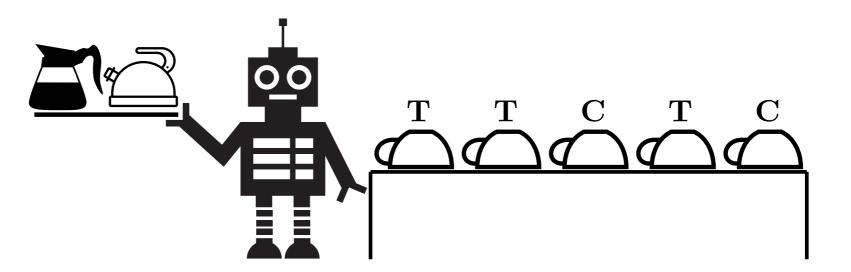
# Learning higher-order logic programs through abstraction and invention

[IJCAI16]



## **Initial state:**



### **Final state:**

## First-order recursive solution [MLJ2015]

```
f(A,B):-f3(A,B),at_end(B).

f(A,B):-f3(A,C),f(C,B).

f3(A,B):-f2(A,C),move_right(C,B).

f2(A,B):-turn_cup_over(A,C),f1(C,B).

f1(A,B):-wants_tea(A),pour_tea(A,B).

f1(A,B):-wants_coffee(A),pour_coffee(A,B).
```

# Higher-order solution

```
f(A,B):-until(A,B,at_end,f3).
```

 $f3(A,B):-f2(A,C),move\_right(C,B).$ 

f2(A,B):-turn\_cup\_over(A,C),f1(C,B).

f1(A,B):-ifthenelse(A,B,wants\_tea,pour\_tea,pour\_coffee).

# Abstraction and invention - robot example

## **Higher-order definition**

until(S1,S2,Cond,Do) ← Cond(S1)

until(S1,S2,Cond,Do)  $\leftarrow$  Do(S1,S3),until(S3,S2).

#### **Abstraction**

f(A,B):-until(A,B,at\_end,f3).

#### Invention

 $f3(A,B):-f2(A,C),move\_right(C,B).$ 

НО	Reductio
predicate	n
until	1
ifthenesle	1
map	1
filter	2

## Previous Metagol (ECAI14,IJCAI15)

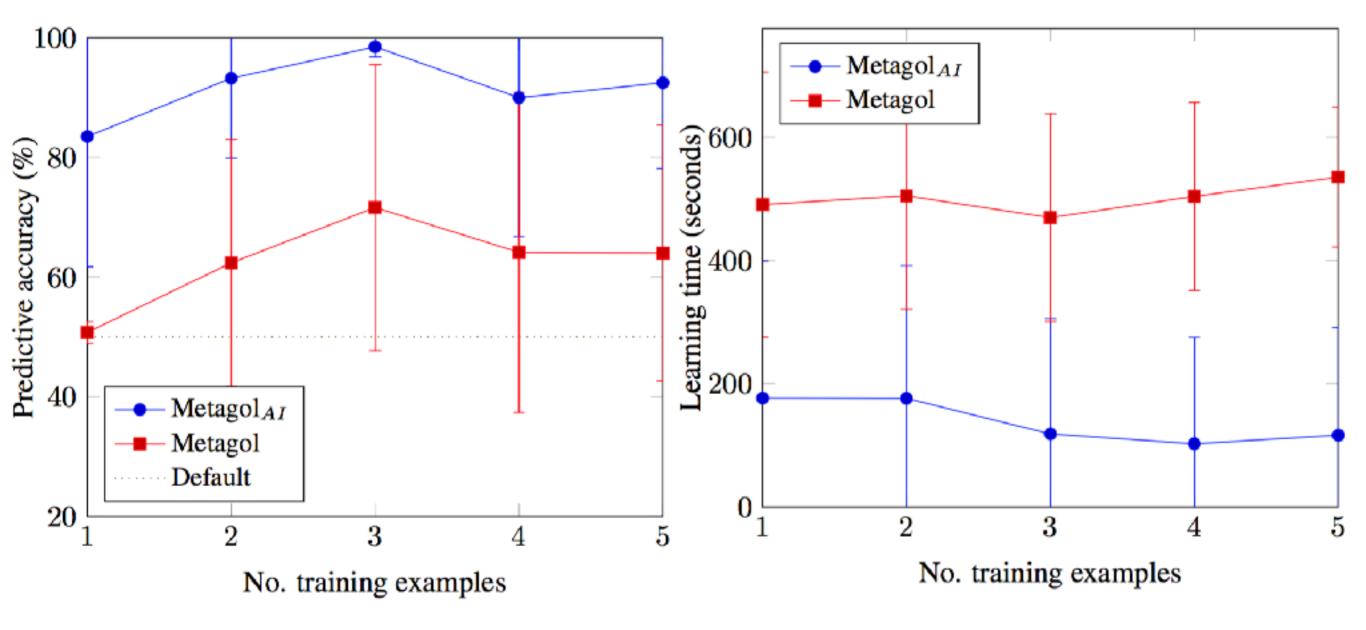
```
prove([],H,H).
prove([Atom|Atoms],H1,H2):-
 prove aux(Atom, H1, H3),
 prove(Atoms, H3, H2).
prove aux(Atom, H1, H2):-
 metarule(Name, Subs, (Atom:-Body)),
 new metasub(H1,sub(Name,Subs)),
 abduce(H1,H3,sub(Name,Subs)),
 prove(Body, H3, H2).
```

## New Metagol with interpreted BK

```
prove([],H,H).
prove([Atom|Atoms],H1,H2):-
  prove aux(Atom, H1, H3),
  prove(Atoms, H3, H2).
prove_aux(Atom,H1,H2):-
  background((Atom:-Body)),
  prove(Body, H1, H2).
prove aux(Atom, H1, H2):-
  metarule(Name, Subs, (Atom: - Body)),
  new metasub(H1,sub(Name,Subs)),
  abduce(H1,H3,sub(Name,Subs)),
  prove(Body, H3, H2).
```

#### Waiter results

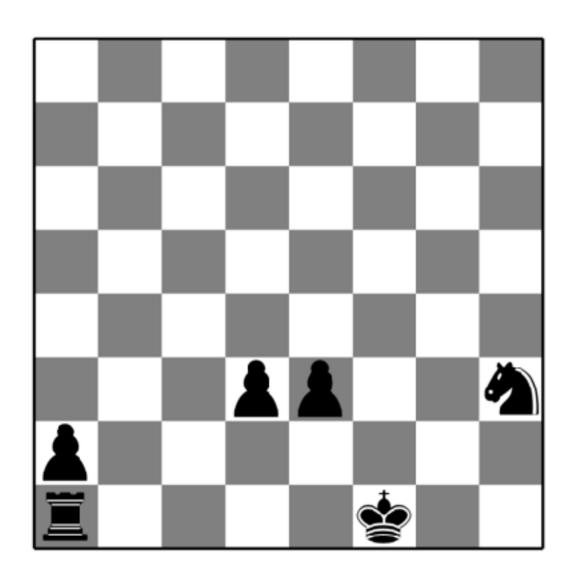
Proposition 1: Sample complexity proportional to program size



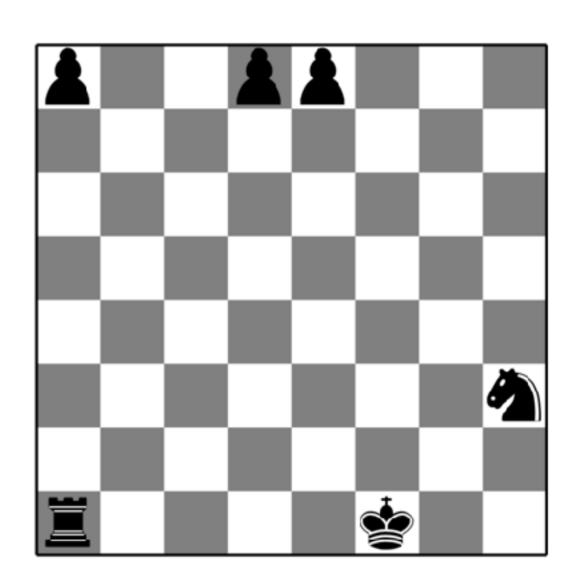
(a) Predictive accuracies

(b) Learning times

# Chess experiment

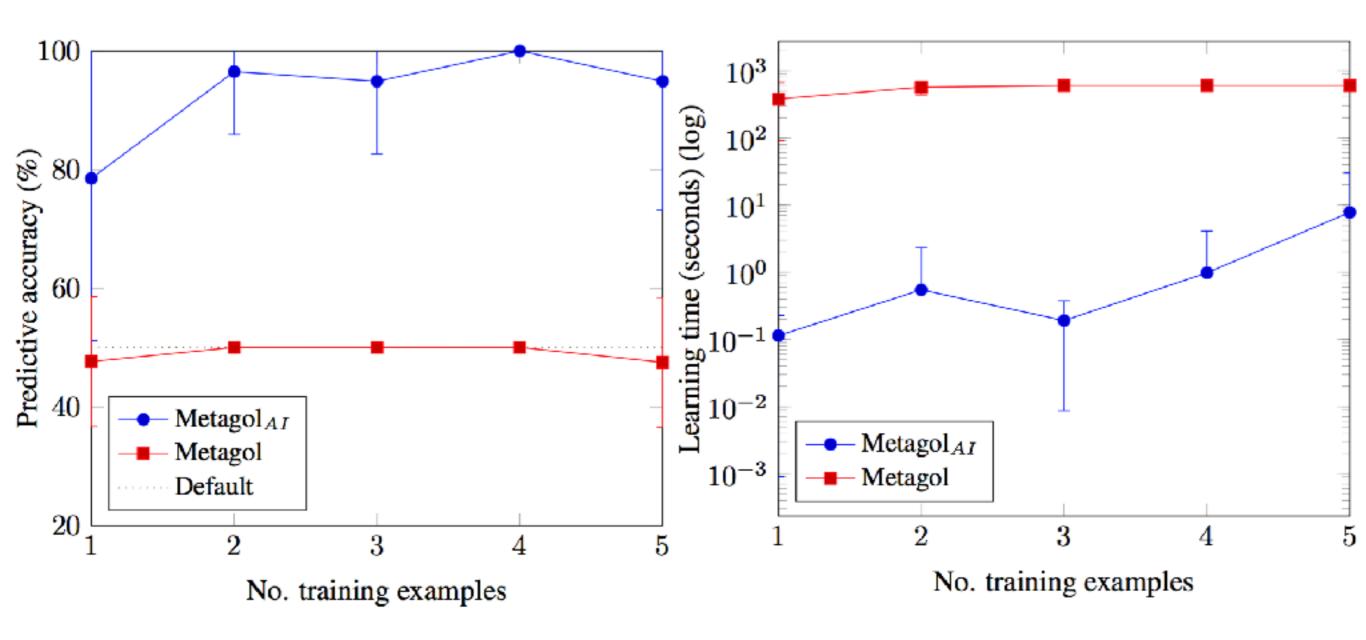


(a) Initial state



(b) Final state

#### Chess results



(a) Predictive accuracies

(b) Learning times

# Programming example 1

Input	Output
[[i,j,c,a,i],[2,0,1,6]]	[[i,j,c,a],[2,0,1]]
[[1,1],[a,a],[x,x]]	[[1],[a],[x]]
[[1,2,3,4,5],[1,2,3,4,5]]	[[1,2,3,4],[1,2,3,4]]
[[1,2],[1,2,3],[1,2,3,4],[1,2,3,4,5]]	[[1],[1,2],[1,2,3],[1,2,3,4]]

f(A,B):-map(A,B,f3). f3 = droplast f3(A,B):-f2(A,C),f1(C,B). f2(A,B):-f1(A,C),tail(C,B). f1(A,B):-reduceback(A,B,concat).

f1 = reverse

# Programming example 2

Input	Output
[[i,j,c,a,i],[2,0,1,6]]	[[i,j,c,a]]
[[1,1],[a,a],[x,x]]	[[1],[a]]
[[1,2,3,4,5],[1,2,3,4,5]]	[[1,2,3,4]]
[[1,2],[1,2,3],[1,2,3,4],[1,2,3,4,5]]	[[1],[1,2],[1,2,3]]

f(A,B):-f4(A,C), f3(C,B).

f4(A,B):-map(A,B,f3).

**f3**(A,B):-f2(A,C),**f1**(C,B).

f2(A,B):-f1(A,C),tail(C,B).

**f1**(A,B):-reduceback(A,B,concat).

f4 = droplasts

#### **Conclusions**

- General method of introducing higher-order constructs such as while, until, ifthenelse, map
- Leads to reduction in program size
- Sample complexity reduction and search space reduction

#### **Future work**

- Invent the higher-order abstractions
- Applications in planning, vision and NLP

# **Bibliography**

#### https://github.com/metagol

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- S.H. Muggleton, D. Lin, A. Tamaddoni-Nezhad. Metainterpretive learning of higher-order dyadic datalog: Predicate invention revisited. Machine Learning, 2015.
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