Reporte de Fichas para el usuario: edith gómez

Ficha ID: 56e44e3883c45700544e3e2a

Fecha de creación: 2016-03-12T17:13:35.249Z

creation\_date: 2016-03-12T17:13:35.249Z usesManagementAndConservation

# ancillaryData

managementAndConservationUnstructured:

#### managementAndConservationAtomized

identificationKeys

fullDescription

0

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location: thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

fullDescriptionUnstructured: Ojos claramente peludos; espacio malar tan largo como el ancho de la fosa antenal; tórax y propodeo con dorada pubescencia erecta; mesoescuto sin punteaduras; especie negra.

briefDescription:

#### references

keywords: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea

#### editors

institution: address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series:

pages: 624--625

issue: volume: 51 year: 1970

#### authors

authors: Jeanne, R. L.

title: Note on a bat (Phylloderma stenops) preying upon the brood of a social wasp

source: Journal of Mammalogy

type: article

tags: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea

abstract:

#### identifiers

last\_modified: created: group\_id: profile\_id:

taxonRecordName

## ancillaryData

#### providerSpecificData

anyTwo: providerLink:

## publicationStatus

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

## replacementNameFor

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

#### sanctioned

microReference:

source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered:

# laterHomonymOf microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: conservedAgainst basedOn microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: basionym microReference: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered: spelling Corrention OftypeNameEntity source: datatype: identifier:

datatype: identifier:

source: datatype: identifier: source:

typificacion

typeOfType:

**lectotypeMicroReferenceVoucher** 

# **lectotypePublicationVoucher**

#### voucherReference

simple:

microReference:

year:

publishedIn

simple: source: datatype: identifier:

specialAuthorship

#### authors

#### year

simple:

canonicalAuthorship

#### authors

#### year

simple:

simple: (Olivier, 1792)

canonicalName

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet: linkType:

ref:

uninomial:

simple: Polybia sericea

rank: SPECIES

simple: Polybia sericea (Olivier, 1792)

attributes

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

:a.

id:

# synonymsAtomized

# ancillaryData

synonymStatus:

synonymName

anyTwo:

# anyOne

providerLink: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

# publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

#### publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

ruleConsidered: microReference:

## publishedIn

source: datatype: identifier:

#### reletedName

source: datatype: identifier: note:

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reletedName
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publishedIn
source: datatype: identifier:
reletedName
source: datatype: identifier: note: ruleConsidered:
typeNameEntity
source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier: source: datatype: identifier:
typeVoucherEntity
typeOfType: simple: microReference: year: source: datatype: identifier:
combinationAuthorship
basionymAuthorship
simple:
authorship

simple:

simple: de Saussure, 1853

#### epithet

infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: infragenericEpithet:

#### genus

linkType: ref: uninomial:

simple: Apoica cubitalis

rank: SPECIES

simple: Apoica cubitalis de Saussure, 1853

nomenclaturalCode: isAnamorphic:

id:

## hierarchy

# ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

#### reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

#### mediaURL

description:

## subject

source: The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

#### audience

bibliographic Citation:

rigthsHolder: rights: license: title:

modified: 2016-03-12T17:13:15.249Z created: 2016-03-12T17:13:15.249Z

#### agent

homepage:

role: email: phone: address: position: organisation: lastName: firstName: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

parentTaxon: Polybia higherClassification: infraspecificEpithet: specificEpithet: taxonRank: SPECIES

subGenus: genus: Polybia family: Eumenidae order: Hymenoptera classHierarchy: Insecta phylum: Arthropoda kingdom: Animalia recommended: classification:

#### commonNameAtomized

# ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

## reference

geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

#### mediaURL

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#### subject

source:

#### audience

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rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created:

#### agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier: usedBy:

usedIn

distributionUnstructured: Meta - Colombia endDate: startDate:

#### ancillaryData

type:

language: Español name: Vaquera

invasiveness

invasivenessUnstructured:

reproduction

0

dataObject: additionalInformation:

0

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus smithii, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris, Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula. Pseudopolybia compressa. Pseudopolybia vespiceps. Santamenes peregrinus. Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus lugubris. Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

institution: Universidad Nacional de Colombia

address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: issue:

year: 1997

0: Sarmiento, C. E.

title: Véspidos de Colombia (Hymenoptera: Vespidae)

source: type: thesis

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis. Angiopolybia zischkai. Apoica thoracica. Asteloeca traili. Brachygastra albula. Brachygastra augusti,Brachygastra lecheguana,Brachygastra propodealis,Brachygastra scutellaris,Brachymenes wagnerianus, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona guerini, Epipona tatua, Eumenes versicolor filiformis, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Omicron aequale nigritum, Omicron conclamatum, Omicron criticum pulchripictum, Omicron foxi, Omicron globicolle, Omicron graculum atripes, Omicron lustratum, Omicron nanum incarum, Omicron paranymphus, Omicron ypsilon, Pachymenes ghilianii olivaceus, Pachymenes orellanae orellanae, Pachymenes orellanae vardyi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus smithii,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Pararhaphidoglossa clypeolaris,Pararhaphidoglossa confluenta confluenta, Pararhaphidoglossa cressoniana, Pararhaphidoglossa proxima, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Santamenes peregrinus, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea, Synoecoides depressus, Zethus brasiliensis fuscatus, Zethus mexicanus lugubris, Zethus mexicanus mexicanus

abstract:

last\_modified:

created:

group\_id:

profile\_id:

id:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

reproductionUnstructured: El nido tiene forma globosa y es de color marrón rojizo o marrón oscuro que puede medir 36 cm de largo por 11 cm de ancho, presenta 11 panales en su interior; una colonia puede contener 900 individuos. En las llanuras es posible encontrar nidos sujetos a restos de troncos secos cubiertos por pastizales (Sarmiento, 1997).

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus.Mischocyttarus vaqueroi,Parachartergus amazonensis,Parachartergus colobopterus,Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea institution:

address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 585 issue: year: 1978 0: Richards, O. W.

title: The social wasps of the Americas excluding the Vespinae

source: type: book

tags: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti, Brachygastra lecheguana, Brachygastra propodealis, Brachygastra scutellaris, Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus.Mischocyttarus vagueroi,Parachartergus amazonensis,Parachartergus colobopterus,Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis. Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea

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abstract:
last modified:
created:
group id:
profile id:
id:
keywords: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea
institution:
address:
publisher:
accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 624--625
issue:
volume: 51
year: 1970
0: Jeanne, R. L.
title: Note on a bat (Phylloderma stenops) preying upon the brood of a social wasp
source: Journal of Mammalogy
type: article
tags: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea
abstract:
last_modified:
created:
group_id:
profile_id:
geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)
modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
interactionsUnstructured: Sus nidos se encuentran suspendidos de ramas de cítricos (Citrus sp.) a alturas que
varían desde 1 m hasta 12 m (Richards, 1978).
Se han encontrado obreras parasitadas por Strepsiptera (Braxisenos brasiliensis). El murciélago Phylloderma
stenops se alimenta de larvas y pupas, ataca el nido varias noches consecutivas hasta destruir completamente la
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colonia (Jeanne, 1970). La especie presenta varios véspidos miméticos: Polybia chrysothorax, Mischocyttarus marginatus, Polistes subsericeus, Montezumia nigriceps, Montezumia spinolae, Montezumia sp. y Pachymenes sp.

feeding

(Richards, 1978).

dataObject: additionalInformation:
geoPoint:
location: thumbnailURL:
description:
source:
bibliographicCitation:
rightsHolder:
rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño
license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified:
created:
mimeType:
dataType:
identifier:
feedingUnstructured: 0
0
strategy: Depredadores type:
environmentalEnvelope
environmentalEnvelopeUnstructured:
ecologicalSignificance
ecologicalSignificanceUnstructured:
dispersal
dispersalUnstructured:
distance:
structureDispersed: type:
purpose:
behavior
0
dataObject:
additionalInformation:
0
keywords: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea
institution:
address:
publisher: accessed:
websites:
chapter:
series:
pages: 624625 issue:

volume: 51 year: 1970 0: Jeanne, R. L.

title: Note on a bat (Phylloderma stenops) preying upon the brood of a social wasp

source: Journal of Mammalogy

type: article

tags: Phylloderma stenops, Polybia sericea

abstract: last\_modified: created: group\_id: profile\_id: id:

.

keywords: Agelaia angulata angulata, Agelaia angulicollis, Agelaia brevistigma, Agelaia cajennensis, Agelaia fulvofasciata, Agelaia hamiltoni, Agelaia testacea, Angiopolybia obidensis, Angiopolybia pallens, Angiopolybia paraensis, Angiopolybia zischkai, Apoica thoracica, Asteloeca traili, Brachygastra albula, Brachygastra augusti,Brachygastra lecheguana,Brachygastra propodealis,Brachygastra scutellaris,Chartergellus amazonicus, Chartergellus punctatior, Chartergus chartarius, Chartergus globiventris, Chartergus metanotalis, Clypearia sulcata, Clypearia weyrauchi, Epipona tatua, Leipomeles dorsata, Metapolybia acincta, Metapolybia docilis, Metapolybia nigra, Metapolybia suffusa, Mischocyttarus adolphi, Mischocyttarus alfkeni, Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians, Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis, Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius, Mischocyttarus flavicans, Mischocyttarus foveatus, Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae, Mischocyttarus insolitus, Mischocyttarus labiatus, Mischocyttarus latissimus, Mischocyttarus metoecus, Mischocyttarus petiolatus, Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus, Mischocyttarus punctatus, Mischocyttarus tomentosus, Mischocyttarus vaqueroi, Parachartergus amazonensis, Parachartergus colobopterus, Parachartergus fasciipennis, Parachartergus fraternus, Parachartergus fulgidipennis, Parachartergus griseus, Parachartergus richardsi, Parachartergus weyrauchi, Polybia bistriata, Polybia catillifex, Polybia eberhardae, Polybia emaciata, Polybia fastidiosuscula, Polybia jurinei, Polybia liliacea, Polybia micans, Polybia occidentalis, Polybia platycephala sylvestris, Polybia quadricincta, Polybia raui raui, Polybia rejecta, Polybia scrobalis pronotalis, Polybia scrobalis scrobalis, Polybia sericea, Polybia striata, Polybia velutina, Protopolybia acutiscutis, Protopolybia amarella, Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides, Protopolybia exigua binominata, Protopolybia exigua exigua, Protopolybia fuscatus, Protopolybia rugulosa, Protopolybia sedula, Pseudopolybia compressa, Pseudopolybia vespiceps, Synoeca septentrionalis, Synoeca surinama, Synoeca virginea institution:

address: publisher: accessed: websites: chapter: series: pages: 585 issue: year: 1978 0: Richards, O. W.

title: The social wasps of the Americas excluding the Vespinae

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acincta,Metapolybia docilis,Metapolybia nigra,Metapolybia suffusa,Mischocyttarus adolphi,Mischocyttarus alfkenii excrucians,Mischocyttarus alfkenii trinitatis,Mischocyttarus carbonarius carbonarius,Mischocyttarus flavicans,Mischocyttarus foveatus,Mischocyttarus injucundus tingomariae,Mischocyttarus insolitus,Mischocyttarus labiatus,Mischocyttarus latissimus,Mischocyttarus metoecus,Mischocyttarus petiolatus,Mischocyttarus pseudomimeticus,Mischocyttarus punctatus,Mischocyttarus tomentosus,Mischocyttarus vaqueroi,Parachartergus amazonensis,Parachartergus colobopterus,Parachartergus fasciipennis,Parachartergus fraternus,Parachartergus fulgidipennis,Parachartergus griseus,Parachartergus richardsi,Parachartergus weyrauchi,Polybia bistriata,Polybia catillifex,Polybia eberhardae,Polybia emaciata,Polybia fastidiosuscula,Polybia jurinei,Polybia liliacea,Polybia micans,Polybia occidentalis,Polybia platycephala sylvestris,Polybia quadricincta,Polybia raui raui,Polybia rejecta,Polybia scrobalis pronotalis,Polybia scrobalis scrobalis,Polybia sericea,Polybia striata,Polybia velutina,Protopolybia acutiscutis,Protopolybia amarella,Protopolybia chartergoides chartergoides,Protopolybia exigua binominata,Protopolybia exigua exigua,Protopolybia fuscatus,Protopolybia rugulosa,Protopolybia sedula,Pseudopolybia compressa,Pseudopolybia vespiceps,Synoeca septentrionalis,Synoeca surinama,Synoeca virginea

abstract:

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group\_id:

profile\_id:

id.

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño

license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0)

modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:

behaviorUnstructured: Según Richards (1978) almacenan pequeñas cantidades de néctar en sus nidos. Forrajean en dos picos horarios, 7-13 y 16-17 horas, cuando capturan una larva pequeña la malaxan y la llevan al nido, pero si es grande, cortan la parte anterior y la malaxan y luego ensartan el resto en una rama o pasto elevado del piso, llevan al nido la primer parte y regresan poco tiempo después para recolectar lo demás; ésta estrategia de dejar el alimento en un parte elevada reduce la probabilidad de que las hormigas la encuentren mientras retornan por él; el retorno es posible mediante la localización de puntos destacados del lugar; la captura de la presa depende de estímulos olfativos y visuales (Jeanne, 1970).

#### ancillaryData

dataObject:

additionalInformation:

geoPoint:

location:

thumbnailURL:

description:

source:

bibliographicCitation:

rightsHolder:

rights:

license:

modified:

created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID:
annualCycle
annualCycleUnstructured:
habitat
0
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier: habitatUnstructured: Esta especie habita pastizales y bosques secos de Sudamérica.
endemicAtomized
distribution
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation:
reference
geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL:

# mediaURL description: subject source: audience bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: Nancy Carolina Rojas Riaño license: Atribución - No Comercial - Compartir igual (CC BY-NC-SA 4.0) modified: created: agent mimeType: dataType: identifier: distributionUnstructured: Esta especie se distribuye en Perú, Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Surinám, Guyana Francesa, Brasil, Paraguay, Uruguay, Argentina y Bolivia. Ha sido registrada en zonas con altitudes que alcanzan hasta los 700 msnm. distributionAtomized stateProvince: Arauca ancillaryData locality: municipality: country: Colombia temporalCoverage endDate: startDate: distributionScope type: threatStatus territory territoryUnstructured: areaOfOccupancy: extentOfOccurrence: populationBiology populationBiologyUnstructured: legislation legislationUnstructured:

directThreats

directThreatsUnstructured:
ancillaryData
dataObject: additionalInformation: geoPoint: location: thumbnailURL: description: source: bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder: rights: license: modified: created: mimeType: dataType: identifier:
measurementOrFact
relatedTo: measurementRemarks: measurementMethod: measurementDeterminedDate: measurementUnit: measurementAccuracy: measurementValue: measurementType: measurementID: abstract: Polybia sericea pertenece a la familia Eumenidae y habita pastizales y bosques secos de Sudamérica. Presenta hábitos depredadores y comportamiento social. Vive en colonias y estas pueden contener hasta 900 individuos. Se alimenta de néctar y presas.
associatedParty
role: personnelIdentifier: personnelDirectory: homepage: email: enataliagomezm@gmail.com phone: postalCode: country: Colombia state: Bogotá Distrito Capital city: Bogotá D.C. address: organisation: position: lastName: Gómez Melendro

# $ancillary \\ Data$

firstName: Edith Natalia

dataObject: additionalInformation: Información de tipos: El tipo está extraviado.

Registros biológicos: Colección Entomológica, Instituto de Ciencias Naturales, Universidad Nacional de Colombia. Bogotá, Colombia http://www.biovirtual.unal.edu.co/colecciones/datos/animalia/consultasMammalia.jsp?clase=4 Créditos específicos: Al Instituto Amazónico de Investigaciones Científicas Sinchi. Al Sistema de Información Ambiental Territorial de la Amazonia Colombiana SIAT-AC. La elaboración de esta ficha fue posible gracias al apoyo del gobierno de Finlandia a través del convenio entre la Secretaria General de la CAN y el Instituto Sinchi para el proyecto "Sistema Regional Amazónico de Información Ambiental con énfasis en Biodiversidad de los países miembros de la CAN, (programa BIOCAN), componente SIAT-AC".

# reference

geoPoint:
location:
thumbnailURL:

#### mediaURL

description:

#### subject

source:

#### audience

bibliographicCitation: rightsHolder:

rights:

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modified: created:

## agent

mimeType: dataType: identifier:

\_id

\_bsontype: ObjectID id: VäN8fÄW Dãâ