitud alar; ápice abdominal negro; patas amarillas y antenas rojizas. Placa dorsal del mesepisterno mucho más estrecha y la sutura forma un ángulo con la parte anterior por debajo de los 60°. Escutelo con una línea central muy notoria, algunas veces superficial; mesoescuto con un margen continuo desde atrás hasta la parte anterior de la tégula. La coloración amarillo quemado en amplios sectores de su cuerpo, combinada con manchas marrón en el ápice del abdomen. briefDescription:

references

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae.Mischocyttarus insolitus.Mischocyttarus labiatus.Mischocyttarus latissimus.Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Polybia bistriata,Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia

fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea

editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 585 issue: year: 1978

authors: Richards, O. W.

title: The social wasps of the Americas excluding the Vespinae

source: type: book

authors

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus.Mischocyttarus vaqueroi,Parachartergus amazonensis,Parachartergus colobopterus,Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Polybia bistriata,Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis. Synoeca surinama. Synoeca virginea abstract:

identifiers

last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:
publicationStatus
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
replacementNameFor
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
sanctioned
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
laterHomonymOf
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
conservedAgainst
basedOn

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier:

source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
basionym
microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
spellingCorrentionOf
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typificacion
typeOfType:
lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher
lectotypePublicationVoucher
voucherReference
simple: microReference: year:
publishedIn
simple: source: datatype: identifier:
specialAuthorship
authors

year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

authors

year

simple:

simple: (Fabricius, 1804)

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Agelaia testacea

rank: SPECIES

simple: Agelaia testacea (Fabricius, 1804)

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

synonymsAtomized

ancillaryData

synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

anyOne

providerLink: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier: reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

publishedIn

source: datatype:

identifier:
reletedName
source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typeVoucherEntity
typeOfType: simple: microReference: year: source: datatype: identifier:
combinationAuthorship
basionymAuthorship
simple:
authorship
simple: simple: Lepeletier, 1836
epithet
infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:
genus
linkType: ref: uninomial: simple: Agelaia fuscicornis rank: SPECIES simple: Agelaia fuscicornis Lepeletier, 1836 nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic: id:

hierarchy

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location:

thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rigthsHolder:

rights:

license: title:

modified: 2016-03-09T19:44:33.707Z created: 2016-03-09T19:44:33.707Z

agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType:

identifier: parentTaxon: Agelaia higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet:

taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus: genus: Agelaia family: Vespidae order: Hymenoptera classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended:

classification:
invasiveness
invasivenessUnstructured:
reproduction
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: reproductionUnstructured: Los nidos de estas avispas se ubican en oquedades de troncos y puede tener hasta 11 panales con unos 6500 individuos.
molecularData
molecularDataUnstructured:
migratory
migratoryUnstructured:
lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle
lifeCycleUnstructured:
interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation:
0
keywords: Agelaia angulicollis,Agelaia brevistigma,Agelaia cajennensis,Agelaia fulvofasciata,Agelaia hamiltoni,Agelaia testacea institution: Universidad de Costa Rica address:

publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 2010
0: Valverde, J.P.
title: Clave taxonómica ilustrada para los géneros y las especies de avispas eusociales de Costa Rica
(Hymenoptera: Vespidae, Polistinae) source:
type: thesis
tags: Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia
testacea
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Equipo Coordinador del SiB Colombia
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified:
created: mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
feedingUnstructured: Su dieta se compone básicamente de dos elementos, néctar y presas. El néctar puede ser
obtenido de las visitas a flores y también de la atención de homópteros (Valverde, 2010).
0
0
atratagia Depredadores
strategy: Depredadores type: Heterótrofos - Omnívoros
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured:
distance:
structureDispersed:
type:
purpose:

behavior dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: behaviorUnstructured: Son avispas de hábitos sociales y carroñeros. ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: measurementOrFact relatedTo:

measurementRemarks:

measurementMethod:

measurementDeterminedDate:

measurementUnit:

measurementAccuracy:

measurementValue:

measurementType:

measurementID:

endemicAtomized

distribution

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

distributionUnstructured: Las poblaciones de esta especie se distribuyen en áreas con rangos altitudinales de hasta 300 msnm en Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Guyana Francesa, Surinam, Brasil, Perú, Ecuador y Bolivia. En el país se ha registrado en la región de la Amazonia.

distributionAtomized

stateProvince: Amazonas

ancillaryData

locality: municipality: country: Colombia

temporalCoverage

endDate: startDate:

distributionScope

type:

threatStatus

territory

territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy:

extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation
legislationUnstructured:
directThreats
directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: Esta especie de avispas sociales y carroñeras, habita en los bosques húmedos tropicales de Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Guyana Francesa, Surinam, Brasil, Perú, Ecuador y Bolivia. Son principalmente amarillas con antenas rojizas y presentan longitudes alares entre los 16-18mm.
associatedParty
role: personnelIdentifier: personnelDirectory: homepage: email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com phone: postalCode: country: Colombia state: Bogotá Distrito Capital city: Bogotá D.C.

address: organisation: position:

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El tipo está depositado en el Universitetes Zoologiske Museum, Copenage, Dinamarca (UZMC).

Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

Registros biológicos: Colección Entomológica, Instituto de Ciencias Naturales, Universidad Nacional de Colombia. Bogotá, Colombia http://www.biovirtual.unal.edu.co/colecciones/datos/animalia/consultasMammalia.jsp?clase=4

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

_id

_bsontype: ObjectID id: Và}/fÄW DãÌP