

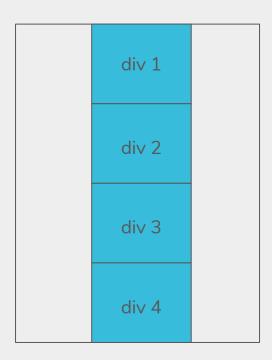
Position elements on the page using the position property.

Use Chrome dev tools to test CSS changes.



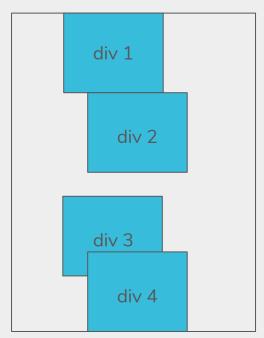
Four boxes placed statically

POSITION: STATIC



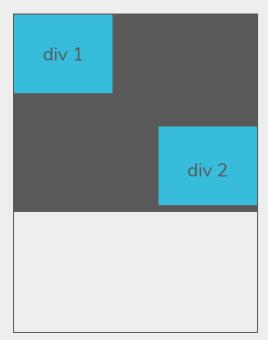
POSITION: RELATIVE

Switching the boxes to relative will nudge the boxes in relation to their "original" location.



POSITION: ABSOLUTE

Positioned absolutely in relation to nearest positioned ancestor.

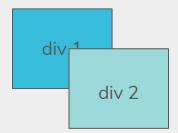


Position with exact coordinates to the browser window.

div 1 div 2

POSITION: FIXED

Z-Index allows you to layer elements on top of each other when they're positioned.



Z-INDEX

"display: none" allows us to hide elements from view.

This will become useful in later sections, when we'll be hiding and revealing specific HTML elements of our choice.

HIDING ELEMENTS

div 1



Match this Design

ading

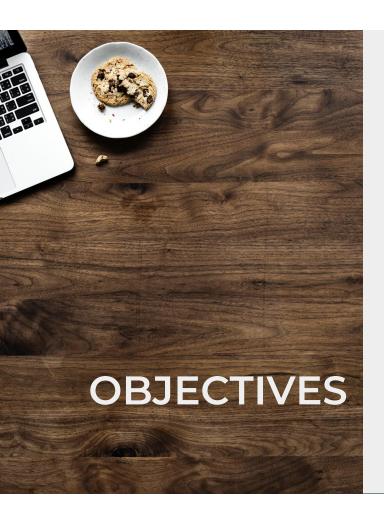
<div> position: fixed

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<div>
position: relative

<div>
position: absolute

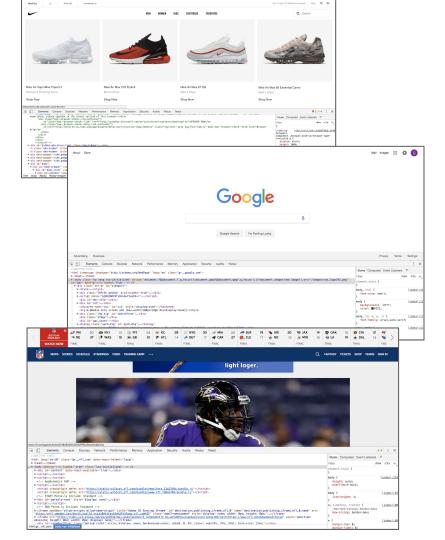
Nulla tempor ornare diam, vitae volutpat erat bibendum eget. Nunc sagittis placerat velit sit amet interdum. Nam in iaculis purus, quis tristique velit. Cras ut nisl vitae orci malesuada placerat non sed magna. Nulla ultrices, dolor at aliquam volutpat, lorem magna pharetra arcu, eget feugiat nisi libero at nunc. Phasellus finibus elit at sapien vehicula varius. Maecenas in dapibus leo. Aliquam molestie vulputate metus. Morbi sed posuere quam, et sodales felis. Proin augue nulla, pellentesque at venenatis vel, sagittis eget nibh. Maecenas libero velit, luctus eu velit vitae, eleifend convallis felis.



Position elements on the page using the position property.

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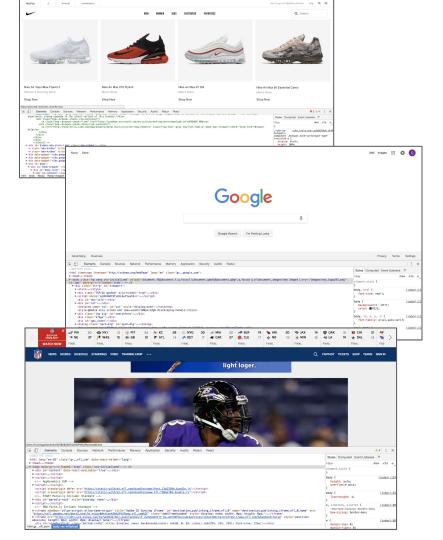




This is one of the most frequent tools you will use in web development.

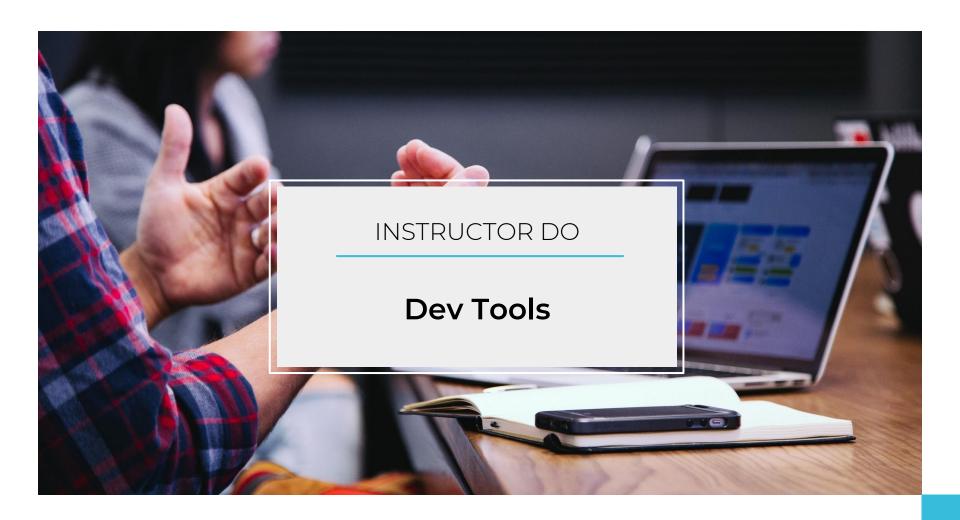
It allows you to truly debug your web designs.

Start using it!

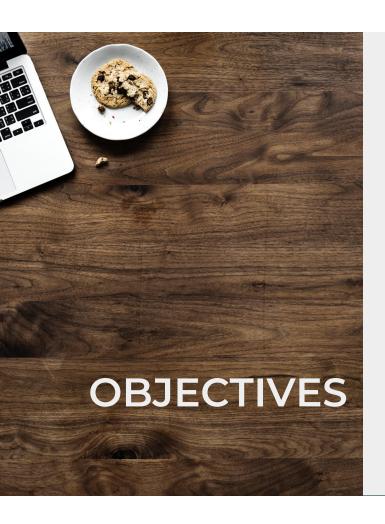


Plus, you'll see your results instantly.

You can edit any page's HTML and CSS with Chrome Developer Tools.







Position elements on the page using the position property.

✓ Use Chrome dev tools to test CSS changes.



<link rel="stylesheet" href="style1.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style2.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style3.css">

Loading Multiple CSS Files

An incredibly powerful technique: deploying multiple CSS files simultaneously.

This lets developers to create complex designs made up of abounding design elements.

Just remember: The loading order matters!







Safari?

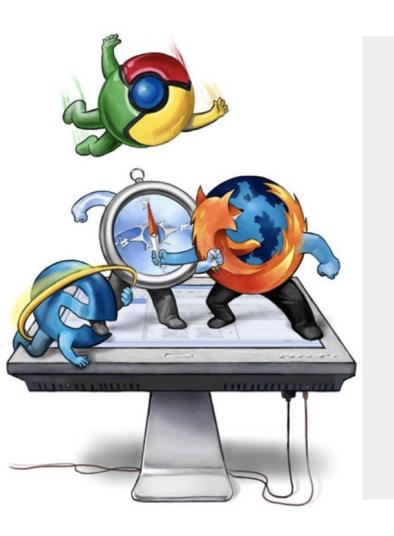






IE?

Other?



BATTLE OF THE BROWSERS

Under the hood, web browsers often render web pages differently than their competition.

These disparities could mean HTML/CSS displaying differently in each web client.

Because of these potential divergences, web developers need to make their websites cross-browser compatible.

Header 1

Header 2

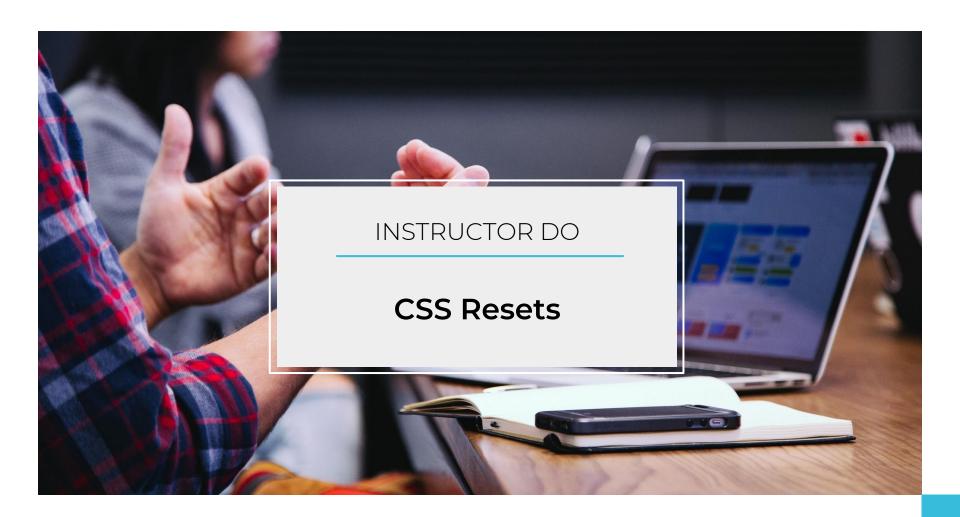
Header 3

This is paragraph text.

Reset.css will "reset" all browser-specific CSS. This means your site will appear the same in all browsers.

However, you will have to re-style everything you yourself.

RESET CSS

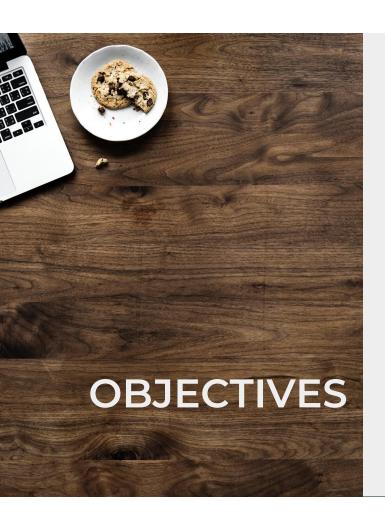


It's important for creating browser-compatible websites

It's an example of using someone else's CSS in your website!!!

Why CSS Resets Matter...





Position elements on the page using the position property.

✓ Use Chrome dev tools to test CSS changes.