

>CONFESS_2011

CONference For
Enterprise Software
Solutions_

GContracts

Programming by Contract with Groovy

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- Independent Software Dev
- @sternegross, @gcontracts
- Groovy, Grails, JEE, Spring Portfolio, Android

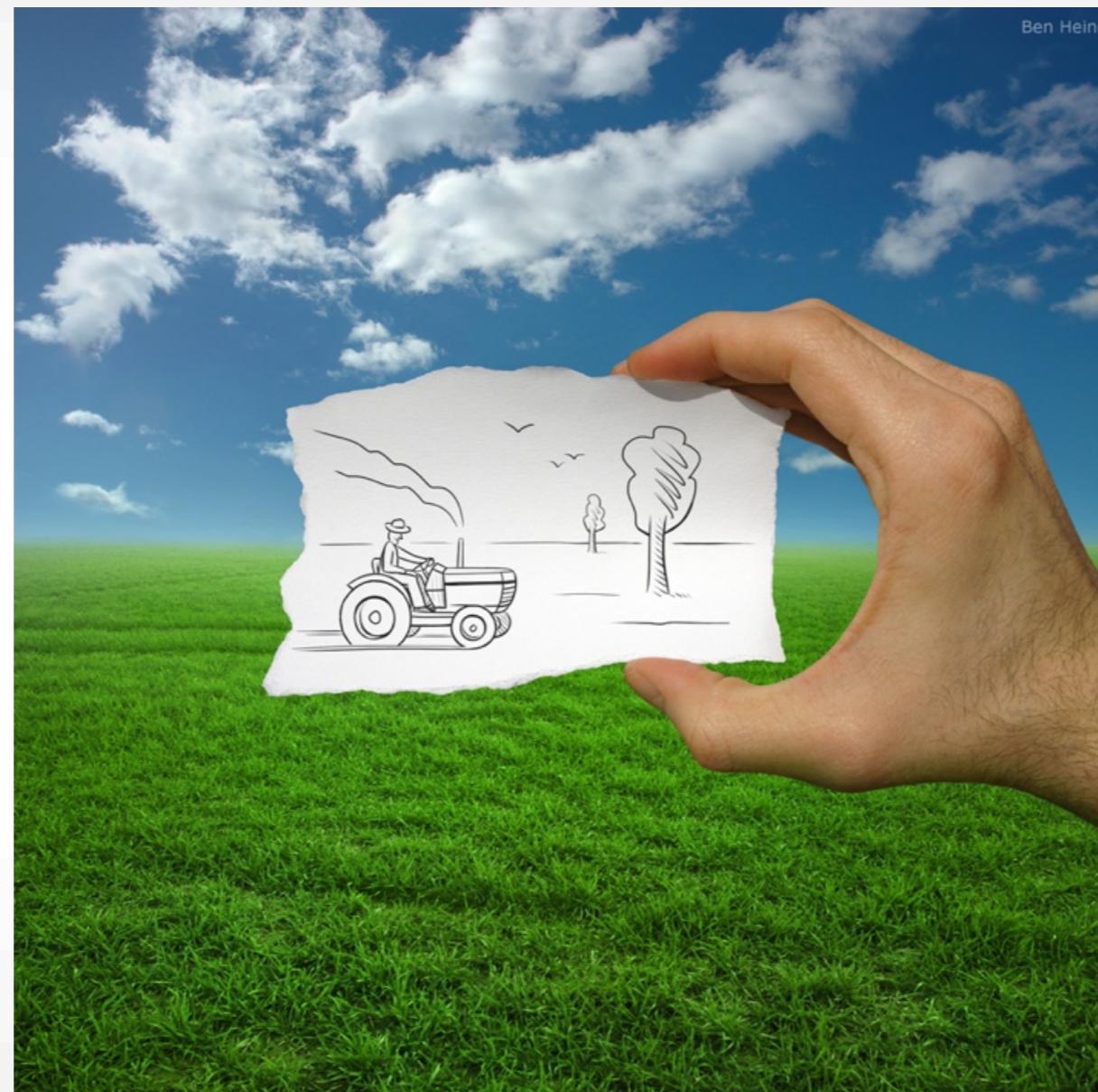


- <http://blog.andresteingress.com>
- GroovyMag, JavaMagazin (German)



Motivation

Programming is about assumptions, mental models and knowledge.



Motivation



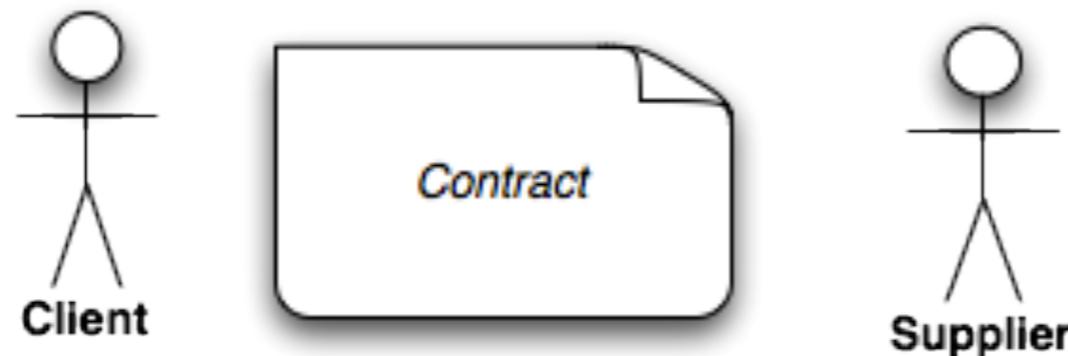
„Contracts help to externalize mental models and formalize implicit assumptions.“

- How to formalize assumptions?
 - **Logic** is the formal study of **correct reasoning**
 - **Boolean Algebra** is the tool of choice

Basic Terms

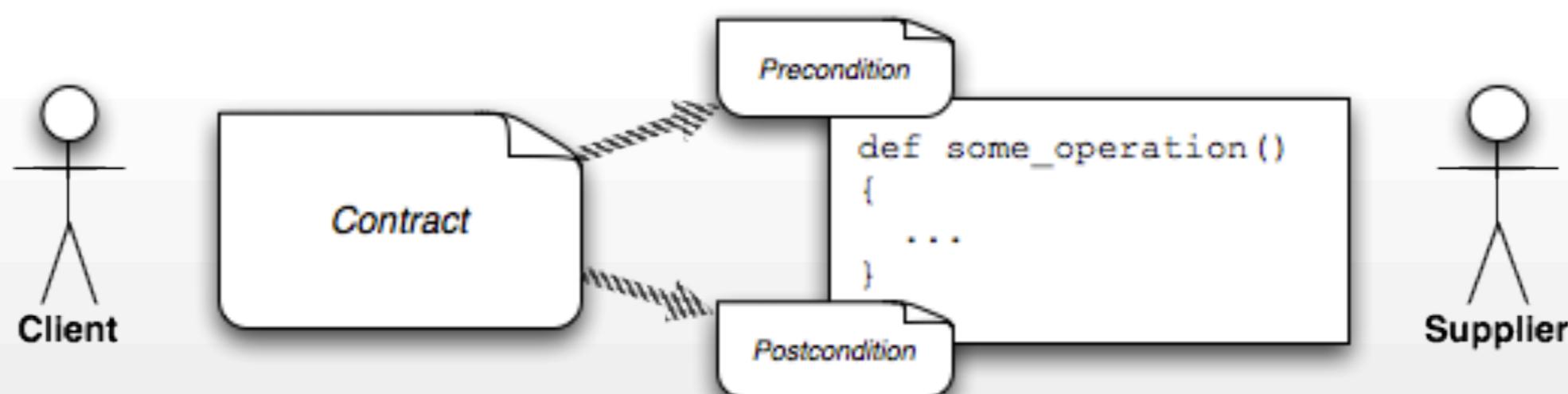


- **Supplier** implements a software element (e.g. a class)
- **Client** references the software element



Basic Terms

- A **contract** consists of pre- and postconditions for each public method
 - **Precondition** expresses the constraints under which a method call will function properly
 - **Postcondition** expresses properties of the state resulting from a method's execution
- **ContractViolation** is thrown if the contract is broken



- **Design by Contract (tm) for Groovy**
- Version **1.2.1**
- **Compile-Time** Contract Injection
- **Power Assert** Support
- **Maven** Central Repository
- **pure Java library, no dependencies**
 - gcontracts-core-1.2.1.jar



Lighthouse



- **dynamic jvm language**
- **power features** from Ruby, Smalltalk, Python et. al.
- **reducing Java „boilerplate“ code**

- **DSL friendliness** with **closures**
- **seamless integration** with **Java libraries** and **classes**

Prerequisites

- contracts are specified **applying annotations**

- Groovy supports **closures**

```
def c = {
    println "hello world"
}
c.call()
```

- **Annotation Closures**

- only syntactically supported in Groovy 1.7
- officially supported in Groovy 1.8

```
@RunIf({ jdkVersion >= 6 })
```

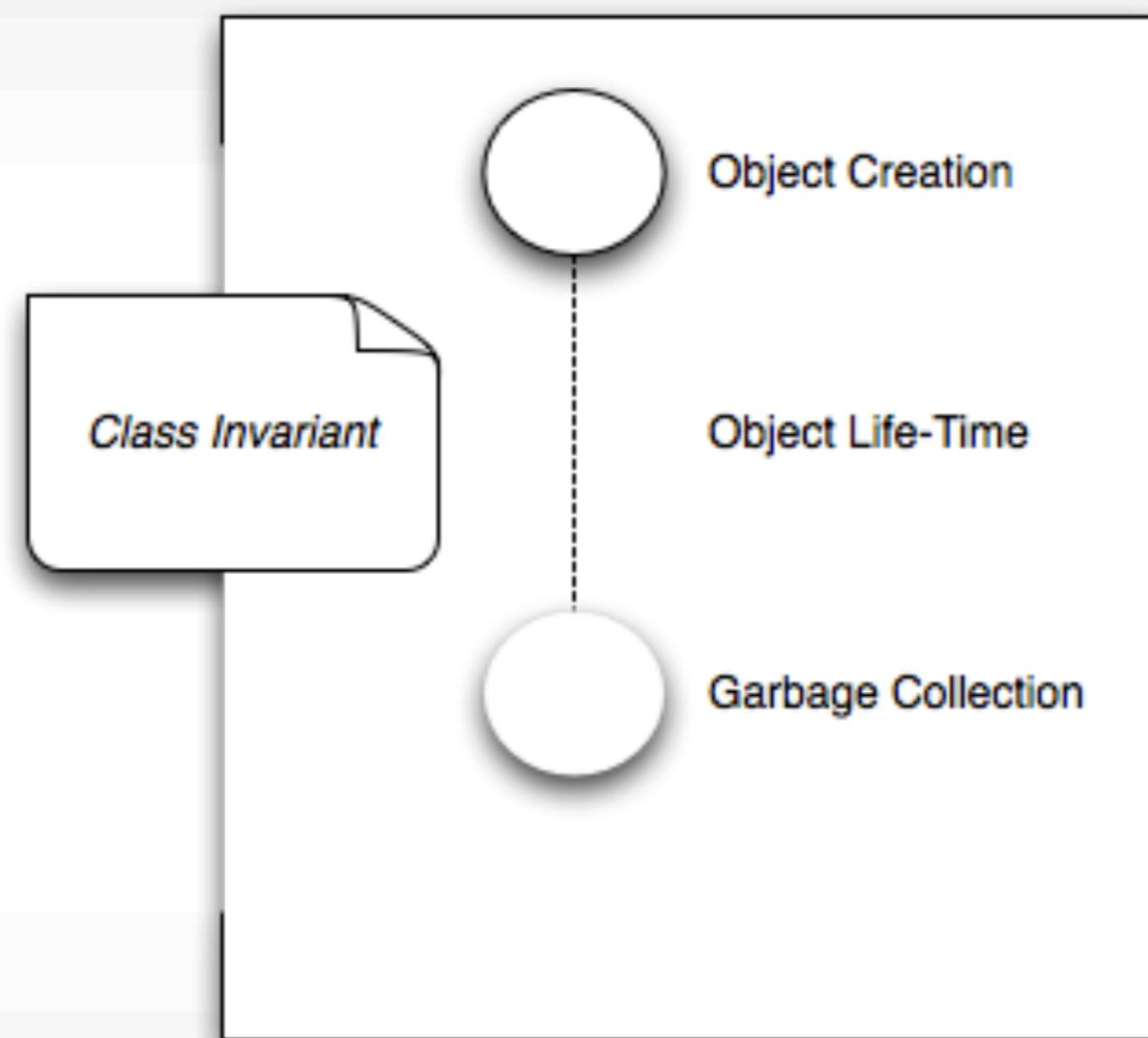


Demo

Internals

- **Groovy AST Transformation**
 - modifies the abstract syntax tree (AST) during compilation runs
- **Uses closures as annotation arguments**
 - only syntactically supported in Groovy 1.7
 - officially supported in Groovy 1.8
 - Compiles annotation closures to closure classes
 - References compiled closure classes in annotation args
- **Groovy AST Browser** shows the outcome!

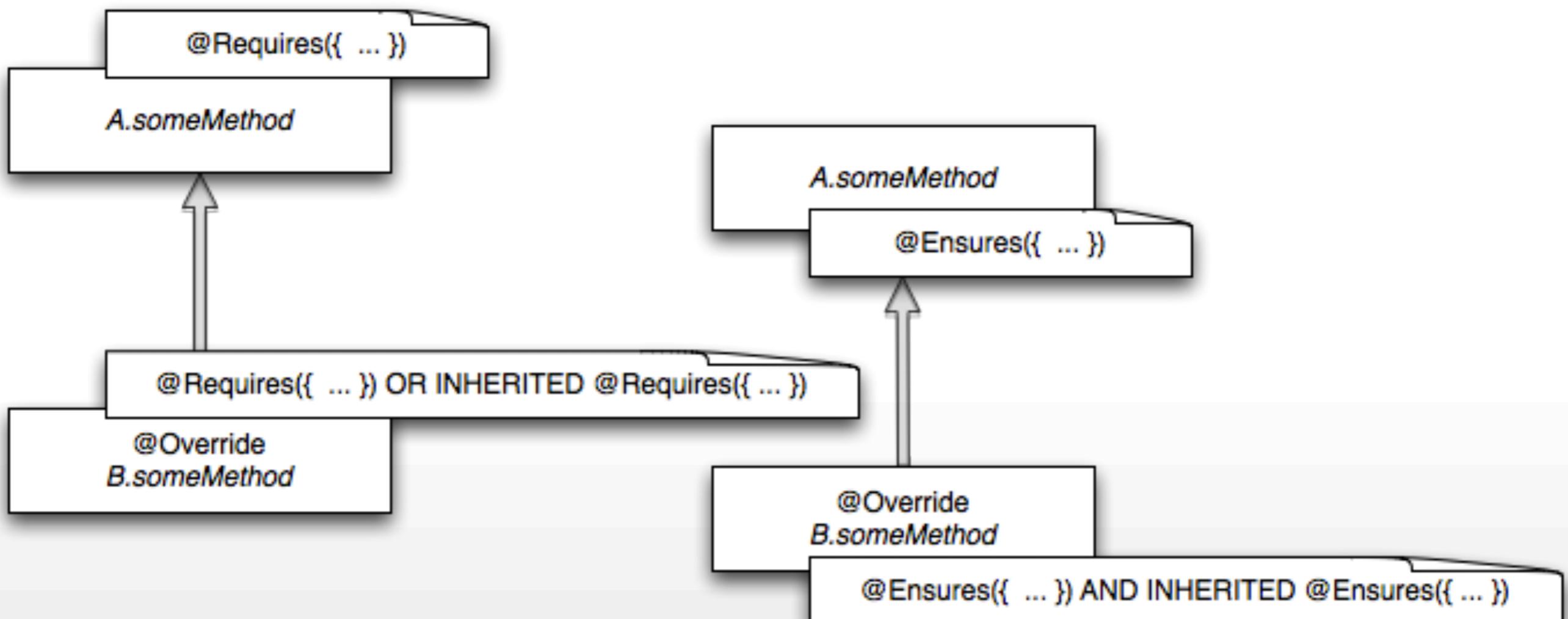
- **Class Invariants**



- **Contract Inheritance**

```
import org.gcontracts.annotations.*  
  
abstract class Stack {  
  
    protected internal = []  
  
    @Requires({ item != null && !contains(item) })  
    @Ensures({ last() == item })  
    def push(def item) {  
        internal << item  
    }  
    // ...  
}  
  
class StackImpl extends Stack {  
    // ...  
}
```

- **Contract Inheritance**
 - Precondition gets **weakened**
 - Postcondition gets **strengthened**



- **Interface Contracts**

```
import org.gcontracts.annotations.*  
  
interface Stack {  
  
    @Requires({ item != null && !contains(item) })  
    @Ensures({ last() == item })  
    def push(def item)  
  
    @Requires({ !isEmpty() })  
    def pop()  
  
    def last()  
    boolean isEmpty()  
    boolean contains(def item)  
}
```

- **Labels**

```
@Requires({  
    not_empty: !isEmpty()  
})
```

```
@Ensures({  
    not_full: !isFull()  
    descrease_counter: old.count == count - 1  
})
```

- Module **gcontracts-grails**
 - Spring Integration

```
import org.gcontracts.annotations.*  
import org.springframework.stereotype.*  
  
@Component  
@Invariant({ property?.size() > 0 })  
class MySpringBean {  
  
    protected property  
  
    def MySpringBean(def someValue) {  
        property = someValue  
    }  
}
```

GContracts 1.2.1

- Module **gcontracts-doc**
 - GroovyDoc extension

Constructor Summary	
	EiffelStack()
	EiffelStack(List preElements)
Method Summary	
<code>def</code>	count()
boolean	<code>@Ensures({ result == true ? count() > 0 : count() >= 0 })</code> has(def item)
boolean	is_empty()
<code>def</code>	<code>@Requires({ !is_empty() })</code> last_item()
<code>def</code>	<code>@Ensures({ last_item() == item })</code> put(def item)
<code>def</code>	<code>@Requires({ !is_empty() })</code> <code>@Ensures({ result != null })</code> remove()
<code>def</code>	<code>@Requires({ !is_empty() })</code> <code>@Ensures({ last_item() == item })</code> replace(def item)

- Reusing Contracts: **Annotation Contracts**

```
import org.gcontracts.annotations.meta.*  
import java.lang.annotation.*  
  
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)  
@Target(ElementType.PARAMETER)  
  
@Precondition  
@AnnotationContract({ it != null })  
public @interface NotNull {}
```

- Reusing Contracts: **Annotation Contracts**

```
class BankAccount {  
  
    @Requires({ amount > 0.0 })  
    BigDecimal withdraw(@NotNull BigDecimal amount)  
    {  
        if (balance >= amount)  
        {  
            balance -= amount;  
            return amount;  
        }  
        else  
            // Withdrawal not allowed  
            return 0.0;  
    }  
    // ...
```

- **More ...**
 - VM Args to Enable/Disable Contract Checking
 - Domain Model
 - Custom Annotation Processors
 - Cyclic Call Detection
 - Gradle Multi-Build Project
 - ...

IDE Support

✓ IntelliJ

- Groovy Eclipse Plugin
 - Snapshot for Groovy 1.8
 - includes support for annotation closures

MythBusters

- Don't know how to apply contracts in my application!
- My Methods are too complicated for contracts!
- I write unit tests, let's go bowling!

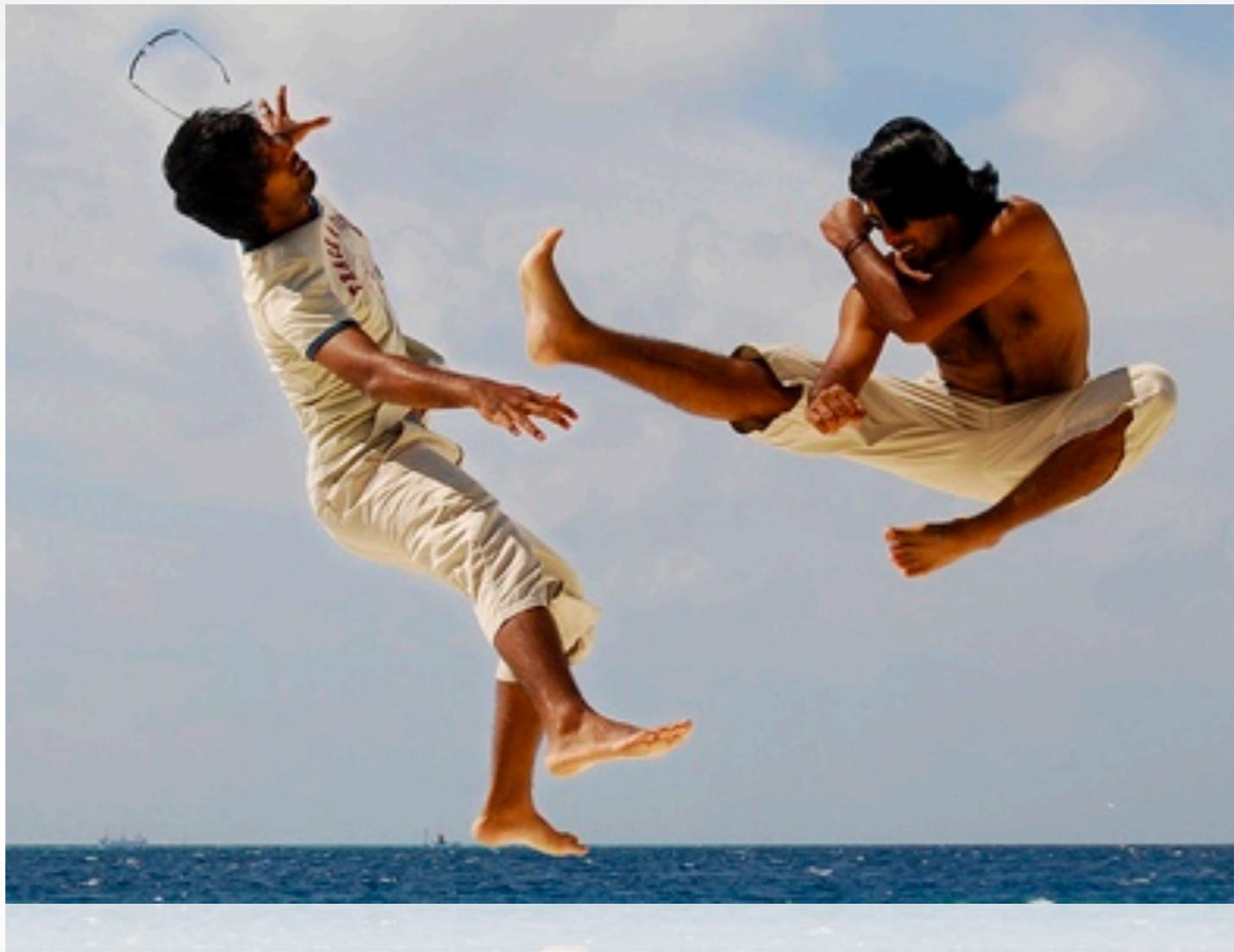


Where to get it?

- BSD license
- Github project (source/binaries)
- Available in the Central Maven Repo
 - @Grab(
 group='org.gcontracts',
 module='gcontracts-core',
 version='[1.2.1,)'
)
 - Ivy
 - Maven
 - Gradle
- Lighthouse Issue Tracking

Follow @gcontracts
Feel free to contribute!

Any Questions?



Thank you!

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