

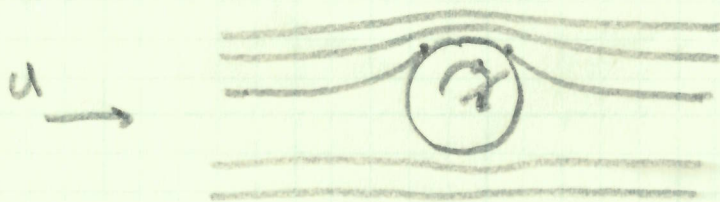
# **ME560 Assignment 2**

Group 8

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1.



$$\psi = \underbrace{U r \sin \theta}_{\text{uniform flow}} - \underbrace{\frac{M_d \sin \theta}{r}}_{\text{doublet}} - \underbrace{M_v \ln r}_{\text{vortex}} + C$$

$$\psi = U \sin \theta \left( r - \frac{a^2}{r} \right) - M_v \ln r + C$$

$$\psi = 0 \text{ at } r = a \rightarrow C = M_v \ln a$$

$$\boxed{\psi = U \sin \theta \left( r - \frac{a^2}{r} \right) - M_v \ln \left( \frac{r}{a} \right)}$$

where  $U$  is stream velocity

$\theta$  is angle at which it rotates

$r$  is radius to stream function

$a$  is radius of cylinder

$M_v$  is vortex strength =  $\frac{\Gamma}{2\pi}$   $\Gamma$  is circulation

$$\phi = -U r \cos \theta - M_d \frac{\cos \theta}{r} - M_v \theta + C$$

$$M_d = U a^2$$

$$\phi = -U \cos \theta \left( r + \frac{a^2}{r} \right) - M_v \theta + C$$

$$\phi = 0 \text{ at } r = a$$

$$0 = -U \cos \theta \left( a + \frac{a^2}{a} \right) - M_v \theta + C$$

$$C = U \cos \theta (2a) + M_v \theta$$

$$\boxed{\phi = U \cos \theta \left( 2a - r - \frac{a^2}{r} \right)}$$

## Problem 2

### Code:

```
clear
clc
close all

U= 10;
a= 0.1;
x=[-.3:.01:.3];
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x);
theta= atan2(Y,X);
r= sqrt(X.^2+Y.^2);
w= -120;
psi= U*sin(theta).*(r-a^2./r)-a^2*w*log(r./a);

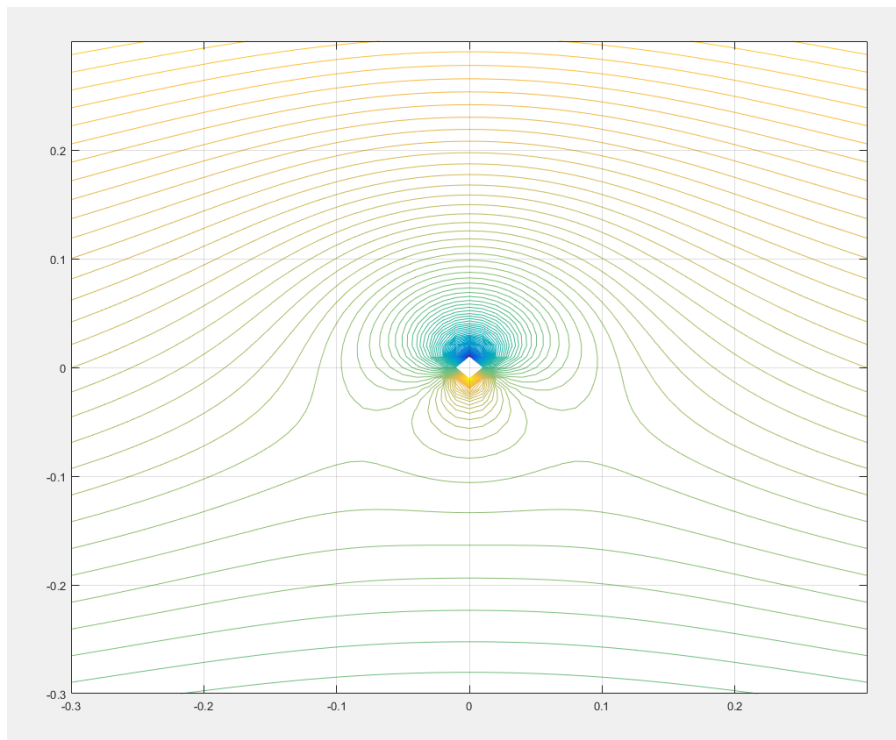
contour(X,Y,psi,101)
grid on

phi= U*cos(theta).*(2*a-r-a^2./r);

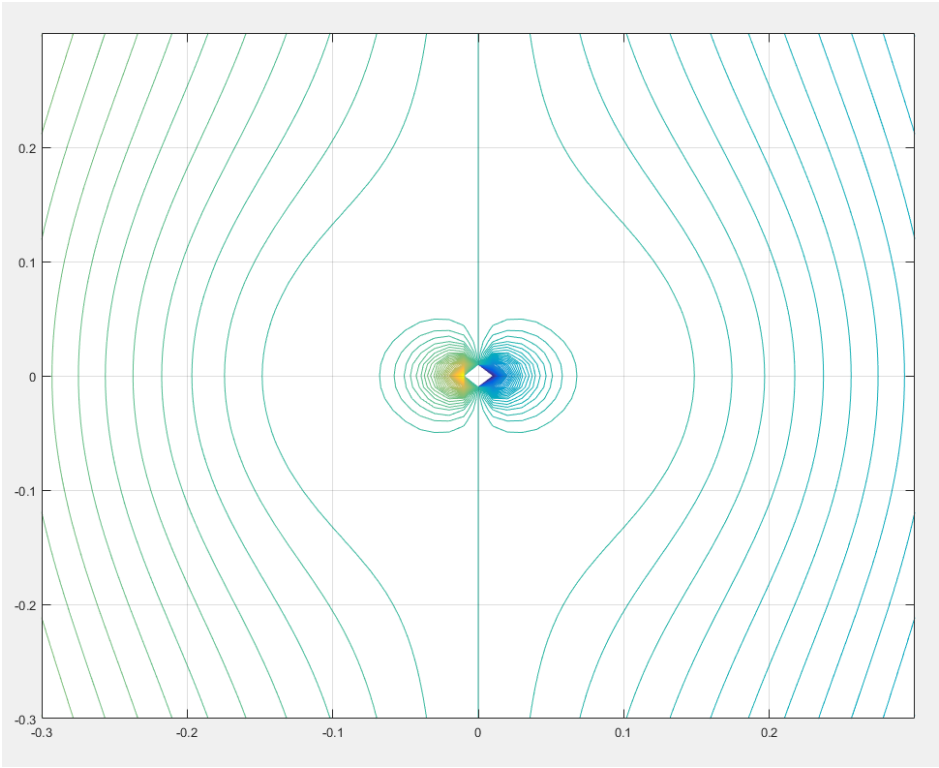
figure
contour(X,Y,phi,101)
grid on
```

### Solution:

#### Streamfunction:



**Velocity Potential:**



3.

Surface:  $V_r = 0$ , Stag pts:  $V_\theta = 0$ 

$$V_\theta = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial r} = -U \sin \theta (1 + \frac{a^2}{r^2}) + \frac{Mv}{r}$$

at  $r=a$

$$0 = -U \sin \theta (2) + \frac{Mv}{a}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{Mv}{2Ua}$$

$$Mv = \frac{\Gamma}{2\pi} = a^2 \omega$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{a^2 \omega}{2Ua}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{a \omega}{2U} \quad \text{at } \theta = 90^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\omega = \frac{2U}{a}}$$

### Problem 3

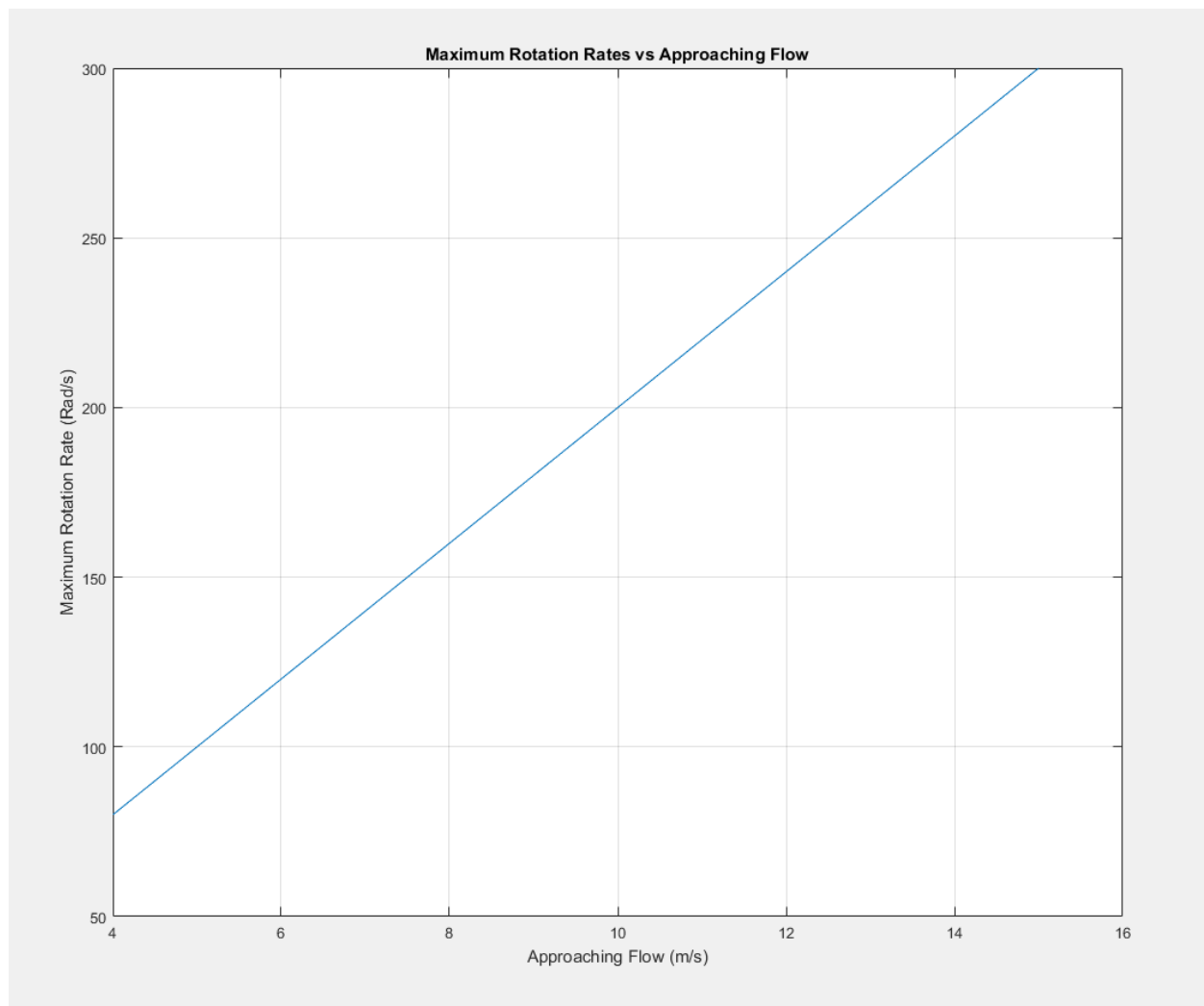
#### Code:

```
clear
clc
close all

U= [4:.01:15];
a= 0.1;
w= 2*U/a;

plot(U,w)
```

#### Solution:



4.  $\int \frac{d\mathbf{q}}{dt} ds + \Delta \frac{z^2}{2} + \Delta gh + \left( \frac{dP}{s} - \Delta \pi \right) = f(t)$

$$\Delta \frac{z^2}{2} + \Delta \frac{P}{\rho} + \Delta gh = 0$$

$$P = P_{\infty} + \frac{\rho U_{\infty}^2}{2} - \frac{\rho z^2}{2} + \rho gh$$

$$z_s = -2U \sin \theta + \frac{\Gamma}{2\pi a}, \quad U_{\infty} = U$$

$$P_s = P_{\infty} + \frac{\rho U^2}{2} - \frac{\rho (-2U \sin \theta + \frac{\Gamma}{2\pi a})^2}{2} + \rho ga$$

## Problem 5

### Code:

```
clear
clc
close all

a= 0.1;
U= [4:1:15];
theta= [0:.01:2*pi];
Pinf= 101000; %kPa
rho= 1.225;
g= 9.81;

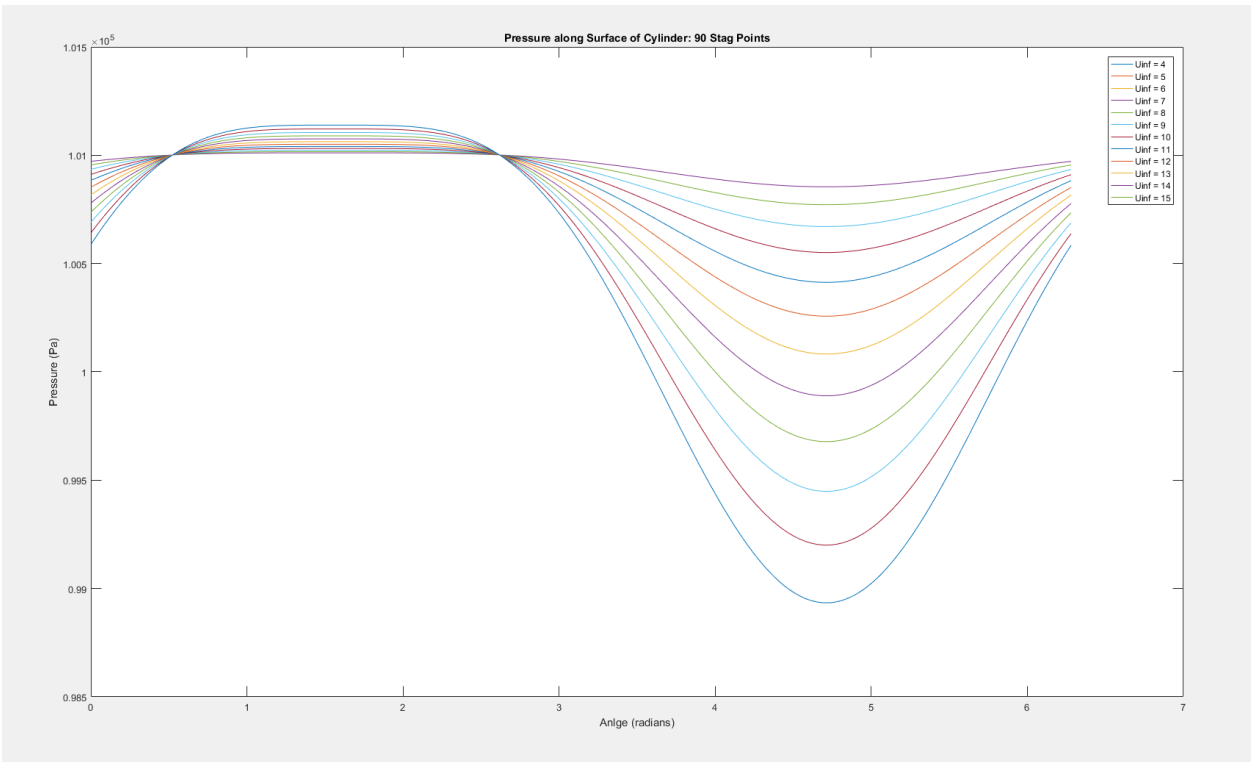
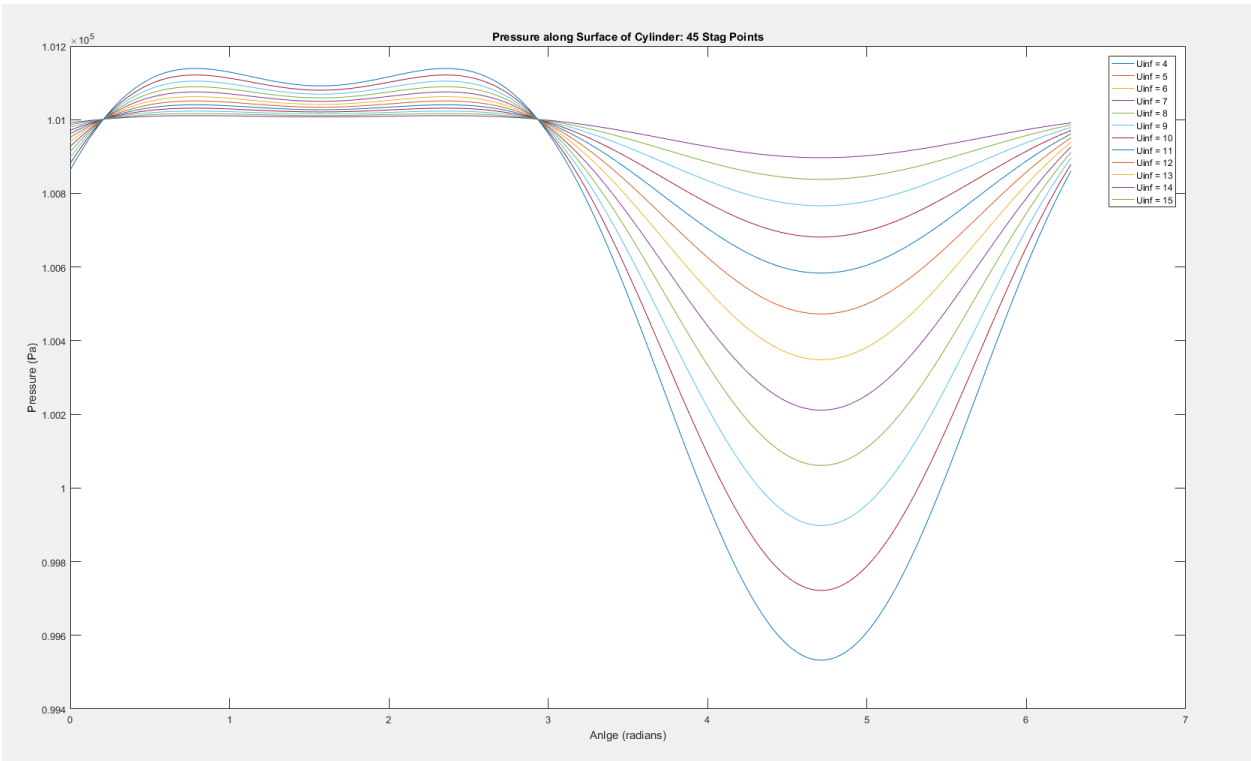
for i=1:length(U)
    w45= sind(45)*2*U(i)/a;
    w90= sind(90)*2*U(i)/a;
    Ps45(i,:)= Pinf+rho*U(i)^2/2-rho*(-2*U(i)*sin(theta)+a*w45).^2/2+rho*g*a;
    Ps90(i,:)= Pinf+rho*U(i)^2/2-rho*(-2*U(i)*sin(theta)+a*w90).^2/2+rho*g*a;

    figure(1)
    plot(theta,Ps45)
    hold on
    title('Pressure along Surface of Cylinder: 45 Stag Points')
    ylabel('Pressure (kPa)')
    xlabel('Angle (radians)')

    figure(2)
    plot(theta,Ps90)
    hold on
    title('Pressure along Surface of Cylinder: 90 Stag Points')
    ylabel('Pressure (kPa)')
    xlabel('Angle (radians)')
end
figure(1)
legend('Uinf = 4','Uinf = 5','Uinf = 6','Uinf = 7','Uinf = 8','Uinf = 9',
'Uinf = 10','Uinf = 11','Uinf = 12','Uinf = 13','Uinf = 14','Uinf = 15')
figure(2)
legend('Uinf = 4','Uinf = 5','Uinf = 6','Uinf = 7','Uinf = 8','Uinf = 9',
'Uinf = 10','Uinf = 11','Uinf = 12','Uinf = 13','Uinf = 14','Uinf = 15')
```



Solution:



6. Numerik Solution:

$$F_y' = \int_0^{2\pi} P_s \sin \theta a d\theta$$

$$\left[ F_y \approx P_s \sin \theta a \Delta \theta \right] \quad \theta = 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$P_s = P_{\infty} + \frac{\rho U^2}{2} - \rho \left( \frac{-2U \sin \theta + a\omega}{2} \right)^2 + \rho g a$$

7. Based on White graph

$$2 \cdot \sin(45) \xrightarrow{C_L} 2.1 \xrightarrow{C_D} 0.62$$

$$2 \cdot \sin(90) \xrightarrow{C_L} 3.8 \xrightarrow{C_D} 0.5$$

approx.

$$F_L'(\text{real}) = \frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 D \cdot C_L$$

$$= \int U^2 a \cdot C_L$$

$$F_D'(\text{real}) = \frac{1}{2} \rho U^2 D C_D$$

$$= \int U^2 a C_D$$

$$\text{Ratio} = F_L/F_D$$

## Problem 6 and Problem 7

### Code:

```
clear
clc
close all

a= 0.1;
U= [4:1:15];
delta= .01;
theta= [0:delta:2*pi];
Pinf= 101; %kPa
rho= 1.225;
g=9.81;

for i=1:length(U)
    w45= sind(45)*2*U(i)/a;
    w90= sind(90)*2*U(i)/a;
    Ps45= (Pinf+rho*U(i)^2/2-rho*(-
2*U(i)*sin(theta)+a*w45).^2/2+rho*g*a).*sin(theta)*delta*a;
    Ps90= (Pinf+rho*U(i)^2/2-rho*(-
2*U(i)*sin(theta)+a*w90).^2/2+rho*g*a).*sin(theta)*delta*a;
    Fy45(i)= sum(Ps45);
    Fy90(i)= sum(Ps90);
end

FortyFive= sind(45)*2*U/a;
Ninety= sind(90)*2*U/a;
LiftActual45= rho*U^2*pi*a^2.*FortyFive;
LiftActual90= rho*U^2*pi*a^2.*Ninety;

plot(U,LiftActual45)
hold on
plot(U,Fy45,'o')
hold on
plot(U,LiftActual90)
hold on
plot(U,Fy90,'*')
legend('Analytical Lift: Stag at 45','Numerical Lift: Stag at 45','Analytical
Lift: Stag at 90','Numerical Lift: Stag at 90')
title('Lift vs Approaching Flow')
ylabel('Lift (N)')
xlabel('Approaching Flow (m/s)')

% % Problem 7

Cl45= 2.1;
Cl90= 3.8;

White45= rho*U.^2*a*Cl45*2;
White90= rho*U.^2*a*Cl90*2;

figure(2)
plot(U,White45,'-o')
```

```

hold on
plot(U,LiftActual45)
hold on
plot(U,White90,'--')
hold on
plot(U,LiftActual90)
legend('Actual Lift: 45 degrees','Analytical Lift: 45 degrees','Actual Lift:
90 degrees','Analytical Lift: 90 degrees')
title('"Real" Lift compared to Analytical Lift')
ylabel('Lift (N)')
xlabel('Approaching Flow (m/s)')

```

```

Cd45= .62;
Cd90= .5;
WhiteDrag45= rho*U.^2*a*Cd45*2;
WhiteDrag90= rho*U.^2*a*Cd90*2;
ratio45= White45./WhiteDrag45;
ratio90= White90./WhiteDrag90;

```

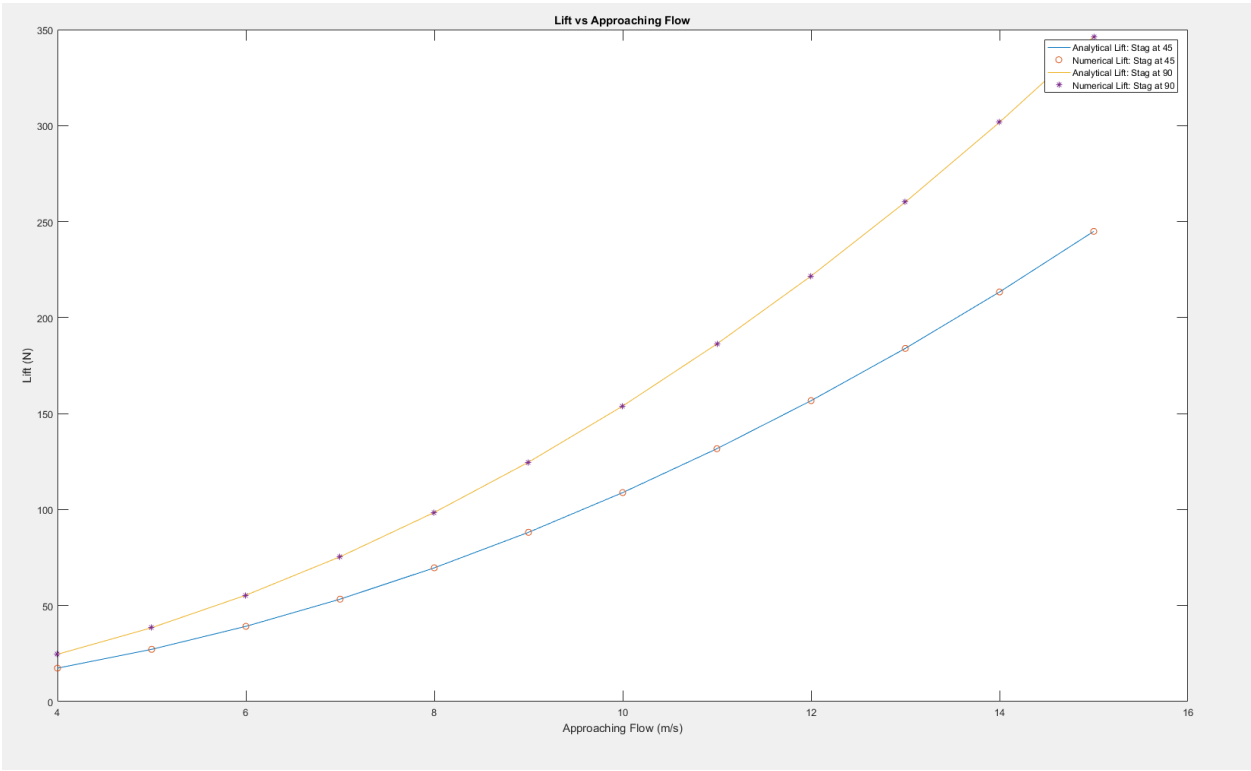
```

figure(3)
plot(U,ratio45,'-o')
hold on
plot(U,ratio90)
legend('Ratio: 45','Ratio: 90')
title('Ratio of "Real" Lift and Drag')
ylabel('Fl/Fd')
xlabel('Approaching Flow (m/s)')
plot(U,ratio90)

```

Solution:

Problem 6:



Problem 7:

