

From the second term of we get

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\theta_p(pq^2t^2A^{-2}B^2)\theta_p((pq)^{-1}q^{-1}t^{-4}A^2B^{-2})}{\theta_p(t^{-2})\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}B^{-2})\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}A^2)\theta_p(pq^2t^4A^{-2}B^2)\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}AB^{-1}C^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1})} \\
& \times \oint \frac{du}{4\pi iu} \frac{\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}A^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}B^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})}{\Gamma(u^{\pm 2})} \\
& \times \Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tB^{-1}C^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tAD^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tA^{-1}u^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tBu^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}) \\
& \times \Gamma_e(AB^{-1}u^{\pm 1}z^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{\frac{1}{2}}tBD^{\pm 1}(q^{\frac{1}{2}}z)^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{\frac{1}{2}}tA^{-1}C^{\pm 1}(q^{\frac{1}{2}}z)^{\pm 1}) \\
& \times \oint \frac{dv}{4\pi iv} \frac{\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}A^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}B^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})}{\Gamma(v^{\pm 2})} \\
& \times \frac{\theta_p((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{-1}t^{-3}B^{-1}zD^{\pm 1})\theta_p((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{-1}t^{-3}AzC^{\pm 1})}{\theta_p(z^2)\theta_p(t^4z^{-2})} \\
& \times \Gamma_e(A^{-1}Bu^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tB^{-1}D^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tAC^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})T_{\mathfrak{I}_D}(v) + \{z \leftrightarrow z^{-1}\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Terms cancel in the integral over u and what is left can be evaluated using the inversion formula as before which sets $v = z$, after some cancelations we get

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\Gamma_e((AB^{-1})^2)\theta_p(pq^2t^2A^{-2}B^2)\theta_p((pq)^{-1}q^{-1}t^{-4}A^2B^{-2})}{\theta_p(t^{-2})\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}B^{-2})\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}A^2)\theta_p(pq^2t^4A^{-2}B^2)\theta_p(q^{-1}t^{-2}AB^{-1}C^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1})} \\
& \times \frac{\theta_p((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tA^{-1}C^{\pm 1}z)\theta_p((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tBD^{\pm 1}z)\theta_p((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{-1}t^{-3}B^{-1}zD^{\pm 1})\theta_p((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}q^{-1}t^{-3}AzC^{\pm 1})}{\theta_p(z^2)\theta_p(t^4z^{-2})} \\
& \times T_{\mathfrak{I}_D}(z) + \{z \leftrightarrow z^{-1}\}.
\end{aligned}$$

We compute the contribution from the last term in (??)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \oint \frac{du}{4\pi iu} \frac{\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}A^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}B^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})}{\Gamma(u^{\pm 2})} \\
& \times \Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tB^{-1}C^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tAD^{\pm 1}u^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tA^{-1}u^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tBu^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}) \\
& \times \Gamma_e(AB^{-1}u^{\pm 1}z^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tBD^{\pm 1}z^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((pq)^{\frac{1}{2}}tA^{-1}C^{\pm 1}z^{\pm 1}) \\
& \times \oint \frac{dv}{4\pi iv} \frac{\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}A^{\pm 1}C^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}t^{-1}B^{\pm 1}D^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})}{\Gamma(v^{\pm 2})} \\
& \times \Gamma_e(A^{-1}Bu^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tB^{-1}D^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})\Gamma_e((qp)^{\frac{1}{2}}tAC^{\pm 1}v^{\pm 1})T_{\mathfrak{I}_D}(v).
\end{aligned}$$

Integrals can be evaluated using the inversion formula which sets $v = z$ almost everything cancel and we get

$$\Gamma_e((AB^{-1})^2)T_{\mathfrak{I}_D}(z).$$