0.1 Quantile direct effect under d=0 conditional on D=0 and $\mathbf{M}(0)=0$

In the following, we prove that

$$\theta_1^{0,0}(q,0) = F_{Y_1(1,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}^{-1}(q) - F_{Y_1(0,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}^{-1}(q),$$

$$= F_{Q_{10}(Y_0)|D=0,M=0}^{-1}(q) - F_{Y_1|D=0,M=0}^{-1}(q).$$

For this purpose, we have to show that

$$F_{Y_1(1,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}(y) = F_{Q_{10}(Y_0)|D=0,M=0}(y)$$
 and (1)

$$F_{Y_1(0,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}(y) = F_{Y_1|D=0,M=0}(y),$$
 (2)

which is sufficient to show that the quantiles are also identified. We can show () using the observational rule $F_{Y_1(0,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}(y) = F_{Y_1|D=0,M=0}(y) = E[1\{Y_1 \leq y\}|D=0,M=0]$. Using (), we obtain

$$F_{Q_{10}(Y_0)|D=0,M=0}(y)$$

$$= E[1\{Q_{10}(Y_0) \le y\}|D=0,M=0],$$

$$= E[1\{F_{Y_1|D=1,M=0}^{-1} \circ F_{Y_0|D=1,M=0}(Y_0) \le y\}|D=0,M=0],$$

$$= E[1\{Y_1(1,0) \le y\}|D=0,M=0],$$

$$= F_{Y_1(1,0)|D=0,M(0)=0}(y),$$

which proves ().