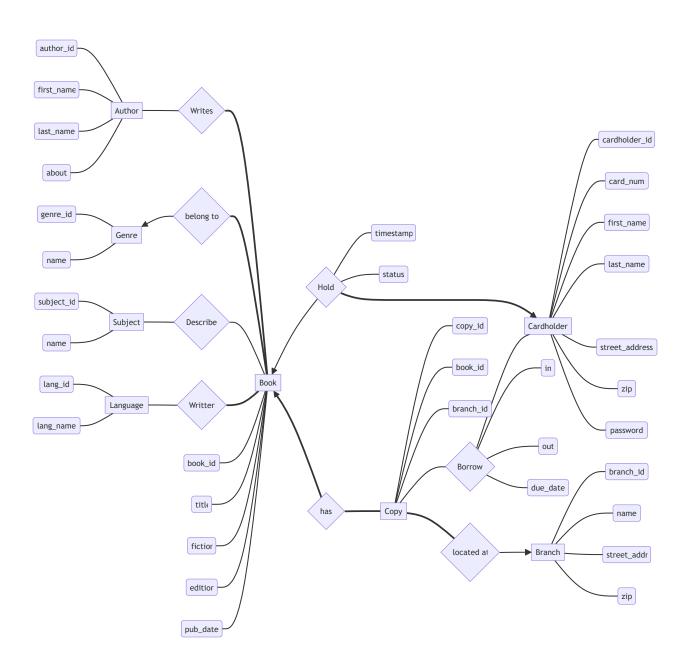
## Chicago public library database design

Kels Cavin, Peter Capuzzi, Andrew Chang-DeWitt
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## **Entity Relationship Diagram**



## **™** Relational Schema

The main entities, including all necessary data for books & where they're stored:

- Book(id, isbn, title, genre\_id, fiction, edition, pub\_date)
- 2. Author(id, first\_name, last\_name, about)

- 3. Genre(id, name)
- 4. Subject(id, name)
- 5. Language(id, name)
- 6. Copy(id, book id, branch id)
- 7. Cardholder(id, card\_num, first\_name, last\_name, password, street\_addr, zip, phone, email)
- 8. Branch(id, name, street\_addr, zip)

The following bridge entities are used to handle checking borrowed books in/out or placing/modifying hold requests, as well as any other many-to-many relationships:

- Borrow(copy\_id, cardholder\_id, out, in, due\_date)
- 2. Holds(timestamp, book\_id, cardholder\_id, status)
- AuthorWriteBook(book\_id, author\_id)
- 4. SubjectDescribeBook(book\_id, subject\_id)
- LanguageWrittenInBook(book id, language id)

## Business Rules

- 1. An Author can write one or more Books; however, every Book is written by at least one Author.
- 2. One Genre can contain one or more Books; however, every Book belongs to exactly one Genre.
- 3. One or more Subjects may describe a Book. One or more Books may be described by a Subject.
- 4. One or more Languages can be used to write a Book; a Book must be written in at least one Language.
- 5. A Book may be requested for Hold by one or more Cardholder. A Cardholder may request a Hold for one or more Book.
- 6. A book Book may have one or more Copy; however, every Copy has exactly one Book.
- 7. A Copy can have one or more Borrow records for one or more Cardholder. A Cardholder can have one or more Borrow records for one or more Copy.
- 8. A Copy must be located at exactly one Branch; however; a Branch may have one or more Copy.