SF Salaries Exercise

For this exercise, you will be using the SF Salaries Dataset from Kaggle!. You can also used the SF Salaries Dataset on D2L to answer the questions. Please download the "Salaries.csv" file from kaggle or D2L and complete the below exercises. Please submit the completed jupyter notebook file to D2L.

Exercise 1

Import pandas as pd.

In [1]: import pandas as pd

Read Salaries.csv as a dataframe called sal.

sal=pd.read_csv('...\Data\\Salaries.csv',low_memory=False) In [2]:

Check the head of the DataFrame.

In [3]: sal.head() Out[3]:

•		Id	EmployeeName	JobTitle	BasePay	OvertimePay	OtherPay	Benefits	TotalPay	Tota
	0	1	NATHANIEL FORD	GENERAL MANAGER- METROPOLITAN TRANSIT AUTHORITY	167411.18	0.0	400184.25	NaN	567595.43	
	1	2	GARY JIMENEZ	CAPTAIN III (POLICE DEPARTMENT)	155966.02	245131.88	137811.38	NaN	538909.28	
	2	3	ALBERT PARDINI	CAPTAIN III (POLICE DEPARTMENT)	212739.13	106088.18	16452.6	NaN	335279.91	
	3	4	CHRISTOPHER CHONG	WIRE ROPE CABLE MAINTENANCE MECHANIC	77916.0	56120.71	198306.9	NaN	332343.61	
	4	5	PATRICK GARDNER	DEPUTY CHIEF OF DEPARTMENT, (FIRE DEPARTMENT)	134401.6	9737.0	182234.59	NaN	326373.19	

Exercise 2 - Use the .info() method to find out how many entries there are.

sal.info() In [4]:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 148654 entries, 0 to 148653
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#
     Column
                       Non-Null Count
                                        Dtype
    -----
                       -----
                                        ----
 0
    Ιd
                       148654 non-null int64
 1
    EmployeeName 148654 non-null object
    JobTitle 148654 non-null object
BasePay 148049 non-null object
OvertimePay 148654 non-null object
 2
 3
 4
 5
    OtherPay
                      148654 non-null object
 6
    Benefits
                      112495 non-null object
    TotalPay 148654 non-null float64
 7
    TotalPayBenefits 148654 non-null float64
 8
 9
                       148654 non-null int64
    Year
 10 Notes
                                        float64
                       0 non-null
                     148654 non-null object
 11 Agency
 12 Status
                      38119 non-null object
dtypes: float64(3), int64(2), object(8)
memory usage: 14.7+ MB
```

Exercise 3 - What is the average BasePay?

```
In [5]:
        import numpy as np
         sal=sal.replace('Not Provided',np.nan)
         sal.BasePay=sal.BasePay.astype('float')
         sal.BasePay.mean()
```

66325.44884050643 Out[5]:

Exercise 4 - What is the highest amount of OvertimePay in the dataset?

```
sal.OvertimePay=sal.OvertimePay.astype('float')
In [6]:
        sal.OvertimePay.max()
        245131.88
Out[6]:
```

Exercise 5 - What is the job title of JOSEPH DRISCOLL? Note: Use all caps, otherwise you may get an answer that doesn't match up (there is also a lowercase Joseph Driscoll).

```
In [7]:
        tuple(sal.loc[sal.EmployeeName=='JOSEPH DRISCOLL','JobTitle'])[0]
         'CAPTAIN, FIRE SUPPRESSION'
Out[7]:
```

Exercise 6 - How much does JOSEPH DRISCOLL make (including benefits)?

```
tuple(sal.loc[sal.EmployeeName=='JOSEPH DRISCOLL','TotalPayBenefits'])[0]
        270324.91
Out[8]:
```

Exercise 7 - What is the name of highest paid person (including benefits)?

```
tuple(sal.loc[sal.TotalPayBenefits==sal.TotalPayBenefits.max(), 'EmployeeName'])[0]
         'NATHANIEL FORD'
Out[9]:
```

Exercise 8 - What is the name of lowest paid person (including benefits)?

```
tuple(sal.loc[sal.TotalPayBenefits==sal.TotalPayBenefits.min(), 'EmployeeName'])[0]
In [10]:
          'Joe Lopez'
Out[10]:
```

Exercise 9 - What was the average (mean) BasePay of all employees per year? (2011-2014)?

```
sal.groupby(by='Year')['BasePay'].mean().round(2)
In [11]:
         Year
Out[11]:
         2011
                  63595.96
         2012
                  65436.41
         2013
                  69630.03
         2014
                  66564.42
         Name: BasePay, dtype: float64
```

Exercise 10 - How many unique job titles are there?

```
len(sal.JobTitle.unique())
In [12]:
          2159
Out[12]:
```

Exercise 11 - What are the top 5 most common jobs?

```
sal.JobTitle.value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False).head(5)
In [13]:
         Transit Operator
                                          7036
Out[13]:
         Special Nurse
                                          4389
         Registered Nurse
                                          3736
         Public Svc Aide-Public Works
                                          2518
         Police Officer 3
                                          2421
         Name: JobTitle, dtype: int64
```

Exercise 12 - How many Job Titles were represented by only one person in 2013? (e.g. Job Titles with only one occurence in 2013?)

```
In [14]:
         series=sal[sal.Year==2013].groupby('JobTitle')['Id'].count()
          len(series[series==1])
         202
Out[14]:
```

Exercise 13: Is there a correlation between length of the Job Title string and Salary?

```
# is the Salary the total pay?
In [15]:
         df=pd.DataFrame({'JobTitle_len':[len(x) for x in sal.JobTitle],'TotalPayBenefits':sal.
         df.corr()
```

Out[15]:		JobTitle_len	TotalPayBenefits
	JobTitle_len	1.000000	-0.036878
	TotalPayBenefits	-0.036878	1.000000

A linear relation between Job Title and Total Pay Benefits are almost inexistent