

# New York EV Chargins Station - Charging Session Analysis

When we are away from home, there are thousands of charging stations that you can take advantage of across New York State. This level of charging is known as Level 2 and it is at least two times faster than Level 1.

Level 2 charging stations are mainly installed at stores, office buildings, municipal parking lots, parks, hotels, theaters and hospitals. All Level 2 charging stations have a common plug that all electric cars can use, while DC fast chargers may not be compatible with every model.

DC fast charging uses direct current (DC), as opposed to households which use alternating current (AC), and can provide close to a full charge in under an hour. Only public sites can support DC fast charging and they are most often installed along major travel corridors to support long distance drivers.

Currently, there are 6471 Level 2 Charging ports and 729 DC Fast Charging ports available in New York. Most of the Level 2 ports are owned by ChargePoint and Tesla owns most of the DC Fast Charging stations.

```
In [1]: #Importing libraries needed for EDA

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

# Suppress all warnings
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

import seaborn as sns
```

## NY EV Charging Sessions Dataset

**Description:** New York State EV Charging Session details such as charging levels, duration, connectors.

**Size:** 30 MB

**Source:** [nyserda.ny.gov](https://nyserda.ny.gov)

**Format:** Excel (xlsx) **Access Method:** Downloaded from [nyserda.ny.gov](https://nyserda.ny.gov)

## NY EV Charging Sessions - Energy Usage

```
In [2]: #Reading the Excel spreadsheet and loading into pandas dataframe.
charge_sesssion = pd.read_excel('assets/EvaluateNY-ZIP-File/resources.xlsx', 'Charging Use', usecols='A:I')
```

```
In [3]: charge_sesssion.head()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

	Start Date	ZIP Code	Network	Charging Time (hours)	Total Duration (hours)	Energy (kWh)	Charging Sessions	Active Station Count	Active Port Count
0	2019-03-01	10468	EV Connect	8	9	127.348	6	3	3
1	2019-02-01	10468	EV Connect	2	20	1135.876	45	3	3
2	2019-03-01	11520	EV Connect	0	22	100.271	9	2	2
3	2019-01-01	10468	EV Connect	6	17	1580.828	54	3	3
4	2019-02-01	11520	EV Connect	11	0	425.306	45	2	2

```
In [4]: charge_sesssion.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6857 entries, 0 to 6856
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Start Date                           6857 non-null   datetime64[ns]
1   ZIP Code                             6857 non-null   int64
2   Network                              6857 non-null   object
3   Charging Time (hours)                 6857 non-null   int64
4   Total Duration (hours)                6857 non-null   int64
5   Energy (kWh)                         6857 non-null   float64
6   Charging Sessions                     6857 non-null   int64
7   Active Station Count                  6857 non-null   int64
8   Active Port Count                     6857 non-null   int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 482.3+ KB
```

```
In [5]: #Creating the Quarter column from the Charge Session start date
charge_sesssion['quarter'] = pd.PeriodIndex(charge_sesssion["Start Date"], freq='Q')
```

```
In [6]: charge_sesssion.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Start Date	ZIP Code	Network	Charging Time (hours)	Total Duration (hours)	Energy (kWh)	Charging Sessions	Active Station Count	Active Port Count	quarter
0	2019-03-01	10468	EV Connect	8	9	127.348	6	3	3	2019Q1
1	2019-02-01	10468	EV Connect	2	20	1135.876	45	3	3	2019Q1
2	2019-03-01	11520	EV Connect	0	22	100.271	9	2	2	2019Q1
3	2019-01-01	10468	EV Connect	6	17	1580.828	54	3	3	2019Q1
4	2019-02-01	11520	EV Connect	11	0	425.306	45	2	2	2019Q1

```
In [7]: #Making a copy of dataframe
charge_sesssion_duration = charge_sesssion
```

```
In [8]: charge_sesssion_duration.columns
```

```
Out[8]: Index(['Start Date', 'ZIP Code', 'Network', 'Charging Time (hours)',
              'Total Duration (hours)', 'Energy (kWh)', 'Charging Sessions',
              'Active Station Count', 'Active Port Count', 'quarter'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [9]: #Calculating the Average Energy grouping by quarter
charge_sesssion['Avg_Energy'] = charge_sesssion.groupby(['quarter'])['Energy (kWh)'].transform('mean')
```

```
In [10]: #Calculating the Median Energy grouping by quarter
charge_sesssion['Median_Energy'] = charge_sesssion.groupby(['quarter'])['Energy (kWh)'].transform('median')
```

```
In [11]: #Renaming column name
charge_sesssion = charge_sesssion.rename(columns={'Energy (kWh)' : 'Energy_kWh'})
```

```
In [12]: ##Calculating the Total Energy grouping by quarter
charge_sesssion['Total_Energy'] = charge_sesssion.groupby(['quarter'])['Energy_kWh'].transform('sum')
```

```
In [13]: charge_sesssion.head()
```

```
Out[13]:
```

	Start Date	ZIP Code	Network	Charging Time (hours)	Total Duration (hours)	Energy_kWh	Charging Sessions	Active Station Count	Active Port Count	quarter	Avg_Energy	Median_Energy	Total_Energy
0	2019-03-01	10468	EV Connect	8	9	127.348	6	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
1	2019-02-01	10468	EV Connect	2	20	1135.876	45	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
2	2019-03-01	11520	EV Connect	0	22	100.271	9	2	2	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
3	2019-01-01	10468	EV Connect	6	17	1580.828	54	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
4	2019-02-01	11520	EV Connect	11	0	425.306	45	2	2	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925

```
In [14]: charge_sesssion.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6857 entries, 0 to 6856
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Start Date                            6857 non-null   datetime64[ns]
1   ZIP Code                              6857 non-null   int64
2   Network                                6857 non-null   object
3   Charging Time (hours)                  6857 non-null   int64
4   Total Duration (hours)                  6857 non-null   int64
5   Energy_kWh                             6857 non-null   float64
6   Charging Sessions                      6857 non-null   int64
7   Active Station Count                   6857 non-null   int64
8   Active Port Count                      6857 non-null   int64
9   quarter                               6857 non-null   period[Q-DEC]
10  Avg_Energy                             6857 non-null   float64
11  Median_Energy                          6857 non-null   float64
12  Total_Energy                           6857 non-null   float64
```

dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(4), int64(6), object(1), period[Q-DEC](1)  
memory usage: 696.5+ KB

```
In [15]: #Converting the datatype of quarter to string for plotting
charge_sesssion['quarter'] = charge_sesssion['quarter'].astype('str')
```

```
In [16]: charge_sesssion.head()
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Start Date	ZIP Code	Network	Charging Time (hours)	Total Duration (hours)	Energy_kWh	Charging Sessions	Active Station Count	Active Port Count	quarter	Avg_Energy	Median_Energy	Total_Energy
0	2019-03-01	10468	EV Connect	8	9	127.348	6	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
1	2019-02-01	10468	EV Connect	2	20	1135.876	45	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
2	2019-03-01	11520	EV Connect	0	22	100.271	9	2	2	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
3	2019-01-01	10468	EV Connect	6	17	1580.828	54	3	3	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925
4	2019-02-01	11520	EV Connect	11	0	425.306	45	2	2	2019Q1	540.841534	281.6505	157925

```
In [17]: #Keeping only the columns needed for plotting
charge_session_final = charge_sesssion[['quarter', 'Total_Energy', 'Avg_Energy', 'Median_Energy']]
```

```
In [18]: #Dropping the duplicates
charge_session_final = charge_session_final.drop_duplicates()
```

```
In [19]: charge_session_final.head()
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	quarter	Total_Energy	Avg_Energy	Median_Energy
0	2019Q1	157925.728	540.841534	281.6505
5	2018Q4	161609.878	513.047232	281.9910

	quarter	Total_Energy	Avg_Energy	Median_Energy
<b>33</b>	2016Q2	81081.979	253.381184	138.9595
<b>63</b>	2016Q1	80602.809	247.247880	114.5365
<b>128</b>	2015Q4	61600.238	240.625930	131.9055

```
In [20]: #For sorting the data by quaterd, creating a new column with just numbers
charge_session_final['q'] = charge_session_final['quarter'].str.replace(r'\D', '')
```

```
In [21]: #Sorting the dataset
charge_session_final= charge_session_final.sort_values("q")
```

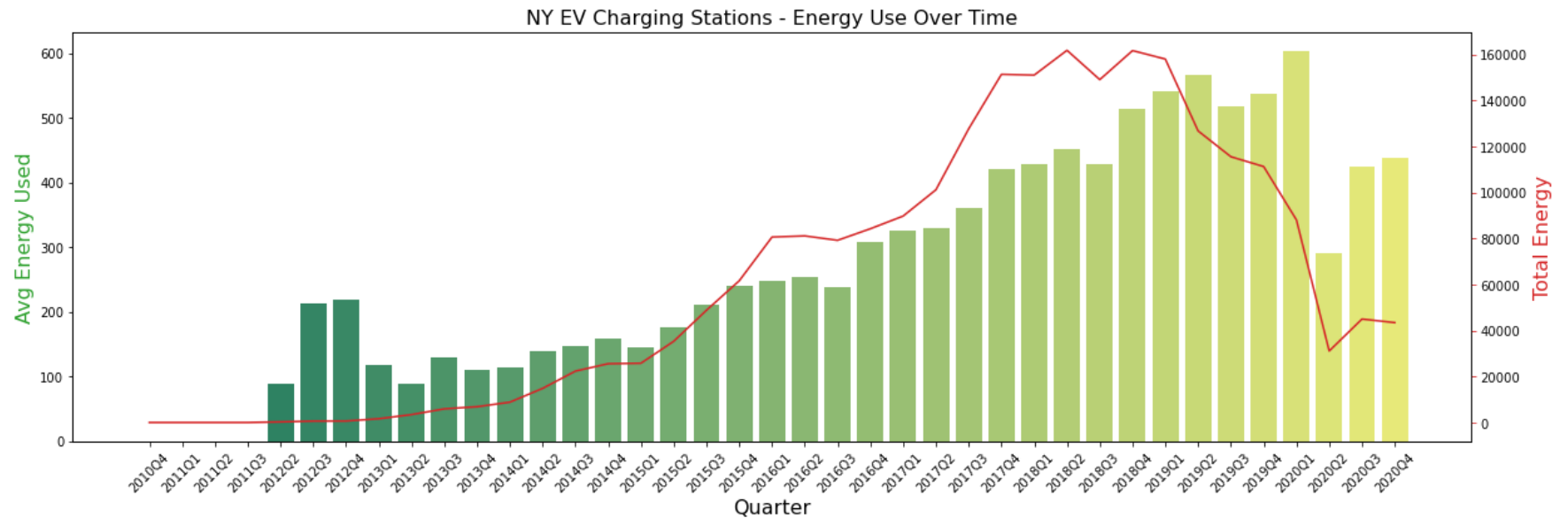
```
In [22]: #Plotting the EV Charging session - Engery use over time

fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,6))
color = 'tab:green'
ax1.set_title('NY EV Charging Stations - Energy Use Over Time', fontsize=16)
ax1.set_xlabel('Quarter', fontsize=16)
ax2 = sns.barplot(x='quarter', y='Avg_Energy', data = charge_session_final, palette='summer')
                #order=charge_session_final.sort_values('Avg_Energy',ascending = True).quarter)
ax1.tick_params(axis='y')
ax1.set_ylabel('Avg Energy Used', fontsize=16, color=color)
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
color = 'tab:red'
ax1.set_xlabel('Quarter', fontsize=16)
ax2 = sns.lineplot(x='quarter', y='Total_Energy', data = charge_session_final, sort=True, color=color)
ax2.tick_params(axis='y', color=color)

ax2.set_ylabel('Total Energy', fontsize=16, color=color)
#plt.xticks(rotation=45)

for tick in ax1.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(45)

plt.show()
fig.savefig('ny_charge_energy.png')
```



We tried to create a twin plot (bar chart + Line chart) to show the energy use over time and total energy used by quarter.

## NY EV Charging Sessions Duration

```
In [23]: #Creating dataset for EV Charging session duration
charge_session_duration = charge_sesssion_duration[['quarter', 'Network', 'Charging Time (hours)', 'Total Duratio
```

```
In [24]: # Renaming the columns
charge_session_duration = charge_sesssion_duration.rename(columns={'Charging Time (hours)' : 'Charging_time',
```

```
In [25]: charge_sesssion_duration.head()
```

```
Out[25]:
```

	quarter	Network	Charging_time	Total_Duration	Charging_Sessions
0	2019Q1	EV Connect	8	9	6
1	2019Q1	EV Connect	2	20	45
2	2019Q1	EV Connect	0	22	9
3	2019Q1	EV Connect	6	17	54
4	2019Q1	EV Connect	11	0	45

```
In [26]: #Calculating Total charging time , grouping by quarter
charge_sesssion_duration['Total_Charging_Time'] = charge_sesssion_duration.groupby(['quarter'])['Charging_time']
```

```
In [27]: #Calculating Total charging sessions , grouping by quarter
charge_sesssion_duration['Total_Charging_Sessions'] = charge_sesssion_duration.groupby(['quarter'])['Charging_S']
```

```
In [28]: #Dropping duplicate rows
charge_sesssion_duration = charge_sesssion_duration.drop_duplicates()
```

```
In [29]: #Keeping only the columns needed for plotting
charge_sesssion_duration_final = charge_sesssion_duration[['quarter', 'Total_Charging_Time', 'Total_Charging_Sesssion']]
```

```
In [30]: charge_sesssion_duration_final = charge_sesssion_duration_final.drop_duplicates()
```

```
In [31]: charge_sesssion_duration_final.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 39 entries, 0 to 5767
Data columns (total 3 columns):
#   Column                      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   quarter                     39 non-null     period[Q-DEC]
1   Total_Charging_Time         39 non-null     int64
2   Total_Charging_Sessions     39 non-null     int64
dtypes: int64(2), period[Q-DEC](1)
memory usage: 1.2 KB
```

```
In [32]: #Changing the datatype to string
charge_sesssion_duration_final['quarter'] = charge_sesssion_duration_final['quarter'].astype('str')
```

```
In [33]: charge_sesssion_duration_final['q'] = charge_sesssion_duration_final['quarter'].str.replace(r'\D', '')
```

```
In [34]: charge_sesssion_duration_final = charge_sesssion_duration_final.sort_values("q")
```



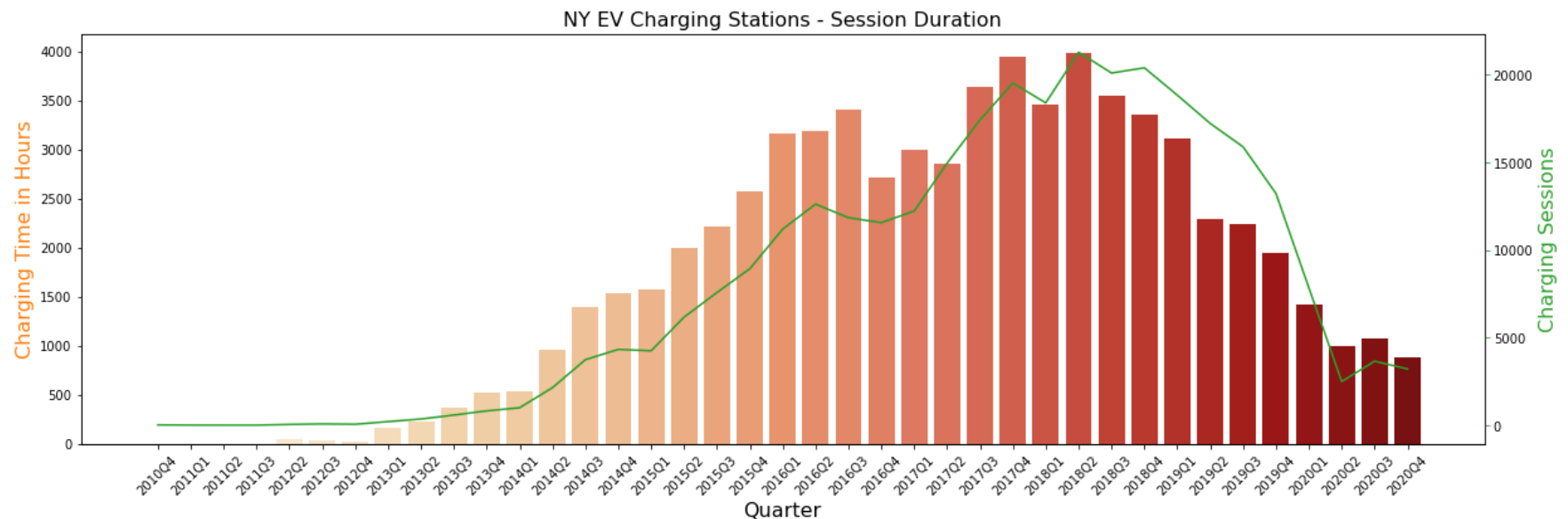
```
In [35]: #Plotting the EV Charging session Duration

fig1, bx1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,6))
color = 'tab:orange'
bx1.set_title('NY EV Charging Stations - Session Duration', fontsize=16)
bx1.set_xlabel('Quarter', fontsize=16)
bx1 = sns.barplot(x='quarter', y='Total_Charging_Time', data = charge_sesssion_duration_final, palette='OrRd')
bx1.tick_params(axis='y')
bx1.set_ylabel('Charging Time in Hours', fontsize=16, color=color)
bx2 = bx1.twinx()
color = 'tab:green'
bx1.set_xlabel('Quarter', fontsize=16)
bx2 = sns.lineplot(x='quarter', y='Total_Charging_Sessions', data = charge_sesssion_duration_final, sort=True,
bx2.tick_params(axis='y', color=color)

bx2.set_ylabel('Charging Sessions', fontsize=16, color=color)
#plt.xticks(rotation=45)

for tick in bx1.get_xticklabels():
    tick.set_rotation(45)

plt.show()
fig1.savefig('ny_charge_duration.png')
```



At present, New York's charging capacity is limited for the nearly 15,000 electric vehicles registered in the city. About 1,400 level-2 charging plugs, which provide an 80% charge in four to eight hours, and 117 fast-charging plugs, which offer an 80% charge in 30

minutes to an hour, can be found across the city.

We analyzed at the Charging Session dataset to see the total charging hours for given charging session. The Charging duration was more before many of the DC Fast ports were installed, Recent years, with less number of session more charging is happening.

In the emerging EV charging market, time-starved consumers will likely value their time highly enough to pay a premium for speed. They'll look for convenient locations with the fastest charging times, and they'll be disinclined to use reservations apps. Providers targeting these consumers will build extra capacity to maximize availability and offer the fastest chargers.

Most of the public EV charging stations are opened 24/7 and they are equipped with Credit Card readers, but major network providers offer online payment, app based payment.

In [ ]: