Click here to access the guidelines/NICE algorithm N&WICS - TA385 - Ezetimibe monotherapy - Treating primary heterozygous-familial and non-familial hypercholesterolaemia Before providing patient identifiable data on this form, please confirm that the patient (or in the case of a minor or vulnerable adult with the parent/legal guardian/carer) has given appropriate explicit consent for sensitive personal information on this form to be passed to the CCG and/or CSU for processing this funding request and validating subsequent invoices. Consent given: If there is more than one NICE-approved treatment available, a discussion between the responsible clinician and the patient has taken place about the advantages and disadvantages of the treatments available. This has taken into consideration therapeutic need and whether or not the patient is likely to adhere to treatment. The most appropriate, least expensive, will be chosen (taking into account administration costs, dosage and price per dose) unless an order of preference is stated in the TAs. Patient **Practice** Trust: NHS No: Name: **Patient** Consultant **Practice** Hospital Making Postcode: No. Request: Patient's **Practice** Initials and Code: DoB: Notification Contact Email (@NHS.net account ONLY) name & Address: number: Provider: Start date ☐ Private ☐ NHS of Supplier: Sub-Type: ☐ Homecare ☐ Hospital requested treatment: (if applicable) By completing this form, you confirm that you intend to use the requested medicinal product described below as agreed in the local commissioning statement. Any requests which fall outside of this use will require an individual funding request (IFR). For support regarding IFRs, please contact: norfolkicd@nhs.net For support regarding the criteria listed below, please contact: norfolknontariff@nhs.net Please indicate whether patient meets the following NICE criteria: Please tick 1. This guidance should be used with NICE's guidelines on cardiovascular disease: risk assessment and ☐Yes ☐No reduction, including lipid modification and familial hypercholesterolaemia: identification and management. 2. Ezetimibe monotherapy is recommended as an option for treating primary (heterozygous-familial or non-☐Yes ☐No familial) hypercholesterolaemia in adults in whom initial statin therapy is contraindicated. 3. Ezetimibe monotherapy is recommended as an option for treating primary (heterozygous-familial or non-□Yes □No familial) hypercholesterolaemia in adults who cannot tolerate statin therapy (as defined in section 1.6). 4. Ezetimibe, co-administered with initial statin therapy, is recommended as an option for treating primary (heterozygous-familial or non-familial) hypercholesterolaemia in adults who have started statin therapy when: • serum total or low-density lipoprotein (LDL) cholesterol concentration is not appropriately controlled (as ☐ Yes ☐ No defined in section 1.7) either after appropriate dose titration of initial statin therapy or because dose titration is limited by intolerance to the initial statin therapy (as defined in section 1.6) and • a change from initial statin therapy to an alternative statin is being considered. 5. When prescribing ezetimibe co-administered with a statin, ezetimibe should be prescribed on the basis of ☐Yes ☐No lowest acquisition cost. 6. For the purposes of this guidance, intolerance to initial statin therapy is defined as the presence of clinically significant adverse effects that represent an unacceptable risk to the patient or that may reduce ☐Yes ☐No compliance with therapy. 7. For the purposes of this guidance, appropriate control of cholesterol concentrations should be based on individual risk assessment according to national guidance on managing cardiovascular disease in the ☐ Yes ☐ No relevant populations.

Contact Details:

I confirm that the patient meets the criteria for treatment

Name of person completing:

Designation of person completing: Date: Trust Authorising Pharmacist	
Trust Authorising Pharmacist	
Name: Date:	