```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 public static class SumOfMultiples
5
        public static int Sum(IEnumerable<int> multiples, int max)
6
7
            int result;
8
            int count = 2;
9
            int totalSum;
10
11
            List<int> listMultiple = new List<int>();
12
            List<int> listSort = new List<int>();
13
            List<int> listWODuplicates = new List<int>();
            foreach (int multiple in multiples)
14
15
            {
                if (multiple == 0)
16
17
                {
18
                    listMultiple.Add(multiple);
19
                    break;
20
21
22
                result = multiple;
23
                while (result < max)</pre>
24
                {
25
                    listMultiple.Add(result);
26
                    result = multiple * count;
27
                     count++;
28
                }
29
                count = 2;
30
            }
31
            listSort = SortList(listMultiple);
32
            listWODuplicates = RemoveDuplicates(listSort);
33
            totalSum = CalculateSum(listWODuplicates);
34
35
            return totalSum;
       }
36
37
38
39
        // Funcion que ordena la lista de menor a mayor
40
       public static List<int> SortList(List<int> list)
41
        {
42
            int aux;
43
            for (int i = 0; i < list.Count - 1; i++)</pre>
44
45
                for (int j = i + 1; j < list.Count; j++)</pre>
46
                     if (list[i] > list[j])
47
48
                     {
49
                         aux = list[i];
                         list[i] = list[j];
50
51
                         list[j] = aux;
52
                    }
                }
53
```

```
...r\vi - Exercism\ExercismII\ExercismII\Multiples.cs
54
55
            return list;
56
        }
57
58
59
        // Funcion que elimina los valores reptidos
        public static List<int> RemoveDuplicates(List<int> list)
60
61
        {
62
            for (int i = 0; i < list.Count - 1; i++)</pre>
63
64
                for (int j = i + 1; j < list.Count; j++)</pre>
65
                    if (list[i] == list[j])
66
67
                    {
68
                         list.RemoveAt(j);
69
                         j--;
70
                    }
71
                }
72
            }
73
            return list;
74
        }
75
76
77
        // Funcion que calcula el sumatorio de los elementos de la lista
78
        public static int CalculateSum(List<int> list)
79
        {
80
            int result = 0;
81
            foreach (int i in list)
82
            {
83
                result += i;
84
85
            return result;
```

86

87 }

}