

Knowledge Graph with Grakn

By Siddharth Khillon

Uses of Grakn

— — —

- Relational database that is easy to set up and query
- Fast query speeds due to relational system
- Easier to set up with a simple schema system

Quickstart summary

1. Download Grakn from the Grakn docs into the location where the graph will be stored
2. Create a schema containing the description of the graph
3. Run the `schema.gql` into a keyspace which will contain your data
4. You can then access the knowledge graph and insert/query data



```
graph LR; A[Create Schema of graph] --> B[Construct a graph with data]; B --> C[Generate and handle queries using the graph];
```

Create Schema of graph

Construct a graph with data

Generate and handle
queries using the graph

Setup Overview

Specific Schema

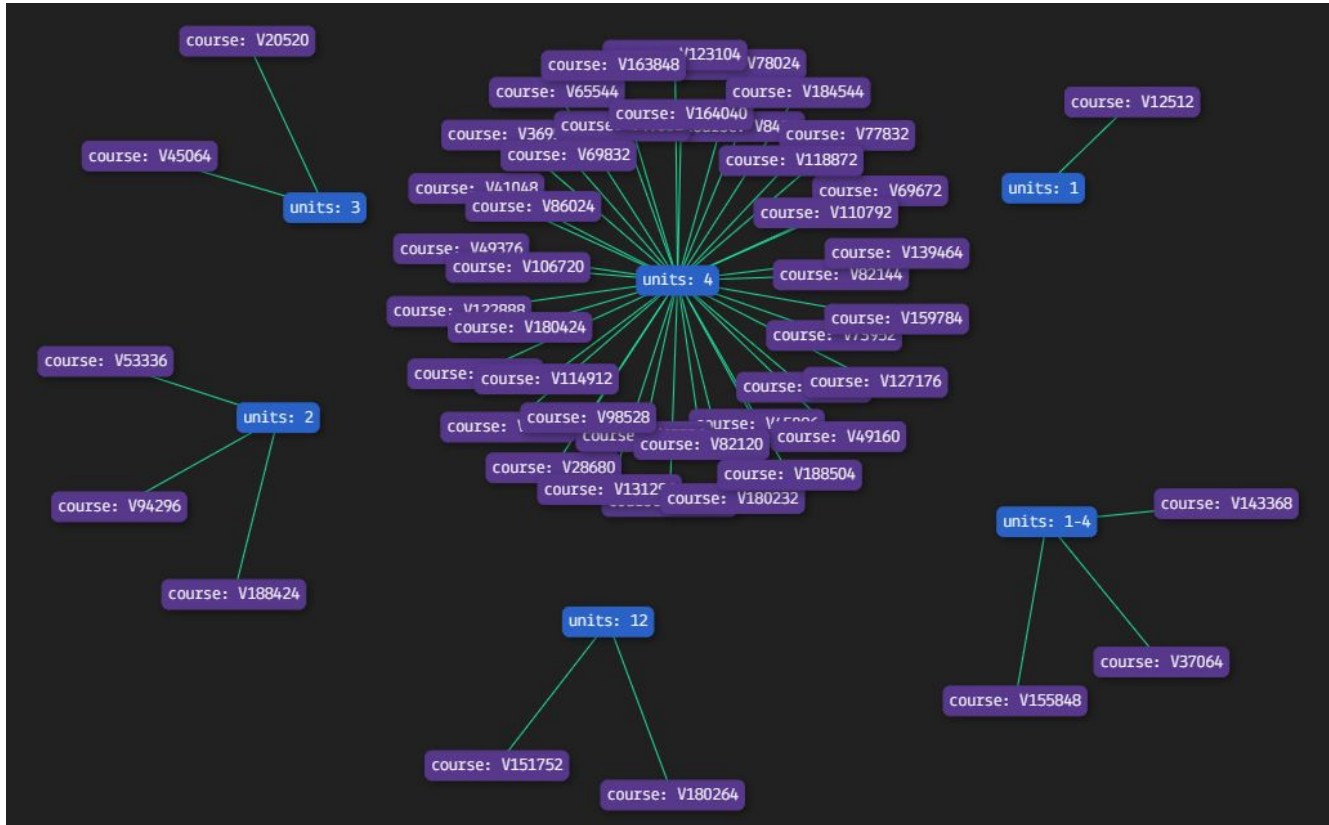
— — —

```
course sub entity,  
    has department,  
    has course_num,  
    has terms_offered,  
    has units,  
    has course_name,  
    has concurrent,  
    has corequisites,  
    has recommended,  
    has prerequisites,  
    has ge_areas,  
    has description,  
  
    plays isCourseOfSection;
```

```
professorOffice sub relation,  
    relates officeOfProfessor,  
    relates professorOfOffice;  
  
sectionOfCourse sub relation,  
    relates isCourseOfSection,  
    relates isSectionOfCourse;
```

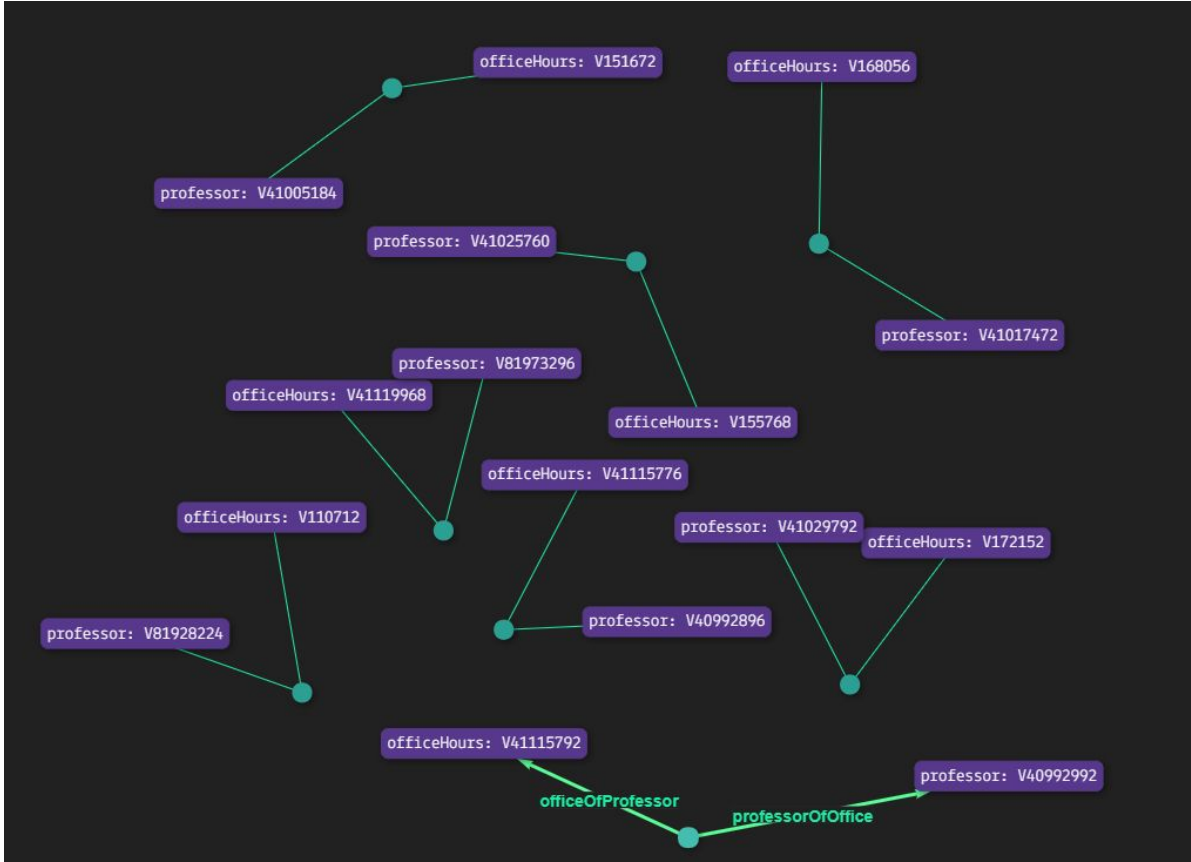
```
department sub attribute,  
    value string;  
  
course_num sub attribute,  
    value string;  
  
terms_offered sub attribute,  
    value string;  
  
units sub attribute,  
    value string;  
  
course_name sub attribute,  
    value string;
```

```
match $x isa course, has units $u; get; offset 0; limit 50;
```



Knowledge Graph Visual - Attributes

```
match $x (officeOfProfessor: $o, professorOfOffice: $p) isa professorOffice; $o has platform "Zoom"; get; offset 0; limit 8;
```



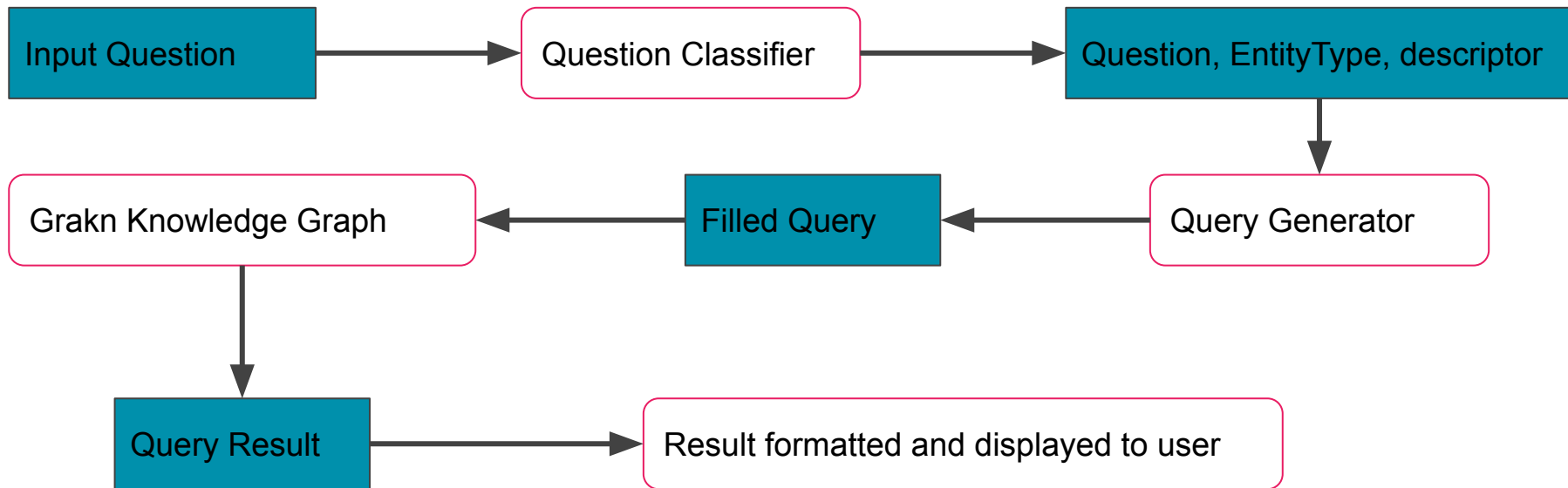
Knowledge Graph Visual - Relations

Question Descriptor Classifier

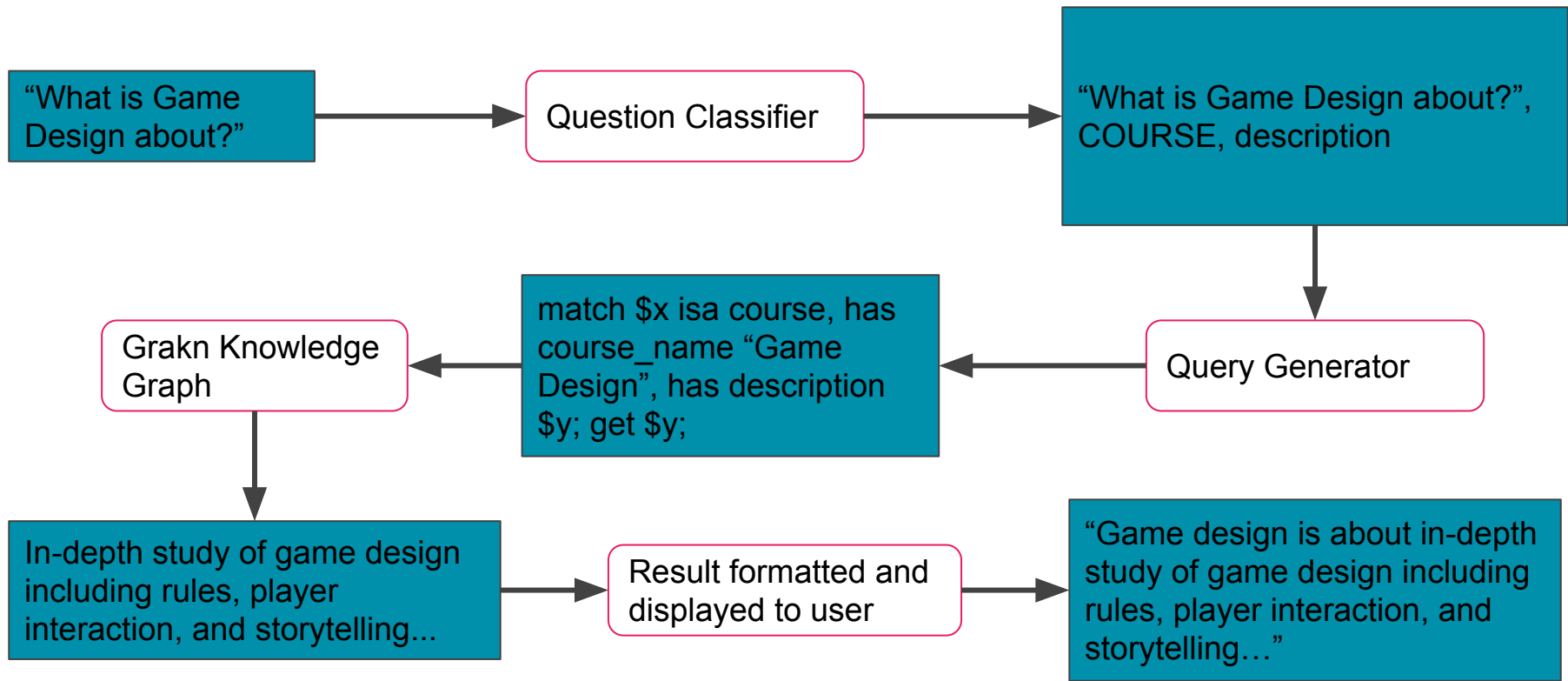
- Using a LinearSVC, a model was trained to determine the answer type of a question
- 'prerequisites', 'title', 'email', 'advisor', 'office'
- “What is [COURSE] about?” would return “description”
- Accuracy: 73%

Querying

- Questions are matched to an answer pair which has a type (course, section, etc) and a descriptor (email, prereqs, etc)
- This data is used to generate a query in a robust way using the Grakn querying system
- The query result is inserted into the answer format and returned



Workflow



Workflow - Example

Issues

- Error messages are often vague and not helpful
 - There is an active forum on discord that can help with troubleshooting
- Abstracting queries can cause performance issues in certain situations
 - `match $x isa COURSE, has attribute "Game Design"...` (~16 seconds)
 - `match $x isa COURSE, has course_name "Game Design"...` (~0.1 seconds)

Questions?