# Programming and Scripting Lab Topic 07.02-regex

#### Introduction.

The first activity on this sheet is a quick quiz, answers are at the end of the sheet. I would suggest that you create another folder in labs called week07-regex, to put the programs you write.

Please download the an access.log file, either from my repository here <a href="https://github.com/andrewbeattycourseware/pforcs2021/raw/main/labs/tutorialdata.zip">https://github.com/andrewbeattycourseware/pforcs2021/raw/main/labs/tutorialdata.zip</a>

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From splunk

https://docs.splunk.com/images/Tutorial/tutorialdata.zip

(you will need to unzip this file and find an access.log)

### quiz:

1. Look at the following code, it searches through a file and prints out the lines that have some text that matches the regular expression in the variable regex. In this case it will print out the entire file quiz.txt

```
# this is code for for the quiz
import re

regex = ".*"
filename = "./sample-files/quiz.txt"

with open(filename) as quizFile:

for line in quizFile:
    searchResult = re.search(regex, line)
    if (searchResult):
        matchingline = line
        # I set (variable) matchingLine: str line will already have a \n
print (matchingLine, end="")
```

Here is quiz.txt (I have left in the line numbers)

What lines will be printed out for the following regular expressions? Note that regular expressions in python are case sensitive:

```
a. hello
```

- b. Hello
- c. ^Hello
- d. ^Hell\*o
- e. ^Hell+o
- f. ^Hell?o
- g. ^hello [A-Z]
- h. ^Hello [A-Z]
- i. =
- j. #
- **k.** [
- . ^\$

## **Practice regex**

2. Open up an access.log file in vscode, I suggest that you copy the first few lines of it and put into another file to use (the sample access.log has a lot of lines), I called mine smallerAccess.log

In the search dialog (ctrl-f) select the regex icon (one on the right, I show this in the lecture)

And search for:

	Search for	You can use this regex	comments
a.	All the numbers	[0-9]	Or \d would do
b.	The first digits of the ip address at the start of each line	^[0-9]+\. Or ^[0-9]{1,3}	The dot needs to be escaped. {1,3} means one to three
C.	The digits at the end of each line	\d+\$	I choose to use \d this time we could have used [0-9]
d.	The dates and times We will use this below(3)	\[.*\]	[ needs to be escaped .* is any character repeated 0 or more times. This search will return the [] as well
e.	The times	:[0-9:]{8}	I got lazy and am not checking that they are properly formatted and this would not include the first: [0-9]{2}:[0-9]{2}
f.	The variable names in the urls	\w+=	\w is anything that can be in a word
g.	The variable values in the urls	=\w+	
h.	The last 2 triples of an Ip address. We will use this below (5)	\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3}[^\.]	[^ means not one of these \. Is a dot So [^\.] means not a dot. It might have been easer to put in a space ©

#### Some code

3. Try some of the regular expressions in following code to see what python returns

I suggest that you use a sample file that only has a few lines, just to prove it works.

For this sample I have chosen *d. the dates and time*, this will return the date/time in this format

[15/Feb/2021:18:44:39]

If I did not want the [ and ] then I could use the string splitter to select from the 2 character to the second last character in the string.

4. Try some other regular expressions

5. Write some code that will anonymise the sub domains of ip addresses by Xing out the last two triplets, the new lines should be stored in another file. We explored already (in 2 above) the appropriate regular expression, which is '\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3} '

```
\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3} With a space at the end.
```

```
# This code will anonymise the sub domains of ip addresses
# Author: Andrew Beatty

import re

regex = "\d{1,3}\.\d{1,3} " # note the space at the end
replacementText="XXX.XXX " # note the space at the end to match abo
ve
filename = "./sample-files/smallerAccess.log"
outputFileName = "anonymisedIPs.txt"

with open(filename) as inputFile:
    with open(outputFileName, 'w') as outputFile:
    for line in inputFile:
        # for debugging
        # foundText = re.search(regex, line).group()
        #print(foundText)
        newLine = re.sub(regex, replacementText, line)
        outputFile.write(newLine)
```

## **Answers to quiz**

```
a. hello
                     Line 1
b. Hello
                     Lines 2,3,5 (not 4 or 6)
                     Lines 2, 3 (not 5 because it does not start with Hello)
c. ^Hello
                     Lines 2,3,4,6 (* is 0 or more times)
d. ^Hell*o
e. ^Hell+o
                     Lines 2,3,6 (plus is 1 or more times)
f. ^Hell?o
                     Lines 2, 3,4 (? Is 1 or more times)
g. ^hello [A-Z]
                     No lines (there is not a hello with a capital after.)
h. ^Hello [A-Z]
                     Line 3
i. =
                     Line 7
                     Line 8
j. #
                     Error [ is special it should have been escaped \[
k. [
I. ^$
                     Line 10 it contains nothing
```