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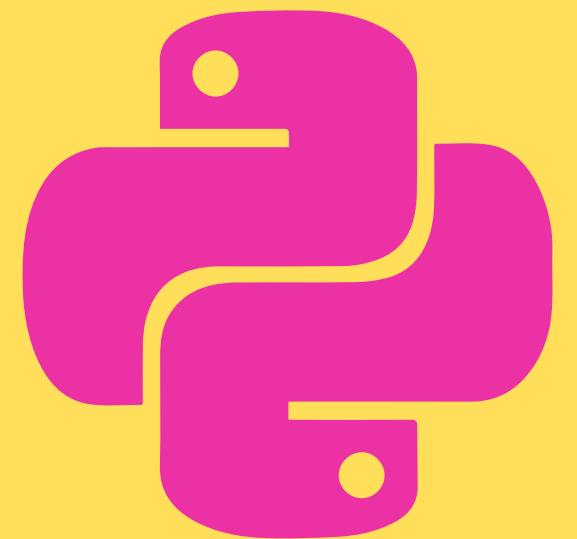
Self-healing system for UI tests using Machine Learning



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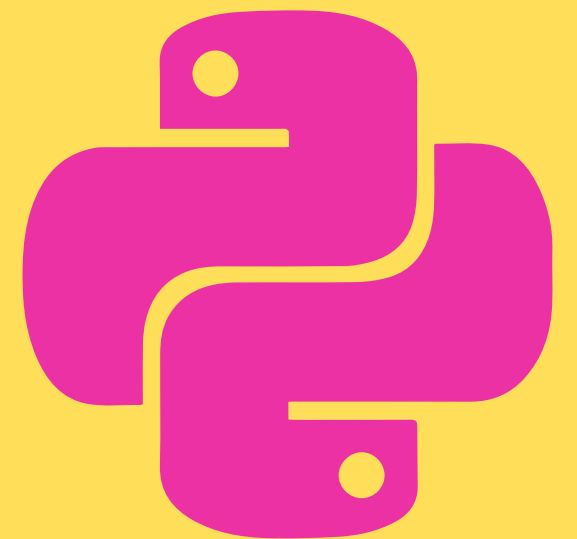
GitHub: <https://github.com/andressadotpy>

LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/in/andressacabistani/>



\$ I whoami

Brazilian
Software Quality Engineer at Red Hat
I love to learn
Mom
Star Wars fan

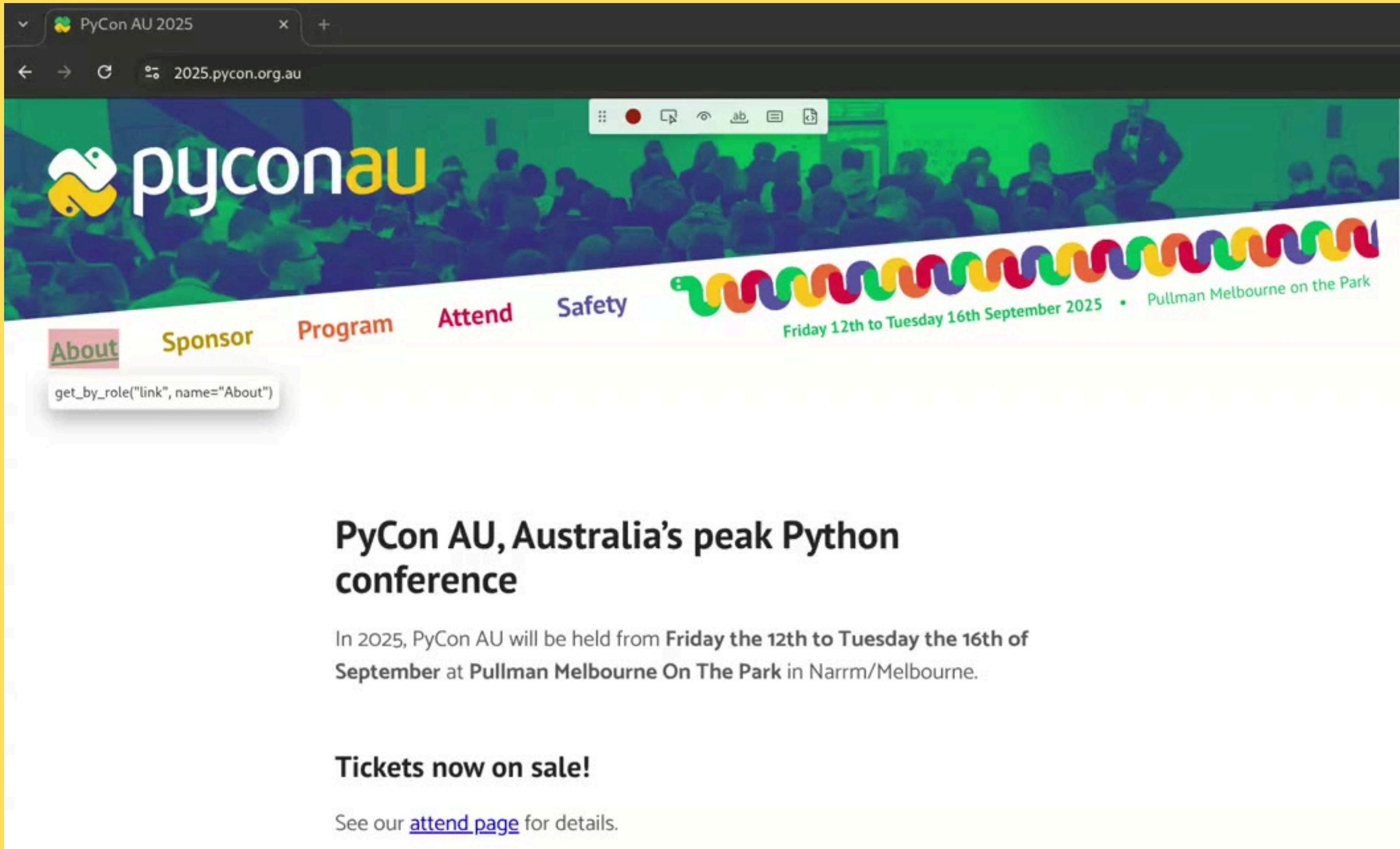


\$ | cat "How a UI test works".md

We use selectors to identify elements in the UI
and perform actions

E.g. Get the CSS selector
for the About link in PyCon AU 2025 website
`#header > div > nav > ul > li:nth-child(1) > a`
and use a function from an automation framework to
`click()`

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The image is a screenshot of a web browser displaying the PyCon AU 2025 website. The browser's address bar shows the URL `2025.pycon.org.au`. The website's header features the **pyconau** logo on the left and a navigation menu with links for **About**, **Sponsor**, **Program**, **Attend**, and **Safety**. To the right of the navigation menu is a colorful, wavy graphic representing the Python logo, with the text **Friday 12th to Tuesday 16th September 2025** and **Pullman Melbourne on the Park** below it. The main content area has a large heading: **PyCon AU, Australia's peak Python conference**. Below this heading, a paragraph states: "In 2025, PyCon AU will be held from Friday the 12th to Tuesday the 16th of September at Pullman Melbourne On The Park in Narm/Melbourne." Further down, a section titled **Tickets now on sale!** includes the text "See our [attend page](#) for details." A small tooltip is visible over the **About** link, containing the code `get_by_role("link", name="About")`.

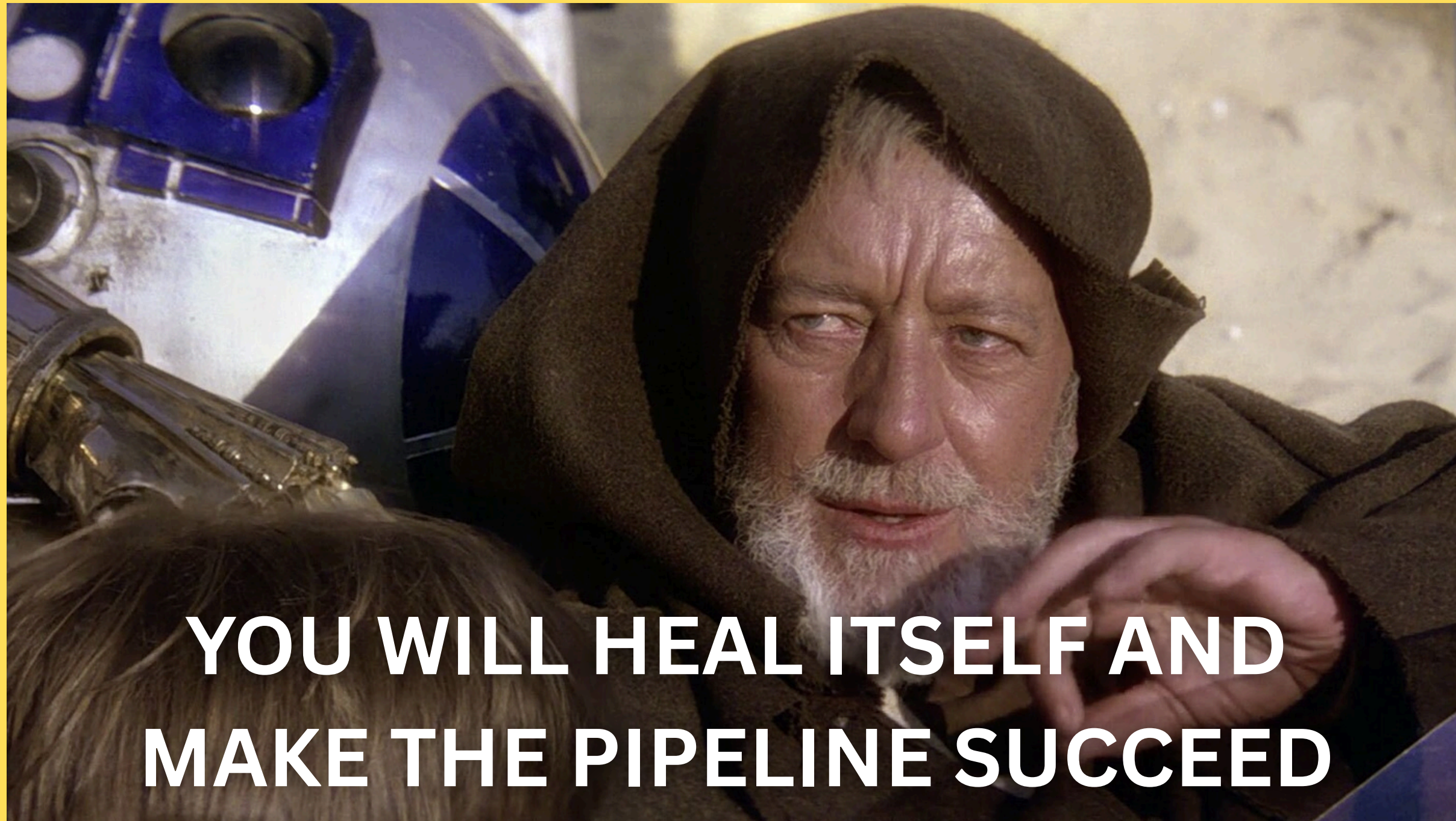

```
$ | cat "Regression tests and CI/CD".md
```

Regression tests run in a *CI/CD* pipeline to guarantee the changes won't affect working parts of a Software.

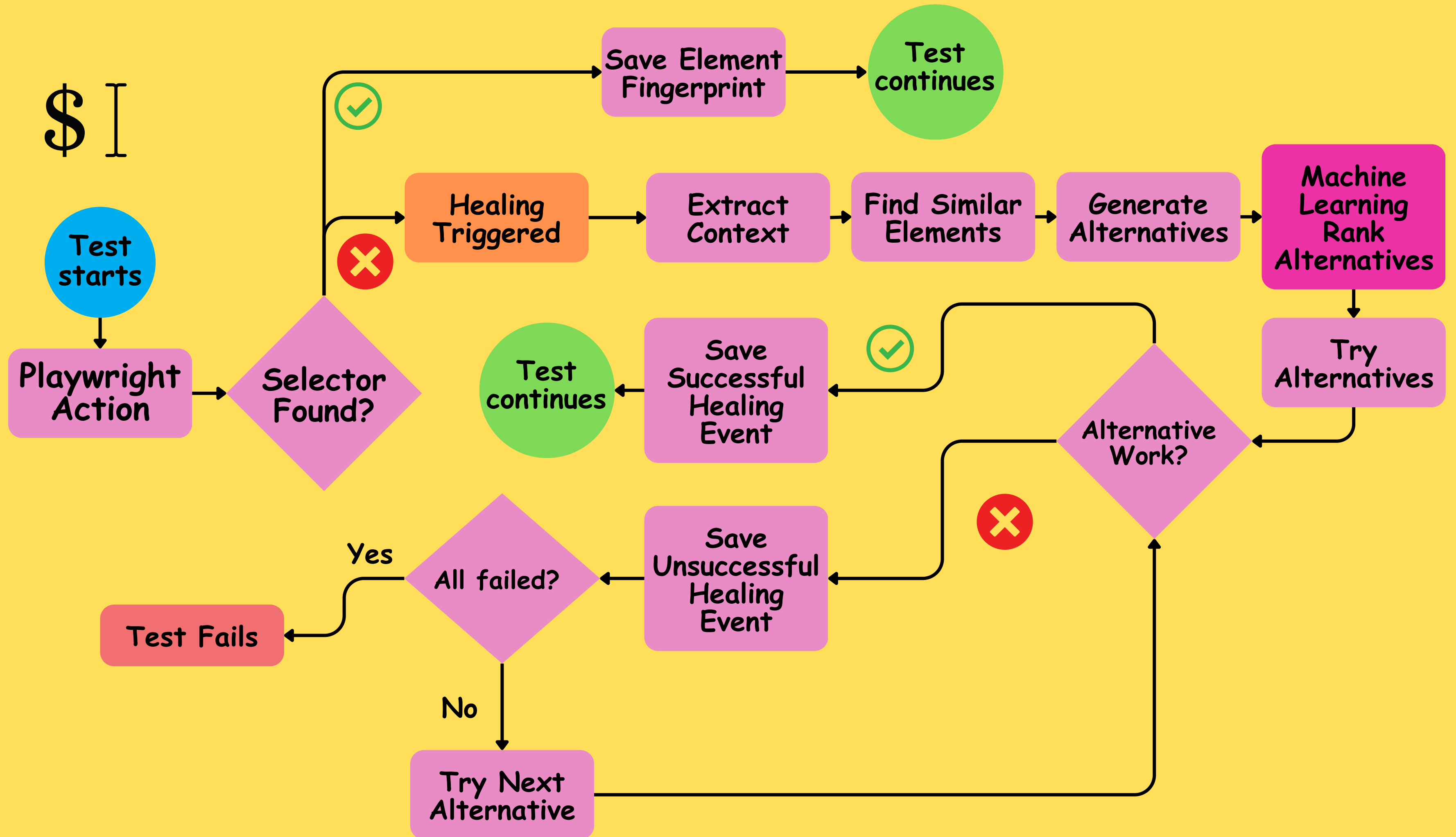
```
$ | cat "UI test problem".md
```

Minor front-end changes to attributes
(e.g id, class, data-*) break the selectors
causing failures during a release process that
aren't real issues, because the functionality
is still working.

\$ [cat "Self-healing system for UI test failures".md



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SelfHealingPage.<locator_method>() →
SelfHealingLocator →
.<action_method>()

\$ [cat "Differences in how to use SelfHealingPage and Page".md

```
@pytest.fixture
def pyconau_page(page):
    return PyConAUPage(page)
```

```
@pytest.fixture(scope="session")
def healing_db():
    return SelfHealingDB("postgresql://postgres:postgres@localhost:5432/healing_db")

@pytest.fixture
def pyconau_page(page, healing_db):
    self_healing_page = SelfHealingPage(page, healing_db)
    return PyConAUPage(self_healing_page)
```

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```
pyconau_page.page.get_by_role("link", name="About").click()
```

\$ [cat "get_by_role() method".md

```
def get_by_role(self, role: str, **kwargs) -> SelfHealingLocator:
    """
    Override get_by_role to return a self-healing locator.

    Returns a SelfHealingLocator that can capture fingerprints and attempt healing.
    """
    locator = self._page.get_by_role(role, **kwargs)
    selector = f"role:{role}"
    if "name" in kwargs:
        selector += f"[name={kwargs['name']}]"
    return SelfHealingLocator(locator, selector, "get_by_role", self, self._healing_service)
```


\$ [cat "Store fingerprints when action is successful ".md

```
def _save_successful_interaction(self, action: str) -> None:
    """
    Save fingerprint for successful interaction.

    Args:
        action: The action that was performed (click, fill, etc.)
    """
    if self._healing_page._database is not None:
        try:
            fingerprint = self._healing_page._extract_element_fingerprint(self._selector, self._selector_type)
            if fingerprint:
                fingerprint_id = self._healing_page._database.insert_fingerprint(fingerprint)
                if fingerprint_id:
                    logger.info(
                        f"Saved new fingerprint (ID: {fingerprint_id}) for successful {action} on locator: {self._selector}"
                    )
                else:
                    logger.debug(f"Fingerprint already exists for locator: {self._selector} - skipped duplicate")
            except Exception as e:
                logger.warning(f"Failed to save fingerprint for {action} on {self._selector}: {e}")
```

\$ [cat "Fingerprints that are stored".md

	Row #1
123 id	194
AZ tag_name	a
AZ inner_text	About
AZ text_content	About
123 text_length	5
{ } attributes	{"href": "/about", "data-astro-cid-pux6a34n": ""}
AZ dom_position	body:nth-child(2) > nav > ul:nth-child(2) > li > a
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is_visible	[v]
{ } parent_info	{"id": null, "tag": "li", "class": null}
{ } accessibility	{"role": null, "aria-label": null, "aria-labelledby": null}
AZ surrounding_text	About
{ } key_styles	{"color": "rgb(0, 171, 86)", "width": "auto", "height": "auto", "display": "inline", "visibility": "visible", "background-color": "rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)"}
AZ original_selector	role:link[name=About]
AZ page_url	 https://2025.pycon.org.au/about
AZ selector_type	get_by_role
 created_at	2025-09-03 22:47:20.536 GMT-03:00
 updated_at	2025-09-03 22:47:20.536 GMT-03:00

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```
pyconau_page.page.get_by_role("link", name="Abt").click()
```

\$ [cat "Handling TimeoutError inside the action method".md

```
except TimeoutError:
    if self._healing_service:
        logger.warning(
            f"SelfHealingLocator: Click TIMEOUT on selector '{self._selector}', attempting healing..."
        )

        def click_action(healed_selector, *args, **kwargs):
            healing_kwargs = kwargs.copy()
            healing_kwargs["timeout"] = min(kwargs.get("timeout", 2000), 2000)
            return self._get_healed_locator(healed_selector).click(*args, **healing_kwargs)

        return self._healing_service.attempt_healing(
            page=self._healing_page.original_page,
            selector=self._selector,
            action_callable=click_action,
            modifiers=modifiers,
            position=position,
            delay=delay,
            button=button,
            click_count=click_count,
            timeout=timeout,
            force=force,
            no_wait_after=no_wait_after,
            trial=trial,
        )
    else:
        logger.error(
            f"SelfHealingLocator: Click TIMEOUT on selector '{self._selector}' and no healing service available"
        )
    raise
```


\$ [cat "Extracting information from the failing selector".md

```
def extract_element_context(self, page: Page, selector: str) -> Dict:
    try:
        context = {
            "tag_name": "div",
            "inner_text": "",
            "attributes": {},
            "dom_position": "",
            "is_visible": False,
            "parent_info": {},
            "accessibility": {},
            "surrounding_text": "",
            "key_styles": {},
        }

        try:
            page_url = page.url
            context["page_url"] = page_url
        except Exception:
            pass

        try:
            body_elements = page.locator("body *").count()
            if isinstance(body_elements, int):
                context["page_complexity"] = body_elements
        except Exception:
            pass

        context.update(self._infer_context_from_selector(selector))

        return context

    except Exception as e:
        logger.debug(f"Could not extract element context: {e}")
        return {"tag_name": "div", "inner_text": "", "attributes": {}, "dom_position": "", "is_visible": False}
```

\$ [cat "Generating alternatives from similar fingerprints".md

```
def generate_all_alternatives(
    self,
    failed_selector: str,
    page_url: str,
    current_dom_context: Dict,
) -> List[str]:
    logger.info(f"Generating alternatives for failed selector: {failed_selector}")

    fingerprints = self._find_similar_fingerprints(page_url, current_dom_context)

    if not fingerprints:
        logger.warning(f"No similar fingerprints found for {failed_selector} on {page_url}")
        return []

    logger.info(f"Found {len(fingerprints)} similar fingerprints for alternative generation")

    all_alternatives = []
    for strategy in self.strategies:
        strategy_alternatives = strategy.generate_all(fingerprints)
        all_alternatives.extend(strategy_alternatives)
        logger.debug(f"{strategy.__class__.__name__} generated {len(strategy_alternatives)} alternatives")

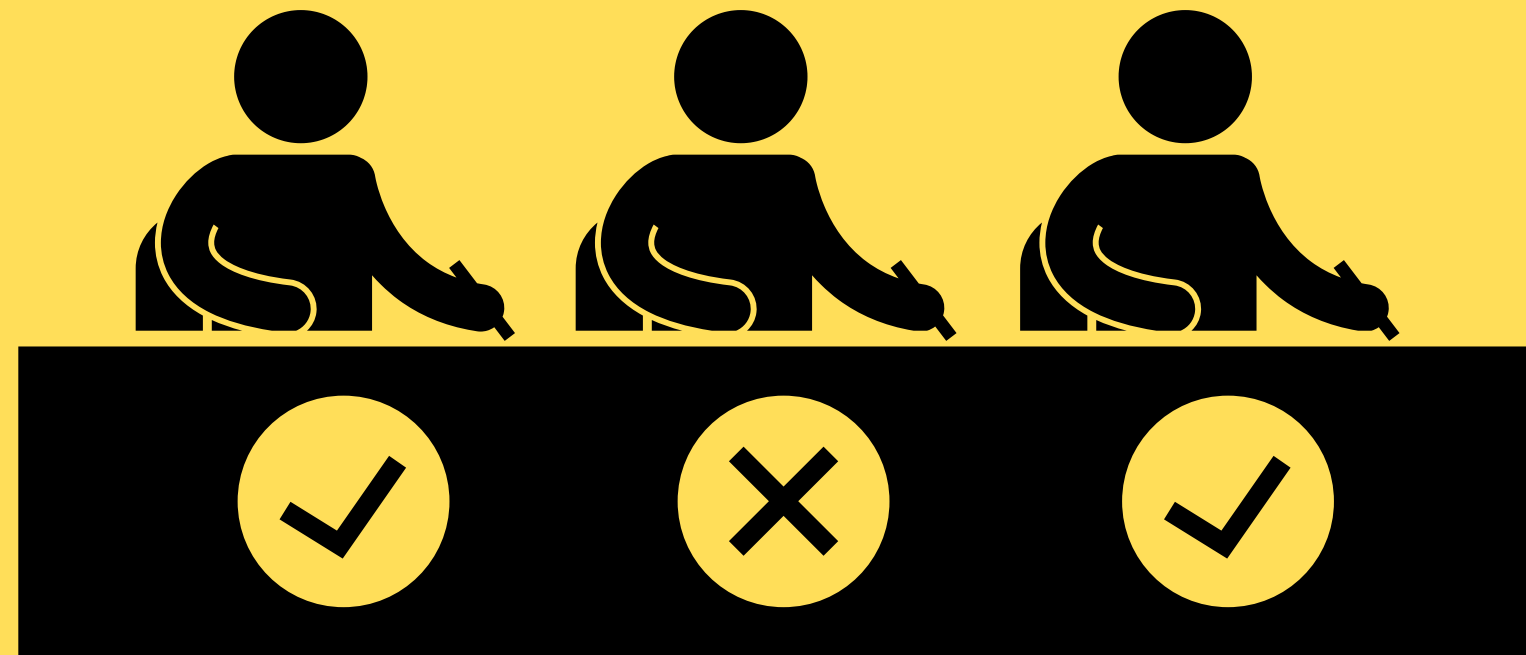
    unique_alternatives = list(dict.fromkeys(all_alternatives))

    logger.info(f"Generated {len(unique_alternatives)} unique alternative selectors")
    return unique_alternatives
```

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```
{
  "predictions": [
    {
      "selector": "get_by_role(\"link\", name=\"About\", exact=False)",
      "confidence": 0.92
    },
    {
      "selector": "//a[@href=\"/about/culture\"]",
      "confidence": 0.91
    },
    {
      "selector": "get_by_role(\"link\", name=\"About\")",
      "confidence": 0.91
    },
    {
      "selector": "//a[@href=\"/about\"]",
      "confidence": 0.85
    },
    {
      "selector": "ul:nth-child(2) > li.current:nth-child(2) > a",
      "confidence": 0.33
    },
    {
      "selector": "div.scroll-container:nth-child(2) > div.section-nav > ul:nth-child(2) > li.current:nth-child(2) > a",
      "confidence": 0.32
    },
    {
      "selector": "li.current:nth-child(2) > a",
      "confidence": 0.29
    }
  ],
  "ranked_alternatives": [
    "get_by_role(\"link\", name=\"About\", exact=False)",
    "//a[@href=\"/about/culture\"]",
    "get_by_role(\"link\", name=\"About\")",
    "//a[@href=\"/about\"]",
    "ul:nth-child(2) > li.current:nth-child(2) > a",
    "div.scroll-container:nth-child(2) > div.section-nav > ul:nth-child(2) > li.current:nth-child(2) > a",
    "li.current:nth-child(2) > a"
  ],
  "model_version": "1.0.0"
}
```

\$ [cat "How Scikit-learn RandomForestClassifier works".md



\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

Selector Features

#submit-btn - Complexity score 1

div.form > ul:nth-child(2) > li[data-active="true"] -
Complexity score 9
(fragile and complex)

\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

Similarity Features

Intersection (unique common characters):

{'g', 'e', 't', '_', 'b', 'y', 'r', 'o', 'l', '(', '"', 'i', 'n', 'k', ',', '.', ' ',
'm', 'a', '=', ')'}
Size = 20

Union (all unique characters):

{'g', 'e', 't', '_', 'b', 'y', 'r', 'o', 'l', '(', '"', 'i', 'n', 'k', ',', '.', ' ',
'm', 'a', '=', ')', 'u'}
Size = 21

Jaccard Similarity = $20/21 = 0.952$ - Very similar

\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

Context Features

<https://2025.pycon.org.au/>

url_length=29, domain_length=19, path_length=1, path_depth=0,
has_query_params=0;

<https://2025.pycon.org.au/about/>

url_length=35, domain_length=19, path_length=7, path_depth=1,
has_query_params=0;

\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

Reliability Features

Converting best practices for "good" and "bad" selectors into numerical scores.

\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

DOM Features

`body > div.main-content > nav.header > ul.menu > li:nth-child(2) > a`

`dom_position_length = 61` (total characters in the position string)

`dom_depth = 5` (number of structural levels from body to the target element)

\$ [cat "Transforming healing events to numbers".md

Text Features

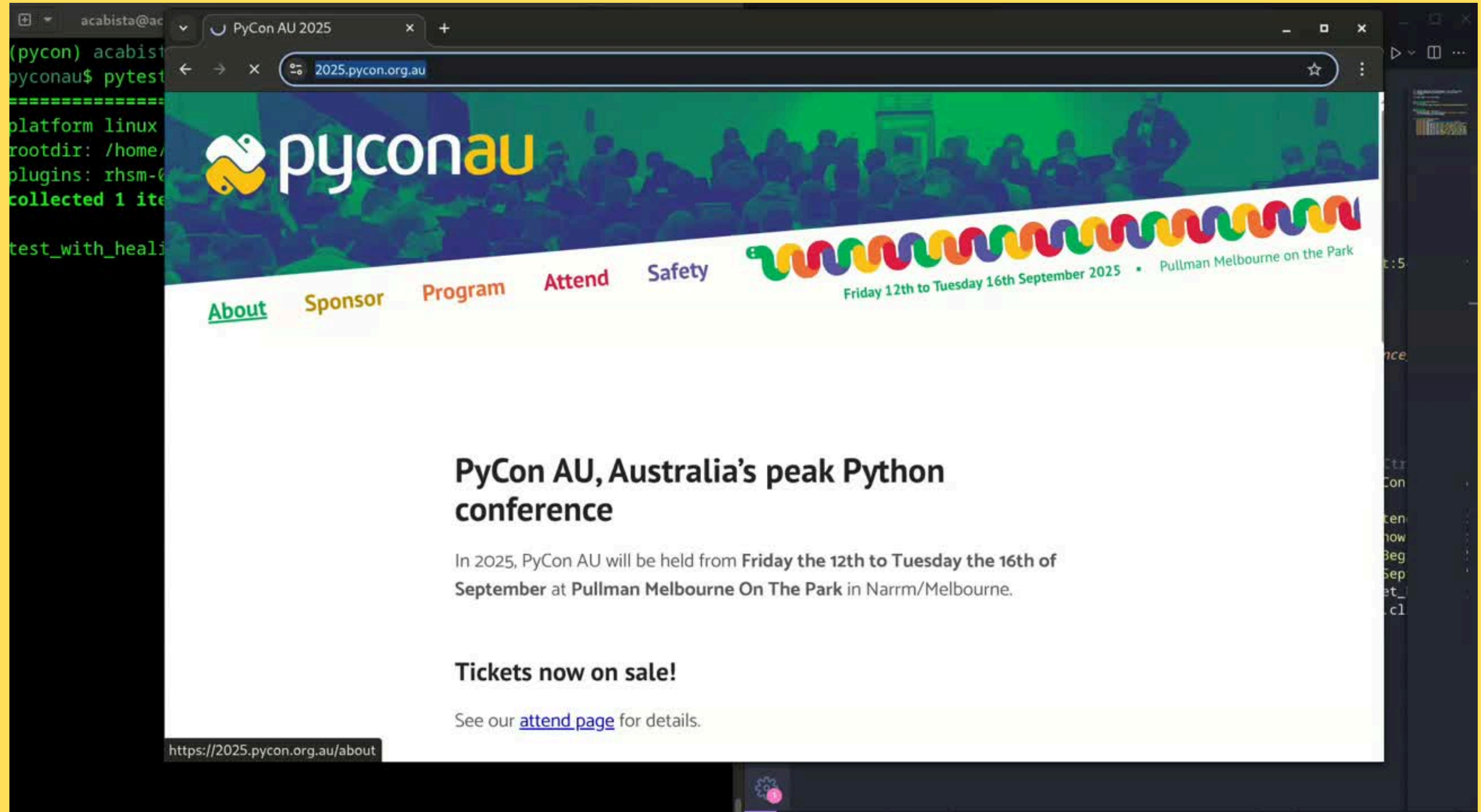
```
get_by_role("link", name="About")  
  has_inner_text = 1  
  inner_text_length = 5  
text_content_length = 5  
text_word_count = 1  
text_is_numeric = 0  
text_has_spaces = 0
```

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The image shows a development environment with three main components:

- Terminal:** Displays the execution of a pytest command. The output shows the test session starting on a Linux platform with Python 3.12.10, pytest-8.4.1, and pluggy-1.6.0. It lists the root directory and plugins, and indicates that one item was collected.
- Code Editor:** Shows the source code for `test_without_healing.py`. The code defines a `test` function that uses `PyConAUPage` to perform a series of actions on the PyCon AU 2025 website, such as navigating, clicking links, and filtering list items.
- Web Browser:** Displays the PyCon AU 2025 website at `2025.pycon.org.au`. The page features the PyCon AU logo, a navigation menu with links like "About", "Sponsor", "Program", "Attend", and "Safety", and a colorful banner at the bottom indicating the event dates (Friday 12th to Tuesday 16th September 2025) and location (Pullman Melbourne).

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PyCon AU 2025

2025.pycon.org.au

pyconau

[About](#) [Sponsor](#) [Program](#) [Attend](#) [Safety](#)

Friday 12th to Tuesday 16th September 2025 • Pullman Melbourne on the Park

PyCon AU, Australia's peak Python conference

In 2025, PyCon AU will be held from Friday the 12th to Tuesday the 16th of September at Pullman Melbourne On The Park in Narrm/Melbourne.

Tickets now on sale!

See our [attend page](#) for details.

`https://2025.pycon.org.au/about`

\$ [cat "Future improvements and final considerations".md

More healing events, more data and a more
refined model
Notification system

```
$ echo "Thank you"
```