# Math 327 Homework 3

September 19, 2017

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# Question 3.4

 $S = \{HHH, THHH, HTHHH, TTHHH, TTTHHH, HTTHHH, THTHHH, HHTHHH\}$ S is discrete because you cannot flip a fraction of a heads or tails.

# Question 3.10

The probability of rolling any side of a fair six sided die is  $\frac{1}{6}$ , so the formula for probability distribution is  $f(x) = \frac{1}{6}$  for x = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Equal chance of getting any side.

# Question 3.12

• 
$$P(T=5) = F(5) - F(4) = \frac{1}{4}$$

• 
$$P(T > 3) = 1 - F(3) = \frac{1}{2}$$

• 
$$P(1.4 < T < 6) = F(6) - F(1.4) = \frac{1}{2}$$

• 
$$P(T \le 5 \mid T \ge 2) = \frac{P(2 \le T \le 5)}{P(T \ge 2)} = \frac{F(5) - F(2)}{1 - F(2)} = \frac{2}{3}$$

# Question 3.14 $x = \frac{12}{60}$

• 
$$F(x) = F(0.2) = 1 - e^{-8(0.2)} = 0.79810...$$

• 
$$f(x) = \frac{dF}{dx} = 8e^{-8x}$$
 when  $x > 0$   

$$\int_0^{0.2} f(x)dx = \int_0^{0.2} 8e^{-8x}dx = 8 \int_0^{0.2} e^{-8x}dx = -e^{-8x} \Big|_0^{0.2} = 0.79810...$$

### Question 3.18

• 
$$P(X < 4) = \int_2^4 \frac{2(1+x)}{27} dx = 0.59259...$$

• 
$$P(3 \le X < 4) = \int_3^4 \frac{2(1+x)}{27} dx = 0.33333...$$

# Question 3.20

$$F(x) = \int_2^x \frac{2(1+t)}{27} dt = \frac{2}{27} \cdot \int_2^x 1 + t dt = \frac{2}{27} \left( t + \frac{t^2}{2} \right) \Big|_2^x = \frac{(x+4)(x-2)}{27}$$

$$P(3 \le X < 4) = F(4) - F(3) = \frac{(4+4)(4-2)}{27} - \frac{(3+4)(3-2)}{27} = 0.33333...$$

 $\binom{10}{4}$  ways of selecting 4 CDs from 10. We want x number of jazz CDs from  $\binom{5}{x}\binom{5}{4-x}$  $f(x) = \frac{\binom{5}{x}\binom{5}{4-x}}{\binom{10}{4}}$  x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

# Question 3.30

• 
$$1 = k \int_{-1}^{1} (3 - x^2) = \frac{16}{3}k, \ k = \frac{3}{16}$$

• 
$$P(X < 0.5) = \int_{-1}^{0.5} \frac{3}{16} (3 - x^2) dx = 0.7734375$$

• 
$$F(x) = \int_{-1}^{x} \frac{3}{16} (3 - t^2) dt = (3t - \frac{1}{3}t^3) \Big|_{-1}^{x} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{9}{16}x - \frac{x^3}{16}$$
  
 $P(|X| < 0.7) = P(X < -0.8) + P(X > 0.8) = F(-0.8) + 1 - F(0.8) = 0.164$ 

### Question 3.32

• 
$$\int_0^1 5(1-y)^4 dy = 1$$

• 
$$P(Y < 0.1) = \int_0^{0.1} 5(1-y)^4 dy = 0.40951$$

• 
$$P(Y > 0.5) = (1 - 0.5)^5 = 0.03125$$

# Question 3.38

• 
$$P(X \le 2, Y = 1) = f(0,1) + f(1,1) + f(2,1) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} = \frac{1}{5}$$

• 
$$P(X > 2, Y \le 1) = f(3,0) + f(3,1) = \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} = \frac{7}{30}$$

• 
$$P(X > Y) = f(1,0) + f(2,0) + f(3,0) + f(2,1) + f(3,1) + f(3,2) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} + \frac{5}{30} = \frac{18}{30}$$

• 
$$P(X+Y=4) = f(1,3) + f(2,2) = \frac{4}{30} + \frac{4}{30} = \frac{8}{30}$$

# Question 3.40

• 
$$g(x) = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{3}(x+2y)dy = \frac{2}{3}\int_0^1 (x+2y)dy = \frac{2}{3}(x+1)$$
, for  $0 \le x \le 1$ 

• 
$$h(y) = \int_0^1 \frac{2}{3}(x+2y)dx = \frac{1}{3}(1+4y)$$
, for  $0 \le y \le 1$ 

• 
$$P(X < 0.5) = \int_0^{0.5} \frac{2}{3}(x+1)dx = 0.41666...$$

# Question 3.44

• 
$$1 = \int_{30}^{50} \int_{30}^{50} k(x^2 + y^2) dx dy = k \int_{30}^{50} 20y^2 + \frac{98000}{3} dy = k \frac{3920000}{3}$$
, so  $k = \frac{3}{3920000}$ 

• 
$$P(30 \le X \le 40, 40 \le Y < 50) = \frac{3}{3920000} \int_{40}^{50} \int_{30}^{40} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \frac{3}{3920000} \int_{40}^{50} 10y^2 + \frac{37000}{3} dy = \frac{3}{3920000} \frac{980000}{3} = 0.25$$

• 
$$P(30 \le X \le 40, 30 \le Y < 40) = \frac{3}{3920000} \int_{30}^{40} \int_{30}^{40} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \frac{3}{3920000} \int_{30}^{40} 10y^2 + \frac{37000}{3} dy = \frac{3}{3920000} \frac{740000}{3} = 0.18877...$$

### Question 3.46

$$\begin{array}{l} \bullet \ g(0) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} = \frac{3}{30} \\ g(1) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} = \frac{6}{30} \\ g(2) = \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} = \frac{9}{30} \\ g(3) = \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} + \frac{5}{30} = \frac{12}{30} \\ \end{array}$$

• 
$$h(0) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} = \frac{6}{30}$$
  
 $h(1) = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} = \frac{10}{30}$   
 $h(2) = \frac{2}{30} + \frac{3}{30} + \frac{4}{30} + \frac{5}{30} = \frac{14}{30}$ 

### Question 3.50

•

Question 3.68 Question 3.80

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{5}{1+\frac{x}{7}}} \begin{vmatrix} 17 \\ -5 \end{vmatrix}$$