Portuguese Bank

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```
# created a dataframe for the data set

bank_final.df<-read_excel("Bank_Data_R.xlsx")
head(bank_final.df)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 26
        age age_range job    jobs    marital education educations default housing loan
      <dbl> <chr> <chr
## 1
                          hous~ pink~ married basic.4y primary no
         56 old
                                                                                                     no
## 2
          57 old
                          serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary unknown no
         37 middle serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary no yes
         40 middle admi~ whit~ married basic.6y primary no
## 4
                                                                                                     no
                          serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary no
                                                                                                     yes
         45 middle serv~ pink~ married basic.9y primary unknown no
## 6
## # ... with 16 more variables: contact <chr>, month <chr>, Season <chr>,
## # day_of_week <chr>, Year <dbl>, duration <dbl>, campaign <dbl>, pdays <dbl>,
        previous <dbl>, poutcome <chr>, emp.var.rate <dbl>, cons.price.idx <dbl>,
       cons.conf.idx <dbl>, euribor3m <dbl>, nr.employed <dbl>, y <chr>
```

summary(bank final.df)

```
##
       age
                  age_range
                                     job
                                                       jobs
## Min. :17.00 Length:41188
                                  Length:41188
                                                   Length:41188
##
  1st Ou.:32.00 Class :character Class :character
                                                   Class :character
##
   Median :38.00
                 Mode :character
                                  Mode :character
                                                   Mode :character
  Mean :40.02
##
##
   3rd Qu.:47.00
##
   Max. :98.00
    marital
                                      educations
                                                       default
##
                    education
##
  Length:41188
                   Length:41188
                                     Length:41188
                                                      Length:41188
   Class :character Class :character
                                     Class :character
                                                      Class :character
##
##
   Mode :character
                    Mode :character
                                     Mode :character
                                                      Mode :character
##
##
     housing
                       loan
##
                                      contact
                                                        month
##
   Length:41188
                    Length:41188
                                     Length:41188
                                                      Length: 41188
##
   Class :character
                    Class :character
                                     Class :character
                                                      Class :character
                    Mode :character
                                     Mode :character
                                                      Mode :character
##
   Mode :character
##
##
##
##
      Season
                    day_of_week
                                                    duration
                    Length:41188
  Length:41188
                                     Min. :2008 Min. : 0.0
##
##
   Class :character
                    Class :character
                                     1st Qu.:2008 1st Qu.: 102.0
##
   Mode :character Mode :character Median : 2008 Median : 180.0
##
                                     Mean :2008 Mean : 258.3
##
                                     3rd Qu.:2009 3rd Qu.: 319.0
                                     Max. :2010 Max. :4918.0
##
                     pdays
                                   previous poutcome
  Min. : 1.000 Min. : 0.0 Min. :0.000 Length:41188
##
##
   1st Qu.: 1.000    1st Qu.:999.0    1st Qu.:0.000    Class :character
   Median: 2.000 Median: 999.0 Median: 0.000 Mode: character
##
   Mean : 2.568 Mean :962.5 Mean :0.173
##
##
   3rd Qu.: 3.000
                  3rd Qu.:999.0
                                3rd Qu.:0.000
   Max. :56.000 Max. :999.0 Max. :7.000
##
##
   emp.var.rate
                  cons.price.idx cons.conf.idx
                                                  euribor3m
   Min. :-3.40000 Min. :92.20 Min. :-50.8 Min. :0.634
##
   1st Qu.:-1.80000    1st Qu.:93.08    1st Qu.:-42.7    1st Qu.:1.344
##
   Median: 1.10000 Median: 93.75 Median: -41.8 Median: 4.857
   Mean : 0.08189 Mean :93.58 Mean :-40.5 Mean :3.621
##
##
                    3rd Qu.:93.99
                                  3rd Qu.:-36.4
                                                 3rd Qu.:4.961
   3rd Qu.: 1.40000
  Max. : 1.40000 Max. :94.77 Max. :-26.9 Max. :5.045
##
##
   nr.employed
##
   Min. :4964 Length:41188
##
  1st Qu.:5099
                Class :character
   Median :5191
                Mode :character
##
   Mean :5167
##
   3rd Qu.:5228
```

```
a<-colSums(is.na(bank_final.df))
a
```

```
##
                                              job
                                                            jobs
                                                                         marital
              age
                        age_range
##
                0
##
                      educations
                                          default
        education
                                                         housing
                                                                            loan
##
                0
                                0
                                                                               0
##
                            month
                                                     day_of_week
                                                                            Year
          contact
                                           Season
##
                0
                                0
                                               0
                                                                               0
##
         duration
                         campaign
                                            pdays
                                                        previous
                                                                        poutcome
##
                0
                                0
                                                0
                                                               0
##
     emp.var.rate cons.price.idx cons.conf.idx
                                                       euribor3m
                                                                     nr.employed
##
                0
                                0
##
                у
##
                 0
```

```
#removing default
bank_final.df(,-8]
head(bank_final.df)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 25
##
                      age age_range job    jobs    marital education educations housing loan    contact
               <dbl> <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr< <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr> <chr< <chr< <chr< <chr< <chr< <
## 1
                       56 old
                                                                  hous~ pink~ married basic.4y primary
                                                                                                                                                                                                       no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      teleph~
## 2
                                                                  serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary no
                        37 middle serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary yes
## 3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      teleph~
## 4
                         40 middle admi~ whit~ married basic.6y primary
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      teleph~
## 5
                        56 old
                                                                  serv~ pink~ married high.sch~ secondary no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ves
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    teleph~
                                                               serv~ pink~ married basic.9y primary
## 6
                       45 middle
                                                                                                                                                                                                     no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      teleph~
## # ... with 15 more variables: month <chr>, Season <chr>, day_of_week <chr>,
## # Year <dbl>, duration <dbl>, campaign <dbl>, pdays <dbl>, previous <dbl>,
                     poutcome <chr>, emp.var.rate <dbl>, cons.price.idx <dbl>,
                     cons.conf.idx <dbl>, euribor3m <dbl>, nr.employed <dbl>, y <chr>
```

```
#removing rows with unknowns
#removing unknown jobs
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[bank_final.df$jobs !="unknown",]

# removing unknown marital
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[bank_final.df$marital !="unknown",]

#removing unknown educations
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[ bank_final.df$educations !="unknown",]
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[ bank_final.df$educations !="unkown",]

# removing unknown housing
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[ bank_final.df$housing !="unknown",]

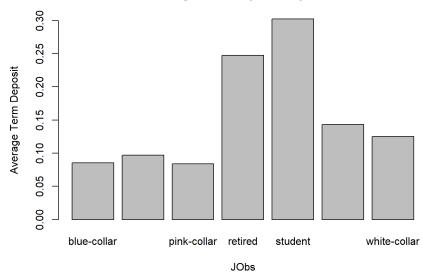
#removing unknown Loan
bank_final.df<-bank_final.df[bank_final.df$loan != "unknown",]</pre>
```

#exported data for PowerBI for additional Descriptive Statistics
write_xlsx(bank_final.df, "C:\\Users\\lilvi\\OneDrive\\Documents\\Marketing & Social Media Analytics\\Project\\Portuguese Ban
king Project\\Bank_Data_BI.xlsx")

```
#bar plot Avg term deposit on job
jobs<-count(bank_final.df, jobs)

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df$jobs), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "JObs", ylab="Average Term
Deposit", names.arg = jobs$jobs, main="Average Yes Response By Jobs")</pre>
```

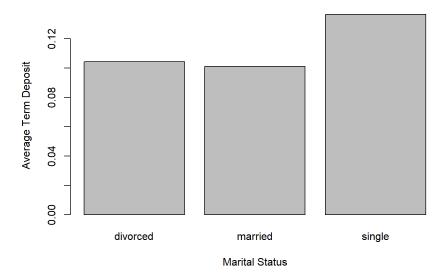




#bar plot Avg term deposit on marital
marital<-count(bank_final.df, marital)</pre>

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$marital), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Marital Status", ylab=
"Average Term Deposit", names.arg = marital\$marital, main="Average Yes Response By Marital Status")

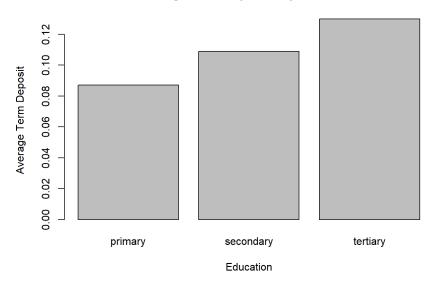
Average Yes Response By Marital Status



#bar plot Avg term deposit on educations
educations<-count(bank_final.df, educations)</pre>

 $barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$educations), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Education", ylab="A verage Term Deposit", names.arg = educations\$educations, main="Average Yes Response By Education")$

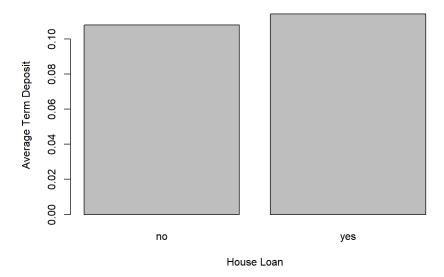
Average Yes Response By Education



#bar plot Avg term deposit on house loan
house<-count(bank_final.df, housing)</pre>

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$housing), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "House Loan", ylab="Ave rage Term Deposit", names.arg = house\$housing, main="Average Yes Response By Housing Loan")

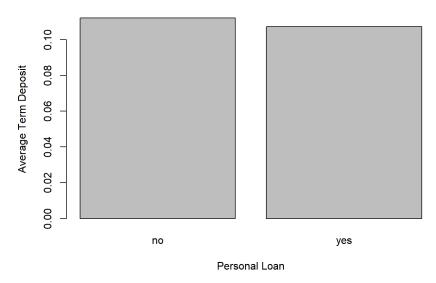
Average Yes Response By Housing Loan



#bar plot Avg term deposit on personal loan
loan<-count(bank_final.df, loan)</pre>

 $barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$loan), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Personal Loan", ylab="Ave rage Term Deposit", names.arg = loan\$loan, main="Average Yes Response By Personal Loan")$

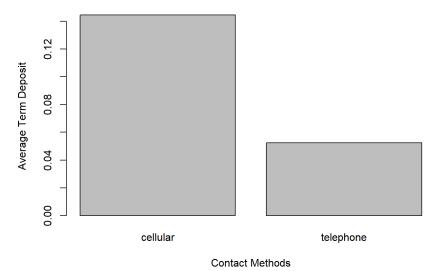
Average Yes Response By Personal Loan



#bar plot Avg term deposit on contact method
contact<-count(bank_final.df, contact)</pre>

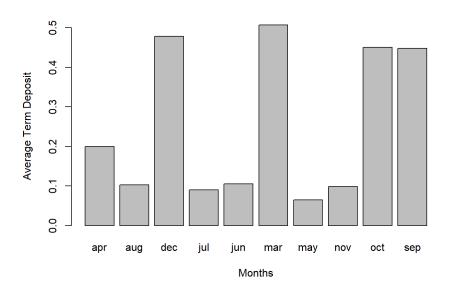
barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$contact), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Contact Methods", ylab ="Average Term Deposit", names.arg = contact\$contact, main="Average Yes Response By Contact type")

Average Yes Response By Contact type



#bar plot Avg term deposit on months
month<-count(bank_final.df, month)</pre>

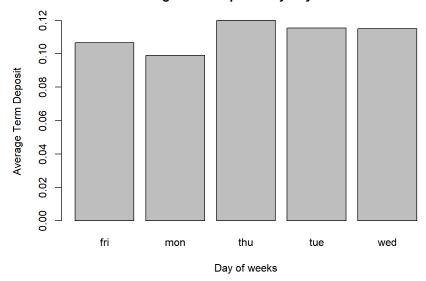
 $barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$month), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Months", ylab="Average T erm Deposit", names.arg = month\$month)$



#bar plot Avg term deposit on day of week
dow<-count(bank_final.df, day_of_week)</pre>

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$day_of_week), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Day of weeks", yla b="Average Term Deposit", names.arg = dow\$day_of_week, main="Average Yes Response By Day of Week")

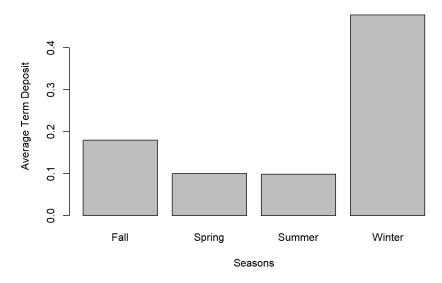
Average Yes Response By Day of Week



#bar plot Avg term deposit on Season
season<-count(bank_final.df, Season)</pre>

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$Season), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Seasons", ylab="Average
Term Deposit", names.arg = season\$Season, main="Average Yes Response By Seasons")

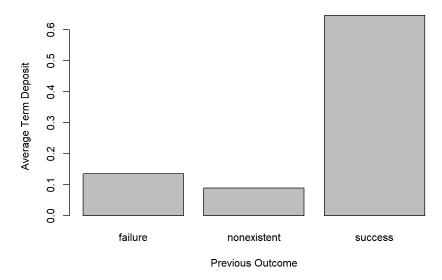
Average Yes Response By Seasons



#bar plot Avg term deposit on previous outcome
poutcome<-count(bank_final.df, poutcome)</pre>

barplot(aggregate(bank_final.df\$y=="yes", by=list(bank_final.df\$poutcome), mean, rm.na=T)[,2], xlab = "Previous Outcome", yl ab="Average Term Deposit", names.arg = poutcome\$poutcome, main="Average Yes Response By Previous Outcome")

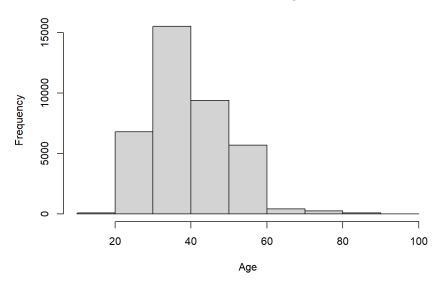
Average Yes Response By Previous Outcome



#distribution of age

hist(bank_final.df\$age, xlab = "Age", breaks = 10, main = "Distribution of Age")

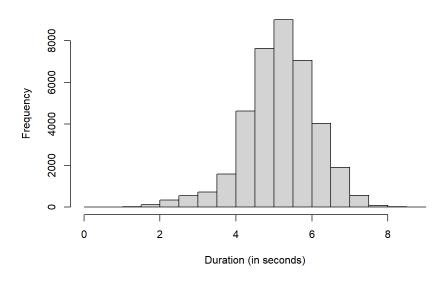




#distribution of duration

hist(log(bank_final.df\$duration), xlab = "Duration (in seconds)", breaks = 20, main = "Distribution of Duration")

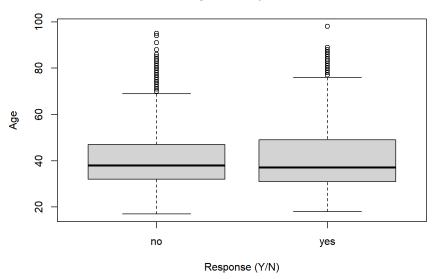
Distribution of Duration



box plots

box plots of age on subscription
boxplot(bank_final.df\$age~bank_final.df\$y, ylab="Age", xlab="Response (Y/N)", main="Age on Response")

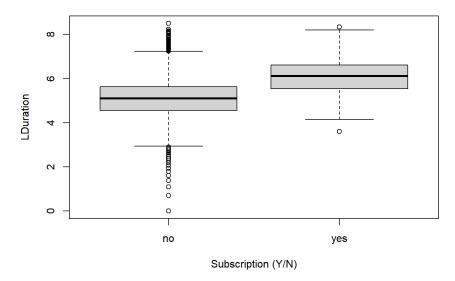




box plots of call duration on subscription
boxplot(log(bank_final.df\$duration)~bank_final.df\$y, ylab="LDuration", xlab = "Subscription (Y/N)", main="Log Duration on Subscription")

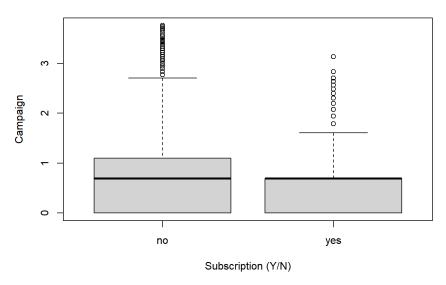
Warning in bplt(at[i], wid = width[i], stats = zstats[, i], out = ztats[and ztats[and ztats[and ztats[by the warning in boxplot 1 is not drawn

Log Duration on Subscription



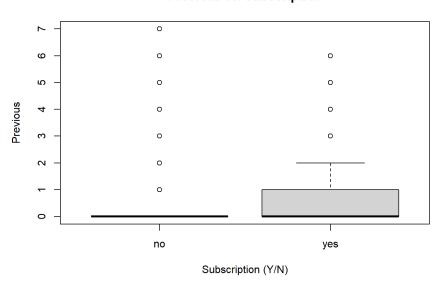
box plots of campaign on subscription
boxplot(log(bank_final.df\$campaign)~bank_final.df\$y, ylab="Campaign", xlab="Subscription (Y/N)", main="Log Campaign on Subscription")

Log Campaign on Subscription



box plots of previous on subscription
boxplot(bank_final.df\$previous~bank_final.df\$y, ylab="Previous", xlab="Subscription (Y/N)", main="Previous on Subscription")

Previous on Subscription



create dummy variables
df_dummy<-dummy_cols(bank_final.df, select_columns = c("jobs", "marital", "educations", "housing", "loan","contact","Season"
, "day_of_week","poutcome","y"))
df_dummy<-df_dummy[,-c(2:14, 19:25, 39, 41, 44, 57)]</pre>

correlation matrix
b<-cor(df_dummy)
kable(b, digits=3)</pre>

	aged	lurationc	ampaignpdaysp	revious ^{jo}	bs_blue- jobs_ collar	_entrepreneur/self ^{job}	s_pink- collar	bs_retiredjobs	s_studentjobs	_unemployed jobs
age	1.000	0.002	0.006-0.038	0.028	-0.069	0.023	-0.017	0.442	-0.186	-0.002
duration	0.002	1.000	-0.071-0.044	0.016	0.001	0.006	-0.002	0.014	0.011	-0.004
campaign	0.006	-0.071	1.000 0.052	-0.078	0.001	0.002	0.001	-0.005	-0.024	-0.001
pdays	-0.038	-0.044	0.052 1.000	-0.581	0.059	0.021	0.024	-0.074	-0.082	-0.027
previous	0.028	0.016	-0.078-0.581	1.000	-0.057	-0.016	-0.014	0.064	0.087	0.010
jobs_blue-collar	-0.069	0.001	0.001 0.059	-0.057	1.000	-0.221	-0.300	-0.166	-0.108	-0.129
jobs_entrepreneur/s	elf 0.023	0.006	0.002 0.021	-0.016	-0.221	1.000	-0.103	-0.057	-0.037	-0.044

	uratione	ampaignpdaysp	revious jo	bs_blue-	_entrepreneur/self ^{jobs} _pink- collar ^j obs_retiredjobs_studentjobs_unemployed ^j obs					
							collar			
jobs_pink-collar	-0.017	-0.002	0.001 0.024	-0.014	-0.300	-0.103	1.000	-0.078	-0.051	-0.060
jobs_retired	0.442	0.014	-0.005-0.074	0.064	-0.166	-0.057	-0.078	1.000	-0.028	-0.033
jobs_student	-0.186	0.011	-0.024-0.082	0.087	-0.108	-0.037	-0.051	-0.028	1.000	-0.022
jobs_unemployed	-0.002	-0.004	-0.001-0.027	0.010	-0.129	-0.044	-0.060	-0.033	-0.022	1.000
jobs_white-collar	-0.062	-0.010	0.006-0.026	0.023	-0.563	-0.194	-0.263	-0.146	-0.095	-0.113
marital_divorced	0.171	-0.003	0.003 0.009	0.001	-0.052	-0.005	0.031	0.066	-0.044	0.005
marital_married	0.266	-0.001	0.005 0.029	-0.041	0.071	0.046	0.005	0.054	-0.152	0.006
marital_single	-0.409	0.003	-0.007-0.037	0.044	-0.041	-0.046	-0.027	-0.105	0.197	-0.010
educations_primary	0.151	0.014	-0.002 0.041	-0.040	0.342	-0.026	-0.024	0.085	-0.036	0.006
educations_secondar	y-0.102	0.006	0.000 0.003	0.018	-0.238	-0.074	0.307	-0.035	0.084	0.007
educations_tertiary	-0.053	-0.018	0.002-0.041	0.022	-0.115	0.088	-0.242	-0.049	-0.039	-0.012
housing_yes	0.000	-0.009	-0.011-0.009	0.021	-0.004	0.004	-0.008	-0.001	0.000	0.009
loan_yes	-0.006	0.000	0.004 0.002	-0.003	-0.009	-0.010	-0.001	-0.009	0.004	-0.001
contact_cellular	-0.005	0.024	-0.079 -0.115	0.209	-0.043	-0.017	-0.037	0.033	0.032	-0.009
Season_Fall	0.065	-0.003	-0.101 -0.116	0.171	-0.087	0.047	-0.033	0.043	0.013	0.036
Season_Spring	-0.055	0.025	-0.062 0.046	0.049	0.055	-0.010	0.039	-0.037	0.008	-0.026
Season_Summer	0.004	-0.025	0.132 0.044	-0.173	0.008	-0.022	-0.015	0.001	-0.022	-0.001
Season_Winter	0.043	0.019	-0.011-0.079	0.060	-0.025	-0.009	-0.010	0.047	0.043	0.015
day_of_week_fri	0.006	-0.008	0.029 0.013	0.006	-0.004	0.002	-0.006	0.001	-0.002	0.003
day_of_week_mon	0.020	-0.022	0.014 0.002	-0.003	-0.012	0.009	0.008	0.000	-0.002	-0.004
day_of_week_thu	-0.023	0.013	0.007 - 0.011	0.003	0.005	0.014	-0.002	-0.013	0.006	0.003
day_of_week_tue	0.020	0.004	-0.027-0.005	-0.001	-0.004	-0.012	0.005	0.012	-0.002	0.002
day_of_week_wed	-0.024	0.014	-0.023 0.002	-0.004	0.015	-0.013	-0.005	0.000	0.001	-0.005
poutcome_failure	0.000	-0.016	-0.069 0.008	0.690	-0.021	0.000	0.001	0.020	0.031	-0.006
poutcome_nonexistent-0.020		-0.008	0.087 0.486	-0.882	0.048	0.009	0.011	-0.054	-0.065	-0.009
poutcome_success	0.038	0.043	-0.050-0.953	0.520	-0.056	-0.019	-0.022	0.070	0.072	0.028
y_yes	0.030	0.406	-0.065-0.319	0.221	-0.066	-0.013	-0.033	0.090	0.082	0.016

 $\ensuremath{\textit{\#}}$ data reduction after correlation matrix previous and pdays

bank_final1.df<-df_dummy[, -c(4:5)]</pre>

correlation matrix of reduced dataframe
c<-cor(bank_final1.df)
kable(c, digits=3)</pre>

	jo agedurationcampaign			bs_blue- jobs_entrepreneur/self collar		os_pink- jobs_retiredjobs_studentjobs_unemployed collar				jobs_white- marital collar
age	1.000	0.002	0.006	-0.069	0.023	-0.017	0.442	-0.186	-0.002	-0.062
duration	0.002	1.000	-0.071	0.001	0.006	-0.002	0.014	0.011	-0.004	-0.010
campaign	0.006	-0.071	1.000	0.001	0.002	0.001	-0.005	-0.024	-0.001	0.006
jobs_blue-collar	-0.069	0.001	0.001	1.000	-0.221	-0.300	-0.166	-0.108	-0.129	-0.563
jobs_entrepreneur/sel	f 0.023	0.006	0.002	-0.221	1.000	-0.103	-0.057	-0.037	-0.044	-0.194
jobs_pink-collar	-0.017	-0.002	0.001	-0.300	-0.103	1.000	-0.078	-0.051	-0.060	-0.263
jobs_retired	0.442	0.014	-0.005	-0.166	-0.057	-0.078	1.000	-0.028	-0.033	-0.146
jobs_student	-0.186	0.011	-0.024	-0.108	-0.037	-0.051	-0.028	1.000	-0.022	-0.095
jobs_unemployed	-0.002	-0.004	-0.001	-0.129	-0.044	-0.060	-0.033	-0.022	1.000	-0.113
jobs_white-collar	-0.062	-0.010	0.006	-0.563	-0.194	-0.263	-0.146	-0.095	-0.113	1.000
marital_divorced	0.171	-0.003	0.003	-0.052	-0.005	0.031	0.066	-0.044	0.005	0.018
marital_married	0.266	-0.001	0.005	0.071	0.046	0.005	0.054	-0.152	0.006	-0.084
marital_single	-0.409	0.003	-0.007	-0.041	-0.046	-0.027	-0.105	0.197	-0.010	0.078
educations_primary	0.151	0.014	-0.002	0.342	-0.026	-0.024	0.085	-0.036	0.006	-0.352
educations_secondary	y-0.102	0.006	0.000	-0.238	-0.074	0.307	-0.035	0.084	0.007	0.062
educations_tertiary	-0.053	-0.018	0.002	-0.115	0.088	-0.242	-0.049	-0.039	-0.012	0.276
housing_yes	0.000	-0.009	-0.011	-0.004	0.004	-0.008	-0.001	0.000	0.009	0.005
loan_yes	-0.006	0.000	0.004	-0.009	-0.010	-0.001	-0.009	0.004	-0.001	0.019
contact_cellular	-0.005	0.024	-0.079	-0.043	-0.017	-0.037	0.033	0.032	-0.009	0.060
Season_Fall	0.065	-0.003	-0.101	-0.087	0.047	-0.033	0.043	0.013	0.036	0.054
Season_Spring	-0.055	0.025	-0.062	0.055	-0.010	0.039	-0.037	0.008	-0.026	-0.057
Season_Summer	0.004	-0.025	0.132	0.008	-0.022	-0.015	0.001	-0.022	-0.001	0.020
Season_Winter	0.043	0.019	-0.011	-0.025	-0.009	-0.010	0.047	0.043	0.015	0.000
day_of_week_fri	0.006	-0.008	0.029	-0.004	0.002	-0.006	0.001	-0.002	0.003	0.006
day_of_week_mon	0.020	-0.022	0.014	-0.012	0.009	0.008	0.000	-0.002	-0.004	0.004
day_of_week_thu	-0.023	0.013	0.007	0.005	0.014	-0.002	-0.013	0.006	0.003	-0.009
day_of_week_tue	0.020	0.004	-0.027	-0.004	-0.012	0.005	0.012	-0.002	0.002	0.002
day_of_week_wed	-0.024	0.014	-0.023	0.015	-0.013	-0.005	0.000	0.001	-0.005	-0.003
poutcome_failure	0.000	-0.016	-0.069	-0.021	0.000	0.001	0.020	0.031	-0.006	0.006
poutcome_nonexisten	t-0.020	-0.008	0.087	0.048	0.009	0.011	-0.054	-0.065	-0.009	-0.018
poutcome_success	0.038	0.043	-0.050	-0.056	-0.019	-0.022	0.070	0.072	0.028	0.025
y_yes	0.030	0.406	-0.065	-0.066	-0.013	-0.033	0.090	0.082	0.016	0.031

```
# partition
set.seed(1)
train.rows<-sample(rownames(bank_final1.df), dim(bank_final1.df)*.7)
train.data<-bank_final1.df[train.rows,]
valid.rows<-setdiff(rownames(bank_final1.df), train.rows)
valid.data<-bank_final1.df[valid.rows,]</pre>
```

#Logistic Regression

```
#model to test if duration need higher order
mod@o<-glm(y_yes~age + duration + campaign + + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student + jobs
_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + ho
using_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + day_of_week_tue + day_of_week_wed +
day_of_week_thu + day_of_week_fri + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data = train.data, family="binomial")

#testing if higher order of variable is needed for duration
resettest(mod@o, power = 2, type = "regressor")</pre>
```

```
##
## RESET test
##
## data: mod0
## RESET = 21.67, df1 = 25, df2 = 26720, p-value < 2.2e-16
```

```
# building Logistic regression model

mod1<- glm(y_yes~age+ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_s
tudent + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_
tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + day_of_week_tue + day_o
f_week_wed + day_of_week_thu + day_of_week_fri + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data = train.data, family="binomial")

mod11<-glm(y_yes~duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + I(campaign^2), data= train.data, family="binomial")
resettest(mod11, power = 2, type = "regressor")</pre>
```

```
##
## RESET test
##
## data: mod11
## RESET = 8.9696, df1 = 4, df2 = 26762, p-value = 3.099e-07
```

```
summary(mod1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y_yes \sim age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign +
       `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired +
      jobs_student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` +
##
##
      marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
      educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular +
      Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + day_of_week_tue +
##
      day_of_week_wed + day_of_week_thu + day_of_week_fri + poutcome_nonexistent +
##
      poutcome_success, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
    Min 1Q Median
                              30
                                       Max
## -3.3473 -0.3595 -0.2375 -0.1494 4.1998
##
## Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 9.624e-02 1.250e-01 0.770 0.441320
## marital_single 2.452e-01 5.971e-02 4.106 4.03e-05 ***
## marital_divorced -6.630e-02 7.939e-02 -0.835 0.403613
2.618e+00 1.039e-01 25.196 < 2e-16 ***
## poutcome_success
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 12380 on 26744 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12434
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod1.pred <- predict(mod1,valid.data,type="response")</pre>
summary(mod1.pred)
     Min. 1st Ou. Median Mean 3rd Ou.
                                          Max.
```

```
## 0.00000 0.01786 0.03775 0.11140 0.09840 0.99644
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod1.pred >=0.2,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 9234 480
##
##
           1 933 827
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8769
##
                   95% CI : (0.8707, 0.8828)
##
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.999
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.47
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9082
              Specificity: 0.6327
##
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9506
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4699
##
##
              Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.8048
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8466
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7705
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#without day of week
mod2<-glm(y_yes~age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_
student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations
_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring+ Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent +
poutcome_success , data = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod2)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y_yes ~ age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign +
       `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired +
##
      jobs_student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` +
##
      marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
      educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular +
##
      Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent +
      poutcome_success, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
            1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
     Min
## -3.3784 -0.3602 -0.2373 -0.1501 4.1997
## Coefficients:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -5.647e+00 1.963e-01 -28.770 < 2e-16 ***
                        7.357e-03 2.848e-03 2.584 0.00978 **
## age
## duration 7.346e-03 1.840e-04 39.934 < 2e-16 ***
## I(duration^2) -2.353e-06 1.150e-07 -20.450 < 2e-16 ***
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 9.170e-02 1.249e-01 0.734 0.46301
## poutcome_nonexistent -2.640e-01 7.430e-02 -3.553 0.00038 ***
                        2.618e+00 1.038e-01 25.216 < 2e-16 ***
## poutcome_success
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 12386 on 26748 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12432
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

kable(xtable(mod2))

```
Estimate Std. Error
                                           z value Pr(>|z|)
                     -5.64666700.1962679-28.77020770.0000000
(Intercept)
                     0.00735700.0028476 2.58357940.0097781
age
                    0.00734620.0001840 39.93402110.0000000
duration
                    -0.00000240.0000001-20.45034580.0000000
I(duration^2)
campaign
                     -0.09067210.0142250 -6.37412340.0000000
jobs_blue-collar
jobs_white-collar
                    0.10351660.0913828 1.13278010.2573066
                    0.38143170.0901943 4.22900080.0000235
                 1.28966690.1342356 9.60748740.0000000
1.21631080.1571572 7.73945250.0000000
jobs_retired
jobs student
jobs_entrepreneur/self 0.09169800.1249466 0.73389740.4630113
                    0.24517650.0596983 4.10692830.0000401
marital_single
                     -0.06414970.0793587 -0.80835120.4188884
marital_divorced
educations_secondary 0.20539350.0734637 2.79584980.0051763
educations_tertiary
                     0.39768760.0632474 6.28781330.0000000
                     -0.00779590.0480184 -0.16235230.8710284
housing_yes
loan_yes
                     -0.09852750.0670519 -1.46942130.1417186
                     0.91386750.0625096 14.61963700.0000000
contact cellular
                     0.38123180.0683238 \quad 5.57978380.0000000
Season Fall
Season_Spring
                     Season_Winter
                     1.37568020.2433642 5.65276240.0000000
                    -0.26403520.0743047 -3.55341130.0003803
poutcome_nonexistent
poutcome_success
                     2.61809290.1038280 25.21566540.0000000
```

```
mod2.pred <- predict(mod2,valid.data,type="response")
summary(mod2.pred)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00000 0.01782 0.03784 0.11138 0.09908 0.99622
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod2.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 8940 371
##
##
           1 1227 936
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8607
##
                   95% CI: (0.8543, 0.867)
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.4633
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8793
##
##
              Specificity: 0.7161
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9602
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4327
##
              Prevalence : 0.8861
##
          Detection Rate : 0.7792
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8115
        Balanced Accuracy : 0.7977
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#switch blue collar to pink
mod3<-glm(y_yes~duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_pink-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student
+ jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiar
y + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data
= train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod3)</pre>
```

```
##
   ## Call:
    \begin{tabular}{ll} ## glm(formula = y_yes ~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_pink-collar` + I(duration^2) + I(d
                         `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student + jobs_unemployed +
                         `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced +
   ##
   ##
                       educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes +
                      loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Winter +
                       poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, family = "binomial",
   ##
   ##
                       data = train.data)
   ##
   ## Deviance Residuals:
                                                                                          3Q
   ##
                   Min 1Q Median
                                                                                                                            Max
   ## -3.3761 -0.3598 -0.2379 -0.1500 4.1887
## jobs_unemployed 5.783e-01 1.429e-01 4.048 5.16e-05 ***

## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 1.835e-03 1.039e-01 0.018 0.985905

## marital_single 1.891e-01 5.544e-02 3.410 0.000649 ***

## marital_divorced -4.605e-02 7.899e-02 -0.583 0.559943
  ## ---
   ## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
   ## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
   ##
   ##
                       Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
   ## Residual deviance: 12393 on 26750 degrees of freedom
   ## AIC: 12435
   ## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
mod3.pred <- predict(mod3,valid.data,type="response")
summary(mod3.pred)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00000 0.01783 0.03804 0.11137 0.09902 0.99647
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod3.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
##
           0 8937 381
##
            1 1230 926
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8596
                    95% CI : (0.8531, 0.8659)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.8861
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.4579
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8790
##
               Specificity: 0.7085
            Pos Pred Value : 0.9591
##
            Neg Pred Value : 0.4295
##
##
               Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7789
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8121
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7938
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# w/o contact, season and poutcome
mod4<-glm(y_yes~duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student
+ jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiar
y + housing_yes + loan_yes , data = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod4)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
### glm(formula = y_yes ~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` +
        'jobs white-collar' + jobs retired + jobs student + jobs unemployed +
##
       `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced +
##
       educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes +
      loan_yes, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
    Min 1Q Median
                                 30
                                            Max
## -2.3154 -0.4161 -0.2861 -0.1998 4.3015
##
## Coefficients:
                             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                          -4.500e+00 1.069e-01 -42.098 < 2e-16 ***
                     6.926e-03 1.702e-04 40.688 < 2e-16 ***
-2.294e-06 1.085e-07 -21.138 < 2e-16 ***
-1.400e-01 1.363e-02 -10.270 < 2e-16 ***
## duration
## I(duration^2)
## campaign
## `jobs_blue-collar`
## `jobs_blue-collar` 7.025e-02 8.603e-02 0.817 0.4141 ## `jobs_white-collar` 4.441e-01 8.444e-02 5.260 1.44e-07 ***
## jobs_retired 1.736e+00 1.111e-01 15.635 < 2e-16 ***
## jobs_student 1.558e+00 1.408e-01 11.064 < 2e-16 ***
## jobs_unemployed 8.448e-01 1.439e-01 5.871 4.34e-09 ***
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 5.938e-02 1.177e-01 0.505 0.6138
## marital_single 2.593e-01 5.168e-02 5.018 5.23e-07 ***
## marital divorced
                            -6.419e-02 7.386e-02 -0.869 0.3848
## educations_secondary 2.175e-01 6.849e-02 3.175 0.0015 **
                           5.261e-01 5.858e-02 8.981 < 2e-16 ***
## educations_tertiary
## housing_yes
                             8.550e-02 4.465e-02 1.915 0.0555.
## loan_yes
                            -8.863e-02 6.249e-02 -1.418 0.1561
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 14166 on 26755 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 14198
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
mod4.pred <- predict(mod4,valid.data,type="response")
summary(mod4.pred)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00000 0.02801 0.05201 0.11273 0.11844 0.93217
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod4.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
##
           0 8696 458
           1 1471 849
##
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8319
                  95% CI : (0.8249, 0.8387)
##
##
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
                    Kappa : 0.3774
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8553
##
              Specificity: 0.6496
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9500
##
           Neg Pred Value : 0.3659
##
              Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7579
    Detection Prevalence : 0.7978
##
##
        Balanced Accuracy : 0.7524
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
```

```
#w/o age, poutxome
mod5<-glm(y_yes~+ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_stude
nt + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tert
iary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Winter, data = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod5)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y_yes \sim +duration + I(duration^2) + campaign +
       `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired +
      jobs_student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` +
##
##
      marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
      educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular +
     Season_Fall + Season_Winter, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
    Min 1Q Median
                           3Q
                                      Max
## -2.6176 -0.4063 -0.2679 -0.1620 4.1311
##
## Coefficients:
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 2.070e-02 1.201e-01 0.172 0.8632
## marital_single 2.209e-01 5.274e-02 4.189 2.81e-05 ***
## marital_divorced -6.442e-02 7.529e-02 -0.856 0.3922
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 13565 on 26752 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 13603
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod5.pred <- predict(mod5,valid.data,type="response")</pre>
summary(mod5.pred)
   Min. 1st Ou. Median Mean 3rd Ou. Max.
```

```
## 0.00000 0.02159 0.04816 0.11251 0.11800 0.98166
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod5.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
           0 8747 422
##
##
            1 1420 885
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8395
##
                    95% CI : (0.8326, 0.8461)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.8861
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.4033
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8603
##
               Specificity: 0.6771
            Pos Pred Value : 0.9540
##
            Neg Pred Value : 0.3839
##
##
                Prevalence : 0.8861
##
            Detection Rate: 0.7623
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.7991
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7687
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#w/o age and season
mod6<-glm(y_yes~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_studen
t + jobs_unemployed + marital_married + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_
yes + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod6)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y yes ~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs blue-collar` +
##
       `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student + jobs_unemployed +
##
      marital_married + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
      educations tertiary + housing yes + loan yes + poutcome nonexistent +
##
##
      poutcome_success, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
            1Q Median
## -3.2726 -0.3662 -0.2462 -0.1721 4.3403
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                   -4.110e+00 1.225e-01 -33.561 < 2e-16 ***
                     7.306e-03 1.807e-04 40.426 < 2e-16 ***
## duration
## I(duration^2) -2.378e-06 1.125e-07 -21.131 < 2e-16 ***
## campaign -1.111e-01 1.399e-02 -7.945 1.94e-15 ***
## `jobs_blue-collar` 5.899e-02 7.375e-02 0.800 0.42374
## `jobs white-collar` 3.791e-01 7.205e-02 5.262 1.43e-07 ***
## jobs_retired 1.504e+00 1.075e-01 13.990 < 2e-16 ***
## marital_married -2.177e-01 5.473e-02 -3.979 6.93e-05 ***
## marital_divorced
                     -2.656e-01 8.458e-02 -3.140 0.00169 **
## educations_secondary 2.063e-01 7.161e-02 2.881 0.00397 **
## educations_tertiary 4.659e-01 6.165e-02 7.557 4.12e-14 ***
                      5.960e-02 4.728e-02 1.261 0.20740
-8.833e-02 6.617e-02 -1.335 0.18188
## housing yes
## loan_yes
## poutcome nonexistent -5.628e-01 7.045e-02 -7.989 1.37e-15 ***
## poutcome_success
                      2.598e+00 1.021e-01 25.457 < 2e-16 ***
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 12723 on 26754 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12757
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
mod6.pred <- predict(mod6,valid.data,type="response")
summary(mod6.pred)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00000 0.02078 0.03944 0.11121 0.09977 0.98641
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod6.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 8913 414
##
##
           1 1254 893
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8546
##
##
                   95% CI: (0.848, 0.861)
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.4374
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8767
##
##
              Specificity: 0.6832
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9556
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4159
##
              Prevalence : 0.8861
##
          Detection Rate : 0.7768
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.8129
        Balanced Accuracy : 0.7800
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#w/o contact cellular and season spring
mod7<-glm(y_yes~age+ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_student + jobs_u
nemployed + marital_married + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + Seas
on_Winter + Season_Fall + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod7)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y_yes \sim age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign +
       `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_student +
##
      jobs_unemployed + marital_married + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
##
      educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + Season_Winter +
      Season_Fall + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, family = "binomial",
      data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
     Min
            1Q Median
                             3Q
                                       Max
## -3.3914 -0.3666 -0.2475 -0.1738 4.4055
##
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## marital_married -3.461e-01 5.862e-02 -5.905 3.53e-09 ***
## marital_divorced -4.193e-01 8.913e-02 -4.705 2.54e-06 ***
## educations_secondary 1.678e-01 7.154e-02 2.345 0.01900 *
## educations_tertiary 4.298e-01 6.171e-02 6.965 3.27e-12 ***
## housing_yes 4.714e-02 4.729e-02 0.997 0.31887 ## loan_yes -8.323e-02 6.607e-02 -1.260 0.20776
## poutcome_nonexistent -4.833e-01 7.121e-02 -6.786 1.15e-11 ***
## poutcome_success 2.590e+00 1.021e-01 25.362 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 12736 on 26752 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12774
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod7.pred <- predict(mod7,valid.data,type="response")</pre>
summary(mod7.pred)
```

```
Min. 1st Ou. Median Mean 3rd Ou. Max.
## 0.00000 0.02098 0.03948 0.11073 0.09874 0.99578
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod7.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
           0 8934 400
##
##
            1 1233 907
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8577
##
                   95% CI : (0.8512, 0.864)
##
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.4482
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8787
              Specificity : 0.6940
##
##
            Pos Pred Value : 0.9571
            Neg Pred Value : 0.4238
##
##
               Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7786
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8135
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7863
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#without season spring, day of week and age
mod8<- glm(y_yes~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_stude
nt + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tert
iary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Winter+ poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, dat
a = train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod8)</pre>
```

```
##
 ## Call:
 \#\# glm(formula = y\_yes \sim duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` +
        `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student + jobs_unemployed +
        `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced +
 ##
 ##
       educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes +
      loan_yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Winter +
 ##
       poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, family = "binomial",
 ##
       data = train.data)
 ##
 ## Deviance Residuals:
                            3Q
 ##
      Min 1Q Median
                                       Max
 ## -3.3761 -0.3598 -0.2379 -0.1500 4.1887
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 9.702e-02 1.248e-01 0.777 0.437064
 ## marital_single 1.891e-01 5.544e-02 3.410 0.000649 ***
## marital_divorced -4.605e-02 7.899e-02 -0.583 0.559943
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
 ## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
 ##
 ##
       Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
 ## Residual deviance: 12393 on 26750 degrees of freedom
 ## AIC: 12435
 ## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
 #w/o spring, day of week, age
 mod8.pred <- predict(mod8,valid.data,type="response")</pre>
```

```
summary(mod8.pred)
```

```
Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
## 0.00000 0.01783 0.03804 0.11137 0.09902 0.99647
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod8.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 8937 381
##
##
           1 1230 926
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8596
##
                   95% CI : (0.8531, 0.8659)
##
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.4579
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8790
              Specificity : 0.7085
##
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9591
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4295
##
##
               Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7789
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8121
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7938
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#w/o age, day of week, job self
mod9<- glm(y_yes~ duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_stude
nt + jobs_unemployed + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_
yes + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success, data = trai
n.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod9)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
\#\# glm(formula = y_yes \sim duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` +
        `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_student + jobs_unemployed +
       marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
##
##
       educations_tertiary + housing_yes + loan_yes + contact_cellular +
       Season_Fall + Season_Spring + Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent +
       poutcome_success, family = "binomial", data = train.data)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                                30
                                             Max
## -3.3784 -0.3593 -0.2382 -0.1502 4.1868
##
## Coefficients:
                          Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## `jobs_white-collar` 3.423e-01 7.316e-02 4.678 2.89e-06 ***
## educations_secondary 1.777e-01 7.243e-02 2.454 0.014141 *
## educations_tertiary 3.900e-01 6.277e-02 6.213 5.20e-10 ***
## contact_cellular | 3.936e-01 | 4.800e-02 | -0.133 | 3.894354 |
## loan_yes | -6.374e-03 | 4.800e-02 | -0.133 | 0.894354 |
## contact_cellular | 9.123e-01 | 6.248e-02 | 14.600 | < 2e-16 | *** |
## Season_Fall | 3.924e-01 | 6.819e-02 | 5.755 | 8.67e-09 | *** |
## Season_Winter | 1.406e+00 | 2.437e-01 | 5.769 | 7.98e-09 | ***
## poutcome_nonexistent -2.667e-01 7.425e-02 -3.591 0.000329 ***
## poutcome_success 2.623e+00 1.038e-01 25.274 < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 12393 on 26750 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 12435
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
mod9.pred <- predict(mod9,valid.data,type="response")</pre>
summary(mod9.pred)
      Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
```

```
## 0.00000 0.01778 0.03789 0.11139 0.09855 0.99650
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod9.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 8931 378
##
##
           1 1236 929
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8593
##
                   95% CI : (0.8528, 0.8656)
##
      No Information Rate : 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.4582
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8784
              Specificity : 0.7108
##
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9594
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4291
##
               Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7784
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8113
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7946
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#without day of week, house Loan, and Loan
mod10<-glm(y_yes-age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign + `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired + jobs_
student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` + marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary + educations
_tertiary + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring+ Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success , data
= train.data, family="binomial")
summary(mod10)</pre>
```

```
##
  ## Call:
  ## glm(formula = y_yes \sim age + duration + I(duration^2) + campaign +
             `jobs_blue-collar` + `jobs_white-collar` + jobs_retired +
            jobs_student + jobs_unemployed + `jobs_entrepreneur/self` +
  ##
  ##
            marital_single + marital_divorced + educations_secondary +
            educations_tertiary + contact_cellular + Season_Fall + Season_Spring +
  ##
            Season_Winter + poutcome_nonexistent + poutcome_success,
  ##
            family = "binomial", data = train.data)
  ##
  ## Deviance Residuals:
  ##
          Min 1Q Median
                                               3Q
                                                               Max
  ## -3.3724 -0.3605 -0.2379 -0.1500 4.2192
## `jobs_entrepreneur/self` 9.344e-02 1.249e-01 0.748 0.454306
 ## 'jobs_entrepreneur/self' 9.344e-02 1.249e-01 0.748 0.454306
## marital_single 2.454e-01 5.969e-02 4.111 3.93e-05 ***
## marital_divorced -6.405e-02 7.936e-02 -0.807 0.419611
## educations_secondary 2.052e-01 7.346e-02 2.794 0.005213 **
## educations_tertiary 3.966e-01 6.323e-02 6.273 3.55e-10 ***
## contact_cellular 9.116e-01 6.229e-02 14.633 < 2e-16 ***
## Season_Fall 3.825e-01 6.829e-02 5.601 2.13e-08 ***
## Season_Spring 4.903e-02 5.614e-02 0.873 0.382481
## Season_Winter 1.372e+00 2.434e-01 5.639 1.71e-08 ***
## poutcome_nonexistent -2.645e-01 7.427e-02 -3.562 0.000369 ***
## poutcome_success 2.618e+00 1.038e-01 25.219 < 2e-16 ***
  ## ---
  ## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
  ## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
  ##
  ##
            Null deviance: 18579 on 26770 degrees of freedom
  ## Residual deviance: 12388 on 26750 degrees of freedom
  ## AIC: 12430
  ## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
mod10.pred <- predict(mod10,valid.data,type="response")
summary(mod10.pred)</pre>
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 0.00000 0.01785 0.03783 0.11137 0.09899 0.99615
```

```
pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod10.pred >=0.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
           0 8935 374
##
##
           1 1232 933
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.86
##
                   95% CI : (0.8535, 0.8663)
##
      No Information Rate: 0.8861
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.4609
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8788
##
##
              Specificity: 0.7138
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9598
           Neg Pred Value : 0.4309
##
##
              Prevalence : 0.8861
##
           Detection Rate: 0.7787
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8113
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.7963
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

#Naive Bayes

```
# naive bayes function
# change numerical variables to categorical
#bank_final.df$jobs<-factor(bank_final.df$jobs)</pre>
\verb|#bank_final.df| \verb| marital| < -factor(bank_final.df| \verb| marital|)
#bank_final.df$educations<-factor(bank_final.df$educations)</pre>
#bank_final.df$housing<-factor(bank_final.df$housing)</pre>
{\it \#bank\_final.df\$loan<-factor(bank\_final.df\$loan)}
#bank_final.df$Season<-factor(bank_final.df$Season)</pre>
#bank_final.df$contact<factor(bank_final.df$contact)</pre>
#create training and validation sets
#selected.var<-c(4, 5, 7:10, 12, 19, 25)
\#train.rows1 < -sample(rownames(bank_final.df), dim(bank_final.df)*.7)
#train.data1<-bank_final.df[train.rows1, selected.var]</pre>
#valid.rows1<-setdiff(rownames(bank_final.df), train.rows1)</pre>
#valid.data1<-bank_final.df[valid.rows1, selected.var]</pre>
#run naive bayes
\#bank\_final.nb < -naiveBayes(y \sim ., data = train.data1)
#bank_final.nb
```

```
#First naive bayes model with no day of week
selected.var1<-c(4:23,29:32)
train.rows11<-sample(rownames(bank_final1.df), dim(bank_final1.df)*.7)

train.data11<-bank_final1.df[train.rows11, selected.var1]

valid.rows11<-setdiff(rownames(bank_final1.df), train.rows11)

valid.data11<-bank_final1.df[valid.rows11, selected.var1]

#run naive bayes
bank_final.nb1<-naiveBayes(y_yes~., data = train.data11)
bank_final.nb1</pre>
```

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
##
       0 1
## 0.8873408 0.1126592
## Conditional probabilities:
##
  jobs_blue-collar
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.4009682 0.4901049
##
   1 0.3037135 0.4599367
##
##
    jobs_entrepreneur/self
## Y
       [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.07249000 0.2593030
   1 0.06034483 0.2381641
##
##
    jobs_pink-collar
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
  0 0.12734161 0.3333623
##
##
   1 0.09250663 0.2897879
##
##
    jobs_retired
## Y
          [,1]
                    [,2]
  0 0.03544517 0.1849061
##
   1 0.09084881 0.2874416
##
##
    jobs_student
## Y
         [,1]
                   [,2]
  0 0.01435487 0.1189513
##
##
   1 0.04675066 0.2111393
##
    jobs_unemployed
##
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.02412124 0.1534288
   1 0.03249337 0.1773358
##
##
    jobs_white-collar
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.3252789 0.4684888
##
   1 0.3733422 0.4837720
##
    marital_divorced
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1124816 0.3159647
##
   1 0.1064324 0.3084413
##
##
    marital_married
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.6126710 0.4871501
   1 0.5464191 0.4979232
##
##
    marital_single
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.2748474 0.4464467
   1 0.3471485 0.4761424
##
##
##
    educations_primary
     [,1] [,2]
## Y
  0 0.3225426 0.4674592
##
   1 0.2456897 0.4305667
##
##
    educations_secondary
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.2446643 0.4298970
##
   1 0.2390584 0.4265792
##
##
    educations_tertiary
## Y [,1] [,2]
  0 0.4327931 0.4954731
##
   1 0.5152520 0.4998502
##
##
    housing_yes
## Y [,1] [,2]
   0 0.5358872 0.4987209
   1 0.5474138 0.4978294
```

```
##
    loan_yes
##
## Y
     [,1]
                    [,2]
##
  0 0.1534414 0.3604200
##
   1 0.1505305 0.3576499
##
##
    contact cellular
## Y
        [,1]
                  [,2]
##
   0 0.6139760 0.4868464
   1 0.8232759 0.3814983
##
##
##
     Season_Fall
## Y
           [,1]
                    [,2]
  0 0.1224163 0.3277729
   1 0.2148541 0.4107892
##
##
     Season_Spring
##
## Y
          [,1]
                    [,2]
##
    0 0.4162913 0.4929534
##
    1 0.3620690 0.4806783
##
##
    Season_Summer
## Y
          [,1]
                    [,2]
##
  0 0.4591875 0.4983420
    1 0.4051724 0.4910068
##
##
##
     Season_Winter
## Y
           [,1]
                      [,2]
    0 0.00210482 0.04583097
##
##
    1 0.01790451 0.13262643
##
     poutcome_failure
##
## Y
           [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.09968428 0.2995849
   1 0.12168435 0.3269751
##
##
##
     poutcome_nonexistent
## Y
          [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.8874763 0.3160163
##
    1 0.6876658 0.4635222
##
     poutcome_success
## Y
          [,1]
                   [,2]
  0 0.0128394 0.1125837
##
   1 0.1906499 0.3928787
```

```
#mod1.pred <- predict(mod1,valid.data,type="response")
#summary(mod1.pred)
#pred <- as.factor(ifelse(mod1.pred >=0.2,1,0))
#confusionMatrix(pred,factor(valid.data$y_yes))

# training
#pred.class1 <- predict(bank_final.nb, newdata = train.data1, type="raw")
#pred1<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class1[,2]>=.15,1,0))

#y<-factor(train.data1$y)
#confusionMatrix(pred.class1, y)

# validation
#pred.class2 <- predict(bank_final.nb, newdata = valid.data1, type="response")
#confusionMatrix(pred.class2, valid.data1$y)</pre>
```

```
# training
pred.class11 <- predict(bank_final.nb1, newdata = train.data11, type="raw")
pred11<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class11[,2]>=.15,1,0))
x<-factor(train.data11$y_yes)
confusionMatrix(pred11, factor(train.data11$y_yes))</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
           0 21005 1884
##
##
           1 2750 1132
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8269
##
                   95% CI : (0.8223, 0.8314)
      No Information Rate : 0.8873
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2307
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8842
##
              Specificity: 0.3753
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9177
           Neg Pred Value : 0.2916
##
##
               Prevalence : 0.8873
##
           Detection Rate: 0.7846
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8550
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.6298
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# validation
pred.class22 <- predict(bank_final.nb1, newdata = valid.data11, type="raw")
pred22<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class22[,2]>=.15,1,0))
confusionMatrix(pred22, factor(valid.data11$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
          0 9040 783
##
##
           1 1192 459
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8279
##
                   95% CI: (0.8208, 0.8347)
     No Information Rate : 0.8918
##
     P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2211
##
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8835
##
##
              Specificity: 0.3696
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9203
##
           Neg Pred Value : 0.2780
##
              Prevalence : 0.8918
           Detection Rate : 0.7879
##
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8561
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.6265
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
#naive bayes with all categorical variables
selected.var2<-c(4:32)
train.rows2<-sample(rownames(bank_final1.df), dim(bank_final1.df)*.7)

train.data2<-bank_final1.df[train.rows2, selected.var2]

valid.rows2<-setdiff(rownames(bank_final1.df), train.rows2)

valid.data2<-bank_final1.df[valid.rows2, selected.var2]

#run naive bayes
bank_final.nb2<-naiveBayes(y_yes~., data = train.data2)
bank_final.nb2</pre>
```

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
       0
##
## 0.8891338 0.1108662
## Conditional probabilities:
##
  jobs_blue-collar
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.4006218 0.4900347
##
   1 0.3042453 0.4601646
##
##
    jobs_entrepreneur/self
## Y
       [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.07162963 0.2578791
   1 0.06266846 0.2424065
##
##
    jobs_pink-collar
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
  0 0.12607654 0.3319426
##
##
   1 0.09097035 0.2876154
##
##
    jobs_retired
## Y
          [,1]
                    [,2]
  0 0.03495358 0.1836661
##
   1 0.09063342 0.2871355
##
##
    jobs_student
## Y
         [,1]
                   [,2]
  0 0.01449397 0.1195178
##
##
   1 0.04615903 0.2098647
##
    jobs_unemployed
##
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.02457673 0.1548345
   1 0.03301887 0.1787159
##
##
    jobs_white-collar
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.3276478 0.4693655
##
   1 0.3723046 0.4835004
##
    marital_divorced
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1141453 0.3179943
   1 0.1024259 0.3032586
##
##
##
    marital_married
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.6116456 0.4873861
##
   1 0.5535714 0.4972056
##
    marital_single
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.2742091 0.4461242
   1 0.3440027 0.4751220
##
##
##
    educations_primary
     [,1] [,2]
## Y
  0 0.3247070 0.4682751
   1 0.2459569 0.4307257
##
##
##
    educations_secondary
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.2431206 0.4289764
##
   1 0.2355121 0.4243900
##
##
    educations_tertiary
## Y [,1] [,2]
  0 0.4321724 0.4953885
##
   1 0.5185310 0.4997407
##
##
    housing_yes
## Y [,1] [,2]
   0 0.5348065 0.4987975
##
   1 0.5485175 0.4977243
```

```
##
##
    loan_yes
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1567449 0.3635678
## 1 0.1506065 0.3577251
##
##
    contact_cellular
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.6123598 0.4872220
   1 0.8308625 0.3749365
##
##
##
    Season_Fall
## Y
       [,1]
  0 0.1222115 0.3275368
   1 0.2159704 0.4115632
##
##
    Season_Spring
##
## Y
     [,1]
##
   0 0.4165861 0.4930034
##
   1 0.3685984 0.4825060
##
##
    Season Summer
## Y
     [,1]
                 [,2]
  0 0.4585977 0.4982934
   1 0.3995957 0.4898978
##
##
##
    Season_Winter
## Y
     [,1]
##
  0 0.002604714 0.05097096
##
   1 0.015835580 0.12486019
##
    day_of_week_fri
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.1914465 0.3934479
## 1 0.1816038 0.3855826
##
##
   day_of_week_mon
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.2084191 0.4061866
##
   1 0.1826146 0.3864153
##
   day_of_week_thu
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.2067807 0.4050053
  1 0.2254043 0.4179187
##
##
##
   day_of_week_tue
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1940092 0.3954443
##
   1 0.2048518 0.4036613
##
   day_of_week_wed
##
## Y
        [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1993446 0.3995160
##
  1 0.2055256 0.4041533
##
##
    poutcome_failure
## Y [,1] [,2]
  0 0.1020460 0.3027151
##
##
   1 0.1233154 0.3288543
##
    poutcome_nonexistent
##
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.8852246 0.3187575
##
   1 0.6842992 0.4648727
##
##
    poutcome_success
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.01272949 0.1121070
##
   1 0.19238544 0.3942406
```

```
# training
pred.class2 <- predict(bank_final.nb2, newdata = train.data2, type="raw")
pred2<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class2[,2]>=.15,1,0))

x<-factor(train.data2$y_yes)
confusionMatrix(pred2, factor(train.data2$y_yes))</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
               0
## Prediction
          0 21092 1872
##
##
           1 2711 1096
##
##
                 Accuracy: 0.8288
##
                   95% CI : (0.8242, 0.8333)
      No Information Rate: 0.8891
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2273
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8861
##
              Specificity: 0.3693
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9185
           Neg Pred Value : 0.2879
##
##
              Prevalence : 0.8891
##
           Detection Rate : 0.7879
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8578
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.6277
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# validation
pred.class3 <- predict(bank_final.nb2, newdata = valid.data2, type="raw")
pred3<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class3[,2]>=.15,1,0))

confusionMatrix(pred3, factor(valid.data2$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
          0 9038 815
##
##
           1 1146 475
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8291
##
                   95% CI : (0.8221, 0.8359)
    No Information Rate : 0.8876
##
     P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2299
##
## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 9.191e-14
##
              Sensitivity: 0.8875
##
##
              Specificity: 0.3682
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9173
           Neg Pred Value : 0.2930
##
              Prevalence : 0.8876
           Detection Rate : 0.7877
##
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8587
        Balanced Accuracy : 0.6278
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# no contact cellular
selected.var3<-c(4:18, 20:32)
train.rows3<-sample(rownames(bank_final1.df), dim(bank_final1.df)*.7)

train.data3<-bank_final1.df[train.rows3, selected.var3]

valid.rows3<-setdiff(rownames(bank_final1.df), train.rows3)

valid.data3<-bank_final1.df[valid.rows3, selected.var3]

#run naive bayes
bank_final.nb3<-naiveBayes(y_yes~., data = train.data3)
bank_final.nb3</pre>
```

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
       0 1
##
## 0.8894699 0.1105301
## Conditional probabilities:
##
   jobs_blue-collar
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.4006803 0.4900466
##
   1 0.2984116 0.4576384
##
##
    jobs_entrepreneur/self
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
  0 0.07319839 0.2604673
##
   1 0.06488679 0.2463676
##
##
    jobs_pink-collar
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
  0 0.12959852 0.3358683
##
##
   1 0.09564042 0.2941472
##
##
    jobs_retired
## Y
                   [,2]
         [,1]
##
  0 0.03460440 0.1827795
   1 0.08752957 0.2826573
##
##
    jobs_student
## Y
         [,1]
                   [,2]
  0 0.01390055 0.1170808
##
##
   1 0.05035485 0.2187131
##
    jobs_unemployed
##
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.02523938 0.1568547
   1 0.03109158 0.1735946
##
##
    jobs_white-collar
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.3227784 0.4675486
##
   1 0.3720852 0.4834426
##
    marital_divorced
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1133042 0.3169710
   1 0.1081446 0.3106155
##
##
##
    marital_married
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.6143961 0.4867479
   1 0.5484961 0.4977267
##
##
    marital_single
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.2722997 0.4451527
   1 0.3433592 0.4749104
##
##
##
    educations_primary
     [,1] [,2]
## Y
  0 0.3268100 0.4690570
   1 0.2450152 0.4301689
##
##
##
    educations_secondary
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.2429447 0.4288710
##
   1 0.2399459 0.4271224
##
##
    educations_tertiary
## Y [,1] [,2]
  0 0.4302453 0.4951208
##
   1 0.5150389 0.4998583
##
##
    housing_yes
## Y [,1] [,2]
   0 0.5374181 0.4986084
   1 0.5569449 0.4968307
```

```
##
    loan_yes
##
## Y [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1550899 0.3619979
## 1 0.1470091 0.3541749
##
##
    Season_Fall
## Y
     [,1]
                 [,2]
##
   0 0.1209894 0.3261218
   1 0.2088543 0.4065588
##
##
##
    Season_Spring
## Y
       [,1]
                  [,2]
  0 0.4187804 0.4933696
   1 0.3710713 0.4831731
##
##
##
    Season_Summer
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
   0 0.4576684 0.4982153
##
   1 0.4004731 0.4900771
##
##
    Season_Winter
## Y
          [,1]
  0 0.002561734 0.05054976
##
   1 0.019601217 0.13864886
##
##
   day_of_week_fri
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.1897783 0.3921338
##
   1 0.1811423 0.3852011
##
    day_of_week_mon
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.2108601 0.4079278
## 1 0.1801284 0.3843593
##
   day_of_week_thu
##
## Y [,1] [,2]
##
  0 0.2090123 0.4066117
##
   1 0.2250760 0.4177030
##
   day_of_week_tue
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1927180 0.3944417
## 1 0.2031092 0.4023811
##
##
   day_of_week_wed
## Y
      [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1976314 0.3982209
##
   1 0.2105441 0.4077640
##
##
   poutcome_failure
## Y
       [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.1005375 0.3007217
##
  1 0.1253802 0.3312055
##
##
    poutcome_nonexistent
      [,1] [,2]
  0 0.8862338 0.3175337
##
##
   1 0.6955052 0.4602709
##
##
    poutcome_success
## Y
     [,1] [,2]
## 0 0.01322862 0.1142549
  1 0.17911457 0.3835130
```

```
# training
pred.class4 <- predict(bank_final.nb3, newdata = train.data3, type="raw")
pred4<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class4[,2]>=.15,1,0))

z<-factor(train.data3$y_yes)
confusionMatrix(pred4, factor(train.data3$y_yes))</pre>
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction
               0
          0 21470 1971
##
##
           1 2342 988
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8389
##
##
                   95% CI : (0.8344, 0.8433)
      No Information Rate: 0.8895
##
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2233
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1.761e-08
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9016
##
              Specificity: 0.3339
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9159
           Neg Pred Value : 0.2967
##
##
              Prevalence : 0.8895
##
           Detection Rate : 0.8020
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8756
##
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.6178
##
##
         'Positive' Class : 0
##
```

```
# validation
pred.class4b <- predict(bank_final.nb3, newdata = valid.data3, type="raw")
pred4b<-as.factor(ifelse(pred.class4b[,2]>=.15,1,0))

confusionMatrix(pred4b, factor(valid.data3$y_yes))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction 0 1
          0 9216 812
##
##
           1 959 487
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.8457
##
                  95% CI: (0.8389, 0.8522)
    No Information Rate : 0.8868
##
     P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1.0000000
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.2675
##
  Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 0.0005218
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9057
##
##
              Specificity: 0.3749
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9190
           Neg Pred Value : 0.3368
##
##
              Prevalence : 0.8868
           Detection Rate : 0.8032
##
##
     Detection Prevalence : 0.8740
        Balanced Accuracy: 0.6403
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
```