Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez
Ficha ID: 56e2127683c45700544e3d60 Fecha de creación: 2016-03-11T00:34:05.201Z
annualCycles
annualCycleUnstructured:
habitats
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Habita bosques húmedos tropicales de Sudamérica.
commonNamesAtomized
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier: usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured:

endDate: startDate:

ancillaryData

type:

language: Español name: Avispa

creation_date: 2016-03-11T00:34:05.201Z

usesManagementAndConservation

ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

fullDescriptionUnstructured: briefDescription:

references

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae. Pachymenes orellanae vardyi. Parachartergus amazonensis. Parachartergus colobopterus. Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus smithii,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris,Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia

sedula,Pseudopolybia compressa,Pseudopolybia vespiceps,Santamenes peregrinus,Synoeca septentrionalis,Synoeca surinama,Synoeca virginea,Synoecoides depressus,Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus,Zethus mexicanus lugubris,Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

editors

institution: Universidad Nacional de Colombia

address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
issue:
year: 1997

authors

authors: Sarmiento, C. E.

title: Véspidos de Colombia (Hymenoptera: Vespidae)

source: type: thesis

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus iniucundus tingomariae. Mischocyttarus insolitus. Mischocyttarus labiatus. Mischocyttarus latissimus. Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus smithii, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris, Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans.Polybia occidentalis.Polybia platycephala sylvestris.Polybia quadricincta.Polybia raui raui.Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus lugubris, Zethus mexicanus mexicanus abstract:

identifiers

last_modified: created: group_id: profile_id: id:

taxonRecordName

ancillaryData

providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

publicationStatus

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

replacementNameFor

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

sanctioned

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

laterHomonymOf

microReference:

source:
datatype:
identifier:
source:
datatype:
identifier:
note:

ruleConsidered:

conservedAgainst

basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: basionym microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: spellingCorrentionOf typeNameEntity source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: typificacion typeOfType: lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher **lectotypePublicationVoucher** voucherReference simple: microReference: year: publishedIn simple: source: datatype: identifier:

specialAuthorship

authors

year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

authors

year

simple:

simple: Richards, 1978

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Mischocyttarus latissimus

rank: SPECIES

simple: Mischocyttarus latissimus Richards, 1978

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

synonymsAtomized

hierarchy

ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

audience

bibliographicCitation: rigthsHolder: rights: license: title: modified: 2016-03-11T00:33:45.197Z created: 2016-03-11T00:33:45.197Z
homepage: role: email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
parentTaxon: Mischocyttarus higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES subGenus: genus: Mischocyttarus family: Vespidae order: Hymenoptera classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:
invasiveness
invasivenessUnstructured:
reproduction
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:

mimeType: dataType: identifier:
reproductionUnstructured: 0
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
audience
rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedBy: TraitBank measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: Sexual measurementType: Tipo de Reproducción measurementID:
molecularData
molecularDataUnstructured:
migratory
migratoryUnstructured:
lifeForm
lifeFormUnstructured:
lifeCycle
lifeCycleUnstructured:

interactions
interactionsUnstructured:
feeding
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: feedingUnstructured:
0
0
strategy: Depredadores type: Heterótrofos - Omnívoros
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured: distance: structureDispersed: type: purpose:
behavior
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source:

bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: behaviorUnstructured: Las avispas de este género caminan a lo largo de los hilos de las telarañas, presumiblemente gracias a una especial adaptación en los lóbulos tarsales de las patas medias y posteriores. Después de esto las avispas forrajeras retornan al nido y allí mastican la comida compartiéndola con otras avispas de la colonia, las larvas son alimentadas por regurgitación. El néctar recolectado de una amplia variedad de flores también es llevado al nido y guardado en sus celdas para luego ser consumido por los adultos.
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID:
endemicAtomized
distribution
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

reference

location: thumbnailURL:
mediaURL
description:
subject
source:
audience
bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created:
agent
mimeType: dataType: identifier: distributionUnstructured: Se registran poblaciones de esta especie en Colombia y Perú. En el país se ha reportado en las regiones de la Amazonia y Orinoquía.
distributionAtomized
stateProvince: Arauca
ancillaryData
locality: municipality: country: Colombia
temporalCoverage
endDate: startDate:
distributionScope
type:
threatStatus
territory
territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence:
populationBiology
populationBiologyUnstructured:
legislation
legislationUnstructured:

directThreats directThreatsUnstructured: ancillaryData dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: measurementOrFact relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: Hembra con mandíbula rojiza con un pequeño punto amarillo. Clípeo, gena, pronoto y quilla pronotal, metanoto, lado anterior del ápice de la tibia anterior naranja. Espinas tibiales posteriores negras. Tégula café con un punto posterior naranja. Alas hialinas, con región costal y venación café. associatedParty role: personnelldentifier: personnelDirectory: homepage: email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com phone: postalCode: country: Colombia state: Bogotá Distrito Capital

ancillaryData

city: Bogotá D.C.

lastName: Gómez Melendro firstName: Edith Natalia

address: organisation: position:

dataObject:

additionalInformation: Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

Información de tipos: El holotipo está en el American Museum of Natural History (AMNH), New York, Estados Unidos.

reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

mediaURL

description:

subject

source:

audience

bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder:

rightsHolde

rights:

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

_id

_bsontype: ObjectID id: Vâ vf ÄW DãÖ