Question 6.2: Suppose X follows a continuous uniform distribution from 1 to 5. Determine the conditional probability  $P(X > 2.5 \mid X \le 4)$ 

$$\frac{P(2.5 < X \ge 4)}{P(X \le 4)} = \frac{4 - 2.5}{4 - 1} = \frac{1.5}{3}$$

**Question 6.4**: A bus arrives every 10 minutes at a bus stop. It is assumed that the waiting time for a particular individual is a random variable with a continuous uniform distribution.

(a) What is the probability that the individual waits more than 7 minutes?

$$P(X > 7) = \frac{10-7}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

(b) What is the probability that the individual waits between 2 and 7 minutes?

$$P(2 < X < 7) = \frac{7-2}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$$

**Question 6.6**: Find the value of z if the area under a standard normal curve

(a) to the right of z is 0.3622;

The left of z is then 1 - 0.3622 = 0.6378. 0.6378 can be approximated as 0.6368 so z = 0.35 by Table A.3.

(b) to the left of z is 0.1131;

The right of z is then 0.1131 - 1 = -0.8869. So by table A.3, z = -1.21

(c) between 0 and z, with z > 0, is 0.4838;

Area left of z is 0.5 + 0.4838 = 0.9838. So z = 2.14.

(d) between z and z, with z > 0, is 0.9500.

Area left of z is 
$$0.25 + 0.95 = 0.975$$
, so  $z = 1.96$ .

Question 6.10: According to Chebyshevs theorem, the probability that any random variable assumes a value within 3 standard deviations of the mean is at least 8/9. If it is known that the probability distribution of a random variable X is normal with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ , what is the exact value of  $P(\mu - 3\sigma < X < \mu + 3\sigma)$ ?

$$z_1 = \frac{((\mu - 3\sigma) - \mu)}{\sigma} = -3$$

$$z_2 = \frac{((\mu + 3\sigma) - \mu)}{\sigma} = 3$$
So then:
$$P(\mu - 3\sigma < X < \mu + 3\sigma) = P(-3 < Z < 3)$$

$$= 0.9987 - 0.0013$$
by Table A.3
$$= 0.9974$$

Question 6.12: The loaves of rye bread distributed to local stores by a certain bakery have an average length of 30 centimeters and a standard deviation of 2 centimeters. Assuming that the lengths are normally distributed, what percentage of the loaves are

(a) longer than 31.7 centimeters?

$$z = \frac{31.7 - 30}{2} = 0.85$$
 
$$P(X > 31.7) = P(Z > 0.85) = 0.1977$$
 by Table A.3

19.77% of loaves are longer than 31.7 cm.

(b) between 29.3 and 33.5 centimeters in length?

$$z_1 = \frac{29.3 - 30}{2} = -0.35$$
 
$$z_2 = \frac{33.5 - 30}{2} = 1.75$$
 
$$P(29.3 < X < 33.5) = P(-0.35 < Z < 1.75)$$
 
$$= 0.9599 - 0.3632$$
 by Table A.3 
$$= 0.5967$$

59.67% of loaves are within 29.3 and 33.5 cm.

(c) shorter than 25.5 centimeters?

$$z = \frac{25.5 - 30}{2} = -2.25$$
 
$$P(X < 25.5) = P(Z < 2.25)$$
 by Table A.3

1.22% of loaves are shorter than 25.5 cm.

Question 6.22: If a set of observations is normally distributed, what percent of these differ from the mean by

- (a) more than  $1.3\sigma$ ?
- (b) less than  $0.52\sigma$ ?

Question 6.26: A process yields 10% defective items. If 100 items are randomly selected from the process, what is the probability that the number of defectives

- (a) exceeds 13?
- (b) is less than 8?

Question 6.30: A drug manufacturer claims that a certain drug cures a blood disease, on the average, 80% of the time. To check the claim, government testers use the drug on a sample of 100 individuals and decide to accept the claim if 75 or more are cured.

- (a) What is the probability that the claim will be rejected when the cure probability is, in fact, 0.8?
- (b) What is the probability that the claim will be accepted by the government when the cure probability is as low as 0.7?

Question 6.34: A pair of dice is rolled 180 times. What is the probability that a total of 7 occurs

- (a) at least 25 times?
- (b) between 33 and 41 times inclusive?
- (c) exactly 30 times?

Question 6.40: In a certain city, the daily consumption of water (in millions of liters) follows approximately a gamma distribution with  $\alpha = 2$  and  $\beta = 3$ . If the daily capacity of that city is 9 million liters of water, what is the probability that on any given day the water supply is inadequate?

**Question 6.42**: Suppose that the time, in hours, required to repair a heat pump is a random variable X having a gamma distribution with parameters  $\alpha = 2$  and  $\beta = 1/2$ . What is the probability that on the next service call

- (a) at most 1 hour will be required to repair the heat pump?
- (b) at least 2 hours will be required to repair the heat pump?

Question 6.46: The life, in years, of a certain type of electrical switch has an exponential distribution with an average life  $\beta = 2$ . If 100 of these switches are installed in different systems, what is the probability that at most 30 fail during the first year?

Question 6.50: If the proportion of a brand of television set requiring service during the first year of operation is a random variable having a beta distribution with  $\alpha = 3$  and  $\beta = 2$ , what is the probability that at least 80% of the new models of this brand sold this year will require service during their first year of operation?

Question 6.54: The lifetime, in weeks, of a certain type of transistor is known to follow a gamma distribution with mean 10 weeks and standard deviation  $\sqrt{50}$  weeks.

- (a) What is the probability that a transistor of this type will last at most 50 weeks?
- (b) What is the probability that a transistor of this type will not survive the first 10 weeks?

Question 6.56: Rate data often follow a lognormal distribution. Average power usage (dB per hour) for a particular company is studied and is known to have a lognormal distribution with parameters  $\mu = 4$  and  $\sigma = 2$ . What is the probability that the company uses more than 270 dB during any particular hour?

Question 6.58: The number of automobiles that arrive at a certain intersection per minute has a Poisson distribution with a mean of 5. Interest centers around the time that elapses before 10 automobiles appear at the intersection.

- (a) What is the probability that more than 10 automobiles appear at the intersection during any given minute of time?
- (b) What is the probability that more than 2 minutes elapse before 10 cars arrive?