# Constraints on Assembly Bias from Galaxy Clustering

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Today

#### ABSTRACT

We fit SDSS DR7 data with models that include assembly bias.

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 METHODS
- 3 RESULTS

We have performed parameter inference analyses in order to infer the underlying HOD of galaxies from the projected galaxy two-point function  $w_{\rm p}(r_{\rm p})$  as described in the preceding section. In this section, we describe the primary results of these analyses. Our marginalized one-dimensional parameter constraints are given in Table 3.1.

#### 3.1 Standard Analysis

Prior to discussing our results using models that include assembly bias, we present results of standard HOD analyses that include no model for assembly bias.

#### 3.2 Analysis with Decorated HOD

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Sample $M_r$	Authors	$\log(M_{\min})$	$\sigma_{\log M}$	$\log(M_1)$	α	$A_{\mathrm{cen}}$	$A_{ m sat}$	$\chi^2/{ m DoF}$
-21	Zehavi+11	$12.78 \pm 0.10$	$0.68 \pm 0.15$	$13.80 \pm 0.03$	$1.15 \pm 0.06$			3.1
-21	Zentner+16	$12.92^{+0.07}_{-0.11}$	$0.74^{+0.09}_{-0.16}$	$13.93^{+0.04}_{-0.05}$	$1.23^{+0.10}_{-0.12}$			1.59
-21	Zentner+16	$12.83_{-0.09}^{+0.11}$	$0.60^{+0.15}_{-0.17}$	$13.93^{+0.05}_{-0.08}$	$1.16_{-0.14}^{+0.12}$	$0.29^{+0.44}_{-0.35}$	$0.08^{+0.49}_{-0.36}$	1.34
-20.5	Zehavi+11	$12.14 \pm 0.03$	$0.17 \pm 0.15$	$13.44\pm0.03$	$1.15\pm0.03$			2.7
-20.5	Zentner+16	$12.25^{+0.07}_{-0.03}$	$0.23^{+0.17}_{-0.15}$	$13.59^{+0.02}_{-0.02}$	$1.20^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$			1.90
-20.5	Zentner+16	$12.30_{-0.07}^{+0.11}$	$0.42^{+0.20}_{-0.26}$	$13.59^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$	$1.15_{-0.06}^{+0.05}$	> 0.0(90%)	$0.23^{+0.39}_{-0.31}$	1.71
-20	Zehavi+11	$11.83 \pm 0.03$	$0.25 \pm 0.11$	$13.08\pm0.03$	$1.00\pm0.05$			2.1
-20	Zentner+16	$11.95^{+0.11}_{-0.6}$	$0.37^{+0.23}_{-0.21}$	$13.28^{+0.03}_{-0.04}$	$1.16^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$			2.19
-20	${\tt Zentner+16}$	$12.23^{+0.33}_{-0.21}$	$0.84^{+0.37}_{-0.31}$	$13.20_{-0.08}^{+0.06}$	$1.05^{+0.06}_{-0.08}$	> 0.28(99%)	$0.01_{-0.26}^{+0.32}$	1.16
-19.5	Zehavi+11	$11.57 \pm 0.04$	$0.17 \pm 0.13$	$12.87 \pm 0.03$	$0.99 \pm 0.04$			1.00
-19.5	Zentner+16	$11.76^{+0.33}_{-0.11}$	$0.51^{+0.51}_{-0.29}$	$13.05^{+0.04}_{-0.08}$	$1.12^{+0.04}_{-0.07}$			1.24
-19.5	Zentner+16	$11.70_{-0.08}^{+0.23}$	$0.42^{+0.42}_{-0.26}$	$13.04_{-0.13}^{+0.08}$	$1.07^{+0.07}_{-0.10}$	> -0.08(84%)	> -0.16(84%)	0.83
-19	Zehavi+11	$11.45 \pm 0.04$	$0.19 \pm 0.13$	$12.64 \pm 0.04$	$1.02\pm0.02$			1.8
-19	Zentner+16	$11.72^{+0.33}_{-0.19}$	$0.69^{+0.52}_{-0.46}$	$12.78^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$	$1.03^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$			2.77
-19	Zentner+16	$11.62^{+0.33}_{-0.13}$	$0.53^{+0.57}_{-0.35}$	$12.83^{+0.06}_{-0.07}$	$1.02^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$	$0.35^{+0.45}_{-0.66}$	> 0.02(84%)	2.01

Table 1. Results of standard HOD fits to SDSS DR7  $w_p(r_p)$ . If the constraints on  $A_{cen}$  and  $A_{sat}$  are unspecified, then the model used to interpret the data does not include assembly bias.

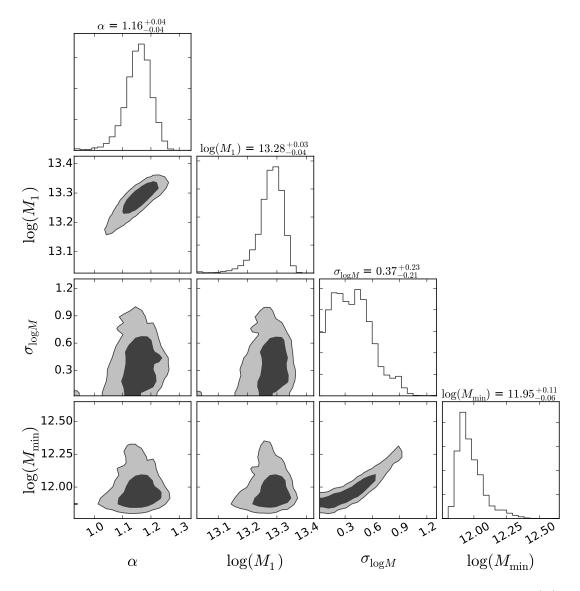


Figure 1. Two-dimensional marginalized constraints on HOD parameters inferred from standard HOD fits to  $w_p(r_p)$  data for the  $M_r < -20$  sample. The HOD parameter  $\log(M_0)$  is extremely poorly constrained by the  $w_p(r_p)$  data and has been omitted from this panel.

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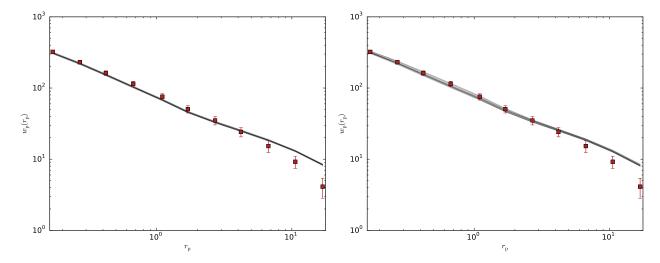


Figure 2. Left: The  $M_r < -19$  threshold sample projected correlation function with diagonal elements of covariance (points with errorbars). The grey lines are 25 randomly-selected HOD models that yield  $\Delta \chi^2 < 1$  compared to the best-fitting model. Right: Same as the left panel for decorated HOD models that contain parameters to describe the strength of assembly bias.

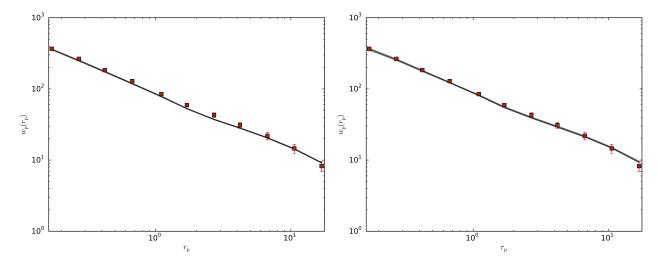


Figure 3. The same as Figure 2, but for the  $M_r < -20$  threshold sample.

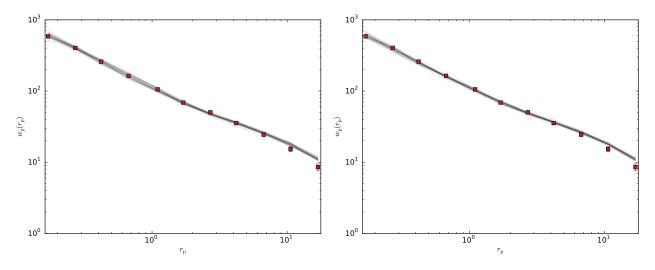


Figure 4. The same as Figure 2, but for the  $M_r < -21$  threshold sample.

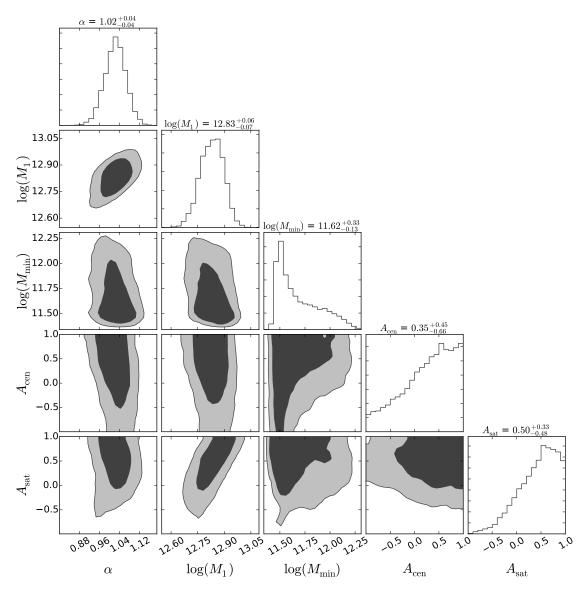


Figure 5. Two-dimensional marginalized constraints on decorated HOD parameters inferred from fits to  $w_{\rm P}(r_{\rm P})$  data for the  $M_r < -19$  sample. The decorated HOD models include a two-parameter model for assembly bias. The HOD parameter  $\log(M_0)$  is extremely poorly constrained by the data and has been suppressed for clarity. Likewise, as in Fig. 1,  $\sigma_{\log M}$  and  $\log(M_{\rm min})$  share a narrow degeneracy, so we have suppressed  $\sigma_{\log M}$  in order to make constraints on other parameters more easily visible.

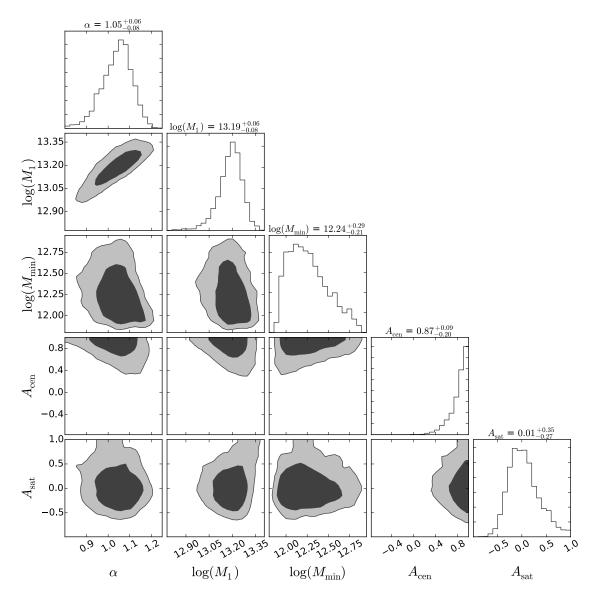


Figure 6. The same as Figure 5, but for the  $M_r < -20$  sample.

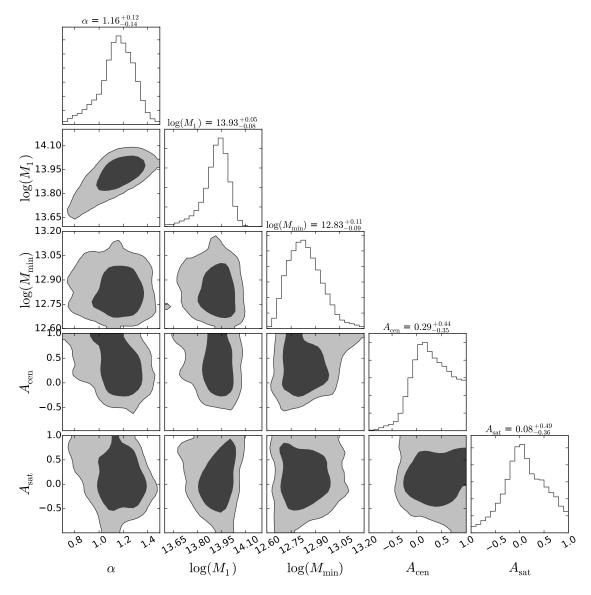


Figure 7. The same as Figure 5, but for the  $M_r < -21$  sample.